# Exam for Programming Language Principals, Design and Implementation (Extended)

#### ID 1803086

After inserting your student ID and the module title in the preamble, write your answers below.

#### Question 1

(a)  $M = \lambda f : \mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}.\lambda g : \mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}.\lambda x : \mathbb{B}.\lambda y : \mathbb{B}.\text{if } x \text{ then } fy \text{ else } gy$ 

$$\frac{(i)}{\Gamma \vdash x : \mathbb{B}} \text{ VAR} \qquad \frac{(i)}{\Gamma \vdash f : \mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}} \text{ VAR} \qquad \frac{\nabla \text{ VAR}}{\Gamma \vdash y : \mathbb{B}} \text{ VAR} \qquad \frac{\nabla \text{ VAR}}{\Gamma \vdash y : \mathbb{B}} \qquad \frac{\nabla \text{ VAR}}{\nabla \Gamma} \qquad \frac{\nabla \text{ VA$$

Where:

- $M_1 = \lambda g : \mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}.\lambda x : \mathbb{B}.\lambda y : \mathbb{B}.\text{if } x \text{ then } fy \text{ else } gy$
- $\bullet \quad \prod_1 =$

$$\frac{ \begin{array}{c|c} \hline \Gamma \vdash g : \mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B} \end{array} \text{VAR} & \overline{\Gamma \vdash y : \mathbb{B}} & \text{VAR} \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash gy : \mathbb{B} & \text{APP} \end{array}$$

(ii) To produce the exclusive function from M we can define the first order parameters F and G as follows:

$$F = \lambda y : \mathbb{B}.$$
if  $y$  then false else true:  $\mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}$   
 $G = \lambda y : \mathbb{B}.$ if  $y$  then true else false:  $\mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}$ 

Alternatively, G can simply be defined as the boolean identity function  $\lambda y$ :  $\mathbb{B}.y:\mathbb{B}\to\mathbb{B}$ . This is the definition I will use in later parts of the question.

(iii) The fact that this expression is well-typed under the Simply-typed  $\lambda$ -Calculus means

Finish this question

# ID 1803086 Programming Language Principals, Design and Implementation (Extended) (iv)

$$\frac{\lambda f: \mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}.M_{1}F \to_{\nu} \lambda g: \mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}\lambda x: \mathbb{B}if \ x \ then \ Fy \ else \ gy}{\lambda f: \mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}.M_{1}FG \to_{\nu}} CTX_{\bullet G}$$

$$\frac{(\lambda g: \mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}\lambda x: \mathbb{B}if \ x \ then \ Fy \ else \ gy)G}{(MFG) \text{false true}} CTX_{(\bullet) \text{false true}}$$

$$((\lambda g: \mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}\lambda x: \mathbb{B}if \ x \ then \ Fy \ else \ gy)G) \text{false true}}$$

$$(1)$$

$$\frac{(\lambda g: \mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}\lambda x: \mathbb{B}if \ x \ \text{then} \ Fy \ \text{else} \ gy)G \to_{\nu} \beta}{\lambda x: \mathbb{B}.\lambda y: \mathbb{B}.if \ x \ \text{then} \ Fy \ \text{else} \ Gy} \frac{\lambda x: \mathbb{B}.\lambda y: \mathbb{B}.if \ x \ \text{then} \ Fy \ \text{else} \ Gy}{((\lambda g: \mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}\lambda x: \mathbb{B}if \ x \ \text{then} \ Fy \ \text{else} \ gy)G) \text{false} \ \text{true}} \frac{\lambda x: \mathbb{B}.\lambda y: \mathbb{B}.if \ x \ \text{then} \ Fy \ \text{else} \ Gy) \text{false} \ \text{true}}{(\lambda x: \mathbb{B}.\lambda y: \mathbb{B}.if \ x \ \text{then} \ Fy \ \text{else} \ Gy) \text{false} \ \text{true}}$$

$$\frac{(\lambda x : \mathbb{B}.\lambda y : \mathbb{B}.\text{if } x \text{ then } Fy \text{ else } Gy) \text{false } \rightarrow_{\nu} \beta}{\lambda y : \mathbb{B}.\text{if false then } Fy \text{ else } Gy} \frac{(\lambda x : \mathbb{B}.\lambda y : \mathbb{B}.\text{if } x \text{ then } Fy \text{ else } gy) \text{false true } \rightarrow_{\nu}}{(\lambda y : \mathbb{B}.\text{if false then } Fy \text{ else } Gy) \text{true}} CTX_{\bullet \text{true}}$$
(3)

$$(\lambda y : \mathbb{B} \text{if false then } Fy \text{ else } Gy) \text{true } \rightarrow_{\nu} \beta$$
if false then  $F \text{true}$  else  $G \text{true}$  (4)

if false then 
$$F$$
true else  $G$ true  $\rightarrow_{\nu} G$ true (5)

$$\frac{1}{(\lambda y : \mathbb{B}.y) \text{true}} \rightarrow_{v} \text{true} \beta$$
 (6)

Where:

•  $M_1$  is as defined the same as above.

true  $\in V$ ,  $\therefore$  (MFG)false true computes to a value.

(b) 
$${\tt Stack} \ = \forall \alpha. (\mathbb{N} \to \alpha \to \alpha) \to \alpha \to \alpha$$

(i) 
$$\lambda \alpha.\lambda f: \mathbb{N} \to \alpha \to \alpha.\lambda x: \alpha.f0(f0(f1x))$$

(ii) 
$$\mathsf{peek} = \lambda d : \mathbb{N}.\lambda s : \mathsf{Stack}.s\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\} \mathsf{GId}$$

Where:

- $G = \lambda n : \mathbb{N}.\lambda q : \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x : \mathbb{N}.qn$
- $I = \lambda x : \mathbb{N}.x$

$$\frac{ \begin{array}{c|c} \Pi_1 & \Pi_2 & \overline{\Gamma, x: \mathbb{N} \vdash x: \mathbb{N}} & ABS \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash s\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\}G: (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}) \to (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}) & \overline{\Gamma \vdash I: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}} & ABS \\ \hline \hline \begin{array}{c|c} \Gamma \vdash ((s\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\}G)I): \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N} & \overline{\Gamma \vdash I: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}} & \overline{\Gamma \vdash d: \mathbb{N}} & APP \\ \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \Gamma, s: \operatorname{Stack} \vdash ((s\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\}G)I)d: \mathbb{N} \to \operatorname{Stack} \to \mathbb{N}: \mathbb{N} & APP \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \begin{array}{c|c} d: \mathbb{N} \vdash \lambda s: \operatorname{Stack}.s\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\}GId: \mathbb{N} \to \operatorname{Stack} \to \mathbb{N}: \operatorname{Stack} \to \mathbb{N} \\ \hline \\ \{\} \vdash \lambda d: \mathbb{N}.\lambda s: \operatorname{Stack}.s\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\}GId: \mathbb{N} \to \operatorname{Stack} \to \mathbb{N} \end{array} \end{array}} \begin{array}{c|c} \operatorname{VAR} & ABS \\ ABS \\ ABS \end{array}$$

Where:

•  $\Pi_1 =$ 

•  $\Pi_2 =$ 

$$\frac{ \begin{array}{c|c} \hline \Gamma \vdash g : \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N} \end{array} VAR & \overline{\Gamma \vdash n : \mathbb{N}} & APP \\ \hline \hline \Gamma, x : \mathbb{N} \vdash gn : \mathbb{N} & APP \\ \hline \hline \Gamma, g : \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N} \vdash \lambda x : \mathbb{N}.gn : \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N} \end{array} ABS \\ \hline \frac{\Gamma, n : \mathbb{N} \vdash \lambda g : \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x : \mathbb{N}.gn : (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}) \to \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}}{\Gamma \vdash G : \mathbb{N} \to (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}) \to \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}} \end{array} ABS$$

(iii) Prove:

peek 
$$ds_2 \rightarrow_v^* m$$

$$\frac{(\lambda d: \mathbb{N}.\lambda s: \operatorname{Stack}.s\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\}GId)d \to_{v} \lambda s: \operatorname{Stack}.s\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\}GId}{\operatorname{peek}\ ds_{2} \to_{v} (\lambda s: \operatorname{Stack}.s\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\}GId)s_{2}} \frac{\beta}{(\lambda s: \operatorname{Stack}.s\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\}GId)s_{2}} \frac{\beta}{(\lambda s: \operatorname{Stack}.s\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\}GId)s_{2} \to_{v} s_{2}\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\}GId} \beta} \frac{\beta}{(\lambda s: \operatorname{Stack}.s\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\}GId)s_{2} \to_{v} s_{2}\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\}GId} \beta} \frac{\beta}{\lambda a.\lambda f: \mathbb{N} \to \alpha \to \alpha.\lambda x: \alpha.fn(fmx)\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\} \to_{v} T_{\beta}} \frac{\gamma}{\lambda f: \mathbb{N} \to (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}) \to (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}).\lambda x: \alpha.fn(fmx)\{\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\} \to_{v} T_{\beta}} \frac{\gamma}{((\lambda f: \mathbb{N} \to (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}) \to (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}).\lambda x: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.fn(fmx))GI)d} \frac{\gamma}{((\lambda f: \mathbb{N} \to (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}) \to (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}).\lambda x: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.fn(fmx))GI)d} \frac{\gamma}{((\lambda f: \mathbb{N} \to (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}) \to (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}).\lambda x: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.fn(fmx))GI)d} \frac{\gamma}{((\lambda f: \mathbb{N} \to (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}) \to (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}).\lambda x: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.fn(fmx))GI)d} \frac{\gamma}{((\lambda f: \mathbb{N} \to (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}) \to (\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}).\lambda x: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.fn(fmx))GI)d} \frac{\gamma}{((\lambda f: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}) \to \mathbb{N}.Gn(Gmx))I)d} \frac{\gamma}{((\lambda f: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}) \to \mathbb{N}.Ax: \mathbb{N}.gn(Gmx))I)d} \frac{\gamma}{((\lambda f: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}) \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gn(Gmx))I)d} \frac{\gamma}{((\lambda f: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}) \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gn(Gmx))I)d} \frac{\gamma}{(Gn(GmI)d)} \frac{\gamma}{(Gn(GmI)d)}$$

#### ID 1803086 Programming Language Principals, Design and Implementation (Extended)

$$\frac{(\lambda n: \mathbb{N}\lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gn)m \to_{V} \lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gm}{((\lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gn)(Gml))d \to_{V}} ((\lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gn)((\lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gm)l))d} \\ \frac{(\lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gn)((\lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gm)l))d}{((\lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gm)((\lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gm)l))d \to_{V}} CTX_{((\lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gn)(\bullet))d} \\ \frac{((\lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gn)((\lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gm)l))d \to_{V}}{((\lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gn)(\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.lm))d} \\ \frac{(\lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gn)(\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.lm))d}{((\lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gn)(\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.lm))d \to_{V}} CTX_{(\bullet)d} \\ \frac{(\lambda g: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}.\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.gn)(\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.lm))d}{(\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.(\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.lm)n)d} \\ \frac{(\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.(\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.lm)n)d}{(\lambda x: \mathbb{N}.lm)n \to_{V} lm} \beta$$

(iv) an abstract stack datatype can be defined as follows:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{pack } \langle \text{Stack}, \langle s_0, \langle \text{push}, \langle \text{peek}, \text{pop} \rangle \rangle \rangle \rangle \\ \\ \text{as} \\ \\ \exists \text{stack.stack} \times (\mathbb{N} \to \text{stack} \to \text{stack} \times \\ \\ \text{(stack} \to \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N} \times \text{stack} \to \text{stack})) \end{array}$$

Where:

Check type of "pop"

- $s_0 = \lambda \alpha . \lambda f : \mathbb{N} \to \alpha \to \alpha . \lambda x : \alpha . x$
- Stack  $= \forall \alpha.(\mathbb{N} \to \alpha \to \alpha) \to \alpha \to \alpha$
- push, peek and pop are defined the same as in the exam booklet, over (concrete) the Stack type.

# **Question 2**

$$Y = \lambda y.(\lambda f.t(\lambda z.ffz))(\lambda f.t(\lambda z.ffz))$$

(a) The following ASG was generated using SPARTAN and the following code:

```
LAMBDA(; t.APP(

LAMBDA(; f.

APP(t, LAMBDA(; z.

APP(APP(f,f),z))

)

),

LAMBDA(; f.

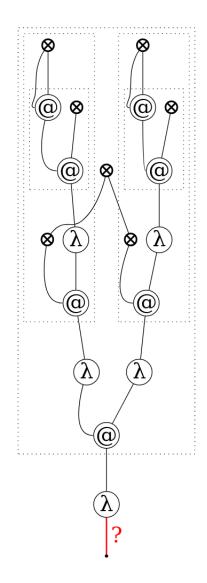
APP(t, LAMBDA(; z.

APP(APP(f,f),z))

)

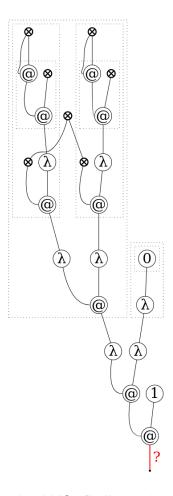
)

))
```

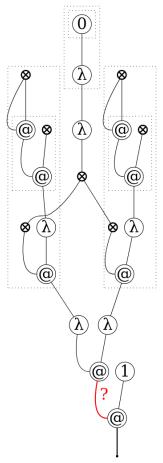


(b) (i)

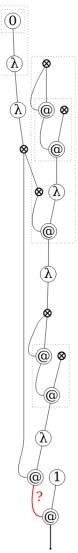
 $Y(\lambda f.\lambda x.0)1$ 



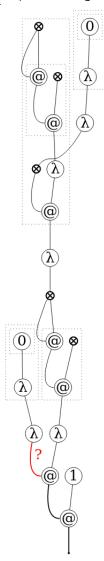
Firstly, the ASG evaluate the LHS, finding values on either side of the first application, it performs a reduction, replacing  $\lambda t$ . with  $\lambda f.\lambda x.0$ :



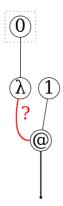
It goes on to attempt to further evaluate the LHS, again finding two values either side of an application, the LH thunk is expanded attaching the RH value as its parameter:



Next, the machine performs a rewrite of a shared reference of  $\lambda f.\lambda x.0$ :



Again finding two values on the LHS application, a reduction is performed, stripping the outer  $\lambda$  from  $\lambda f.\lambda x.0$ , discarding the Y combinator:



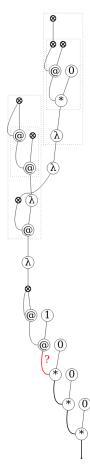
Finally, finding 2 values either side of our application the system removes the next  $\lambda$ , leaving just 0, our final result from this computation:



(ii) 
$$Y(\lambda f.\lambda x.f(x)*0)1$$

This expression will diverge. This occurs as the second operand of the \* operator (1) is is never evaluated as our Y combinator will infinitely expand over the first function argument  $\lambda f.\lambda x.f(x)*0$ 

After 91 steps of execution the ASG abstract machine will be in the following state:



Intuitively, you can see that the second operand (1) is being pushed up as the Y combinator duplicates the operation and first operand (0) infinitely.

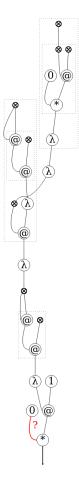
(iii) If we were to swap our operands to form an expression:

$$Y(\lambda f.\lambda x.0 * f(x))1$$

This would terminate, due to the nature of our \* shortcut operator which does not need to evaluate a second argument in the case where the first operand is 0

ID 1803086 Programming Language Principals, Design and Implementation (Extended)

After 26 steps of execution we reach the following state:



Here you can see that we have a state where we are attempting to evaluate 0 \* 0, with a traditional (eager) multiplication operator, we would find a value on the left and an expression on the right, forcing us to evaluate the RHS until we reach a value. However, our *shortcut* operator allows us to instead skip this evaluate and return 0, eliminating the hang the Y combinator would otherwise cause.

### **Question 3**

Add more questions if necessary.

## ID 1803086 Programming Language Principals, Design and Implementation (Extended)

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