

# Linked List - 2

# In This Lecture

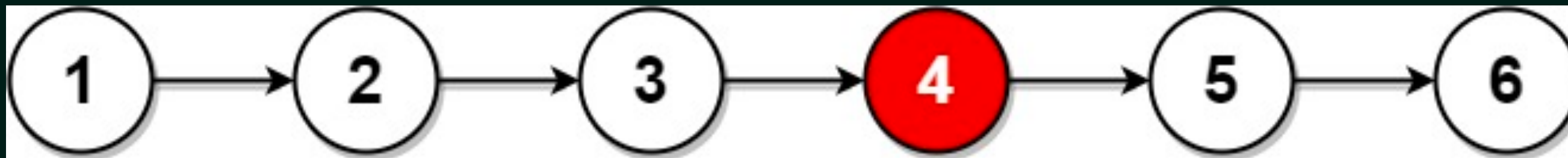
1. Find the Middle Node In A LinkedList
2. Remove Duplicates - I

# Find the Middle Node In A LinkedList

Given the head of a singly linked list, return the middle node of the linked list.  
If there are two middle nodes, return **the second middle** node.



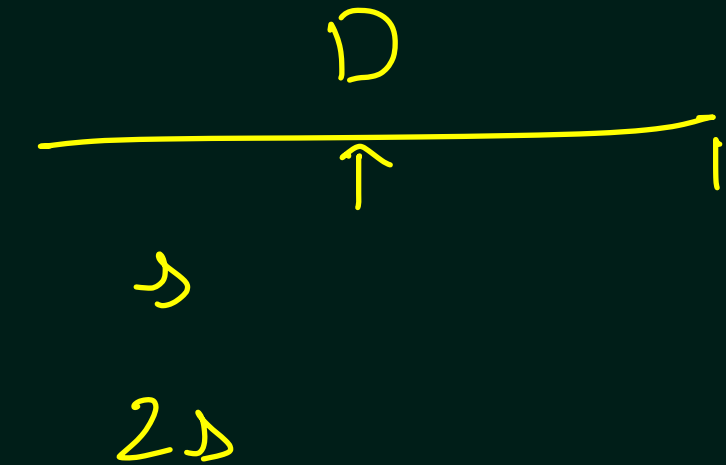
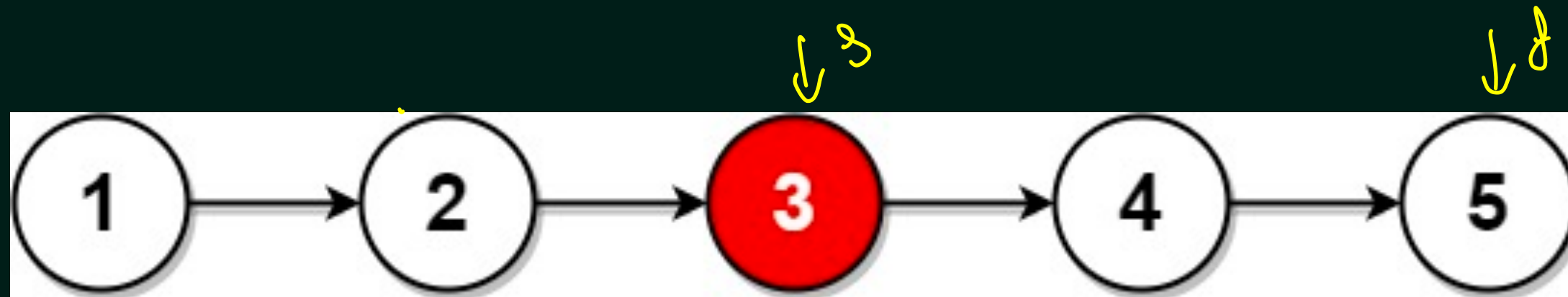
length = 5  
jumps = length / 2



↑  
2

↑  
3

# Find the Middle Node In A LinkedList



trp  
Count = 5

jumps = 2

$O(N)$

Two times iterate

i) to calculate the size

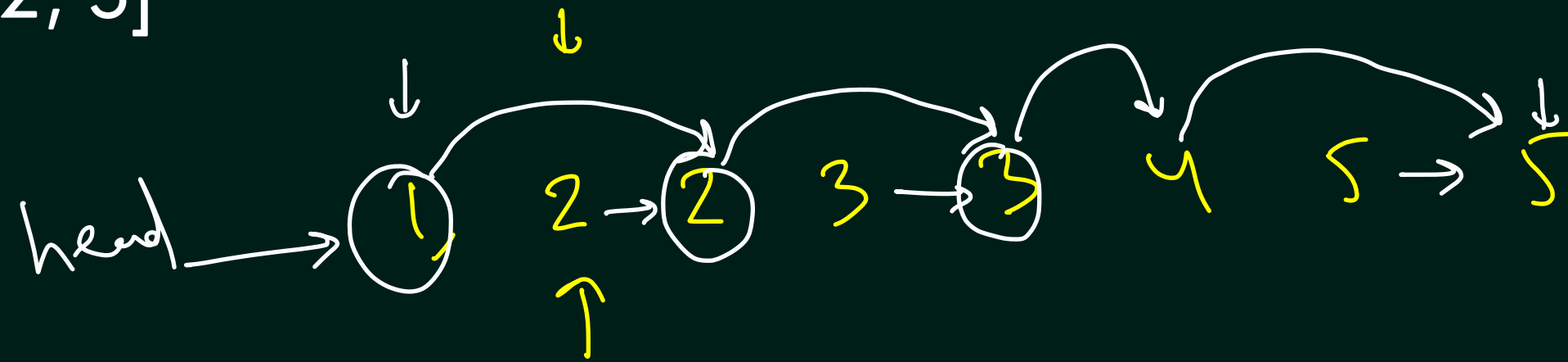
ii) to jump to the middle.

# Remove Duplicates - I

Given the head of a sorted linked list, delete all duplicates such that each element appears only once. Return the linked list sorted as well.

Input:  $l1 = [-1, -1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3]$

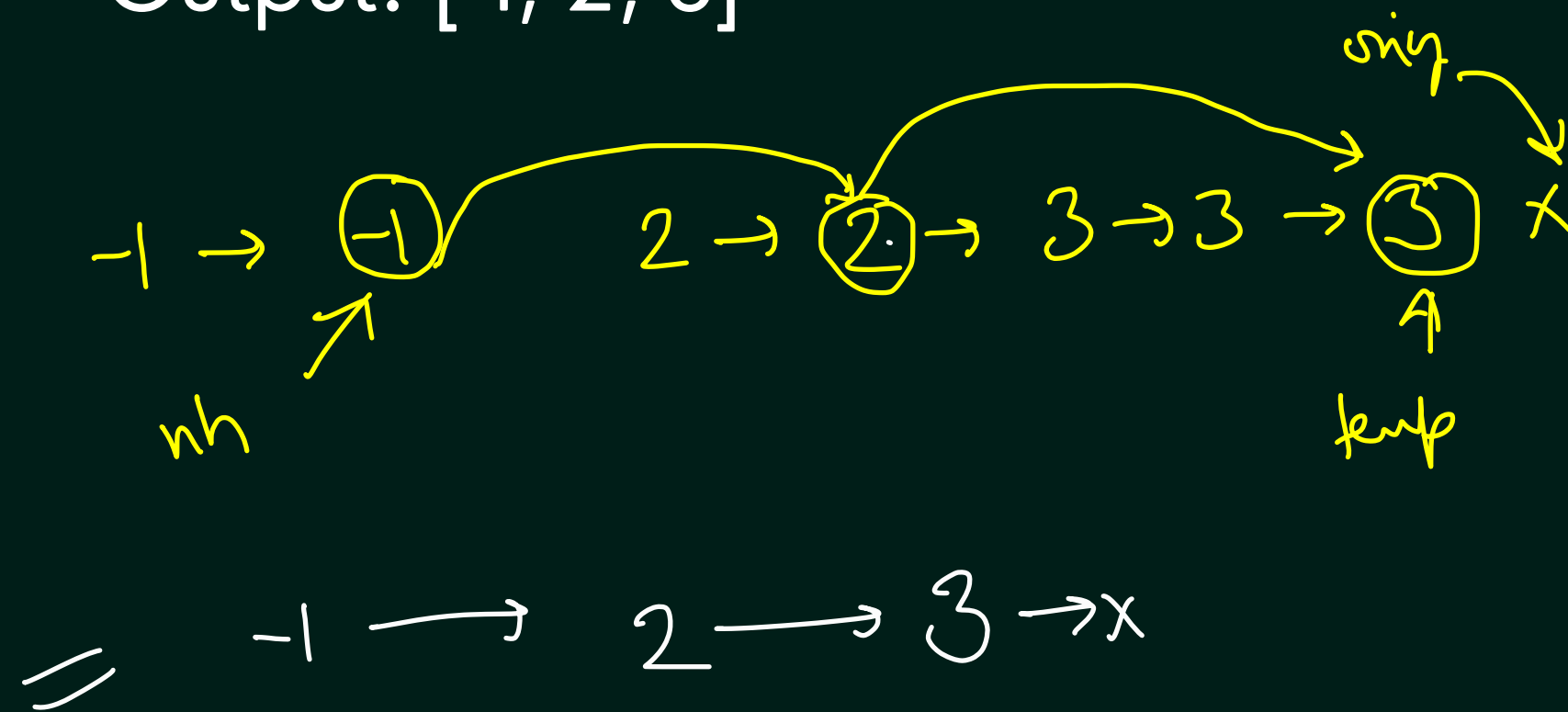
Output:  $[-1, 2, 3]$



# Remove Duplicates - I

Input: ll = [-1, -1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3]

Output: [-1, 2, 3]



```
static Node removeDuplicateElements(Node head) {
    Node orig = head;
    Node newHead = null;
    Node temp = head;

    while(orig != null) {
        while(orig.next != null && orig.data == orig.next.data) {
            orig = orig.next;
        }
        if(newHead == null) {
            newHead = temp = orig;
        } else {
            temp.next = orig;
            temp = orig;
        }
        orig = orig.next; //
    }
    return newHead;
}
```

