

Modern Particle Physics Experiments

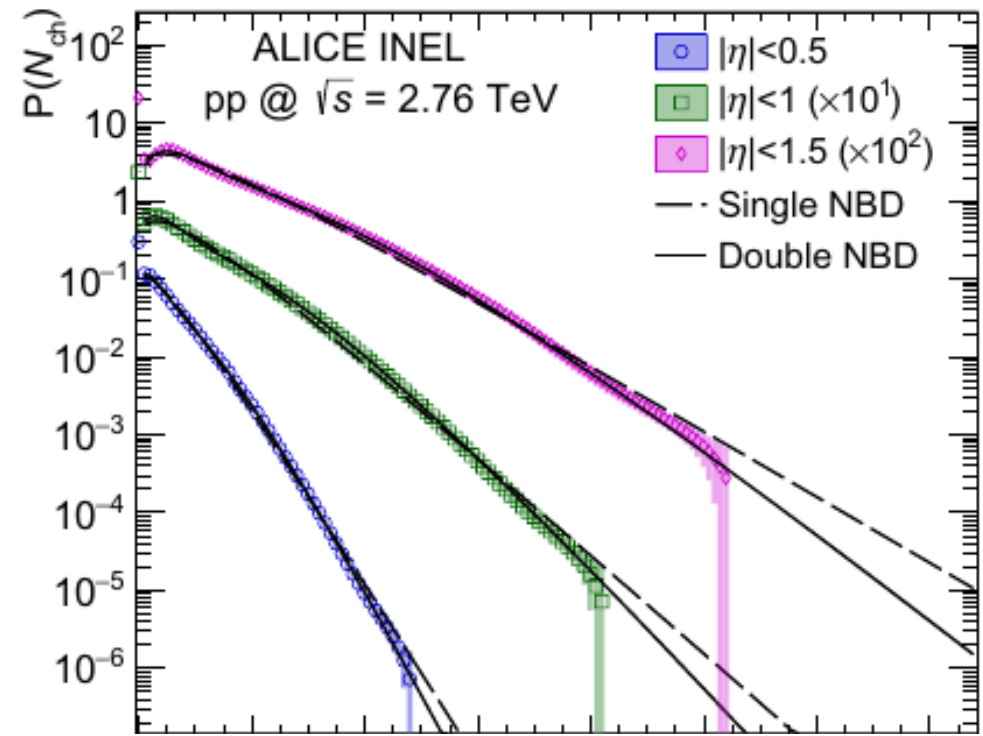
Many aspects of particle physics are of stochastic nature:

- final state properties in particle collisions:

- number of particles
- type of particles
- particle fourmomenta

Probability distributions are given by the differential cross sections, e.g.

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dN} = \dots, \quad \frac{d\sigma}{dp_T} = \dots, \quad \frac{d\sigma}{dp_{T\eta}} = \dots$$



<https://arxiv.org/abs/1509.07541>

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Probability distribution has to be correctly normalized:

$$p(\eta) = \frac{1}{\sigma_{tot}} \frac{d\sigma}{d\eta}$$

total cross section
– normalization
constant

differential cross
section – the
distribution shape

Task 1: electron spectrum from μ decay

Plot the probability distribution for the electron energy for electrons from muon decay.

- the differential decay width section is as follows:

$$\frac{d\Gamma}{dE_e} = \frac{G_F^2}{4\pi^3} m_\mu^2 E_e^2 \left(1 - \frac{4E_e}{3m_\mu}\right)$$

- the total decay width is as follows:

$$\Gamma_\mu = \frac{G_F^2 m_\mu^5}{192\pi^3}$$

Review articles of probability and statistics on PDG portal:

- *The Review of Particle Physics*

Python packages:

- *Scikit-HEP Project*

Introduction to Standard Model:

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Higgs boson phenomenology:

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Higgs boson cross sections and branching ratios:

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Public results from the LHC experiments:

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