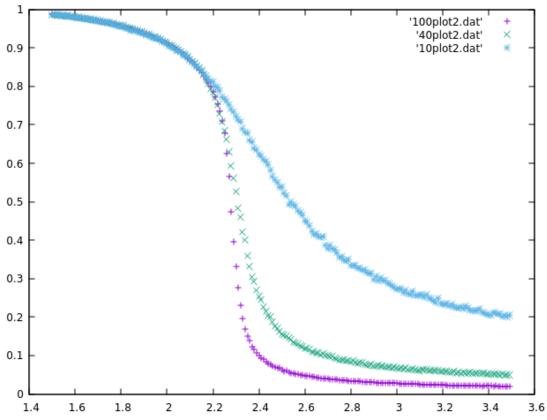
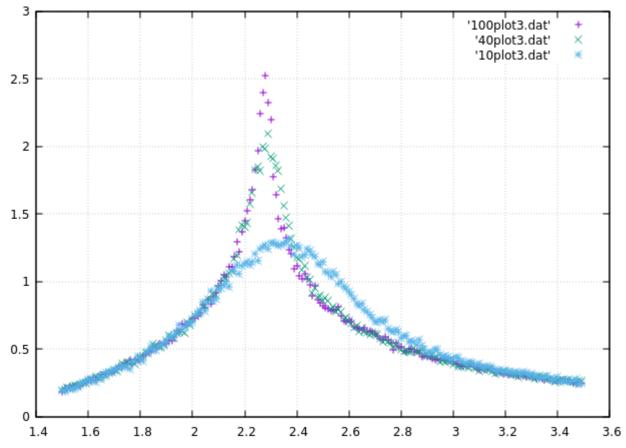


Zależność kumulantu Bindera od temperatury, wykreślona dla 3 różnych rozmiarów układu: 100, 40 i 10. Dla każdego punktu wykonano 10^6 kroków mc.

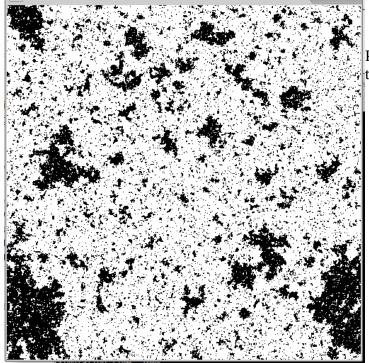


Zależność średniej magnetyzacji od temperatury dla 3 różnych wielkości układu. 550000 mcs

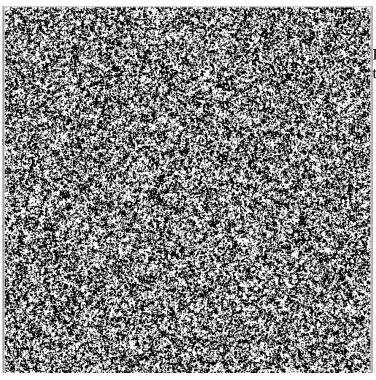


Zależność pojemności cieplniej od temperatury dla 3 różnych wielkości układu. 550 000 mcs





Przykładowy stan macierzy 500x500 dla temperatury 2.27



Przykładowy stan macierzy 500x500 dla temperatury 4

Kod programu:

```
sim.cpp:
//#define VISOR ENABLE
//#define RANDOMIZED LATTICE FLIPPING
//#define PERF_STATS
//#define START WITH BLANK
#include <cmath>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#include <boost/random/mersenne_twister.hpp>
#include <boost/random/uniform int distribution.hpp>
#include <boost/random/uniform real distribution.hpp>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <algorithm>
#include <chrono>
#include "Lattice.h"
#include "Analysis.h"
using namespace std;
int main(int argc, char** argv)
      if(argc != 7)
{
            cerr<<"Usage:"<<argv[0]<<" <Lattice size> <Reduced Temperature> <Steps
count> <rng seed> <Analysis interval> <delay>"<<std::endl;
            exit(-1);
      int lattice size=atol(argv[1]);
      double temp=atof(argv[2]);
      int steps=atol(argv[3]);
      boost::random::mt19937 rng(atoi(argv[4]));
      auto interval=atoi(argv[5]);
      auto delay=atoi(argy[6]);
      cerr<<"Set parameters"<<endl;
      Lattice lat(lattice size,temp);
      boost::random::uniform_int_distribution<> boolean(0,1);
      boost::random::uniform int distribution<> rlat(0,lat.length());
      for(int i=0;i<lat.length();i++)</pre>
#ifndef START WITH BLANK
            if(boolean(rng))
                   lat.stor[i]=1;
            }else
```

```
#endif
             lat.stor[i]=-1;
      }
      cerr<<"Created Lattice "<<endl;
      auto latlen=lat.length();
      boost::random::uniform real distribution<> real(0,1);
      for(int mcs=0; mcs<steps;mcs++)</pre>
             //Simulate one MCS (step)
             auto t0=chrono::system clock::now();
             for(int i=0;i<latlen;i++)</pre>
                   auto p=i;
#ifdef RANDOMIZED_LATTICE_FLIPPING
                   p=rlat(rng);
#endif
                   if(real(rng)<lat.switch_probability(p)) //METROPOLIS ALGORITHM
                          lat.flip(p);
             if(delay>0) {--delay;--mcs;continue;};
             auto t1=chrono::system_clock::now();
             //Draw everything
             lat.Draw();
             auto t2=chrono::system clock::now();
             if(mcs\%interval==0)cout<< hamiltonian(lat)<<' '<< magnetization(lat)<<'\n';
             auto t3=chrono::system clock::now();
#ifdef PERF STATS
             cerr<<"Simulation time: "<<((chrono::duration cast<chrono::milliseconds>(t1-
t0)).count())<<"ms\n";
             cerr<<"Draw Time: "<<((chrono::duration_cast<chrono::milliseconds>(t2-
t1)).count())<<"ms\n";
             cerr<<"Analysis Time: "<<((chrono::duration_cast<chrono::milliseconds>(t3-
t2)).count())<<"ms\n";
#endif
      }
}
Analysis.h:
#pragma once
#include "Lattice.h"
double magnetization(const Lattice& lat)
      int count=0;
      for(int i=0;i<lat.l2;i++)
             count+=lat.is upspin(i)?1:-1;
```

```
return double(count);
double hamiltonian(const Lattice& lat)
       auto acc=0;
       for(int i=0;i<lat.l2;i++)</pre>
             acc+=lat.spin(i)*lat.spin(i+1);
             acc+=lat.spin(i)*lat.spin(i+lat.l);
       return acc;
}
Lattice.h:
#pragma once
#include <vector>
#include "2Draw.h"
#include <iostream>
class Lattice
public:
       Lattice(int L, double T):visor()
             l=L;
             l2=L*L;
             stor.resize(L*L,0);
             Temp=T;
             initialize switch probability();
       inline bool is upspin(int n) const
             if(n<0) n+=l2;
             if(n>l2) n-=l2;
             return stor[n]==1;
      inline char spin(int n) const
             while(n>l2)
             n=12;
             return stor[n];
      inline void flip(int n)
             stor[n]=stor[n]<=0?1:-1;
       int nn_upspin_count(int n) const
             int c=is_upspin(n-1)+is_upspin(n+1)+is_upspin(n-l)+is_upspin(n+l);
             return c;
       }
```

```
double switch probability(int n) const
             return prob[is_upspin(n)][nn_upspin_count(n)];
      void initialize_switch_probability()
            for(int i=0;i<2;i++)
                   for(int j=0;j<5;j++)
                         auto dE=-2*(-1+2*i)*(-4+2*j);
                         auto ans=exp(dE/Temp);
                         prob[i][j]=ans>1?1:ans;
                   }
            }
      void Draw()
            visor.FullDraw(stor,l);
      int length() const {return stor.size();}
      int sideLength(){return l;}
//private:
      Draw2D visor;
      std::vector<char> stor;
      int l;
      int l2;
      double Temp;
      double prob[2][5];
};
2Draw.h:
#pragma once
#include <vector>
#ifdef VISOR ENABLE
#include <SDL2/SDL.h>
class Draw2D
public:
      Draw2D(int windowSize=500)
             SDL_Init(SDL_INIT_VIDEO);
      {
SDL CreateWindow("Visor",SDL_WINDOWPOS_CENTERED,SDL_WINDOWPOS_CENTERED,
windowSize,windowSize,0);
            ren=SDL CreateRenderer(win,-1,0);
      void FullDraw(std::vector<char> points,int sidelength)
```

```
{
            SDL_SetRenderDrawColor(ren,0,0,0,255);
            SDL RenderClear(ren);
            SDL_SetRenderDrawColor(ren,255,255,255,255);
            for(int x=0;x<sidelength;x++)
                   for(int y=0;y<sidelength;y++)</pre>
                         if(points.at(x*sidelength+y)<0)</pre>
                         {SDL RenderDrawPoint(ren,x,y);
                   }
            SDL_RenderPresent(ren);
      SDL_Event e;
      while(SDL PollEvent(&e)!=0)
      if( e.type == SDL_QUIT )
                   exit(0);
    }
}
      ~Draw2D(){SDL_Quit();}
private:
      SDL Window *win;
      SDL_Renderer *ren;
};
#endif
#ifndef VISOR_ENABLE
class Draw2D
public:
      Draw2D(int windowSize=500){}
      void FullDraw(std::vector<char> points,int sidelength){}
      ~Draw2D(){
};
#endif
Makefile:
all: sim.cpp
      g++ sim.cpp -o sim -O2 -Wall -lSDL2 -g
run.sh:
###
SIZE=100
TEMPERATURE=$1
STEPS=500000
RNGSEED=$2
INTERVAL=200
DELAY=50000
```

```
./sim $SIZE $TEMPERATURE $STEPS $RNGSEED $INTERVAL $DELAY> results/
$TEMPERATURE.txt
python3 stval.py results/$TEMPERATURE.txt $TEMPERATURE $SIZE > intermresults/
$TEMPERATURE.txt
```

doall.sh:

```
python3 init.py >temps.txt
rm intermresults/*
rm results/*
rmdir results
rmdir intermresults
mkdir intermresults
mkdir results
cat temps.txt | parallel --colsep ' ' --verbose ./run.sh
awk 'FNR==1 {print $0}' intermresults/* >plot1.dat
awk 'FNR==2 {print $0}' intermresults/* >plot2.dat
awk 'FNR==3 {print $0}' intermresults/* >plot3.dat
awk 'FNR==4 {print $0}' intermresults/* >plot4.dat
```

init.py:

stval.py:

```
#file with data, lattice size, temperature
import numpy as np
from sys import argv
magnetizations=[]
energies=[]
if len(argv)!=4:
      print("Usage:",argv[0],"filename temperature lattice-linear-size")
temp=float(argv[2])
size=int(argv[3])
with open(argv[1]) as data:
      while(True):
             fm=data.readline()
             if fm==": break;
             line=[float(i) for i in fm.strip().split(' ')]
             energies.append(line[0])
             magnetizations.append(line[1])
      print(temp,np.var(magnetizations)/(temp*size**2))
      #magnetic suscepitibility
```