

Institute of Artificial Intelligence Innovation Department of Computer Science

Operating System

Homework 02: Memory Management

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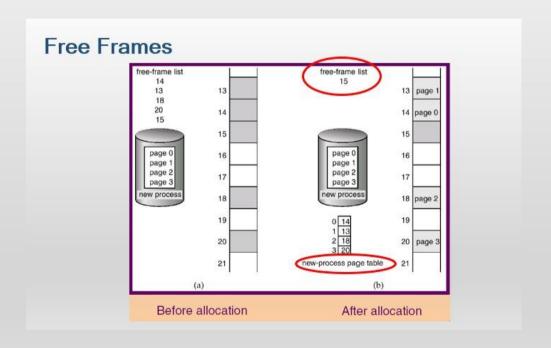
Wed. 10:10 - 12:00 EC115 + Fri. 11:10 - 12:00 Online

Some Changes in this Homework

- The Implementation of ConsoleIO on page 8.
 - So you won't get blocked if HW01 does not work out for you.
- Relax Report Format
- More hints in source code
 - You may see "// TODO" in the files to modify
 - TA will provide another package of source code
- More explanation of the relation between the classes in NachOS
- Remove report questions from Page 5
- Remove exception handling for insufficient memory

Goal

- 1. Understand how memory management works in NachOS
- 2. Understand how to implement page table mechanism



Part 1 Trace Code

- Starting from "threads/kernel.cc Kernel::ExecAll()", "threads/thread.cc thread::Sleep()" until "machine/mipssim.cc Machine::Run()" is called for executing the first instruction from the user program.
- You need to explain at least the function mentioned below in the report.
 - 1. threads/thread.cc
 - Thread::Sleep(), Thread::StackAllocate(), Thread::Finish(), Thread::Fork()
 - 2. userprog/addrspace.cc
 - AddrSpace::AddrSpace(), AdrSpace::Execute(), AddrSpace::Load()
 - 3. threads/kernel.cc
 - Kernel::Kernel(), Kernel::ExecAll(), Kernel::Exec(), Kernel::ForkExecute()
 - 4. threads/scheduler.cc
 - Scheduler::ReadyToRun(), Scheduler::Run()

Part 1 Trace Code (removed)

- It will help your implementation a lot if you know the answer of the following
 - 1. Explain how NachOS creates a thread (process), loads it into memory, and places it into the scheduling queue.
 - 2. How does Nachos allocate the memory space for a new thread(process)?
 - 3. How does Nachos initialize the memory content of a thread(process), including loading the user binary code in the memory?
 - 4. How does Nachos create and manage the page table?
 - 5. How does Nachos translate addresses?
 - 6. How does Nachos initialize the machine status (register, etc) before running a thread (process)?
 - 7. Which object in Nachos acts as the process control block?

Part 2 Implementation

 Modify its memory management code to make NachOS support multi-programming.

Without multi-programming

```
../build.linux/nachos -e consoleIO_test1 -e consoleIO_test2
consoleIO_test1
consoleIO_test2
9
16
15
18
19
17
```

After implement multi-programming

```
../build.linux/nachos -e consoleIO_test1 -e consoleIO_test2
consoleIO_test1
consoleIO_test2
9
8
7
6
15
16
17
18
19
```

Requirements

- Implement a data structure to record used physical memory.
- You must set up "valid, readOnly, use, and dirty" field for your page table, which is defined under "TranslationEntry class" in translate.h
- Allocate the physical memory correctly.
- You must call ExceptionHandler to handle the exception when there is insufficient memory for a thread. (i.e. MemoryLimitException). Since there is no MemoryLimitException in ExceptionType class, you need to add it in machine.h and place it right before NumExceptionTypes. We will use hidden testcases to test this part.
- When the thread is finished, make sure to release the address space and restore physical page status.

Part 2 Prerequisite

- Before you start implement this homework feature, you need to ensure your previous NachOS assignments meet the following requirements.
 - ConsoleIO implementation
 - 2. consoleIO_test file modification
 - 3. test scripts on Jenkins

ConsoleIO Implementation

- If you don't follow the correct method for printing an integer, the result will also be incorrect. The following code demonstrates one of the proper ways to do it.
- userprog/exception.cc

```
case SC_PrintInt:
    val = kernel->machine->ReadRegister(4);
    SysPrintInt(val);
    kernel->machine->WriteRegister(PrevPCReg, kernel->machine->ReadRegister(PCReg));
    kernel->machine->WriteRegister(PCReg, kernel->machine->ReadRegister(PCReg) + 4);
    kernel->machine->WriteRegister(NextPCReg, kernel->machine->ReadRegister(PCReg)+4);
    return;
    ASSERTNOTREACHED();
```

userprog/ksyscall.h

```
void SysPrintInt(int value)
{
    kernel->interrupt>PrintInt(value);
}
```

userprog/synchconsole.h

userprog/synchconsole.cc

```
void
SynchConsoleOutput::PutInt(int value)
{
    lock->Acquire();
    consoleOutput->PutInt(value);
    waitFor->P();
    lock->Release();
}
```

userprog/syscall.h

```
#define SC_PrintInt 16

void PrintInt(int value);
```

ConsoleIO Implementation

- If you don't follow the correct method for printing an integer, the result will also be incorrect. The following code demonstrates one of the proper ways to do it.
- machine/console.h

```
class ConsoleOutput : public CallBackObj {
public:
    ...
    void PutChar(char ch);
    void PutInt(int n);
    ...
};
```

threads/kernel.h

threads/kernel.cc

```
void Kernel::PrintInt(int value)
{
    return SynchConsoleOut->PrintInt(value);
}
```

machine/console.cc

```
void ConsoleOutput::PutInt(int value) {
    ASSERT(putBusy == FALSE);
    char * printStr = (char*)malloc(sizeof(char) * 15);
    sprintf(printStr, "%d\n", value);
    WriteFile(writeFileNo, printStr, strlen(printStr) * sizeof(char));
    putBusy = TRUE;
    kernel->interrupt->Schedule(this, ConsoleTime, ConsoleWriteInt);
}
```

machine/interrupt.cc

```
void Interrupt::PrintInt(int value)
{
    return kernel->PrintInt(value);
}
```

test/start.S

```
.globl PrintInt
.ent PrintInt
PrintInt:
addiu $2,$0,SC_PrintInt
syscall
j $31
.end PrintInt
```

ConsoleIO_test modification

consoleIO test1.c

```
#include "syscall.h"
int
main()
{
    int n;
    for (n=9;n>5;n--) {
        PrintInt(n);
    }
    Halt();
}
```



before



after

consoleIO_test2.c

```
#include "syscall.h"
int
main()
{
    int n;
    for (n=15;n<=19;n++){
    PrintInt(n);
    }
    Halt();
}</pre>
```



int
main()
{
 int n;
 for (n=15;n<=19;n++){
 PrintInt(n);
 }
 // Halt();
 return 0;
}</pre>

before



Test Scripts

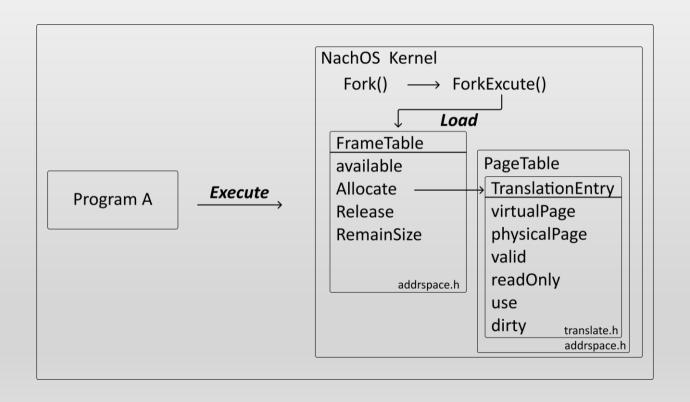
- Since we do not use the Halt command to stop NachOS (as we want to avoid shutting down NachOS after the completion of each user program).
- The NachOS program will not shut down by itself, even after finishing multiple tasks.
- Therefore, in your test scripts, you will need to modify your commands as follows:

```
make distclean
make
timeout 1 ../build.linux/nachos -e consoleIO_test1 -e consoleIO_test2
echo "done"

code/test/os students.sh
```

Hint

Implementation details should help you understanding HW02.



Hint

- The following files "may" be modified...
 - userprog/addrspace.*
 - Implement a data structure(FrameTable)
 - Initialize FrameTable.
 - Threads/kernel.h
 - Declare the new data structure you implemented.
 - machine/machine.h
 - Handle "MemoryLimitException".

Jenkins Verification

- The TA's job will involve running two tests.
 - The first one uses the following command:
 "../build.linux/nachos -e consolelO_test1 -e consolelO_test2"
 - 2. The second is a hidden test, but you will need to ensure that your output contains all the expected values."

```
20
22
9
8
24
26
28
15
16
17
7
6
18
19
30
32
34
36
38
40
```

^{*}The output of multiple program should be interleaved.

Grading

- Part 1 Trace 28%
 - 1. Explain function 28%
 - 2. Answer questions of Page 5 Removed
- Part 2 Implementation 70%
 - 1. Each test case 35%
- Report Format 2%
- Deadline: 11/2 23:59

Report Format

- Please follow the word file to form your report for HW02
- Format guide
 - Content format: 12pt front, 16pt row height, and align to the left.
 - Caption format: 18pt and Bold font.
 - Font format: Times New Roman, 標楷體
 - Figure: center with single line row height.
 - Upload pdf file with the filename:
 - OS_HW02_GROUP_XX.pdf (change XX to your Group Number)

Reminder

- 0 will given to cheaters. Do not copy & paste!
 - TA will check your repository
- Feel free to ask TA questions
 - The TA has created a channel named '作業討論'. If you have any questions about the homework, please ask and discuss them in the channel. The records in the channel may help classmates who have similar issues.
 - The TA will not help you debug your code.
- Late submission:
 - 3 days: 90%, 1 week: 80%
 - 2 weeks: 70%, 3 weeks: 60%
 - Further, will not be accepted

Q&A

Thank you for your attention