# Notes on reinforcement learning

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| 1.1 V | Week 1   |
| 1.1.1 | Action-value methods for k-armed bandit problems           |
| 1.1.2 | Incrementally computing action-values                      |
| • U   | See $Q_{n+1}(a) = Q_n(a) + \alpha_n(a)[R_n(a) - Q_n(a)]$   |
| 1.1.3 | Non-stationary k-armed bandits                             |
| • E   | xponential recency-weighted average $\alpha_n(a) = \alpha$ |
| 1.1.4 | Optimistic initial values                                  |

• To encourage exploration at the start

#### 1.1.5 Upper-confidence-bound action selection

 $\bullet$  Select action a that maximizes

$$Q_t(a) + c\sqrt{\frac{\ln t}{N_t(a)}}$$