In class work Week 1 has questions 1 through 3 with a total of 15 points. This assignment is due at the end of the class period (9:55 AM).

5 1. Find the *distance* between the points (7,9) and (-1,-2).

Solution: We have

dist
$$((7,9), (-1,-2)) = \sqrt{(7+1)^2 + (9+2)^2},$$
 (distance formula)
= $\sqrt{64+121},$ (arithmetic)
= $\sqrt{185}$.

The factors of 185 are 5 and 37. Neither of these factors are perfect squares, so $\sqrt{185}$ is properly simplified. Unless asked for a decimal approximation, you should leave your answers in an exact form. This problem *doesn't* ask for an exact solution, so 13.60147 is *not* a correct solution.

 $\boxed{5}$ 2. The *midpoint* of points *P* and (5,6) is (-2,3). Find the *coordinates* of the point *P*.

Solution: Let P = (x, y). We have

$$\left(\frac{x+5}{2}, \frac{y+6}{2}\right) = (-2,3).$$

So

$$\frac{x+5}{2} = -2,$$

$$\frac{y+6}{2} = 3.$$

Solving these equations for *x* and *y* gives x = -9 and y = 0.

 $\boxed{5}$ 3. Are the three points (7,9), (-1,-2), and (0,10) the vertices of a right triangle? Explain.

Solution: We have

$$dist((7,9),(-1,2)) = \sqrt{85}$$
 (problem 1)
$$dist((-1,2),(0,10)) = \sqrt{1^2 + 8^2} = \sqrt{65}$$

$$dist((0,10),(7,9)) = \sqrt{49 + 1^2} = \sqrt{50}.$$

The largest of these numbers is $\sqrt{85}$. But $\sqrt{85}^2 \neq \sqrt{65}^2 + \sqrt{50}^2$, so the three points (7,9), (-1,-2), and (0,10) are *not* the vertices of a right triangle.