

Practical Session 3 - Perception, Assembly

Interactive Perception

In this practical session, we will explore the Assembly and Perception modules in practice, showing you how to list all available software compositions, change from one composition to another and to add perception proxy to monitor components and collect the perceived data from the live system. Our interaction with the Perception module will occur through the *Interactive Perception* component. All code for this practical is on our GitHub repository, please download the latest version of the code from: https://github.com/barryfp/saso2019tutorial.

In this practical session we will use a web server as a target application. All components necessary to assemble the web server software is inside the *repository* folder. We are going to use the *InteractivePerception.dn* component to assemble and monitor the web server. In the *pal* folder in this practical, you will find the *InteractivePerception.dn* component, as well as the Perception module itself. As described in today's lecture, the Perception uses the Assembly functions and extends it with its own unique functions. Therefore, *InteractivePerception.dn* works as a wrap around both Assembly and Perception and provides a command line interface for both modules' functions access.

The execution steps are the following:

- 1. Compile components in both pal and repository folders:
 - a. To compile pal: "dnc . -sp ../repository"
 - b. To compile repository: "dnc."
- 2. In pal execute: "dana -sp ../repository InteractivePerception.o ../repository/TCPNetwork.o"

Once Interactive Perception is executed, we can see all its functions by typing "help" in the command line. After the web server is completely assembled, you can access it by going to a web browser and requesting the index.html page: "localhost:2012/index.html" or simply "localhost:2012". The index.html page is located in the *htdocs* folder inside *repository* and you may check it to see if the content displayed onto your web browser is actually the same content in that file.

The next step is to add a monitoring proxy to our web server. The proxy code is in "pal/monitoring/proxies" in HTTPProxy.dn component. To add the component to our web server architecture we need to enter the 'add_proxy' command followed by the expression that tells our Perception module where to place the proxy. Copy and paste the following line to Interactive Perception to add our monitoring proxy to our web server example:

add_proxy |../pal/monitoring/proxies/HTTPProxy.o|*(*:http.handler.GET.HTTPGET[0]:*)|

After adding the proxy to our web server example, we can now type "get_perception_data" to see the collected metrics and events. Remember that the perception data (metrics and events) are only generated after a request has been made to the web server. To verify whether the proxy was properly



added, go to the browser and make some requests to our index.html page and type "get_preception_data" in the Interactive Perception command line.

Assignment

For this practical assignment, we expect you to:

- Run the client in ws_client folder and manually try to locate the optimal software composition, using the Interactive Perception commands to collect perception data and to change the web server composition. To run the client, compile the repository folder with the command "dnc.-sp../pal", then enter ws_client and execute the client with the command "dana Client".
- As a step further, we invite you to try to write a component that automate the steps you took to find the optimal composition in the previous part of the assignment. This will give you a very good idea of the challenges of implementing the learning module.

