# Modern Data Engineering in the Cloud

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Installation of ETL Software and Exam 1

#### **INSTALLATION**

- 1) Install PDI v 9.0 or newest 9.1 one from https://sourceforge.net/projects/pentaho/files/Data%20Integration/ There is also the official Homepage: <a href="https://www.hitachivantara.com/en-us/products/data-management-analytics/pentaho/download-pentaho.html">https://www.hitachivantara.com/en-us/products/data-management-analytics/pentaho/download-pentaho.html</a> Keep in Mind that we only use one component of that Suite with the Name PDI (Pentaho Data Integration) and not the whole Lumada/Pentaho Suite
- 2) Installation JAVA: download jre-8XXX for all Op-Systems on <a href="http://java.com/en/download/manual.jsp">http://java.com/en/download/manual.jsp</a> (if its not starting: follow the instructions in this video: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PH6mWe3YVCQ">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PH6mWe3YVCQ</a>)
- 3) Install Anaconda
- 4) Set PYTHONPATH to the root directory of Anaconda:

In order to use DB connection with PDI you need install the drivers: PDI drivers: add them to the directory D:\Programme\pdi-ce-9.0.0.0.0-4323\data-integration\lib

mysql-connector-java-5.1.25-bin.jar → for MySQL jtds-1.2.5.jar → for the Azure DB mssql-jdbc-7.4.1.jre8.jar → MSSQL-Server

### Exam 1

Context: You are a data engineer in a startup that has to deliver actual jobdata daily into a **graphical Dashbaord**. The data is delivered by the company x28 in the xml-Format.

There is a special interest in

- the number of weeks the jobs are open
- the distribution of open jobs in the different sectors
- show it graphically (use excel or PowerBI)

The startup uses own identifiers (Kienbaum\_ID) and x28 delivers another id. Mapping tables are present and should be linked

Sources: XML-Files von x28 im Verzeichnis «».

Method: Engineer a PDI Data Pipeline

Target System of the results : MySQL Database or other DB

#### Info:

- x28 delivers XML-Files with 200 jobs each. The startup is using own Functions and own Company Names → have to be mapped.
- You can use Metatables:
- tm\_tp\_companies\_sectors → mapping from company to sector
- tm\_tp\_sectors\_functions → mapping from company to function
- tm\_X28\_Companies → mapping comp\_id to Kienbaum\_ID and companyname
- tm\_X28\_Functions → mapping of the 19 MCG functions to 1200 job\_name\_x28

### Exam 1

Procedure:

Part 1: Data Analysis:

Analyze the data you got:

- What is operational data
- What is Medtadata
- Which fields do i see there ?
- Do i need all the Metadata given ?
- What fields do i need in the solution? Where are they?
- Which kind of identifier do i have in which file in order to match them together?

## Part 2: Architecture:

What do i want engineer in one transformation?

Tip:

- do small clear transformations that can be glued togeter in a Job
- Do not mix Metadata with operational data ightarrow they have another usage pattern in time
- Do distinguish the levels in the DB: stage, store
- Define where to match the data and where to calculate measures (i.e. weeks)

### Exam 1

# Part 3: Implementation:

# Steps:

- Preparation: load all metatables into the DB with PDI-Pentaho
- Read all XML files with ist needed fields
- (Denormalize the first 4 metadatafields)
- Field «conpany\_id» cleansing as it can be used for DB-Lookup
- DB-Lookup for the new fields «Kienbaum\_ID, company\_mcg\_id
- Filter the fields
- Lookup with Kienbaum\_ID and MCG companyname (Field Firma from tm\_X28\_Companies)
- Lookup with new function of MCG (Field «function» from tm\_X28\_Functions)
- Sort and clean fields
- Put everything into the DB with «truncate table» option with the tablename «t\_x28\_jobs\_store»
- Calculate how long the job was open (mögl. mit SQL: ceil(datediff(date(curdate()), date(firstseen))/7) als SQL statement)