$\LaTeX 2_{\varepsilon}$ Cheat Sheet

Document classes

book Default is two-sided. report No \part divisions.

article No \part or \chapter divisions.

letter Letter (?).

slides Large sans-serif font.

Used at the very beginning of a document:

 $\label{localization} $$\operatorname{class}. Use \operatorname{begin}\{\operatorname{document}\}$ to start contents and \end{document}$ to end the document.$

Common documentclass options

10pt/11pt/12pt Font size.

letterpaper/a4paper Paper size.
twocolumn Use two columns.

twoside Set margins for two-sided.

landscape Landscape orientation. Must use dvips

-t landscape.

draft Double-space lines.
Usage: \documentclass[opt,opt]{class}.

Packages

fullpage Use 1 inch margins.

anysize Set margins: $\mbox{\mbox{marginsize}}\{l\}\{r\}\{t\}\{b\}$. multicol Use n columns: $\mbox{\mbox{begin}\{multicols}\{n\}$.

latexsym Use LATEX symbol font.

graphicx Show image: \includegraphics[width=x]{file}.

url Insert URL: \url{http://...}.

Use before \begin{document}. Usage: \usepackage{package}

Title

\author{text} Author of document. \title{text} Title of document.

 $\del{date} \{text\}$ Date.

These commands go before $\ensuremath{\mbox{begin{document}.}}$. The declaration $\ensuremath{\mbox{maketitle}}$ goes at the top of the document.

Miscellaneous

\pagestyle{empty} Empty header, footer and no page num-

bers.

\tableofcontents Add a table of contents here.

Document structure

\subsection{title}

Use \setcounter{secnumdepth} $\{x\}$ suppresses heading numbers of depth > x, where chapter has depth 0. Use a *, as in \section* $\{title\}$, to not number a particular item—these items will also not appear in the table of contents.

Text environments

\begin{comment} Comment (not printed). Requires verbatim

ackage.

\begin{quote} Indented quotation block.

\begin{quotation}Like quote with indented paragraphs.

\begin{verse} Quotation block for verse.

Lists

\begin{enumerate} Numbered list. \begin{itemize} Bulleted list. \begin{description} Description list. \item text Add an item.

 $\forall tem[x] text$ Use x instead of normal bullet or number.

Required for descriptions.

References

\label{marker} Set a marker for cross-reference, often of the

form \label{sec:item}.

 \rdet{marker} Give section/body number of marker.

\pageref{marker} Give page number of marker. \footnote{text} Print footnote at bottom of page.

Floating bodies

\begin{table} [place] Add numbered table.
\begin{figure} [place] Add numbered figure.
\begin{equation} [place] Add numbered equation.
\caption{text} Caption for the body.

The place is a list valid placements for the body. t=top, h=here, b=bottom, p=separate page, !=place even if ugly. Captions and label markers should be within the environment.

Text properties

Font face

CommandDeclarationEffect\textrm{text} {\rmfamily \text} Roman family \textsf{text} {\sffamily \text} Sans serif family \texttt{text} {\ttfamily \text} Typewriter family text{\mdseries text} Medium series \textbf{text} {\bfseries text} Bold series \textup{text} {\upshape \text} Upright shape \textit{text} {\itshape text} Italic shape \textsl{text} {\slshape text} Slanted shape $\text{textsc}\{text\}$ {\scshape text} SMALL CAPS SHAPE $\mbox{emph}\{text\}$ $\{ em \ text \}$ Emphasized\textnormal{text}{\normalfont text}Document font \underline{text} Underline

The command (tttt) form handles spacing better than the declaration (tttt) form.

Font size

\tiny tiny \tage Large \tage \tage \footnotesize \text{footnotesize footnotesize} \text{footnotesize footnotesize} \text{small small normalsize normalsize} \tage \tage \text{huge huge} \text{Huge}

These are declarations and should be used in the form {\small ...}, or without braces to affect the entire document.

Verbatim text

\verb!text! Text between the delimiting characters (in

this case '!') is verbatim.

Justification

Environment Declaration
\begin{center} \centering
\begin{flushleft} \raggedright
\begin{flushright} \raggedleft

Miscellaneous

 $\label{linespread} x \$ changes the line spacing by the multiplier x.

Text-mode symbols

Symbols

&	\&	_	_		\ldots	•	\textbullet
\$	\\$	^	\^{}		\textbar	\	\textbackslash
%	۱%	~	\~{}	#	\#	δ	\S

Accents

ò \'o	ó ∖'o	ô \^o	õ \~o	ō \=o
ό \.ο	ö \"o	g \c o	ŏ \v o	ő ∖Н о
ç \c c	o /d o	o √p o	⊙ \t 00	∞ \oe
			å \aa	
ø \o	Ø \0	ł \1	Ł \L	1 \i
j ∖j	i ~ '	į. ?'		'

Delimiters

"	""	{ \{]]	((< \textless
, ,	",,,	} \}	ĺΊ))	> \textgreater

Dashes

Name	Source	Example	Usage
hyphen	-	X-ray	In words.
en-dash		1-5	Between numbers.
em-dash		Yes—or no?	Punctuation.

Line and page breaks

\\ Begin new line without new paragraph. * Prohibit pagebreak after linebreak.

\kill Don't print current line.

\pagebreak Start new page.

\noindent Do not indent current line.

Miscellaneous

\today March 12, 2012.

 $\sim \text{instead of }^{\{\}}, \text{ which makes }^{\{\}}.$ Space, disallow linebreak (W.J.~Clinton).

\circ . Indicate that the . ends a sentence when following an uppercase letter.

\hspace{l} Horizontal space of length l (Ex: l = 20pt).

 \vspace{l} Vertical space of length l.

 \mathbf{w}_{h} Line of width w and height h.

Tabular environments

tabbing environment

\= Set tab stop. \> Go to tab stop.

Tab stops can be set on "invisible" lines with \kill at the end of the line. Normally \\ is used to separate lines.

tabular environment

\begin{array} [pos] {cols} \begin{tabular} [pos] {cols} \begin{tabular*}{width}[pos]{cols}

tabular column specification

1 Left-justified column. Centered column. С Right-justified column. r $p\{width\}$ Same as $parbox[t]\{width\}$. Insert decl instead of inter-column space. Inserts a vertical line between columns.

tabular elements

\hline Horizontal line between rows. $\cline{x-y}$ Horizontal line across columns x through y. $\mathbb{1}_{n}{\cos {n} {cols} {text}}$

> A cell that spans n columns, with cols column specification.

Math mode

For inline math, use (...) or For displayed math, use \[...\] or \begin{equation}.

Superscript x	^{x}	$Subscript_x$	_{x}
$\frac{x}{y}$	$\frac{x}{y}$	$\sum_{k=1}^{n}$	$\sum_{k=1}^n$
$\sqrt[n]{x}$	$\sqrt[n]{x}$	$\prod_{k=1}^{n}$	$\displaystyle \frac{k=1}^n$

Math-mode symbols

	١	< ·	/ \		,
\leq	\leq	\geq \geq	$\neq \setminus neq$	\approx	\approx
×	\times	÷ \div	\pm \pm	•	\cdot
0	^{\circ}	∘ \circ	/ \prime		\cdots
∞	∞	¬ \neg	\land \wedge	\vee	\vee
\supset	\supset	∀ \foral	$\texttt{l} \in \setminus \mathtt{in}$	\rightarrow	\rightarrow
\subset	\subset	∃ \exist	$s \notin \setminus notin$	\Rightarrow	\Rightarrow
\cup	\cup	∩ \cap	\mid	\Leftrightarrow	\Leftrightarrow
\dot{a}	\dot a	\hat{a} \hat a	$ar{a}$ \bar a	\tilde{a}	\tilde a
α	\alpha	eta \beta	γ \gamma	δ	\delta
ϵ	\epsilon	ζ \zeta	η \eta	ε	\varepsilon
θ	\theta	ι \iota	κ \kappa	ϑ	\vartheta
λ	\lambda	μ \mu	$ u$ \nu	ξ	\xi
π	\pi	$ ho$ \rho	σ \sigma	au	\tau
v	υ	ϕ \phi	χ \chi	ψ	\psi
ω	\omega	Γ \Gamma	Δ \Delta	Θ	\Theta
Λ	\Lambda	Ξ \Xi	Π \Pi	Σ	\Sigma
Υ	Υ	Φ \Phi	Ψ \Psi	Ω	\Omega

Bibliography and citations

When using BibTEX, you need to run latex, bibtex, and latex twice more to resolve dependencies.

Citation types

 $\text{cite}\{key\}$

	1953)
$\texttt{\citeA}\{key\}$	Full author list. (Watson and Crick)
$\citeN\{key\}$	Full author list and year. Watson and Cr.
	(1953)
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	Abbreviated author list and year. ?
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	Abbreviated author list. ?
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	Abbreviated author list and year. ?
$\texttt{\citeyear}\{key\}$	Cite year only. (1953)
All the above have	an NP variant without parentheses; Ex.
\citeNP.	

Full author list and year. (Watson and Crick

BibT_EX entry types

Journal or magazine article. @article Book with publisher. @book Book without publisher. @booklet Article in conference proceedings. @conference A part of a book and/or range of pages. @inbook Cincollection A part of book with its own title. If nothing else fits. @misc @phdthesis PhD. thesis. @proceedings Proceedings of a conference. @techreport Tech report, usually numbered in series. @unpublished Unpublished.

BIRTEX fields

school series

title

B1B1E1 1101	4.
address	Address of publisher. Not necessary for maj publishers.
author	Names of authors, of format
booktitle	Title of book when part of it is cited.
chapter	Chapter or section number.
-	1
edition	Edition of a book.
editor	Names of editors.
institution	Sponsoring institution of tech. report.
journal	Journal name.
key	Used for cross ref. when no author.
month	Month published. Use 3-letter abbreviation.
note	Any additional information.
number	Number of journal or magazine.
organization	Organization that sponsors a conference.
pages	Page range (2,6,912).
publisher	Publisher's name.

Type of tech. report, ex. "Research Note". type volume Volume of a journal or book.

Title of work.

Year of publication. vear

Not all fields need to be filled. See example below.

Common BibT_FX style files

abbrv	Standard	abstract	alpha with abstract
alpha	Standard	apa	APA
nlain	Standard	unert	Uncorted

Name of school (for thesis).

Name of series of books.

The LATEX document should have the following two lines just before \end{document}, where bibfile.bib is the name of the BibTeX file.

```
\bibliographystyle{plain}
\bibliography{bibfile}
```

$BibT_{F}X$ example

The BibTeX database goes in a file called file.bib, which is processed with bibtex file.

```
@String{N = {Na\-ture}}
@Article{WC:1953,
 author = {James Watson and Francis Crick},
 title = {A structure for Deoxyribose Nucleic Acid},
 journal = N,
 volume = \{171\},
 pages = \{737\}.
 year
         = 1953
```

Sample LATEX document \documentclass[11pt]{article}

```
\usepackage{fullpage}
     \title{Template}
     \author{Name}
ijor \begin{document}
     \maketitle
     \section{section}
     \subsection*{subsection without number}
     text \textbf{bold text} text. Some math: $2+2=5$
     \subsection{subsection}
     text \emph{emphasized text} text. \cite{WC:1953}
     discovered the structure of DNA.
```

A table:

```
\begin{table}[!th]
\begin{tabular}{|1|c|r|}
\hline
first & row & data \\
second & row & data \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\caption{This is the caption}
\label{ex:table}
\end{table}
```

The table is numbered \ref{ex:table}. \end{document}

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