

Subduction sculpting when megathrusts sleep: How interseismic deformation encodes a signature of plate locking in forearc landscapes

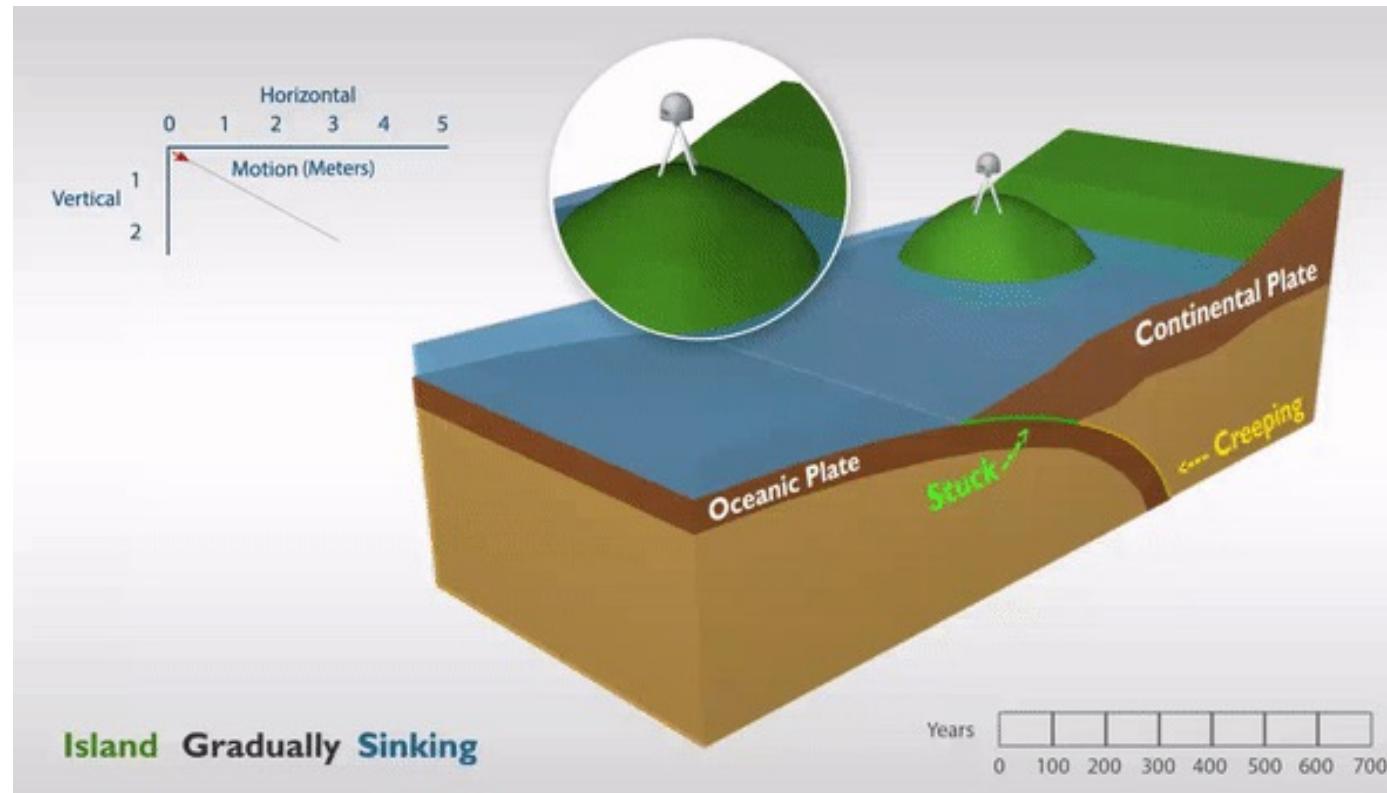
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Malatesta, Boris Gailleton, Lucile Bruhat*

AGU 2024 - T13D-02

THE STANDARD ELASTIC EARTHQUAKE CYCLE MODEL



Long-term: downgoing plate descends beneath the upper plate in stick-slip fashion.

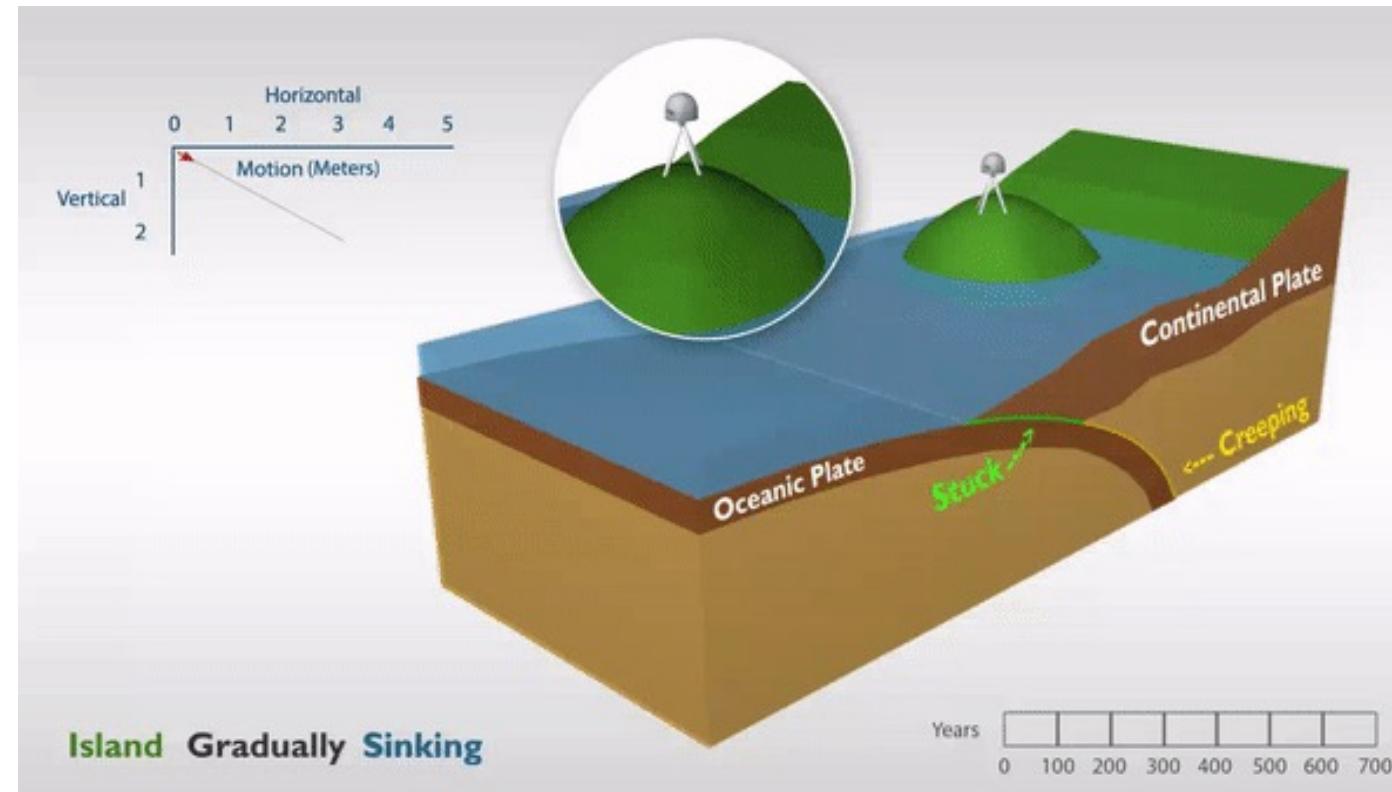
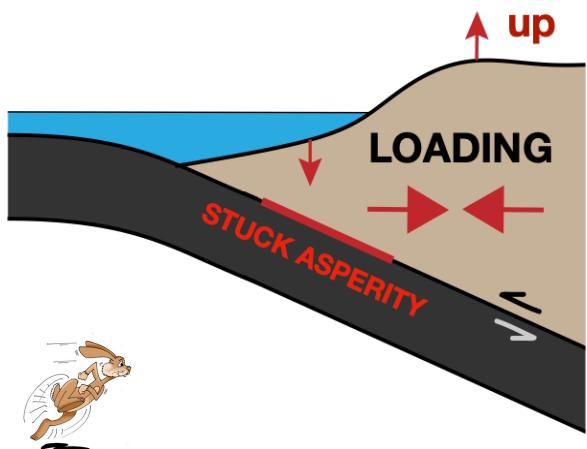


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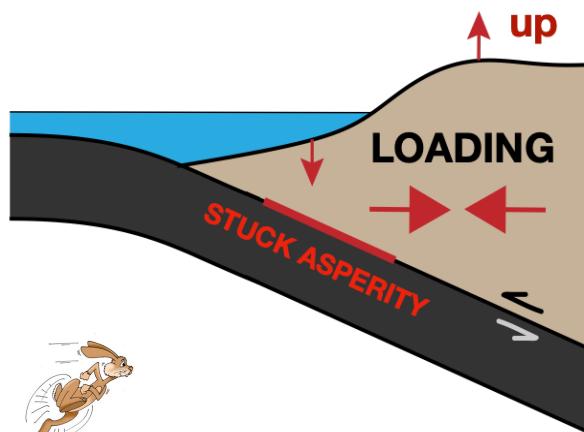
Interseismic: locked section is “stuck”. Creeping section moves slowly. Upper plate deform elastically.



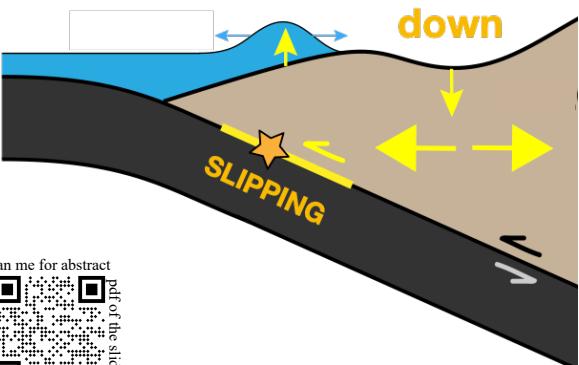
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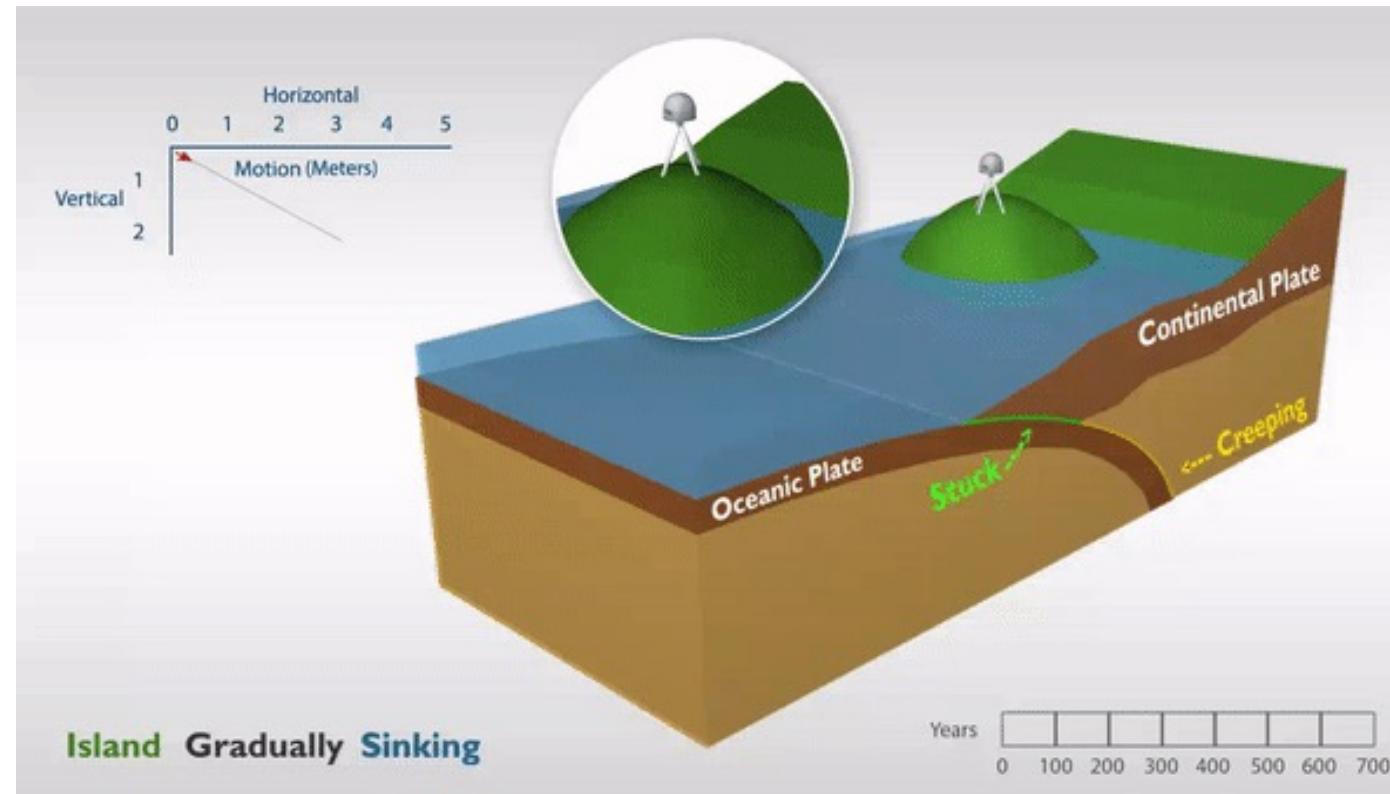
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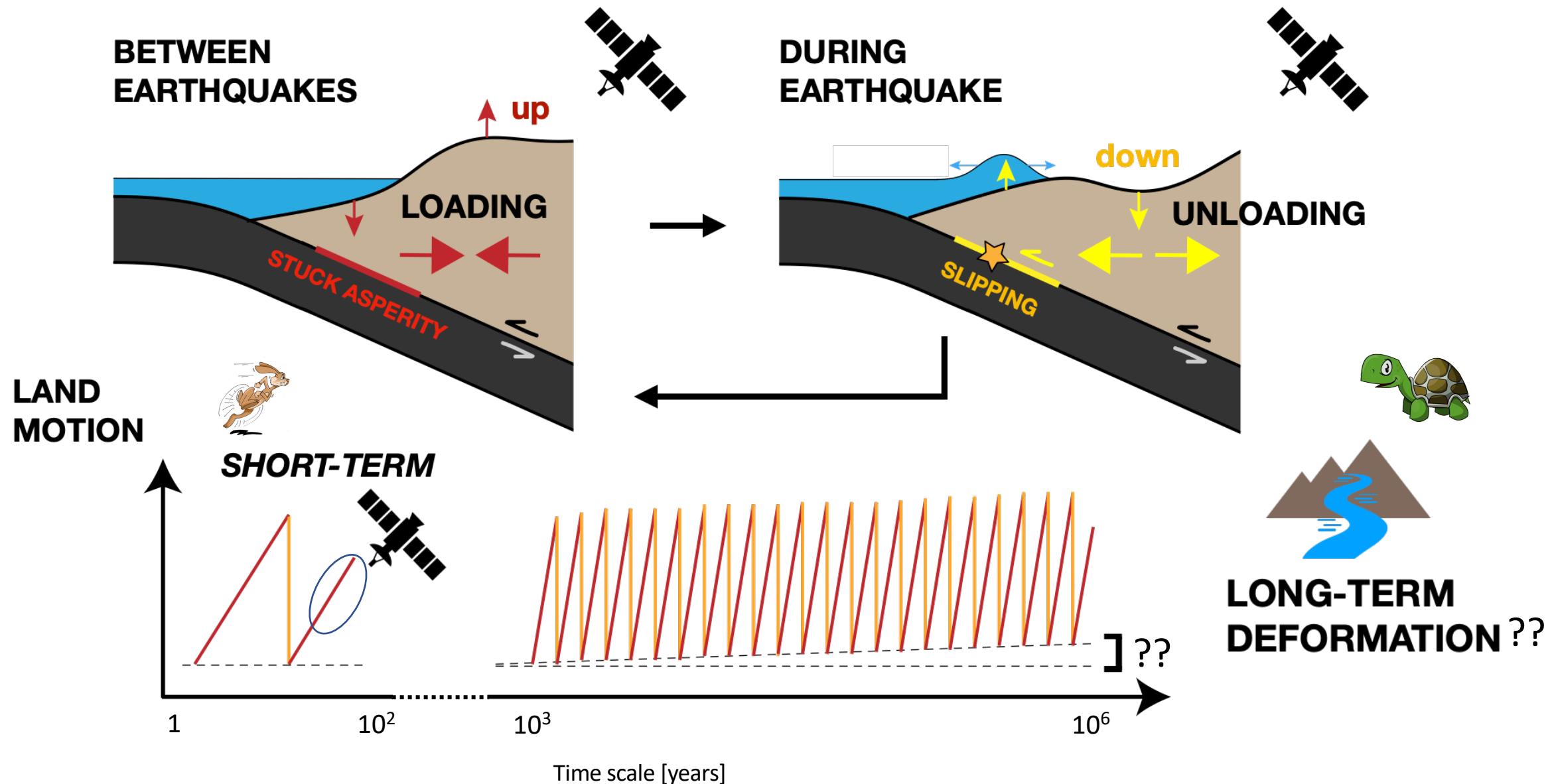


Coseismic: locked section moves abruptly. Upper plate deform elastically in an opposite sense.

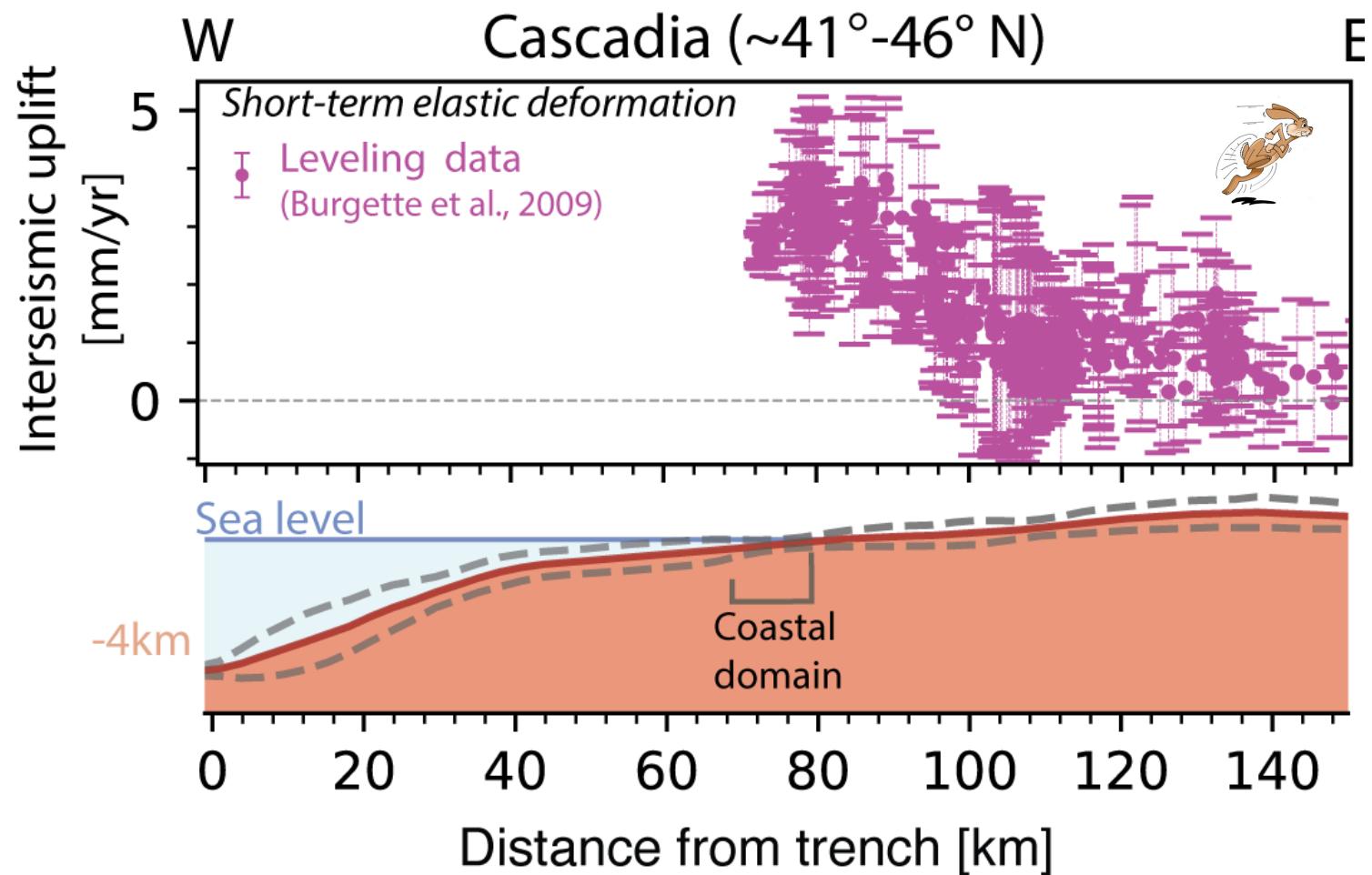


No off-fault permanent deformation!

SHORT- AND LONG-TERM DEFORMATION DURING EARTHQUAKE CYCLES

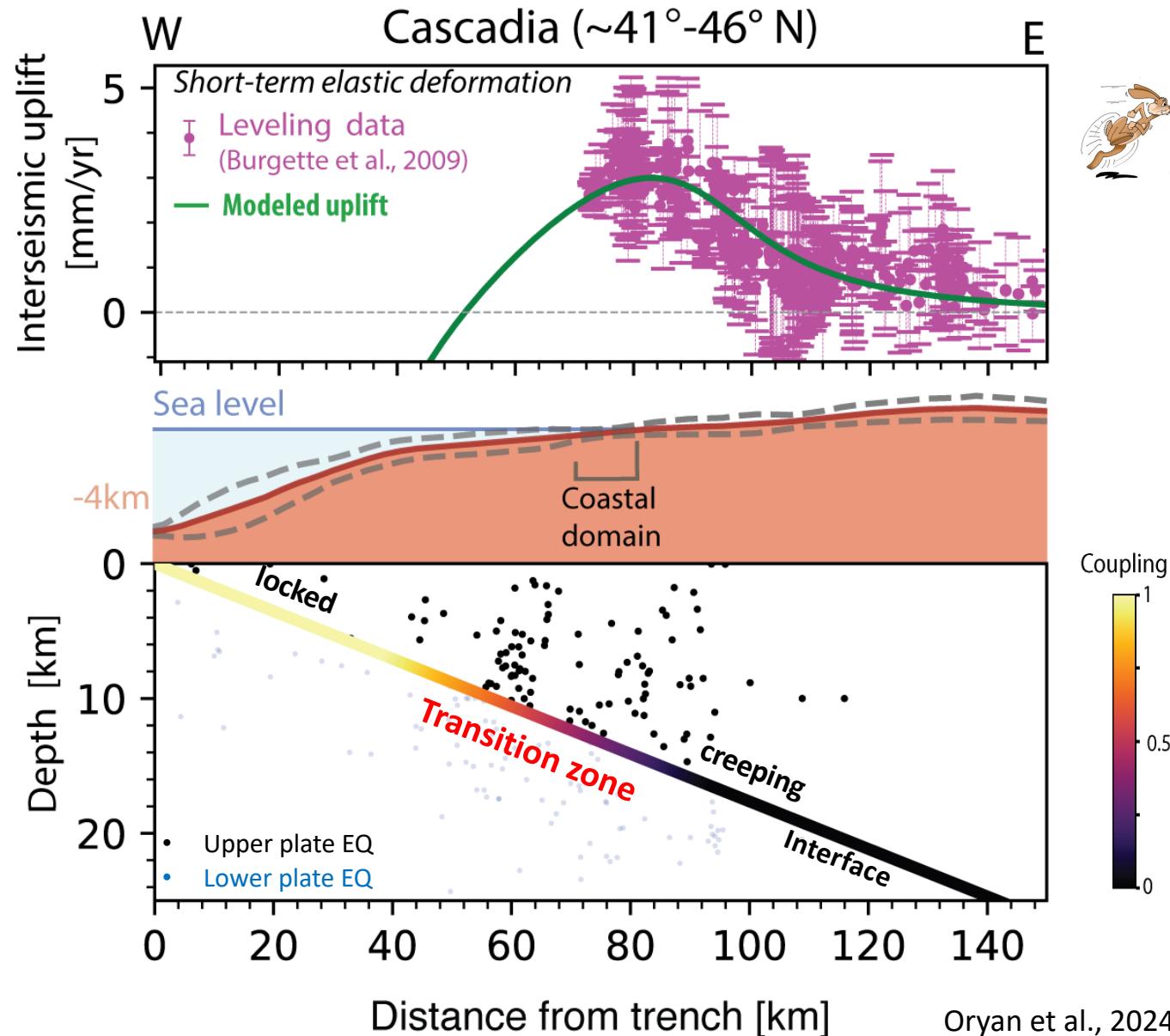


SHORT-TERM DEFORMATION IN CASCADIA



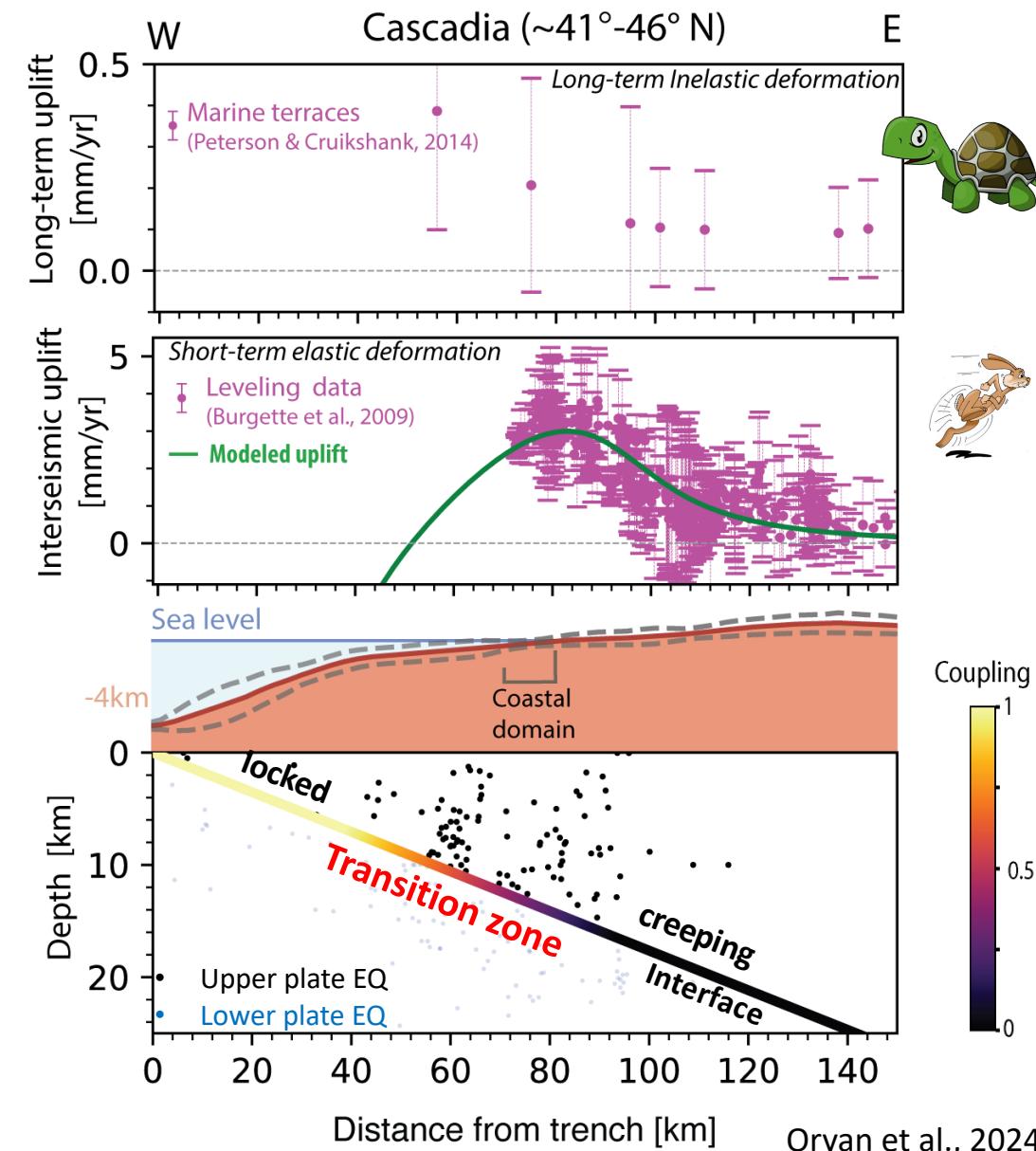
SHORT-TERM DEFORMATION IN CASCADIA

- **Short-term (elastic) uplift** shows a peak above the transition zone.



SHORT- AND LONG-TERM DEFORMATION IN CASCADIA

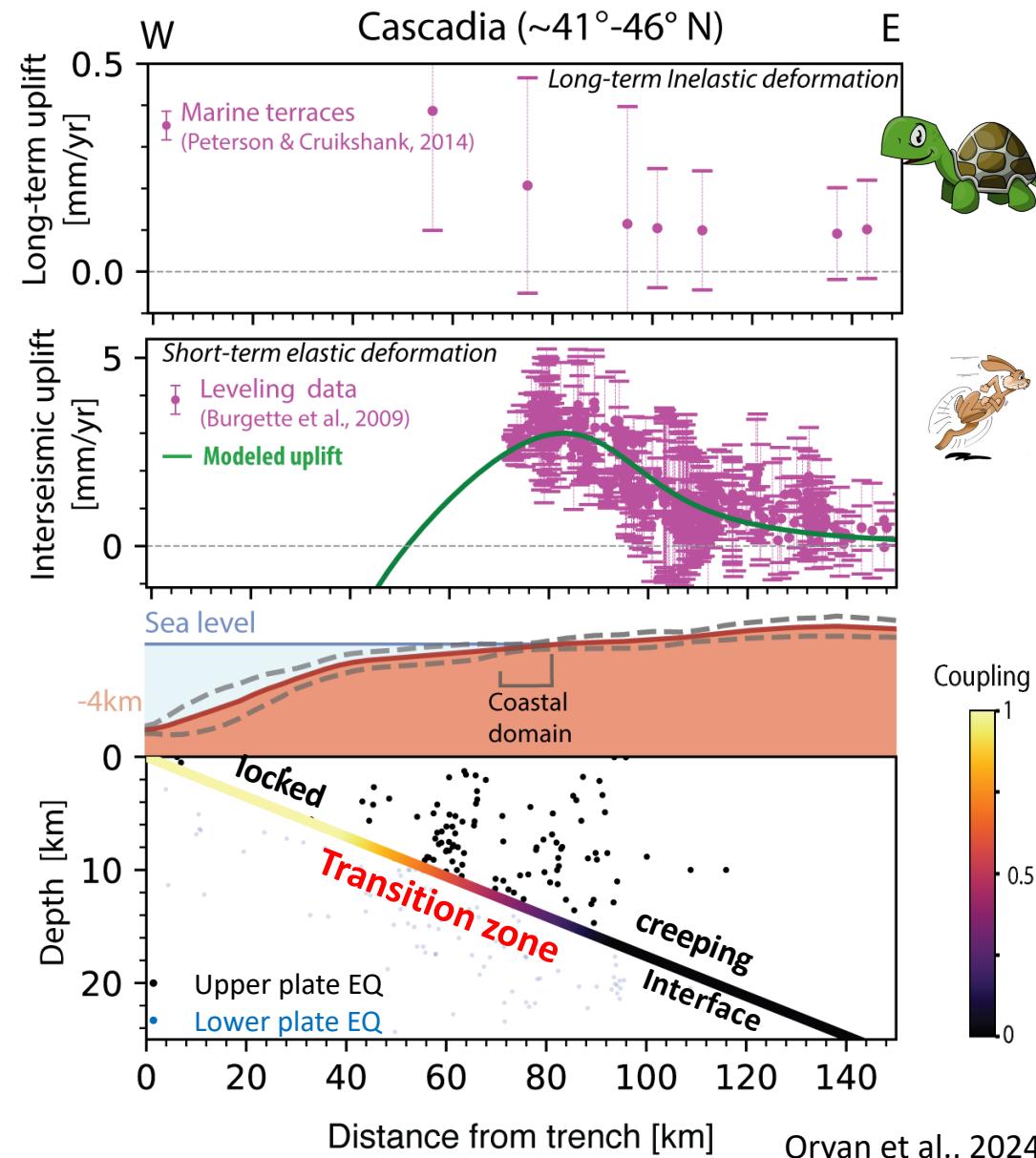
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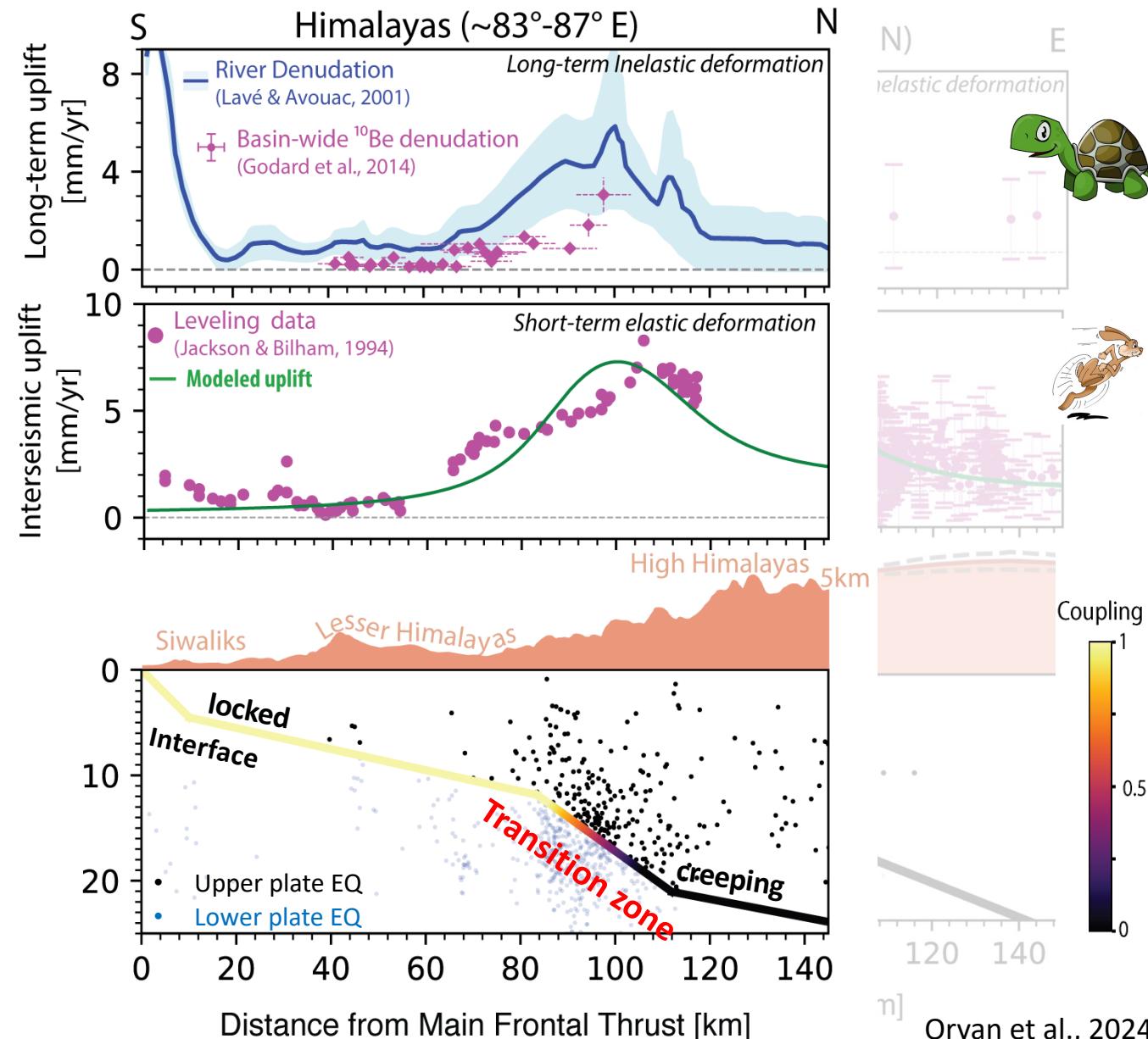
Short- (elastic) and Long-term (inelastic) deformation coincide.



SHORT- AND LONG-TERM DEFORMATION IN HIMALYAS

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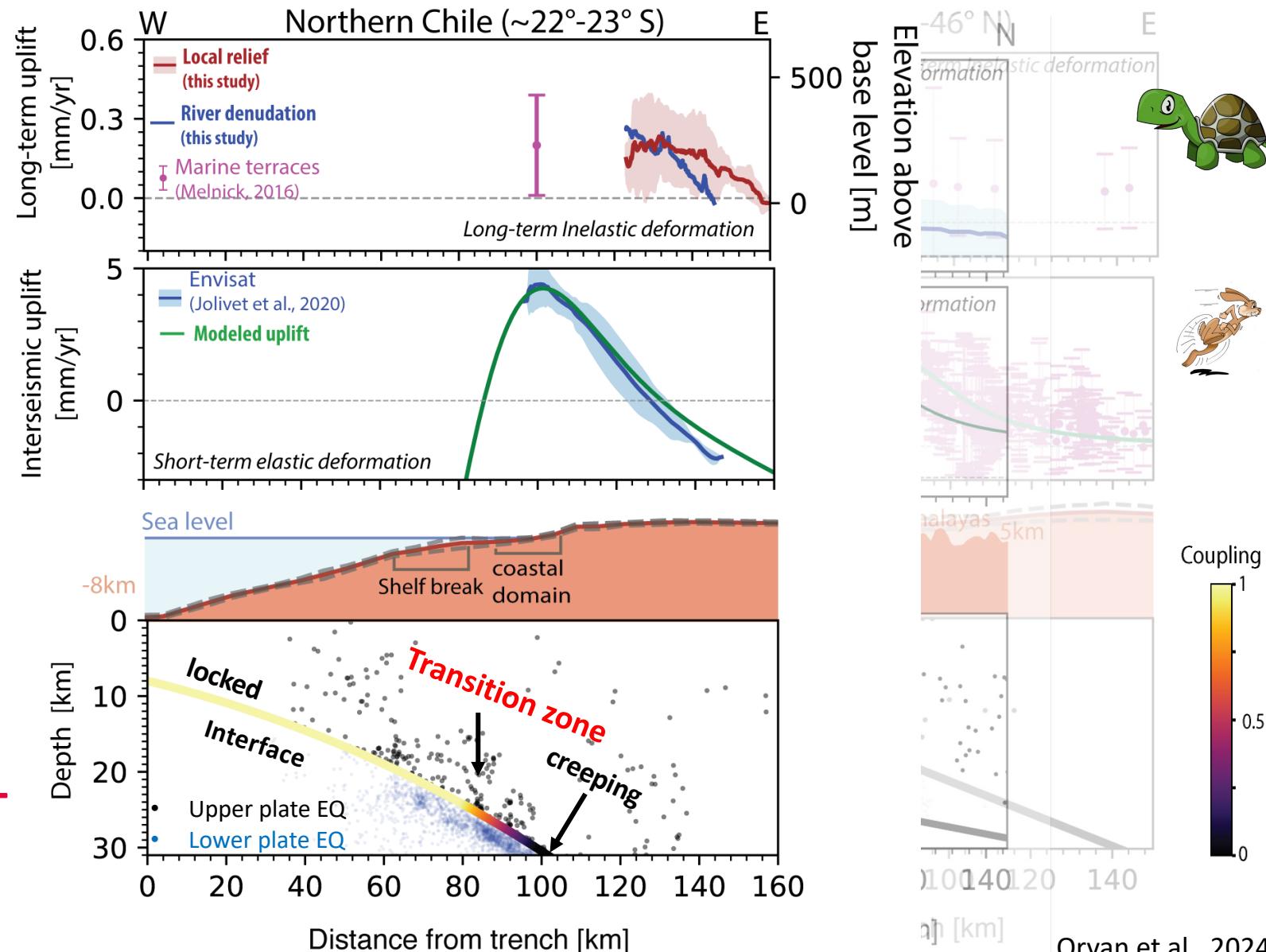
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SHORT- AND LONG-TERM DEFORMATION IN CHILE

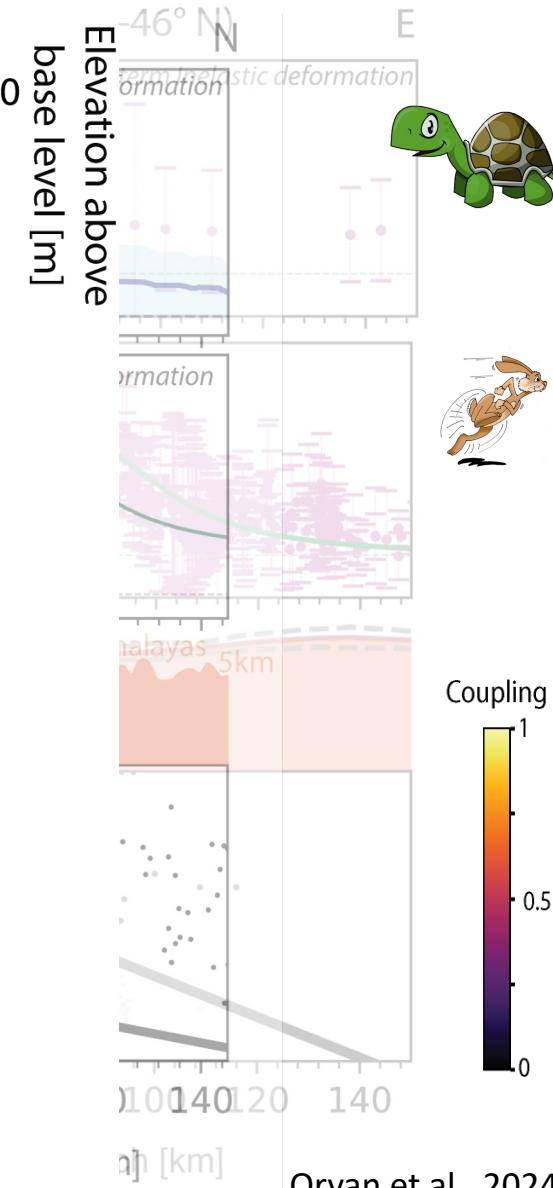
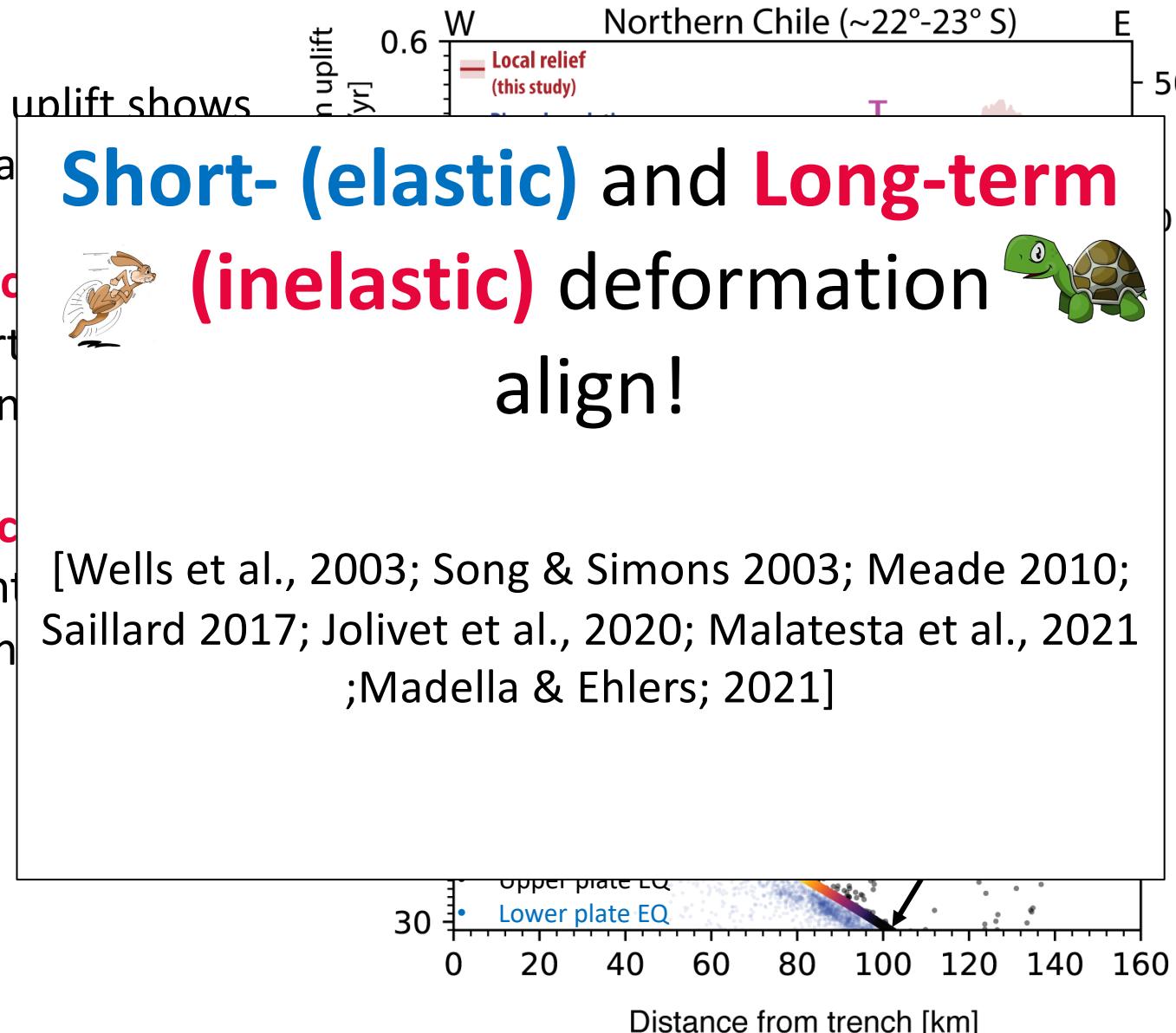
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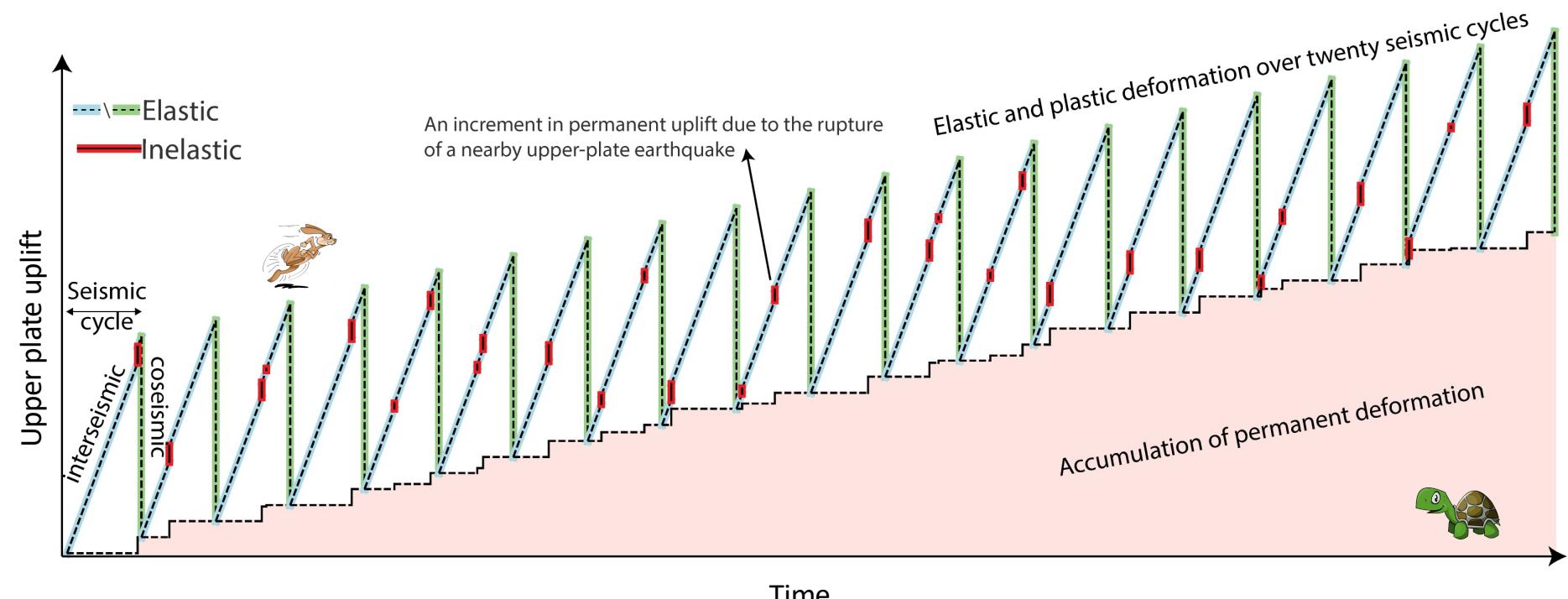
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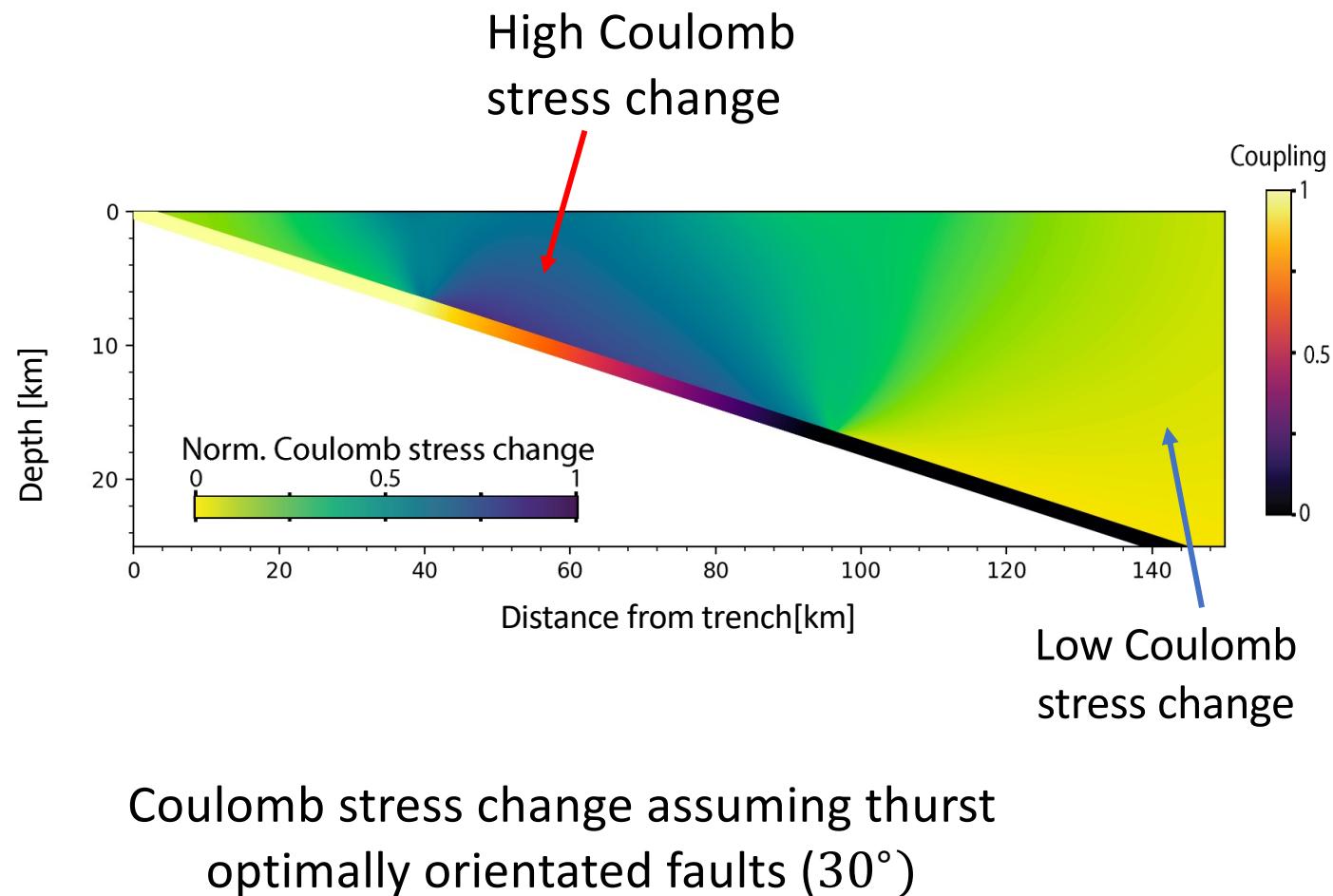
HOW INTERSEISMIC FAULT LOCKING IMPRINTS FOREARCS ?

- **Interseismic upper plate stresses** induced by locking gradients push parts of the upper plate to **failure** generating overriding plate earthquakes.
- Repeated **failure** over multiple earthquake cycles explains the overlap between short- and long-term deformation.



MODELING INTERSEISMIC INELASTIC DEFORMATION ACROSS UPPER PLATES

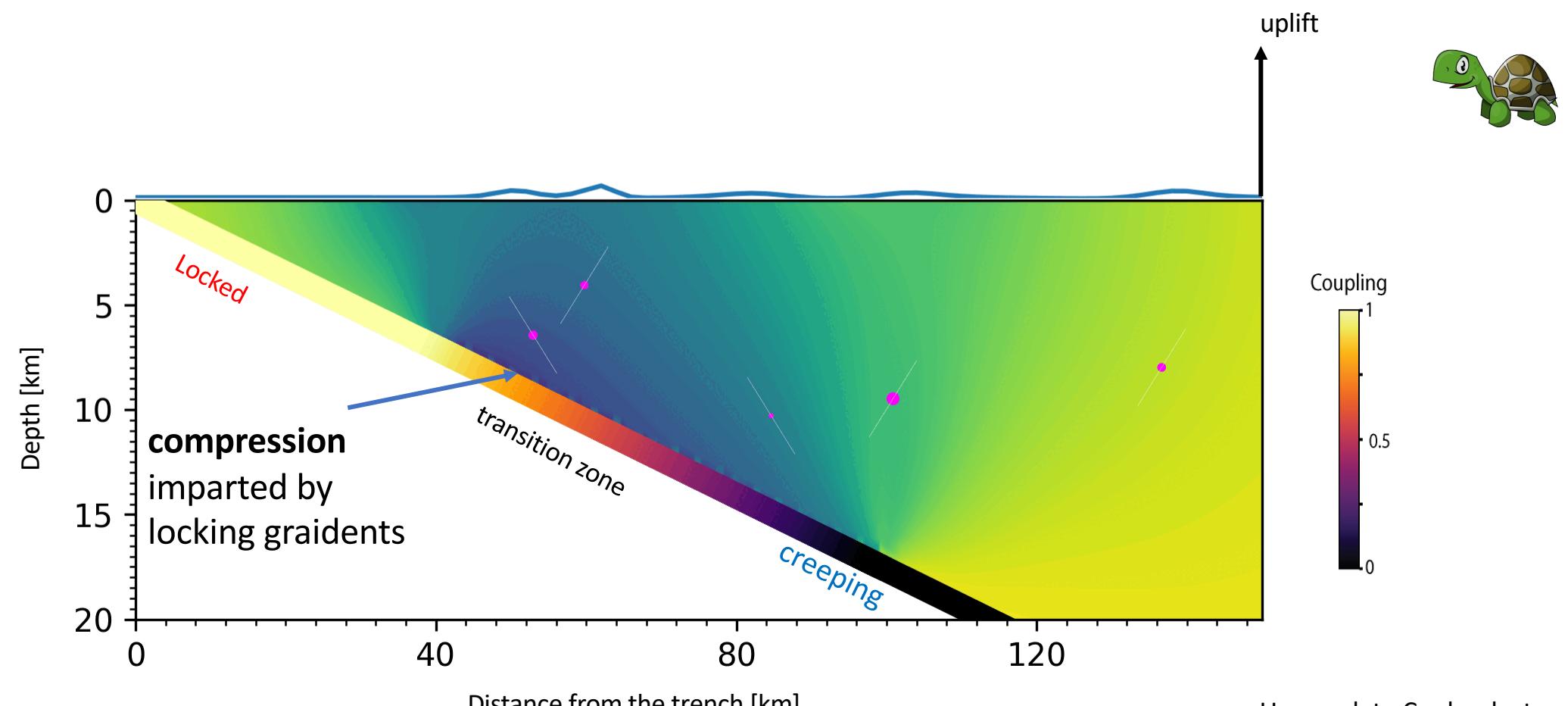
- We compute upper plate Coulomb stress change imparted by locking gradients.
- We link stresses and seismicity [Dieterich, 1994] and populate millions of synthetic earthquakes spanning thousands of years and dozens of seismic cycles according to the Coulomb stress change.
- We use the Okada solution to sum events surface displacement.



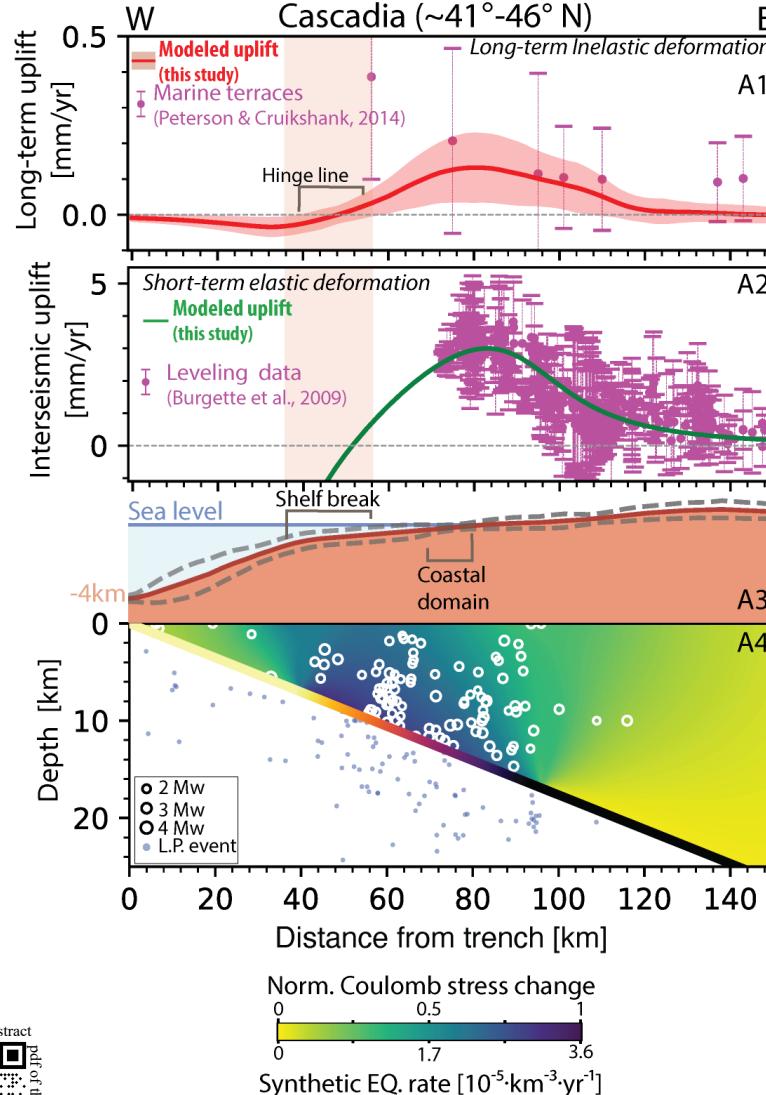
MODELING INTERSEISMIC INELASTIC DEFORMATION ACROSS UPPER PLATES

10 degree dip, fully locked to 40km

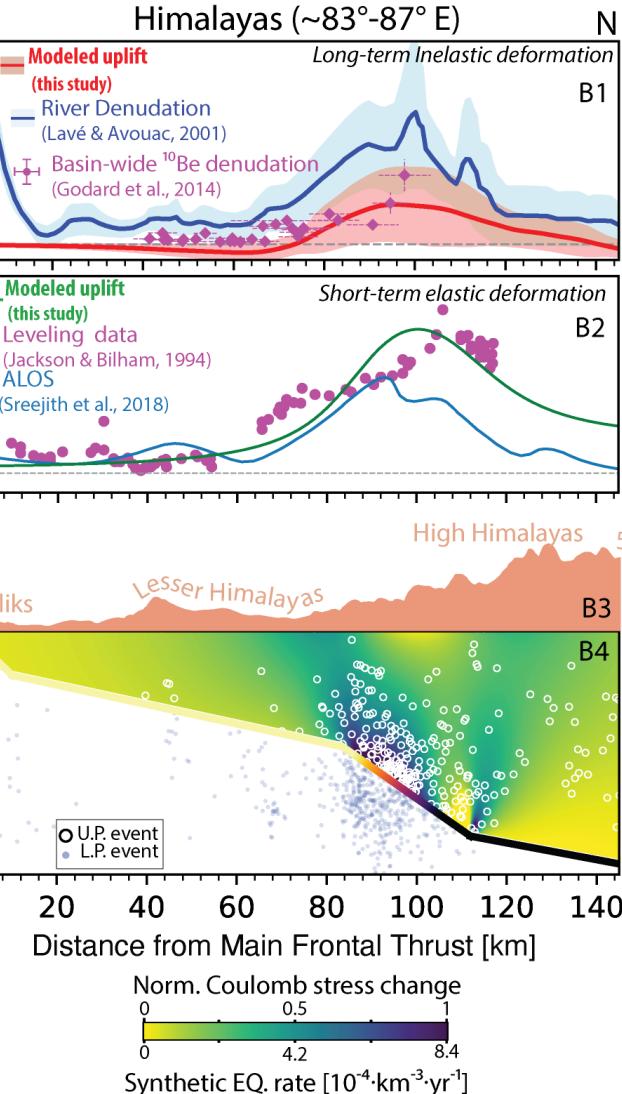
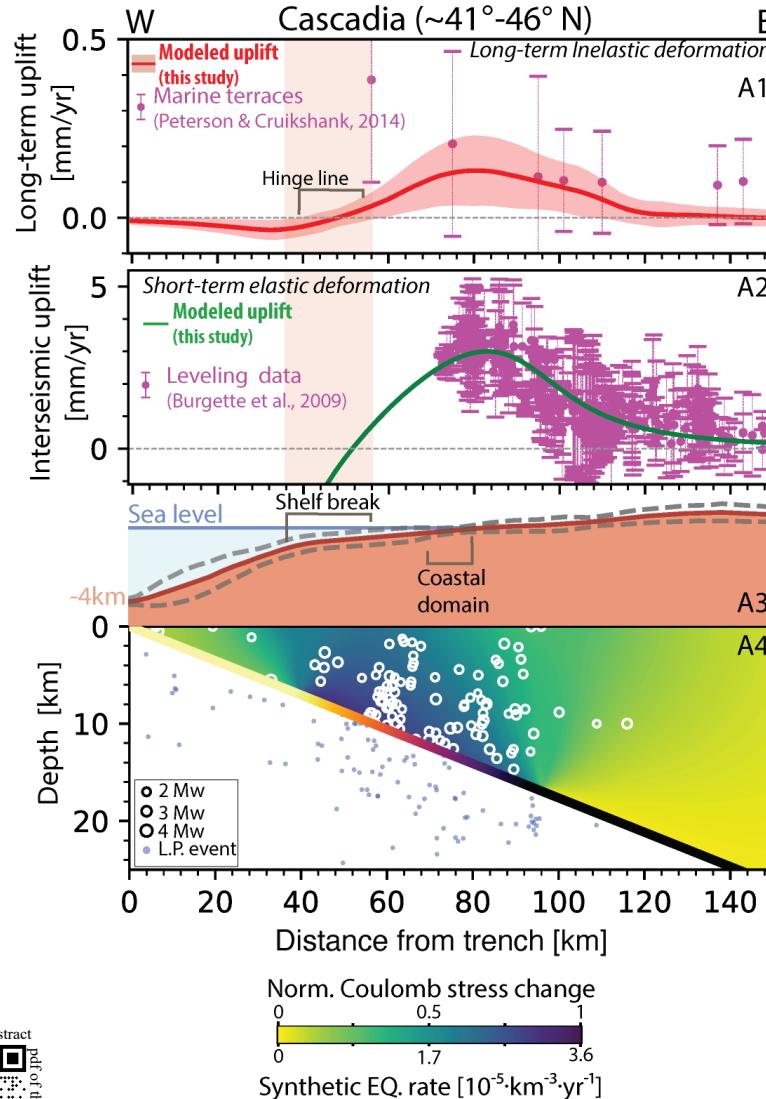
Uplift during three seismic cycles producing average **long-term** rate of 0.1 mm/yr



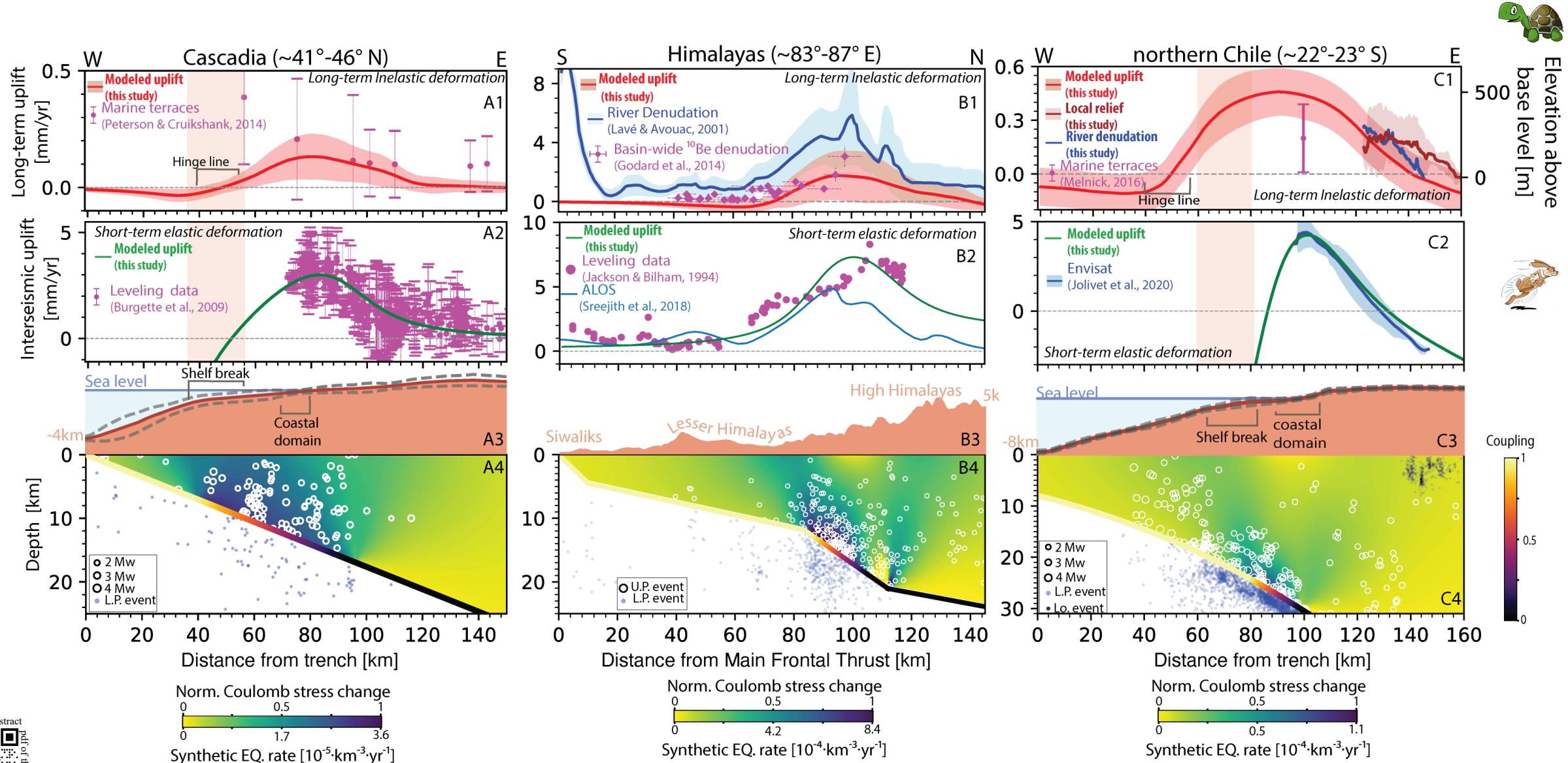
DEFORMATION IN CASCADIA, HIMALYAS AND CHILE



DEFORMATION IN CASCADIA, HIMALYAS AND CHILE



DEFORMATION IN CASCADIA, HIMALYAS AND CHILE



Elevation above
base level [m]



Coupling

TAKE AWAY MESSAGE

- Variations in the degree of **megathrust locking** generate increments of **non-recoverable brittle deformation** within the overriding plate.
- This is expressed primarily as interseismic **upper plate seismicity**.
- Over time, this process **imprints** subduction landscapes one seismic cycle at a time
- This hints that megathrust locking remains stable over multiple earthquake cycles.

Curious about how geomorphology can help advance our understanding of seismic hazards?

- Visit **EP21C-09 ! Tuesday 09:50AM - 152A**

Interested in understanding how upper plate inelastic deformation influences both coseismic and aseismic megathrust behavior?

- Visit **T41C-3253 ! Thursday AM Poster Hall**

