

## Machine Problem 1 – Loops and Arrays

1.

Code:

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main(void){
4      int i;
5
6      i=1;
7      while(i<=128){
8          printf("%d ", i);
9          i*=2;
10     }
11
12     return 0;
13 }
```

Output:

```
\C> & 'c:\Users\A\.vscode\extensions\ms-vscode.cpptools-1.14.5-...
' '--stdout=Microsoft-MIEngine-Out-logsjg5y.u43' '--stderr=Micro
mingw64\bin\gdb.exe' '--interpreter=mi'
1 2 4 8 16 32 64 128
PS C:\Users\A\Desktop\School Works\FIRST YEAR PROGRAMMING\C>
```

2.

Assuming that the initial value of *i* in our program is 11, letter *c* is the one that is not equivalent to the other two loops. Given that *i*=1, *a* and *b* will not run, while *c* would run at least once.

a.

Code:

```
int i=11;

//a.
while(i<10){
    printf("C is great %d\n", i+1);
    i+=1;
}
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\A\Desktop\School Works\FIRST YEAR PROGRAMMING\C>
```

**b.**

Code:

```
for(; i<10;){  
    printf("C is great %d\n", i+1);  
    i+=1;  
}
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\A\Desktop\School Works\FIRST YEAR PROGRAMMING\C>
```

**c.**

Code:

```
do{  
    printf("C is great %d\n", i+1);  
    i+=1;  
}while(i<10);
```

Output:

```
C is great 12  
PS C:\Users\A\Desktop\School Works\FIRST YEAR PROGRAMMING\C>
```

**3.**

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>  
  
int main(void){  
    int i, product=1;  
  
    // Initial value of product is 1 and it is multiplied to 2 and updated  
    // for each iteration as long as i is less than or equal to 7  
    for(i=0; i<=7; i++){  
        printf("%d ", product);  
        product*=2;  
    }  
}
```

Output:

```
1 2 4 8 16 32 64 128  
PS C:\Users\A\Desktop\School Works\FIRST YEAR PROGRAMMING\C>
```

4.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void){
    int i, product=1;

    printf("TABLE OF POWERS OF TWO\n\n\t2 to the n\n\n");

    // Initial value of product is 1 and it is multiplied to 2 and updated
    // for each iteration as long as i is less than or equal to 10. Value of
    // product is tabbed printed to the right of the value of i.
    for(i=0; i<=10; i++){
        printf("%d\t%d\n", i, product);
        product*=2;
    }
}
```

Output:

```
TABLE OF POWERS OF TWO
n      2 to the n
0      1
1      2
2      4
3      8
4      16
5      32
6      64
7      128
8      256
9      512
10     1024
PS C:\Users\A\Desktop\School Works\FIRST YEAR PROGRAMMING\C> █
```

5.

Code:

```
C as5.c > main(void)
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main(void){
4      int startDay, daysOfMonth, i;
5
6      printf("Enter number of days in month: ");
7      scanf("%d", &daysOfMonth);
8
9      printf("Enter starting day of the week (1=Sun, 7=Sat): ");
10     scanf("%d", &startDay);
11
12     printf("\n");
13
14     //If daysOfMonth entered is less than 28, more than 31, negative, or startDay is negative tell user that input is invalid.
15     if(((daysOfMonth<28 || daysOfMonth>31) || daysOfMonth<=0) || (startDay<=0)){
16         printf("Invalid input. Try again");
17     }
18
19     else{
20         //Prints spaces depending to the starting day of the month provided by the user.
21         //For example starting day is 3 therefore print spaces for the first 2 spots.
22         for(i=1; i<startDay; i++){
23             printf(" ");
24         }
25
26         //After printing the spaces print the days of the month
27         // %2d is used since days can be two digits
28         //If the day of the week reaches 7 print on the next line.
29         for(i=1; i<=daysOfMonth; i++){
30             printf("%2d ", i);
31             if((i+startDay-1)%7==0){
32                 printf("\n");
33             }
34         }
35     }
36 }
```

Output:

```
Enter number of days in month: 31
Enter starting day of the week (1=Sun, 7=Sat): 3

    1  2  3  4  5
 6  7  8  9 10 11 12
13 14 15 16 17 18 19
20 21 22 23 24 25 26
27 28 29 30 31
PS C:\Users\A\Desktop\School Works\FIRST YEAR PROGRAMMING\C>
```

6.

a.

Code:

```
bool pathway[8] = {true, [2]=true};
```

Output:

```
1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0
```

b.

Code:

```
bool pathway[8] = {true, false, true};
```

Output:

```
1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0
```

7.

a.

```
bool road_networks[8][8] = {
    [0][0]=true, [1][0]=true, [5][0]=true, [6][0]=true,
    [0][1]=true, [1][1]=true, [2][1]=true, [1][2]=true,
    [2][2]=true, [5][2]=true, [3][3]=true, [4][3]=true,
    [6][3]=true, [2][4]=true, [3][4]=true, [4][4]=true,
    [0][5]=true, [2][5]=true, [5][5]=true, [7][5]=true,
    [6][6]=true, [7][7]=true
};
```

b.

a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h
1	1	[0]	[0]	0	1	0	0
1	1	[1]	[0]	0	0	0	0
[0]	[1]	[1]	[0]	[1]	[1]	[0]	[0]
[0]	[0]	[0]	[1]	[1]	[0]	[0]	[0]
0	0	[0]	[1]	1	0	0	0
1	0	[1]	[0]	0	1	0	0
1	0	[0]	[1]	0	0	1	0
0	0	[0]	[0]	0	1	0	1

c.

Code:

```
do{
    printf("Location(a=0 b=1 c=2 d=3 e=4 f=5 g=6 h=7): ");
    scanf("%d", &response);

    if ((response==0 || response==1) || (response==5 || response==7)){
        printf("Nearest charging station: C\n");
    }
    else if((response==4) || (response==6)){
        printf("Nearest charging station: D\n");
    }
    else if(response==2 || response==3){
        printf("You are already in a charging station.\n");
    }
    else{
        printf("Invalid input. Try again\n");
    }

    printf("Continue?(Yes=1 No=0) ");
    scanf("%d", &i);
}while(i!=0);
```

Output:

```
Location(a=0 b=1 c=2 d=3 e=4 f=5 g=6 h=7): 5
Nearest charging station: C
Continue?(Yes=1 No=0) 1
Location(a=0 b=1 c=2 d=3 e=4 f=5 g=6 h=7): 6
Nearest charging station: D
Continue?(Yes=1 No=0) 1
Location(a=0 b=1 c=2 d=3 e=4 f=5 g=6 h=7): 0
Nearest charging station: C
Continue?(Yes=1 No=0) 1
Location(a=0 b=1 c=2 d=3 e=4 f=5 g=6 h=7): 3
You are already in a charging station.
Continue?(Yes=1 No=0) 1
Location(a=0 b=1 c=2 d=3 e=4 f=5 g=6 h=7): 89
Invalid input. Try again
Continue?(Yes=1 No=0) 0
```

d.

Code:

```
#define arraySize ((int)sizeof(road_networks)/(int)sizeof(road_networks[0][0]))
```

Output:

```
Array size is: 64
```