Building Post Management Features in Django

Create a Post – Show a form for the user to enter the title and content.

Display User's Posts – Show a list of posts created by the logged-in user.

Edit a Post – Allow users to update their posts.

Soft Delete a Post – Hide (instead of deleting) the post.

1 Create a Post (Form & Button)

Step 1: Create a Form (forms.py)

```
from django import forms

from .models import Post

class PostForm(forms.ModelForm):

class Meta:

model = Post

fields = ['title', 'content']
```

Step 2: Add a Button to Show the Form (post_list.html)

```
<a href="{% url 'create_post' %}">
  <button>Create New Post</button>
</a>
```

Step 3: Create a View to Handle Post Creation (views.py)

```
from django.shortcuts import render, redirect from .forms import PostForm from .models import Post
```

```
def create_post(request):
    if request.method == "POST":
        form = PostForm(request.POST)
        if form.is_valid():
            post = form.save(commit=False)
            post.author = request.user # Assign logged-in user as author
```

```
post.save()
     return redirect('post_list') # Redirect to post list
 else:
   form = PostForm()
return render(request, 'create_post.html', {'form': form})
Step 4: Create a Template for the Form (create_post.html)
<h2>Create a New Post</h2>
<form method="POST">
 {% csrf_token %}
 {{ form.as_p }}
 <button type="submit">Save Post</button>
</form>
2 Display All Posts Created by the User
1: Create a View to Show Posts (views.py)
def post_list(request):
 posts = Post.objects.filter(author=request.user, is_deleted=False) # Show only active
posts
 return render(request, 'post_list.html', {'posts': posts})
Step 2: Create a Template to Display Posts (post_list.html)
<h2>Your Posts</h2>
<a href="{% url 'create_post' %}">
 <button>Create New Post</button>
</a>
ul>
 {% for post in posts %}
   <h3>{{ post.title }}</h3>
```

```
{{ post.content }}
<a href="{% url 'edit_post' post.id %}">Edit</a> |
<a href="{% url 'delete_post' post.id %}">Delete</a>

{% endfor %}
```

3Edit a Post

{% csrf_token %}

Step 1: Create a View to Handle Editing (views.py)

```
def edit_post(request, post_id):
 post = Post.objects.get(id=post_id, author=request.user)
 if request.method == "POST":
   form = PostForm(request.POST, instance=post)
   if form.is_valid():
     form.save()
     return redirect('post_list') # Redirect to post list
 else:
   form = PostForm(instance=post) # Load existing data
 return render(request, 'edit_post.html', {'form': form})
Step 2: Create an Edit Template (edit_post.html)
html
CopyEdit
<h2>Edit Post</h2>
<form method="POST">
```

```
{{ form.as_p }}
 <button type="submit">Update Post</button>
</form>
Soft Delete a Post (Hide Instead of Removing from Database)
Step 1: Modify the Post Model (models.py)
Add a is_deleted field to mark posts as deleted instead of removing them.
from django.db import models
from django.contrib.auth.models import User
class Post(models.Model):
 title = models.CharField(max_length=255)
 content = models.TextField()
 author = models.ForeignKey(User, on_delete=models.CASCADE)
 created_at = models.DateTimeField(auto_now_add=True)
 updated_at = models.DateTimeField(auto_now=True)
 is_deleted = models.BooleanField(default=False) # Soft delete field
Step 2: Create a View to Soft Delete a Post (views.py)
def delete_post(request, post_id):
 post = Post.objects.get(id=post_id, author=request.user)
 post.is_deleted = True # Mark post as deleted
 post.save()
 return redirect('post_list') # Redirect to post list
Step 3: Modify the Post List View (views.py)
Ensure only active posts are shown.
def post_list(request):
 posts = Post.objects.filter(author=request.user, is_deleted=False) # Exclude deleted
```

posts

Final URLs (urls.py)

```
from django.urls import path

from .views import create_post, post_list, edit_post, delete_post

urlpatterns = [

path('create/', create_post, name='create_post'),

path('', post_list, name='post_list'),

path('edit/<int:post_id>/', edit_post, name='edit_post'),

path('delete/<int:post_id>/', delete_post, name='delete_post'),

]
```