void function (int n) int count=0; for (int i = 1/2; i <= n; i++) - n times. for (in+ J=1; J <= 0; 2*j) -> logn times for (in+ k=1; k<=j; 2+k) -> loglogn times. The first for loop is running n times. i=1,2,3,4,5 --- 1/2 → 1/2 +1mes 0(3) ∈ O(n) The second for loop connected first for loop and J value increases 2ª 1, 2', 22, 23, 24-- (2k=A) logn=k => O(logn) The third for loop connected first and second loop and k values increases 29 $1, 2', 2^2 - 1/2^k = |\log n| \Rightarrow k = |\log \log n| \Rightarrow 1/2^k = |\log \log n|$ Time comlexity => n.logn. (loglogn)