

# Assignment 2

Quantum Information & Computing

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## EXR 1 // Checkpoint & debugging

In this exercise, I provide a **FORTRAN** module for debugging.

```
call checkpoint(msg = 'print this message')
```

The **checkpoint** subroutine will print a custom message `msg`. The checkpoints are printed only if a global logical variable `DEBUG` is true.

Output

```
[checkpoint] print this message
```

It is possible to **print a variable** alongside the message.

```
real :: x = 1d0  
call checkpoint(msg = 'print this message', var = x)
```

Output

```
[checkpoint] print this message  
(real) 1.00000000
```

The optional argument `pause` (logical) will make the checkpoint **wait for user input** to continue.

# EXR 1 // Checkpoint & debugging

Additionally, the user can associate each checkpoint to a **verbosity level**.  
The global variable `DEBUG_LEVEL` (integer) sets the maximum level of checkpoints that will be printed.

```
call checkpoint(level = 4, msg = 'print this message')
```

For example, this checkpoint will print a message only if the global variable `DEBUG_LEVEL` is  $\geq 4$ .  
This feature is useful when you wish to tune how much detailed the debugging checkpoints should be.

I provide the following  
**standard levels** of debugging:

name	level	message printed
DL_CHECK	0	[checkpoint] ...
DL_FATAL	1	[ <b>fatal</b> ] ...
DL_ERROR	2	[ <b>error</b> ] ...
DL_WARN	3	[ <b>warning</b> ] ...
DL_INFO	4	[ <b>info</b> ] ...
DL_INFOP	5	[ <b>info</b> ] ...
DL_PEDANTIC	6	[ <b>dbg</b> ] ...

## Example

```
DEBUG = .true.
DEBUG_LEVEL = DL_FATAL
! btw, this is the default value

call checkpoint(level = DL_WARN,
                msg = 'not printed')

DEBUG_LEVEL = DL_PEDANTIC

call checkpoint(level = DL_WARN, msg = 'printed')
```

# EXR 2 // Matrix loop with documentation

## Documentation

```
! DOC =====
!
!   This module implements matrix products with nested loops.
!   -----
!   TYPES:  none
!
!   FUNCTIONS:  none
!
!   SUBROUTINES:
!   - [family] matmul_loop_*    [all of them with same I/O conditions]
!
!           Input    /   m1, m2    input matrices to be multiplied
!                   /   m3        output matrix with the result of m1*m2
!
!           Requirements /   m1, m2, m3 must be allocated before call
!
!           Output    /   none      (implicit result returns to arg m3)
!
!           Post-conditions /   m3 will be overwritten
!
!           Err handlers /   I will check the correct matrix shapes and use the
!                           /   debugger to notice this error. The product is not
!                           /   executed in this case.
!
!   ...
```

I've rewritten the module `matmul_loops.f90` with the requested documentation. Checkpoints (from EXR 1) have been included too.

# EXR 3 // Complex matrix type

## complex8 matrix definition

```
type complex8_matrix
  ! store the dimension of the matrix
  integer, dimension(2) :: size
  ! to store the values of matrix
  complex*8, dimension(:, :), allocatable :: val
end type
```

The matrices can be initialized to zero (i.e.  $0 + i0$ ) or to random complex values:

- call explicitly the subroutine, ex: CMatInitZero
- use the interfaces, ex: .randInit.

## Math operations

```
complex*8 :: x
x = .Tr.B
A = .Adj.B
```

In the module `mod_matrix_c8.f90` I define the `complex8_matrix` data type, which includes a couple of integer values `size` to keep track of the matrix size, and an allocatable object `val` with 2 dimensions, which will store `complex*8` values.

## initialization

```
type(complex8_matrix) :: A, B
A = CMatInitZero(shape=(/100, 150/) )
B = .randInit.(/100, 100/) ! square matrix
```

It is possible to compute the **Trace** of the matrix (only if matrix is square, otherwise an error is risen) and the **Adjoint**.

## EXR 3 // Complex matrix type

I provide a routine to **write** the matrix to txt files, as well as a function to **read** matrices from file.

```
call CMatDelete(A)
call CMatDelete(B)
```

### Destructor

*! dumping a matrix to file*  
call CMatDumpTXT(A, 'data/matrix.txt')

*! loading the same matrix from file*  
A = CMatLoadTXT('data/matrix.txt')

### dump and read from file

Eventually, you can free a matrix invoking the method `CMatDelete()`.

I also embedded my **debug module** (from EXR 1) inside the `mod_matrix_c8.f90` module, to keep track, if you wish, of higher levels of debugging checkpoints (ex: memory allocations, file parsing errors, ...).

Check `exr3.f90` for an example of higher verbosity stdout.