



# Introduction to GIS for History

EMPIRICAL REASONING  
CENTER 2018

# WORKSHOP OBJECTIVES

- 1- Understand the main uses of GIS technologies and software in historical and archaeological studies, what GIS is, how works and the standard GIS work model**
- 2- Become familiar with GIS software**
- 3- Learn about the conventions of map-making, map literacy, and what makes a 'good' map**
- 4- Learn to access, organize, and display data in QGIS, as well as some useful sources of data**
- 5- Learn how to create a map in QGIS, from importing the data to exporting a final map as an image or PDF document**

# WHAT IS GIS?

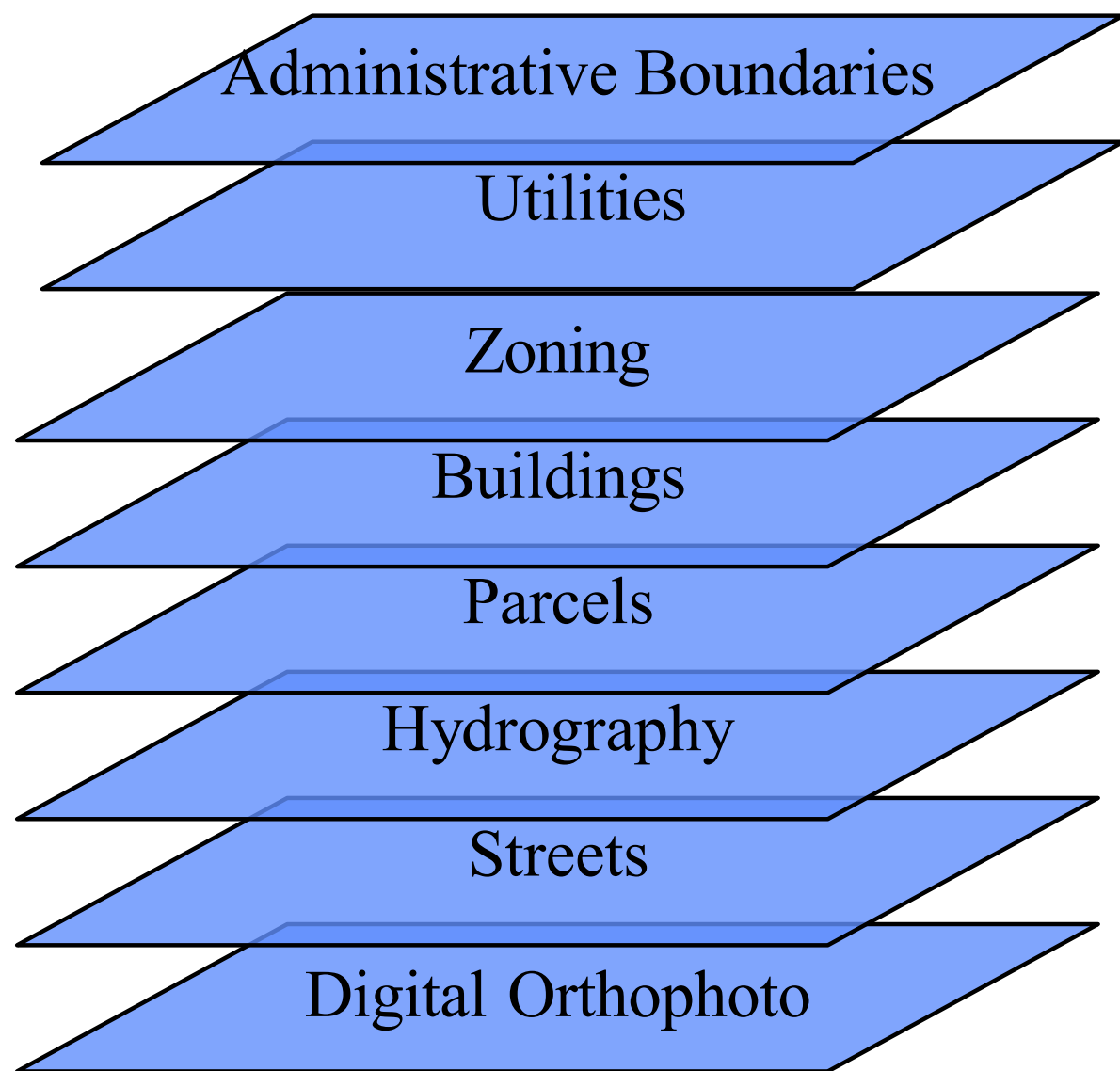
## Geographic Information Systems (Science)

GIS allows you to process, analyze and visualize information about the Earth's surface. GIS is utilized to know "what is where, when" and is used in many different fields like environmental science, economics, history, archaeology, urban studies, biology, sustainable development, geology, etc. It's a flexible tool that allows you to study spatial relationships, PAST AND PRESENT.

**"Everything is related to everything else,  
but near things are more  
related than distant things."  
(First rule of geography)**



# GIS MODEL



Data is organized in layers, that can be overlayed, compared, and used to represent thematic, quantitative, qualitative, narrative or conceptual information about the world.

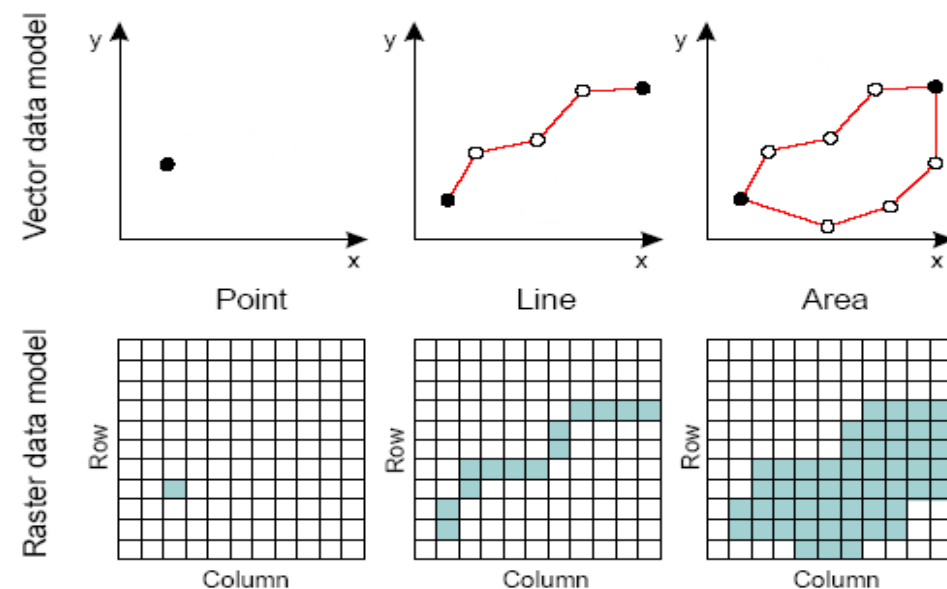
These layers can be generated from historical maps, document and satellite images, as well as field notes, surveys, etc.



# SPATIAL DATA

specifies where (location) and  
what kind of feature (shape)

STORED AS GEOGRAPHIC DATA  
EITHER IN VECTOR OR RASTER  
FORMAT



# ATTRIBUTE DATA

specifies characteristics for  
that location information, like  
how much, when, what , etc.

STORED AS TABULAR DATA

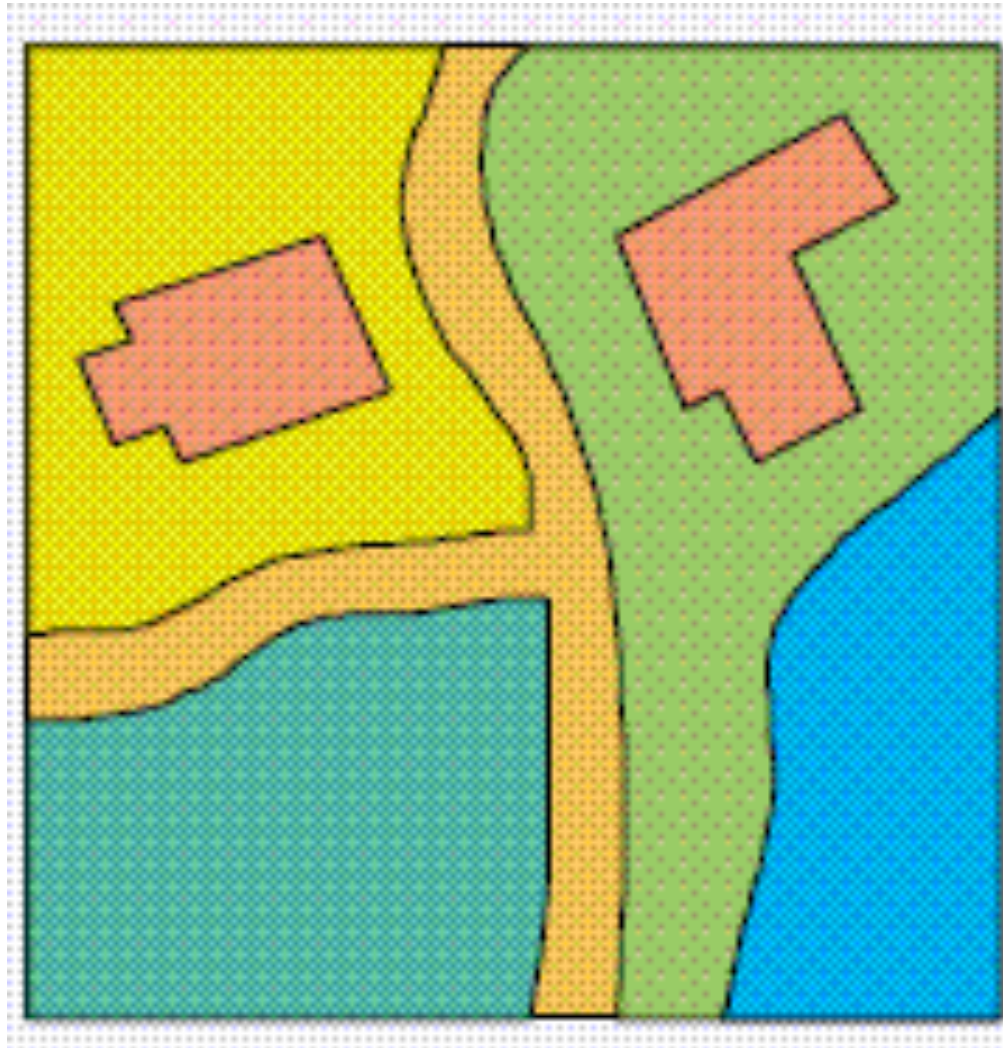
Attribute table - Streets :: Features total: 41825, filtered: 41825, selected: 0

	LEFTLOW	LEFTHIGH	RIGHTLOW	RIGHTHIGH	STREETNAME	STREETDESI
13520	14301.000000000...	14305.000000000...	14300.000000000...	14302.000000000...	COPPER	AV
13581	14301.000000000...	14323.000000000...	14300.000000000...	14324.000000000...	STALGREN	CT
13805	14301.000000000...	14309.000000000...	14300.000000000...	14308.000000000...	MEL SMITH	DR
34181	14301.000000000...	14339.000000000...	14300.000000000...	14340.000000000...	BAUER	RD
34192	14301.000000000...	14321.000000000...	14300.000000000...	14320.000000000...	ENCANTADO	RD
34229	14301.000000000...	14321.000000000...	14300.000000000...	14320.000000000...	PIEDRAS	RD
34241	14301.000000000...	14335.000000000...	14300.000000000...	14334.000000000...	SKYLINE	RD
34255	14301.000000000...	14331.000000000...	14300.000000000...	14330.000000000...	OAKWOOD	PL
34293	14301.000000000...	14317.000000000...	14300.000000000...	14318.000000000...	ARCADIA	RD
34275	14297.000000000...	14331.000000000...	14296.000000000...	14314.000000000...	WINDSOR	PL
13153	14227.000000000...	14233.000000000...	14226.000000000...	14232.000000000...	GRAND	AV

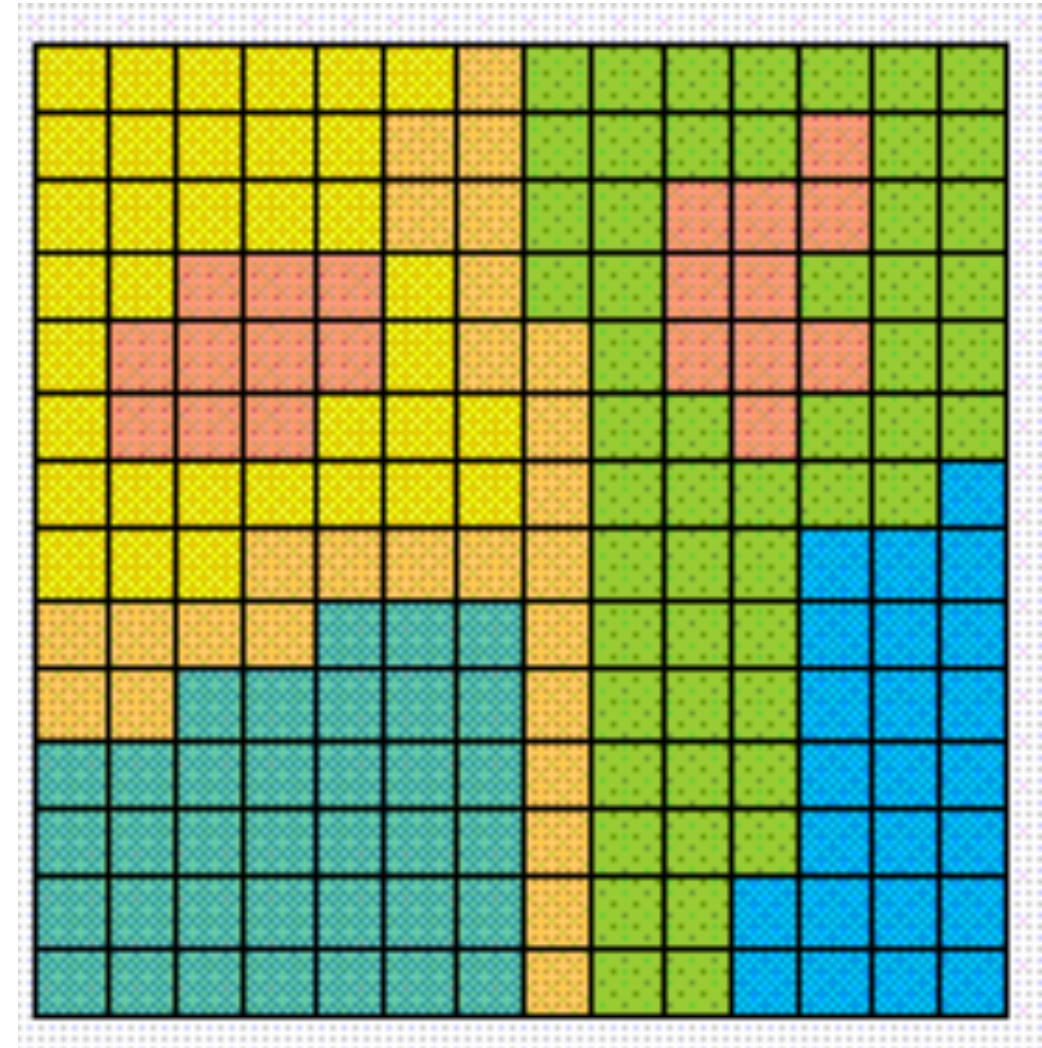
# TYPES OF DATA



# SPATIAL DATA

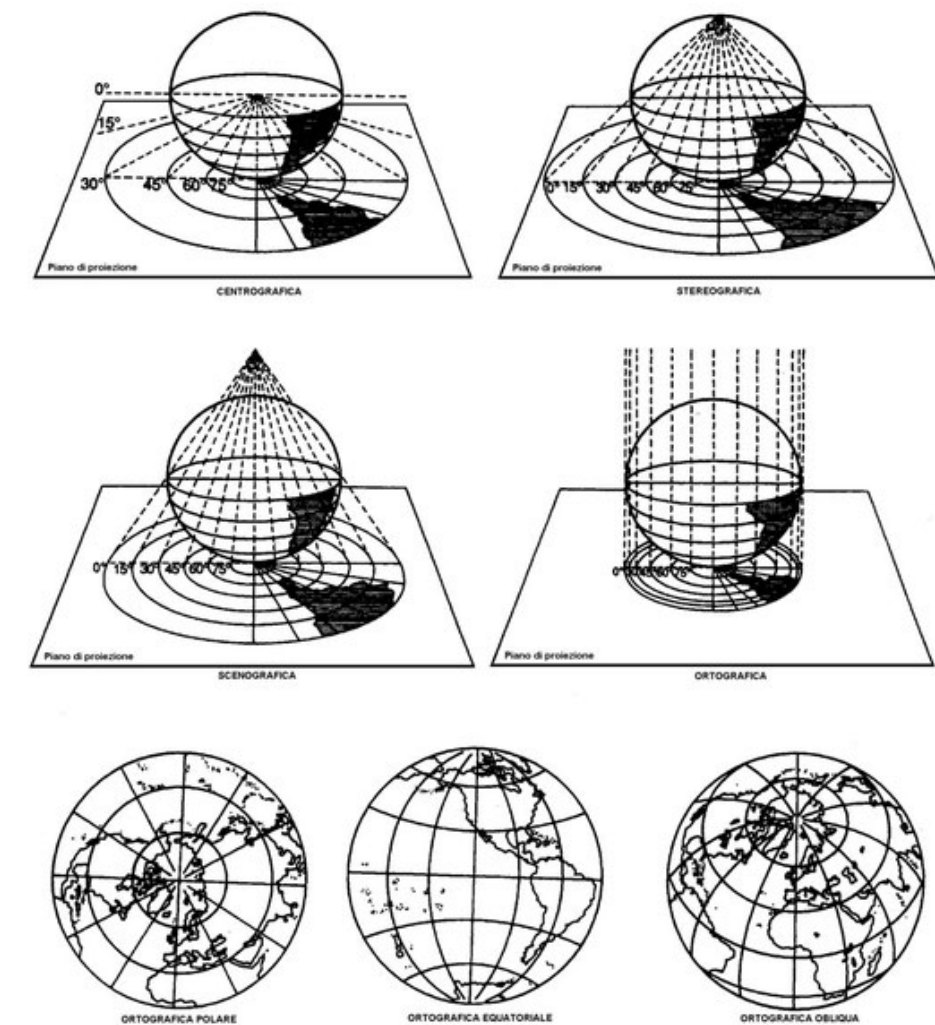
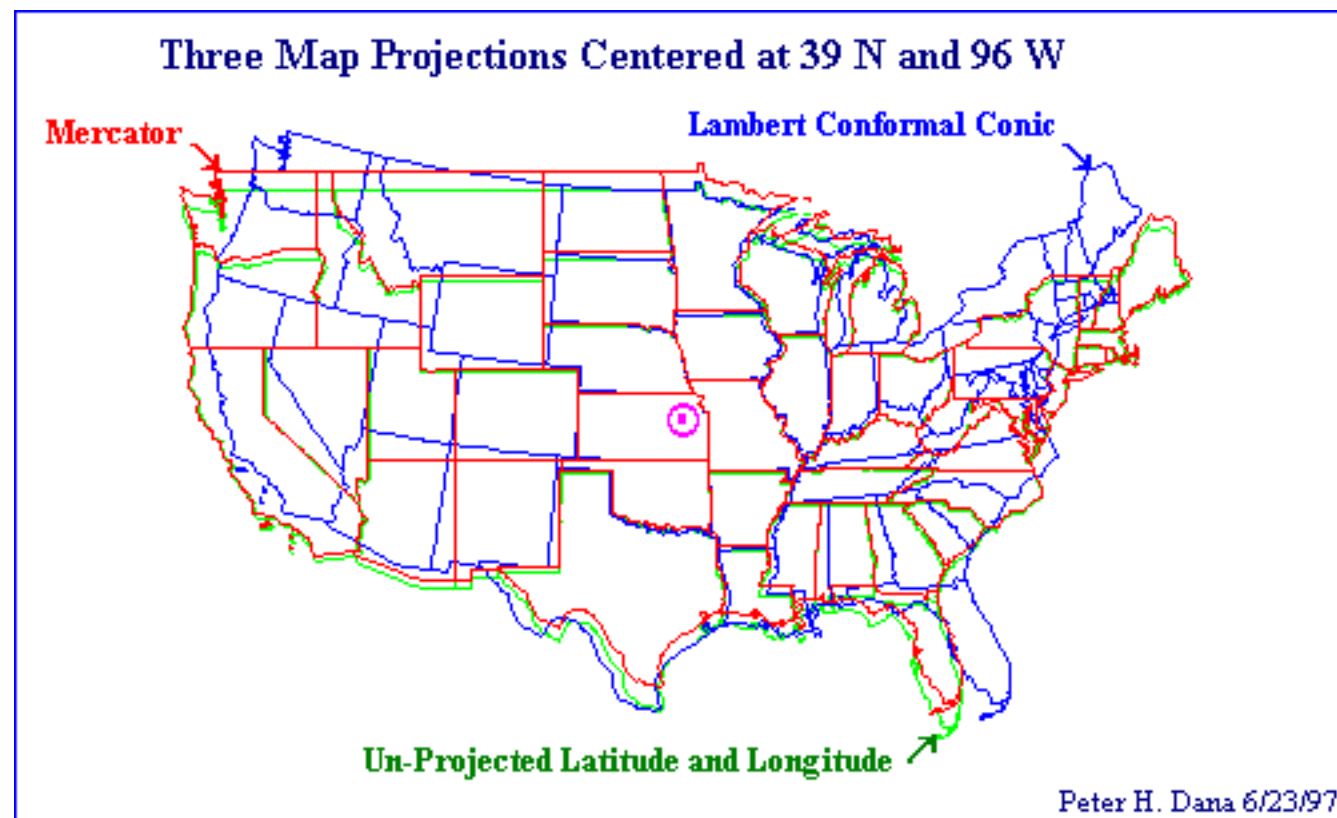


**VECTOR**



**RASTER**

# PROJECTIONS &



# COORDINATES SYSTEMS

# Population Trend

## Bad Harmony Map



### STATES

#### POP 1999

	482025 - 1671251
	1671252 - 3374955
	3374956 - 6858858
	6858859 - 12110024
	12110025 - 20127338
	20127339 - 33090214

0 350 700 1,400 Miles



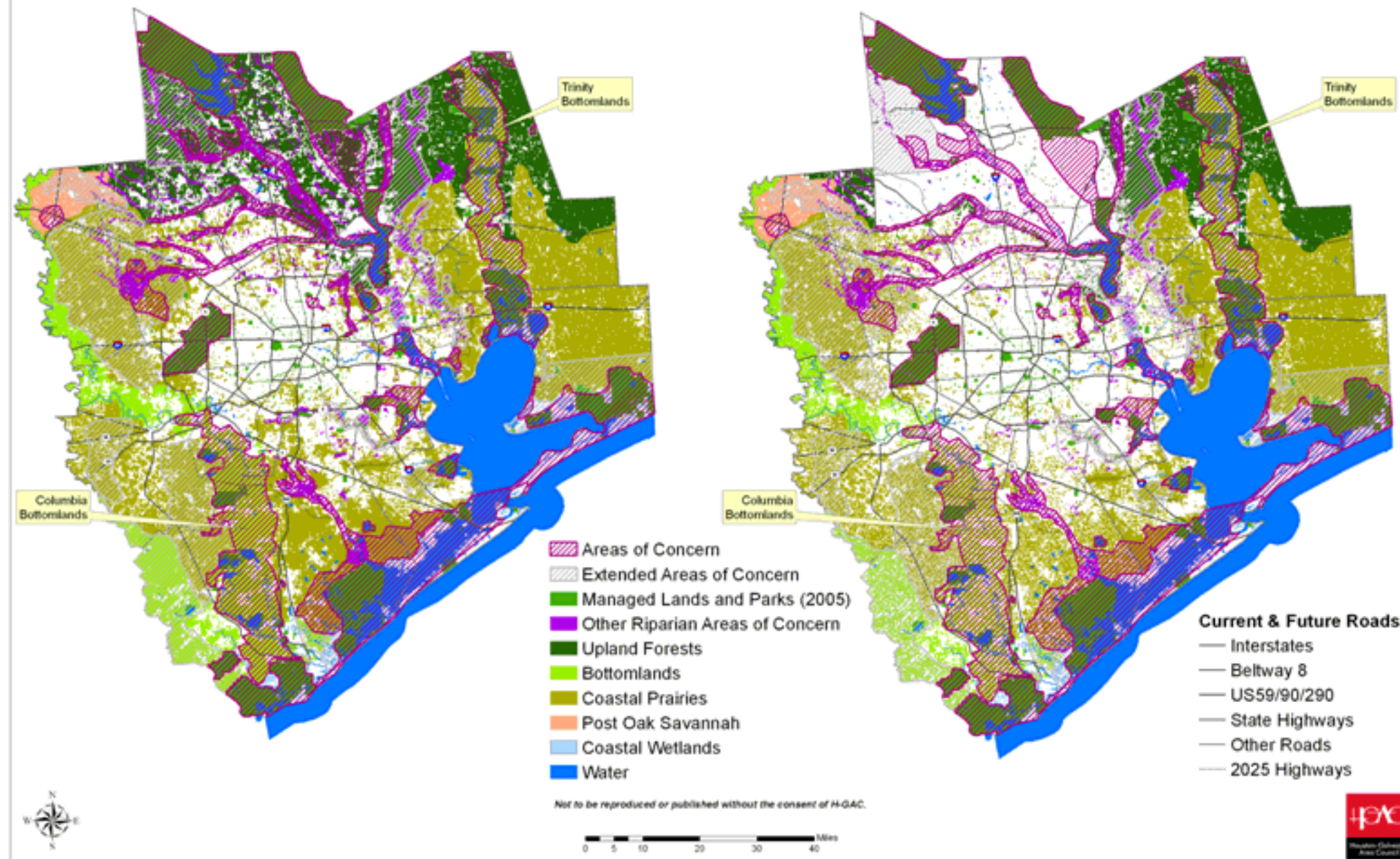


# Undeveloped Environmental Resources

*DRAFT*

2005

2035



Map showing the location of Late Bronze Age -  
Early Medieval settlements on the Llŷn Peninsula

Roundhouse settlements = black circles

Double ringwork enclosures

● double ringwork

⊙ uncertain double ringwork

Hillforts

● hillfort

⊙ uncertain hillfort

Topography

Value

251 - 1331.35m OD

150 - 250m OD

0 - 149m OD

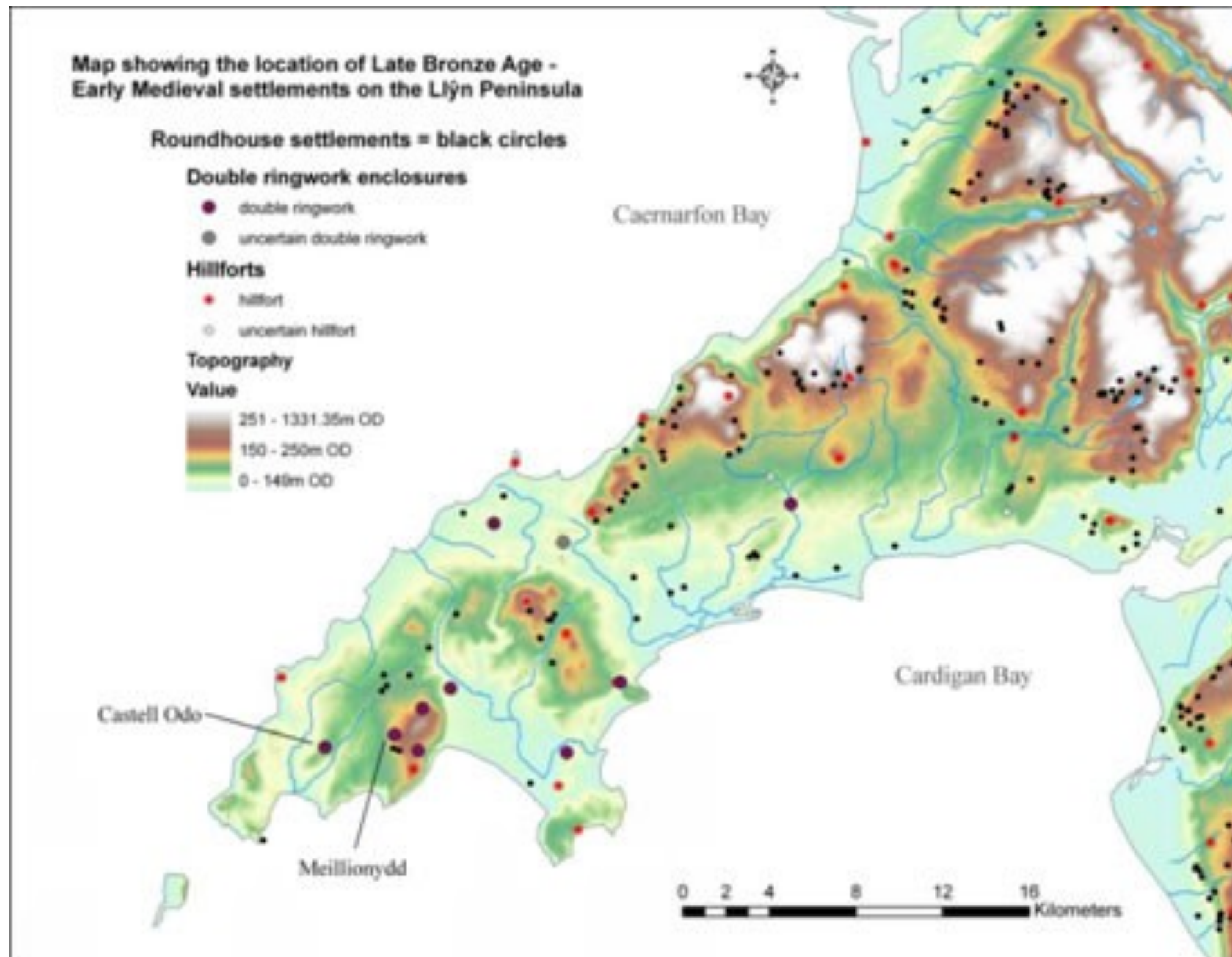
Castell Odo

Meillionydd

Caernarfon Bay

Cardigan Bay

0 2 4 8 12 16 Kilometers





# REMAPPING JOHN SNOW'S CHOLERA MAP

Soho, London: 1854

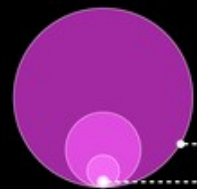
## FROM THE AIR: Surrounding the Broad Street Pump



57% locations of cholera deaths were nearer to the Broad Street Pump by straight-line distance than any other pump. These locations account for 62% of the recorded cholera deaths.



The Broad Street Pump is the only water pump within the first standard distribution of cholera deaths and is 25 meters (across the street) from their mean center.



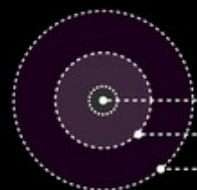
### Buildings with Cholera Deaths

maximum: 9 deaths  
minimum: 1 death



### Water Pump Locations

straight-line distance to nearest pump from buildings with cholera deaths (Broad Street Pump)  
straight-line distance to nearest pump from buildings with cholera deaths (all other pumps)



### Distribution of Cholera Deaths

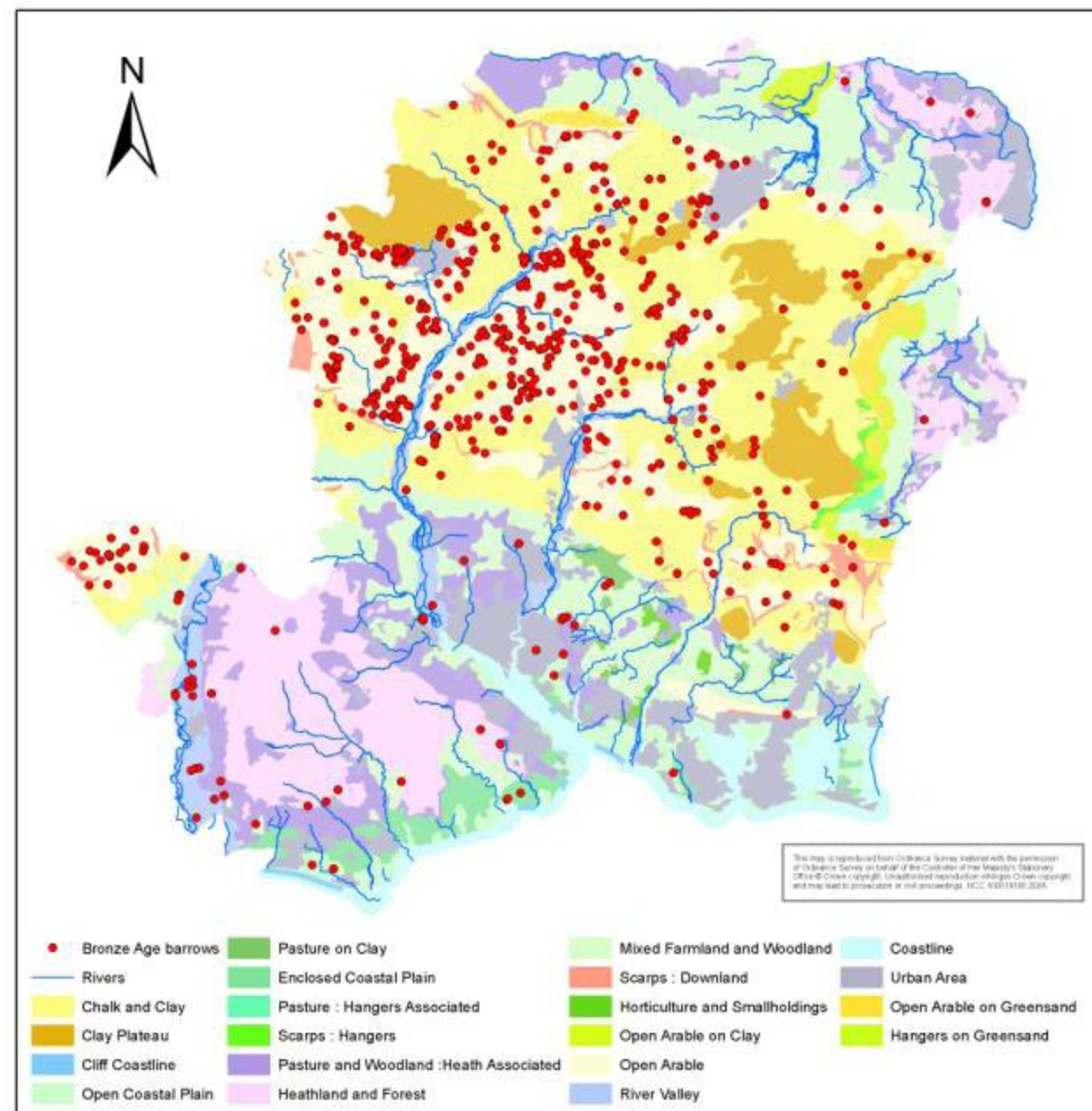
mean center  
1 standard distribution  
2 standard distributions

0 meters 100



data source: georectified version of Snow's map and digitized point locations with cholera death counts by Rhonda Houser at the University of Kansas Libraries, Lawrence, KS, 2013.  
map by Leah Meisterlin, 2013/2015







# MAP ELEMENTS

TITLE - DESCRIPTIVE  
DATA SOURCE

CLEAR LEGEND - WITH EXPLANATION

SCALE BAR - IN UNITS THAT MAKE SENSE

NORTH ARROW - AT AN APPROPRIATE SIZE

PROPERLY PROJECTED MAP

ANY NECESSARY LABELS

NOW, LET'S MAKE  
A MAP!