New features in 2.20 since 2.18

• TabStaff is now able to print micro-tones for bendings etc.

```
\layout {
  \context {
   \Score
   supportNonIntegerFret = ##t
  }
}
mus = \relative { c'4 cih d dih }

<<
  \new Staff << \clef "G_8" \mus >>
  \new TabStaff \mus
>>
```



• A new style of whiteout that approximates the contours of a glyph's outline is now available using whiteout-style. The shape of the white background is produced from multiple displaced copies of the glyph. The thickness of both the new outline style and the default box style, as a multiple of staff-line thickness, can be customized.

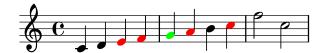
```
\markup {
  \combine
    \filled-box #'(-1 . 15) #'(-3 . 4) #1
    \override #'(thickness . 2)
    \whiteout whiteout-box
}
\markup {
  \combine
    \filled-box #'(-1 . 18) #'(-3 . 4) #1
    \override #'(style . outline)
    \override #'(thickness . 3)
    \whiteout whiteout-outline
}
\relative {
  \override Staff.Clef.whiteout-style = #'outline
  \override Staff.Clef.whiteout = 3
  g'1
}
```

whiteout-outline



• All of \override, \revert, \set, and \unset now work with the \once prefix for making one-time settings.

```
\relative {
   c'4 d
   \override NoteHead.color = #red
   e4 f |
   \once \override NoteHead.color = #green
   g4 a
   \once \revert NoteHead.color
   b c |
   \revert NoteHead.color
   f2 c |
}
```



- When outputting MIDI, LilyPond will now store the title defined in a score's \header block (or, if there is no such definition on the \score level, the first such definition found in a \header block of the score's enclosing \bookpart, \book, or top-level scope) as the name of the MIDI sequence in the MIDI file. Optionally, the name of the MIDI sequence can be overridden using the new midititle \header field independently of title (for example, in case title contains markup code which does not render as plain text in a satisfactory way automatically).
- Music (and scheme and void) functions and markup commands that just supply the final parameters to a chain of overrides, music function and markup command calls can now be defined in the form of just writing the expression cut short with \etc.

```
bold-red-markup = \markup \bold \with-color #red \etc
highlight = \tweak font-size 3 \tweak color #red \etc
\markup \bold-red "text"
\markuplist \column-lines \bold-red { One Two }

{ c' \highlight d' e'2-\highlight -! }

text
One
```



Two

- LilyPond functions defined with define-music-function, define-event-function, define-scheme-function and define-void-function can now be directly called from Scheme as if they were genuine Scheme procedures. Argument checking and matching will still be performed in the same manner as when calling the function through LilyPond input. This includes the insertion of defaults for optional arguments not matching their predicates. Instead of using \default in the actual argument list for explicitly skipping a sequence of optional arguments, *unspecified* can be employed.
- Current input location and parser are now stored in GUILE fluids and can be referenced via the function calls (*location*) and (*parser*). Consequently, a lot of functions previously taking an explicit parser argument no longer do so.

Functions defined with define-music-function, define-event-function, define-scheme-function and define-void-function no longer use parser and location arguments.

With those particular definitions, LilyPond will try to recognize legacy use of parser and location arguments, providing backwards-compatible semantics for some time.

• In the "english" notename language, the long notenames for pitches with accidentals now contain a hyphen for better readability. You now have to write

\key a-flat \major

instead of the previous

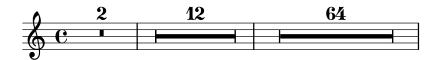
\key aflat \major

Double accidentals do not get another hyphen, so the Dutch cisis has the long English notename c-sharpsharp.

• The visual style of tremolo slashes (shape, style and slope) is now more finely controlled.



• Multi-measure rests have length according to their total duration, under the control of MultiMeasureRest.space-increment.



- Page numbers may now be printed in roman numerals, by setting the page-number-type paper variable.
- It is now possible to use \time and \partial together to change the time signature in mid measure.

\override Score.BarNumber.break-visibility = #end-of-line-invisible \partial 4 \time 3/4 f4 | 2 4 | 2 \bar "||" \time 9/8 \partial 4. f8 8 8 | 2. 8 8 8 |



• It is now possible to override the text property of chord names.

```
<<
\new ChordNames \chordmode {
   a' b c:7
   \once \override ChordName.text = #"foo"
   d
}
>>
```

A B C⁷ foo

- Improved horizontal alignment when using TextScript, with DynamicText or LyricText.
- A new command \magnifyStaff has been added which scales staff sizes, staff lines, bar lines, beamlets and horizontal spacing generally at the Staff context level. Staff lines are prevented from being scaled smaller than the default since the thickness of stems, slurs, and the like are all based on the staff line thickness.
- InstrumentName now supports text-interface.
- There is now support for controlling the 'expression level' of MIDI channels using the Staff.midiExpression context property. This can be used to alter the perceived volume of even sustained notes (albeit in a very 'low-level' way) and accepts a number value between 0.0 and 1.0.

```
\score {
  \new Staff \with {
   midiExpression = #0.6
   midiInstrument = #"clarinet"
 }
  <<
    { a'1~ a'1 }
      \set Staff.midiExpression = #0.7 s4\f\<
      \set Staff.midiExpression = #0.8 s4
      \set Staff.midiExpression = #0.9 s4
      \set Staff.midiExpression = #1.0 s4
      \set Staff.midiExpression = #0.9 s4\>
      \set Staff.midiExpression = #0.8 s4
      \set Staff.midiExpression = #0.7 s4
      \set Staff.midiExpression = #0.6 s4\!
    }
 >>
  \midi { }
```

- Support for making it easier to use alternative 'music' fonts other than the default Emmentaler in LilyPond has been added. See http://fonts.openlilylib.org/ for more information.
- Grobs and their parents can now be aligned separately allowing more flexibility for grob positions. For example the 'left' edge of a grob can now be aligned on the 'center' of its parent.
- Improvements to the \partial command have been made to avoid problems when using multiple, parallel contexts.
- \chordmode can now use < > and << >> constructs.

• A new command \tagGroup has now been added. This complements the existing \keepWithTag and \removeWithTag commands. For Example:

```
\tagGroup #'(violinI violinII viola cello)
```

declares a list of 'tags' that belong to a single 'tag group'.

```
\keepWithTag #'violinI
```

Is now only concerned with 'tags' from 'violinI''s tag group.

Any element of the included music tagged with one or more tags from the group, but *not* with *violinI*, will be removed.

- The \addlyrics function now works with arbitrary contexts inclding Staff.
- String numbers can now also be used to print roman numerals (e.g. for unfretted string instruments).

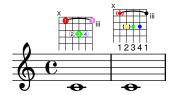
```
c2\2
\romanStringNumbers
c\2
\arabicStringNumbers
c1\3
```



- The thin-kern property of the BarLine grob has been renamed to segno-kern.
- KeyCancellation grobs now ignore cue clefs (like KeySignature grobs do).
- Add support for \once \unset
- It is now possible to individually color both the dots and parentheses in fret diagrams when using the \fret-diagram-verbose markup command.

```
\new Voice {
  c1^\markup {
    \override #'(fret-diagram-details . (
                 (finger-code . in-dot))) {
      \fret-diagram-verbose #'((mute 6)
                                (place-fret 5 3 1 red)
                                (place-fret 4 5 2 inverted)
                                (place-fret 3 5 3 green)
                                (place-fret 2 5 4 blue inverted)
                                (place-fret 1 3 1 violet)
                                (barre 5 1 3 ))
   }
 }
  c1^\markup {
    \override #'(fret-diagram-details . (
                 (finger-code . below-string))) {
      \fret-diagram-verbose #'((mute 6)
                              (place-fret 5 3 1 red parenthesized)
                              (place-fret 4 5 2 yellow
                                                default-paren-color
                                                parenthesized)
                              (place-fret 3 5 3 green)
                              (place-fret 2 5 4 blue )
                              (place-fret 1 3 1)
```

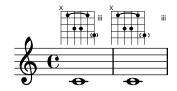
```
(barre 5 1 3))
```



}

• Two new properties have been added for use in fret-diagram-details when using the \fret-diagram-verbose markup command; fret-label-horizontal-offset which affects the fret-label-indication and paren-padding which controls the space between the dot and the parentheses surrounding it.

```
\new Voice {
 c1^\markup {
    \fret-diagram-verbose #'((mute 6)
                              (place-fret 5 3 1)
                              (place-fret 4 5 2)
                              (place-fret 3 5 3)
                              (place-fret 1 6 4 parenthesized)
                              (place-fret 2 3 1)
                              (barre 5 2 3))
 }
 c1^\markup {
    \override #'(fret-diagram-details . (
                 (fret-label-horizontal-offset . 2)
                 (paren-padding . 0.25))) {
      \fret-diagram-verbose #'((mute 6)
                                (place-fret 5 3 1)
                                (place-fret 4 5 2)
                                (place-fret 3 5 3)
                                (place-fret 1 6 4 parenthesized)
                                (place-fret 2 3 1)
                                (barre 5 2 3))
   }
 }
```



• A new markup command \justify-line has been added. Similar to the \fill-line markup command except that instead of setting words in columns, the \justify-line command balances the whitespace between them ensuring that when there are three or more words in a markup, the whitespace is always consistent.

```
\markup \fill-line {oooooo oooooo oooooo}
\markup \fill-line {oooooooo ooooooo oooo}
```

000000	000000	000	0000	000000
0000000	00000000	C	00	000
-	\justify-line \justify-line			
000000	000000	0000	000	000000
0000000	000 000	000000	00	000

• A new command \magnifyMusic has been added, which allows the notation size to be changed without changing the staff size, while automatically scaling stems, beams, and horizontal spacing.



- A new flexible template suitable for a range of choral music, is now provided. This may be used to create simple choral music, with or without piano accompaniment, in two or four staves. Unlike other templates, this template is 'built-in', which means it does not need to be copied and edited: instead it is simply \include'd in the input file. For details, see Section "Built-in templates" in Learning Manual.
- The positioning of tuplet numbers for kneed beams has been significantly improved. Previously, tuplet numbers were placed according to the position of the tuplet bracket, even if it was not printed. This could lead to stranded tuplet numbers. Now they are now positioned closer to the kneed-beam when an appropriate beam segment exists for its placement and when the bracket is not drawn.

Collision detection is also added, offsetting horizontally if too close to an adjoining note column but preserving the number's vertical distance from the kneed beam. If the number itself is too large to fit in the available space the original, bracket-based, positioning system is used instead; and in the event of a collision (e.g. with an accidental) the tuplet number is moved vertically away instead.

```
\time 3/4
\override Beam.auto-knee-gap = 3
```

```
\tuplet 3/2 4 {
   g8 c'' e,
   c'8 g,, e''
   g,,8 e''' c,,
}
```



The original kneed-beam tuplet behavior is still available through an **\override** via a new, knee-to-beam property.

```
\time 3/4
\override Beam.auto-knee-gap = 3
\override TupletNumber.knee-to-beam = ##f
\tuplet 3/2 4 {
   g8 c'' e,
   c'8 g,, e''
   g,,8 e''' c,,
}
```



- \lyricsto and \addLyrics have been 'harmonized'. Both now accept the same kind of delimited argument list that \lyrics and \chords accept. Backward compatibility has been added so music identifiers (i.e. \mus) are permitted as arguments. A convert-ly rule has been added that removes redundant uses of \lyricmode and rearranges combinations with context starters such that \lyricsto in general is applied last (i.e. like \lyricmode would be).
- Scheme functions and identifiers can now be used as output definitions.
- Scheme expressions can now be used as chord constituents.

Currently the default set restores 'current meter';

- Improved visual spacing of small and regular 'MI' Funk and Walker noteheads so they are now the same width as other shaped notes in their respective sets. SOL noteheads are also now visually improved when used with both the normal Aiken and Sacred Harp heads, as well as with the thin variants.
- LeftEdge now has a definable Y-extent (i.e.vertical). See Section "LeftEdge" in *Internals Reference*.
- Added a new make-path-stencil function that supports all path commands both relative and absolute:
 - lineto, rlineto, curveto, rcurveto, moveto, rmoveto, closepath. The function also supports 'single-letter' syntax used in standard SVG path commands:
 - L, 1, C, c, M, m, Z and z. The new command is also backward-compatible with the original make-connected-path-stencil function. Also see scm/stencil.scm.
- Context properties named in the 'alternativeRestores' property are restored to their value at the start of the *first* alternative in all subsequent alternatives.

```
\time 3/4
     \repeat volta 2 { c2 e4 | }
     \alternative {
       { \time 4/4 f2 d | }
       { f2 d4 | }
     }
     g2. |
'measure position';
     \times 3/4
     \repeat volta 2 { c2 e4 | }
     \alternative {
       \{ \text{ \time } 4/4 
         \set Timing.measurePosition = #(ly:make-moment -1/2)
         f2 | }
       { f2 d4 | }
     }
     g2. |
and 'chord changes';
     <<
       \new ChordNames {
         \set chordChanges = ##t
         \chordmode { c1:m d:m c:m d:m }
       }
       \new Staff {
         \repeat volta 2 { \chordmode { c1:m } }
         \alternative {
           { \chordmode { d:m } }
           { \chordmode { c:m } }
         }
       \chordmode { d:m }
     }
     >>
```

• Improved MIDI output for breathe marks. After tied notes, breaths take time *only* from the last note of the tie; e.g. { c4~ c8 \breathe } performs as { c4~ c16 r } instead of { c4 r8 }. This is more consistent with articulations and how humans interpret breaths after

ties. It now also makes it easier to align simultaneous breathe marks over multiple parts, all with different note lengths.

- A new note head style for Tabulature has been added; TabNoteHead.style = #'slash.
- Four new Clef glyphs have been added *Double G*, *Tenor G*, *Varpercussion* and *varC* and their related tessitura.

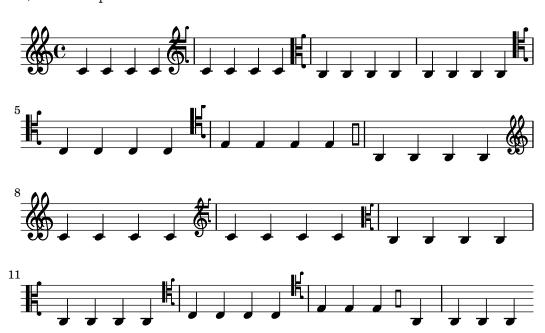
\override Staff.Clef.full-size-change = ##t

\clef "GG" c c c c
\clef "tenorG" c c c c
\clef "varC" c c c c
\clef "altovarC" c c c c
\clef "tenorvarC" c c c c
\clef "baritonevarC" c c c c
\clef "varpercussion" c c c c

\break

\override Staff.Clef.full-size-change = ##f

\clef "GG" c c c c
\clef "tenorG" c c c c
\clef "varC" c c c c
\clef "altovarC" c c c c
\clef "tenorvarC" c c c c
\clef "baritonevarC" c c c
\clef "varpercussion" c c c c



• Isolated durations in music sequences now stand for unpitched notes. This may be useful for specifying rhythms to music or scheme functions. When encountered in the final score, the pitches are provided by the preceding note or chord. Here are two examples where this makes for readable input:

```
\new DrumStaff \with { \override StaffSymbol.line-count = 1 }
\drummode {
   \time 3/4
```

```
tambourine 8 \tuplet 3/2 { 16 16 16 } 8 8 | 8 \tuplet 3/2 { 16 16 16 } 8 8 | 16 16 16 } 8 8 | 16 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16 | 16 16
```

• \displayLilyMusic and its underlying Scheme functions no longer omit redundant note durations. This makes it easier to reliably recognize and format standalone durations in expressions like

```
{ c4 d4 8 }
```

• Beaming exceptions can now be constructed using the \beamExceptions scheme function.

One can now write

```
\time #'(2 1) 3/16
\set Timing.beamExceptions =
  \beamExceptions { 32[ 32] 32[ 32] 32[ 32] }
c16 c c |
\repeat unfold 6 { c32 } |
```



with multiple exceptions separated with | bar checks (writing the exception pattern without pitches is convenient but not mandatory). Previously, setting the beam exceptions would have required writing

• The most common articulations are now reflected in MIDI output. Accent and marcato make notes louder; staccato, staccatissimo and portato make them shorter. Breath marks shorten the previous note.

This behavior is customizable through the midiLength and midiExtraVelocity properties on ArticulationEvent. See script-init.ly for examples.

• The PostScript functionality of stroke adjustment is no longer applied automatically but left to the discretion of the PostScript device (by default, Ghostscript uses it for resolutions up to 150dpi when generating raster images). When it is enabled, a more complex drawing algorithm designed to benefit from stroke adjustment is employed mostly for stems and bar lines.

Stroke adjustment can be forced by specifying the command line option '-dstrokeadjust' to LilyPond. When generating PDF files, this will usually result in markedly better looking

PDF previews but significantly larger file size. Print quality at high resolutions will be unaffected.