ximera — Simultaneously write print and online interactive materials.*

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Abstract

"Ximera begins where TEX ends." The ximera class aids in the creation of handouts, worksheets, exercises, and sections of textbooks to be used either individually or "glued" together via a xourse file. All ximera documents can be deployed in an online interactive form via `xake` See: Ximera Project and the source code on GitHub.

1 Introduction

Ximera, pronounced "chimera," (**X**imera: **I**nteractive, **M**athematics, **ER**esources, for **A**ll) is an open-source platform that provides tools for authoring and publishing (PDF and Online), open-source, interactive educational content, such as textbooks, assessments, and online courses. The Ximera document class provides the following features:

Formatting for different domains The Ximera document class provides built-in support for formatting documents in both PDF and online formats, which can be a big time-saver for authors. Additionally, it allows for the simultaneous creation of solution manuals and teaching editions, which can be especially useful for educators.

Compiling individually or as a whole With the Ximera document class, authors can easily compile individual documents or an entire collection of documents. This flexibility can be helpful when making changes to specific documents without having to re-compile the entire collection. Moreover, this allows an author to share large portions of a text with another, with minimal changes.

Interactive content The Ximera document class allows for the inclusion of interactive content, such as answer boxes that are validated by a client-side computer algebra system. Additionally, it allows for the embedding of YouTube videos, Desmos graphs, and GeoGebra interactives.

All content displayed By default, the Ximera document class displays all content to the author. This means the author see what the students see, along with answers and solutions, and links (that can be checked) to various interactive elements (when deployed, the interactive elements are truly embedded). This can be especially helpful for catching errors or inconsistencies in the content.

Online examples can be found at

`https://go.osu.edu/ximera-examples`

[*] This file describes version v1.5.1, last revised 2024/05/12.

2 ximera.cls

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newif\ifnumberedProblems
\numberedProblemsfalse% Default to no numbers, as that was previous behavior.
\DeclareOption{onlineProblemNumbers}{\numberedProblemstrue}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

2.1 Options for the class

We start by listing the options for the ximera document class. Note, since the xourse class is based on the ximera class, all listed options are available there too.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
```

The default behavior of the class is to display **all** content. This means that if any questions are asked, all answers are shown. Moreover, some content will only have a meaningful presentation when displayed online. When compiled without any options, this content will be shown too. This option will supress such content and generate a reasonable printiable "handout."

```
\newif\ifhandout
\handoutfalse
\DeclareOption{handout}{\handouttrue}
```

By default, authors are listed at the bottom of the first page of a document. This option will supress the listing of the authors.

```
\newif\ifnoauthor
\noauthorfalse
\DeclareOption{noauthor}{\noauthortrue}
```

By default, learning outcomes are listed at the bottom of the first page of a document. This option will supress the listing of the learning outcomes.

```
\newif\ifnooutcomes
\nooutcomesfalse
\DeclareOption{nooutcomes}{\nooutcomestrue}
```

`instructornotes` This option will turn on (and off) notes written for the instructor.

```
\newif\ifinstructornotes
\instructornotesfalse
\DeclareOption{instructornotes}{\instructornotestrue}
```

`noinstructornotes` This option will turn off (and on) notes written for the instructor.

```
\DeclareOption{noinstructornotes}{\instructornotestrue}
```

`hints` When the `handout` options is used, hints are not shown. This option will make hints visible in handout mode.

```
\newif\ifhints
\hintsfalse
\DeclareOption{hints}{\hintstrue}
```

`newpage` This option will start each problem-like environment (`exercise`, `question`, `problem`, and `exploration`) start on a new page.

```
\newif\ifnewpage
\newpagefalse
\DeclareOption{newpage}{\newpagetrue}
```

`numbers` This option will number the titles of the activity. By default the activities are unnumbered.

```
\newif\ifnumbers
\numbersfalse
\DeclareOption{numbers}{\numberstrue}
```

`wordchoicegiven` This option will replace the choices shown by `wordChoice` with the correct choice. No indication of the `wordChoice` environment will be shown.

```
\newif\ifwordchoicegiven
\wordchoicegivenfalse
\DeclareOption{wordchoicegiven}{\wordchoicegiventrue}
\newif\iffirstinlinechoice% Support for other wordchoice command contents.
\firstinlinechoicetrue

\newif\ifxake
\xakefalse
\DeclareOption{xake}{\xaketrue}

\newif\iftikzexport
\tikzexportfalse
\DeclareOption{tikzexport}{%
  \tikzexporttrue%
  \handoutfalse%
  \numbersfalse%
  \newpagefalse%
  \hintsfalse%
  \nooutcomesfalse%
}

\DeclareOption*{%
  \PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{article}%
}
\ProcessOptions\relax
\LoadClass{article}

\ifdefined\HCode
  \xaketrue%
  \tikzexporttrue%
  \handoutfalse%
  \numbersfalse%
  \newpagefalse%
  \hintsfalse%
  \nooutcomesfalse%
\fi
⟨/classXimera⟩
⟨*classXimera⟩
```

2.2 Loading packages

Since we want `\cancel` to work, we load it here to avoid polluting the `.jax` output.

```
\RequirePackage[makeroom]{cancel}
```

Quite a few packages are required by the document class. This is a list of required packages. As packages are added to this list, we should include a comment as to where they are being utilized. This will help keep this list from being redundant and/or outdated.

```
\RequirePackage[inline]{enumitem}
\RequirePackage[pagestyles]{titlesec}
\RequirePackage{titletoc}
\RequirePackage{titling}
\RequirePackage{url}
\RequirePackage[table]{xcolor}
\RequirePackage{tikz}
\RequirePackage{pgfplots}
\usepgfplotslibrary{groupplots}
\usetikzlibrary{calc}
\RequirePackage{fancyvrb}
```

Load forloop for the problem environment dynamic naming and building.

```
\RequirePackage{forloop}
```

Now we load even more packages.

```
\RequirePackage{environ}% Included to allow saving of environment contents. This does *not* p
\RequirePackage{amssymb}% Included to have access to math typeset.
\RequirePackage{amsmath}% Included to have access to math typeset.
\RequirePackage{amsthm}%  Included to have access to math typeset.
\RequirePackage{xifthen}% http://ctan.org/pkg/xifthen
\RequirePackage{multido}% http://ctan.org/pkg/multido
\RequirePackage{listings} %% is this required???

\RequirePackage{xkeyval}

\RequirePackage{currfile}
\RequirePackage{comment}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

Various packages must be loaded early to avoid polluting the .jax file.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\RequirePackage{gettitlestring}
\RequirePackage{nameref}
\RequirePackage{epstopdf}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

2.3 Page setup

We want non-indented spaced-out paragraphs.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\setlength{\parindent}{0pt}
\setlength{\parskip}{5pt}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

To avoid weird margins in 2-sided mode, change the margins.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\oddsidemargin 62pt
\evensidemargin 62pt
\textwidth 345pt
\headheight 14pt
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

On the HTML side, there is more complicated page setup to perform.

```
⟨*cfgXimera⟩
\Preamble{xhtml,mathjax,minipage-width}

% We don't want to translate font suggestions with ugly wrappers like
% <span class="cmti-10"> for italic text
\NoFonts

% Don't output xml version tag
% \Configure{VERSION}{}

% Output HTML5 doctype instead of the default for HTML4
% \Configure{DOCTYPE}{\HCode{<!doctype html>\Hnewline}}

% Custom page opening
% \Configure{HTML}{\HCode{<html lang="en">\Hnewline}}{\HCode{\Hnewline</html>}}

% Reset <head>, aka delete all default boilerplate; alternatively set up new content
% \Configure{@HEAD}{\HCode{<meta name="generator" content="TeX4ht (http://www.cse.ohio-state.
\Configure{@HEAD}{\HCode{<meta name="ximera" content="version 2.5.1" />\Hnewline}}
\Configure{@HEAD}{\HCode{<link href="https://ximera.osu.edu/public/stylesheets/standalone.css
\Configure{@HEAD}{\HCode{<script type="text/javascript" async src="https://ximera.osu.edu/pub

```

```
% OVERWRITE css in ximera-server (to be removed whenever this has been fixed in the server;
\catcode`\%=11
\Configure{@BODY}{\HCode{<style>
.activity-body pre {
    white-space: pre;
    background-color: lightgray;
}
.xmyoutube {
    aspect-ratio: 16/9;
    min-width: 75%;
}
.image-environment img {
    width: unset;
}
</style>\Hnewline}}
\catcode`\%=14

⟨/cfgXimera⟩
```

Disable certain ligatures in HTML.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\usepackage{microtype}
\DisableLigatures[f]{encoding=*}
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

I am not sure what this does.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\NewEnviron{html}{\HCode{\BODY}}
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.4 Structure

2.4.1 Macros

Makes everymath display style even when inline, could be optional.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\everymath{\displaystyle}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

Ok not everything, we also need to configure “display style” limits.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\let\prelim\lim
\renewcommand{\lim}{\displaystyle\prelim}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

2.4.2 Theorem and theorem-like environments

On the web, a theorem is emitted as a special `<div>`.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\newcommand{\ConfigureTheoremEnv}[1]{%
\renewenvironment{#1}[1][]{\refstepcounter{problem}%
\ifthenelse{\equal{##1}{}}{}{%
  \HCode{<span class="theorem-like-title">}##1\HCode{</span>}%
}}{}
\ConfigureEnv{#1}{\stepcounter{identification}\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<div class="
}
⟨/htXimera⟩
⟨classXimera⟩\theoremstyle{definition} % No italic (because this makes also text in TikZ itali
```

The key is to make sure that the theorem environments are defined in a corresponding fashion on the web and on paper.

`theorem` Theorem

```
⟨classXimera⟩      \newtheorem{theorem}{\GetTranslation{Theorem}}
⟨htXimera⟩      \ConfigureTheoremEnv{theorem}
```

algorithm Algorithm

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{algorithm}{\GetTranslation{Algorithm}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{algorithm}
```

axiom Axiom

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{axiom}{\GetTranslation{Axiom}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{axiom}
```

claim Claim

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{claim}{\GetTranslation{Claim}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{claim}
```

conclusion Conclusion

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{conclusion}{\GetTranslation{Conclusion}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{conclusion}
```

condition Condition

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{condition}{\GetTranslation{Condition}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{condition}
```

conjecture Conjecture

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{conjecture}{\GetTranslation{Conjecture}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{conjecture}
```

corollary Corollary

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{corollary}{\GetTranslation{Corollary}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{corollary}
```

criterion Criterion

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{criterion}{\GetTranslation{Criterion}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{criterion}
```

definition Definition

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{definition}{\GetTranslation{Definition}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{definition}
```

example Example

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{example}{\GetTranslation{Example}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{example}
```

explanation Explanation

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem*{explanation}{\GetTranslation{Explanation}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{explanation}
```

fact Fact

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{fact}{\GetTranslation{Fact}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{fact}
```

lemma Lemma

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{lemma}{\GetTranslation{Lemma}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{lemma}
```

formula Formula

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{formula}{\GetTranslation{Formula}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{formula}
```

idea Idea

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{idea}{\GetTranslation{Idea}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{idea}
```

notation Notation

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{notation}{\GetTranslation{Notation}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{notation}
```

model Model

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{model}{\GetTranslation{Model}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{model}
```

observation Observation

```
⟨classXimera⟩   \newtheorem{observation}{\GetTranslation{Observation}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{observation}
```

`proposition` Proposition

```
⟨classXimera⟩    \newtheorem{proposition}{\GetTranslation{Proposition}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{proposition}
```

`paradox` Paradox

```
⟨classXimera⟩    \newtheorem{paradox}{\GetTranslation{Paradox}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{paradox}
```

`procedure` Procedure

```
⟨classXimera⟩    \newtheorem{procedure}{\GetTranslation{Procedure}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{procedure}
```

`remark` Remark

```
⟨classXimera⟩    \newtheorem{remark}{\GetTranslation{Remark}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{remark}
```

`summary` Summary

```
⟨classXimera⟩    \newtheorem{summary}{\GetTranslation{Summary}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{summary}
```

`template` Template

```
⟨classXimera⟩    \newtheorem{template}{\GetTranslation{Template}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{template}
```

`warning` Warning

```
⟨classXimera⟩    \newtheorem{warning}{\GetTranslation{Warning}}
⟨htXimera⟩    \ConfigureTheoremEnv{warning}
```

2.4.3 Enumerate fixes

Make enumerate use a letter

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\renewcommand{\theenumi}{\textup{(\alph{enumi})}}
\renewcommand{\labelenumi}{\theenumi}
\renewcommand{\theenumii}{\textup{(\roman{enumii})}}
\renewcommand{\labelenumii}{\theenumii}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

```
⟨*cfgXimera⟩
\catcode`\:=11
% Temporarily set the catcode of ':' to 11 (letter) so it can be used in control sequence nam
% --- Configure the 'thebibliography' environment for HTML output ---
% Insert <section> around thebibliography
\ConfigureEnv{thebibliography}{\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi \EndP \HCode{<section role="doc-bibliogr
% now configure thebibliography to produce a description list
% \en:bib insertes delimiters for particular bibitems. at the beginning, it is empty, as ther
% it is then defined to insert the delimiter after the first bibitem
\ConfigureList{thebibliography}%
   {\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\EndP\HCode{<dl><dt>}\let\en:bib=\empty}% opening tags
   {\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\EndP\HCode{</dd></dl>}} % closing tags
   {\en:bib\def\en:bib{\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\HCode{</dd><dt>}}}% at the bibitem
  {\HCode{</dt><dd>}}% after biblabel
\catcode`\:=12
% Restore ':' to its normal catcode (punctuation).

\Css{.thebibliography dl {
    display: grid;
    grid-auto-columns: min-content 1fr;
    grid-auto-flow: column;
}}
% The bibliography uses a CSS grid for a two-column layout:
% first column = label (e.g., citation number), second = reference text.

\Css{.thebibliography dt {
     grid-column: 1;
    margin-bottom: 0.5em;
}}
% The <dt> elements (bib labels) are placed in the first grid column with a small bottom marg

\catcode`\:=11
% Set ':' as a letter again for further configuration.
% --- Configure 'enumerate' environment for HTML output ---
\ConfigureList{enumerate}%
         {\EndP\HCode{<ol \a:enumerate:\space
      class="enumerate\expandafter\the\csname @enumdepth\endcsname"
      \a:LRdir
     >}\PushMacro\end:itm
\global\let\end:itm=\empty
}

% Opening tags: start an ordered list (<ol>) with class names reflecting nesting depth.
% Save the current \end:itm definition to restore later.
         {\PopMacro\end:itm \global\let\end:itm \end:itm
\EndP\HCode{</li></ol>}\ShowPar
}
         {\end:itm \gdef\end:itm{\EndP\Tg</li>}\DeleteMark
}
         {{\Configure{Link}{li}{}{ class="enumerate" id=}{}%
 \let\EndLink=\empty\par\ShowPar
\AnchorLabel }%
}
% Configure hyperlinks and anchors within list items for correct HTML output.

\catcode`\:=12
% Restore ':' to normal again.
⟨/cfgXimera⟩
```

2.4.4 Proofs

proof A mathematical proof environment.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\renewcommand{\qedsymbol}{$\blacksquare$}
\renewenvironment{proof}[1][\proofname]
  {\begin{trivlist}\item[\hskip \labelsep \itshape \bfseries #1{}\hspace{2ex}]}
{\qed\end{trivlist}}
⟨/classXimera⟩
⟨*htXimera⟩
      % Mmm, (why) do we want/need this ...?
      \ConfigureTheoremEnv{proof}
\ConfigureEnv{proof}{\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\EndP\HCode{<div class="proof">}
\ConfigureList{trivlist}{\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\EndP}{}{}{}
}{\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\EndP\HCode{</div>}}{}{}
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.4.5 Problem environments

These are problem environment decorations (these should be user invoked, not default). The decoration for these environments were inspired by http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/11098/nice-formatting-for-theorems

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
```

```
\newcommand{\hang}{% top theorem decoration
  \begingroup%
  \setlength{\unitlength}{.005\linewidth}% \linewidth/200
\begin{picture}(0,0)(1.5,0)%
  \linethickness{1pt} \color{black!50}%
  \put(-3,2){\line(1,0){206}}% Top line
  \multido{\iA=2+-1,\iB=50+-10}{5}{% Top hangs
\color{black!\iB}%
\put(-3,\iA){\line(0,-1){1}}% Top left hang
%\put(203,\iA){\line(0,-1){1}}% Top right hang
  }%
\end{picture}%
  \endgroup%
}%
\newcommand{\hung}{% bottom theorem decoration
  \nobreak
  \begingroup%
\setlength{\unitlength}{.005\linewidth}% \linewidth/200
\begin{picture}(0,0)(1.5,0)%
  \linethickness{1pt} \color{black!50}%
  \put(60,0){\line(1,0){143}}% Bottom line
  \multido{\iA=0+1,\iB=50+-10}{5}{% Bottom hangs
\color{black!\iB}%
%\put(-3,\iA){\line(0,1){1}}% Bottom left hang
\put(203,\iA){\line(0,1){1}}% Bottom right hang
\put(\iB,0){\line(60,0){10}}% Left fade out
  }%
\end{picture}%
  \endgroup%
}%
```

Configure environment configuration commands

The command `\problemNumber` contains all the format code to determine the number (and the format of the number) for any of the problem environments.

```
\MakeCounter{Iteration@probCnt}
\MakeCounter{problem}
\newcommand{\problemNumber}{
% First we determine if we have a counter for this question depth level.
\ifcsname c@depth\Roman{problem@Depth}Count\endcsname% Check to see if counter exists
%If so, do nothing.
\else
%If not, create it.
\expandafter\newcounter{depth\Roman{problem@Depth}Count}
\expandafter\setcounter{depth\Roman{problem@Depth}Count}{0}
\fi

\expandafter\stepcounter{depth\Roman{problem@Depth}Count}
\arabic{depthICount}% The first problem depth, what use to be |\theproblem|.

\forloop{Iteration@probCnt}{2}{\arabic{Iteration@probCnt} < \numexpr \value{problem@Depth} +
.\expandafter\arabic{depth\Roman{Iteration@probCnt}Count}% Get the problem number of the next
}
}
%%%%%% Configure various problem environment commands
\Make@Counter{problem@Depth}
%%%% Configure environments start content
\newcommand{\problemEnvironmentStart}[2]{%
\stepcounter{problem@Depth}% Started a problem, so we’ve sunk another problem layer.
\def\spaceatend{#1}%
\begin{trivlist}%
\item[\hskip\labelsep\sffamily\bfseries\GetTranslation{#2} \problemNumber% Determine the corr
]%
\slshape
}
%%%%% Configure environments end content %%%%%
\newcommand{\problemEnvironmentEnd}{%This configures all the end content for a problem.
\stepcounter{problem@Depth}
\ifcsname c@depth\Roman{problem@Depth}Count\endcsname
\expandafter\ifnum\expandafter\value{depth\Roman{problem@Depth}Count}>0
\expandafter\setcounter{depth\Roman{problem@Depth}Count}{0}
\fi
\fi
```

```
\addtocounter{problem@Depth}{-2}% Exited a problem so we've exited a problem layer. Need -2 b
\ifhandout
\ifnewpage
\newpage
\fi
\fi
\end{trivlist}
}
%% Add a simple command that handles all the problem creation aspects:
\newcommand{\createProblemEnv}[2]{% This is a nice command to define a new problem-like envir
\newenvironment{#1}[1][2in]%
{%Env start code
\problemEnvironmentStart{#1}{#2}
}
{%Env end code
\problemEnvironmentEnd
}
}

%%%% Now populate the old environment names
%
% Old environments were "problem", "exercise", "exploration", and "question".
% Note that you can add content to the start/end code on top of these base code pieces if you
%
% These definitions will be overwritten in ximera.4ht !

\createProblemEnv{problem}{Problem}
\createProblemEnv{exercise}{Exercise}
\createProblemEnv{exploration}{Exploration}
\createProblemEnv{question}{Question}
⟨/classXimera⟩
⟨*htXimera⟩
\newcounter{identification}
\setcounter{identification}{0}
\newcommand{\ConfigureQuestionEnv}[2]{%
\renewenvironment{#1}{
  }
  {
  }%
  \ConfigureEnv{#1}
  {
%    \ifnumberedProblems% The code below is all to generate online problem numbering if optio
%    \stepcounter{problem@Depth}% Started a problem, so we've sunk another problem layer.
%    \ifcsname c@depth\Roman{problem@Depth}Count\endcsname
%    \else
%      \expandafter\newcounter{depth\Roman{problem@Depth}Count}
%      \expandafter\setcounter{depth\Roman{problem@Depth}Count}{0}
%    \fi
%    \expandafter\stepcounter{depth\Roman{problem@Depth}Count}
%    \def\problemNumDisp{
%    \arabic{depthICount}% Top Level Problem Number: X.1.1.1.1 Number.
%    \ifcsname c@depthIICount\endcsname\ifnum\value{problem@Depth}>1 .\arabic{depthIICount}\f
%    \ifcsname c@depthIIICount\endcsname\ifnum\value{problem@Depth}>2 .\arabic{depthIIICount}
%    \ifcsname c@depthIVCount\endcsname\ifnum\value{problem@Depth}>3 .\arabic{depthIVCount}\f
%    \ifcsname c@depthVCount\endcsname\ifnum\value{problem@Depth}>4 .\arabic{depthVCount}\fi%
%    \fi\fi\fi\fi
%      }
%  \else
    \def\problemNumDisp{}% Otherwise don't display a problem number.
%  \fi
  \stepcounter{identification}
  \ifvmode
  \IgnorePar
  \fi
\EndP
\HCode{<div role="article" class="problem-environment #1" id="problem\arabic{identification}"
}
{
\stepcounter{problem@Depth}
\ifcsname c@depth\Roman{problem@Depth}Count\endcsname
\expandafter\ifnum\expandafter\value{depth\Roman{problem@Depth}Count}>0
\expandafter\setcounter{depth\Roman{problem@Depth}Count}{0}
\fi
\fi
\addtocounter{problem@Depth}{-2}% Exited a problem so we’ve exited a problem layer. Need -2 b
\ifvmode
\IgnorePar
\fi
\EndP
\HCode{</div>}\IgnoreIndent
}{}{}%
}

\ConfigureQuestionEnv{problem}{Problem}
\ConfigureQuestionEnv{exercise}{Exercise}
\ConfigureQuestionEnv{question}{Question}
\ConfigureQuestionEnv{exploration}{Exploration}

\ifdefined\xmNotHintAsExpandable
  \ConfigureQuestionEnv{hint}{hint} % 2024: hint is no longer a ’question-environment’.
\fi
```

⟨/htXimera⟩

2.4.6 Hints

hint Hint environments can be embedded inside problems.

⟨*classXimera⟩

Create a counter that will track how deeply nested the current hint is

```
\newcounter{hintLevel}
\setcounter{hintLevel}{0}
```

Create an empty shell to renew

```
\newenvironment{hint}{}{}
```

Now we renew the environment as needed, this should allow support for any transition code that treats some parts as a ”handout” and some parts as non-handout. renewing the environment on the fly is a bit hacky.

```
\renewenvironment{hint}
{
\ifhandout
\setbox0\vbox\bgroup
\else
\begin{trivlist}\item[\hskip \labelsep\small\slshape\bfseries \GetTranslation{Hint}:\hspace{2
\small\slshape
\fi
\stepcounter{hintLevel}
}
{
\ifhandout
\egroup\ignorespacesafterend
\else
\end{trivlist}
\fi
\addtocounter{hintLevel}{-1}
}

```

```
\ifhints
\renewenvironment{hint}{
\begin{trivlist}\item[\hskip \labelsep\small\slshape\bfseries \GetTranslation{Hint}:\hspace{
\small\slshape
}
{
\end{trivlist}
}
\fi

⟨/classXimera⟩
```

2.4.7 Solution

solution

The solution to a problem.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
%% solution environment
\ifhandout % what follows is handout behavior
\newenvironment{solution}%
       {%
 \setbox0\vbox\bgroup
       }
               {%
 \egroup
       }
\else
\newenvironment{solution}%
       {%
 \begin{trivlist}
 \item[\hskip \labelsep\bfseries \GetTranslation{Solution}:\hspace{2ex}]
       }
       % %% line at the bottom}
       {
\end{trivlist}
 % (202410: no longer \par\addvspace{.5ex}\nobreak\noindent\hung
       }
\fi



⟨/classXimera⟩
```

2.4.8 Code listing environments

code

A code answer environment You cannot use Environ with the fancyvrb/listings package if you want nested environments.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\DefineVerbatimEnvironment{code}{Verbatim}{numbers=left,frame=lines,label=Code,labelposition=
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

python

A python answer environment You cannot use Environ with the fancyvrb/listings package if you want nested environments

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\DefineVerbatimEnvironment{python}{Verbatim}{numbers=left,frame=lines,label=Python,labelposit
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

javascriptCode

A JavaScript answer environment Unfortunately the name `javascript` is already used for the actual, executed (!) JavaScript interactive. environments

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\DefineVerbatimEnvironment{javascriptCode}{Verbatim}{numbers=left,frame=lines,label=JavaScri
⟨/classXimera⟩
⟨*cfgXimera⟩
\renewenvironment{javascriptCode}{\NoFonts}{\EndNoFonts}
```

```
\ScriptEnv{javascriptCode}{\stepcounter{identification}\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<di
⟨/cfgXimera⟩
```

On the web, translate verbatim and lstlisting blocks into `<pre>` elements.

```
%%%<*cfgXimera>
%%\ConfigureEnv{verbatim}{\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\EndP\HCode{<pre style="white-space: pre; back
%%\ConfigureEnv{lstlisting}{\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\EndP\HCode{<pre>}}{\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\En
%%%</cfgXimera>
%%
```

2.4.9 Dialogues

`dialogue` A dialogue between people.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newenvironment{dialogue}{%
   \renewcommand\descriptionlabel[1]{\hspace{\labelsep}\textbf{##1:}}
   \begin{description}%
}{%
   \end{description}%
}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

On the web, the resulting `<dl>` should have an appropriate `class` set.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\renewenvironment{dialogue}{\begin{description}}{\end{description}}

\ConfigureList{dialogue}%
   {\EndP\HCode{<dl \a:LRdir class="dialogue">}%
      \PushMacro\end:itm
\global\let\end:itm=\empty}
   {\PopMacro\end:itm \global\let\end:itm \end:itm
\EndP\HCode{</dd></dl>}\ShowPar}
   {\end:itm \global\def\end:itm{\EndP\Tg</dd>}\HCode{<dt
        class="actor">}\bgroup \bf}
   {\egroup\EndP\HCode{</dt><dd\Hnewline class="speech">}}
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.4.10 Instructor notes

```
⟨*classXimera⟩

%% instructor intro/instructor notes
%%
\ifhandout % what follows is handout behavior
\ifinstructornotes
\newenvironment{instructorIntro}%
       {%
 \begin{trivlist}
 \item[\hskip \labelsep\bfseries \GetTranslation{Instructor Introduction}:\hspace{2ex}]
}
       % %% line at the bottom}
       {
 \end{trivlist}
 \par\addvspace{.5ex}\nobreak\noindent\hung
       }
\else
\newenvironment{instructorIntro}%
       {%
 \setbox0\vbox\bgroup
       }
       {%If this mysteriously starts breaking
                          % remove \ignorespacesafterend
 \egroup\ignorespacesafterend
       }
```

```
               \fi
\else% for handout, so what follows is default
\ifinstructornotes
\newenvironment{instructorIntro}%
       {%
         \setbox0\vbox\bgroup
       }
{%
  \egroup
}
                \else
        \newenvironment{instructorIntro}%
{%
  \begin{trivlist}
  \item[\hskip \labelsep\bfseries \GetTranslation{Instructor Introduction}:\hspace{2ex}]
}
% %% line at the bottom}
{
  \end{trivlist}
  \par\addvspace{.5ex}\nobreak\noindent\hung
}
                \fi
\fi




%% instructorNotes environment
\ifhandout % what follows is handout behavior
\ifinstructornotes
\newenvironment{instructorNotes}%
       {%
 \begin{trivlist}
 \item[\hskip \labelsep\bfseries \GetTranslation{Instructor Notes}:\hspace{2ex}]
       }
       % %% line at the bottom}
       {
\end{trivlist}
 \par\addvspace{.5ex}\nobreak\noindent\hung
       }
       \else
\newenvironment{instructorNotes}%
       {%
         \setbox0\vbox\bgroup
       }
{%
  \egroup
}
                \fi
\else% for handout, so what follows is default
\ifinstructornotes
\newenvironment{instructorNotes}%
       {%
 \setbox0\vbox\bgroup
       }
       {%
 \egroup
       }
       \else
       \newenvironment{instructorNotes}%
              {%
        \begin{trivlist}
        \item[\hskip \labelsep\bfseries \GetTranslation{Instructor Notes}:\hspace{2ex}]
```

```
              }
              % %% line at the bottom}
              {
        \end{trivlist}
        \par\addvspace{.5ex}\nobreak\noindent\hung
              }
                      \fi
                              \fi

⟨/classXimera⟩
```

2.4.11 Foldable

The package mdframed is used to make pretty foldable, but the amsthm/mdframed conflict also messes up the .jax file so we don't load mdframed when performing the xake step. But even the below isn't enough to fix this.

```
%\iftikzexport\else\RequirePackage[framemethod=TikZ]{mdframed}\fi
```

foldable Does it fold?

```
⟨*classXimera⟩

\colorlet{textColor}{black} % since textColor is referenced below
\colorlet{background}{white} % since background is referenced below

% The core environments. Find results in 4ht file.
%% pretty-foldable
%\iftikzexport
\newenvironment{foldable}{%
}{%
}
%\else
%\renewmdenv[
%  font=\upshape,
%  outerlinewidth=3,
%  topline=false,
%  bottomline=false,
%  leftline=true,
%  rightline=false,
%  leftmargin=0,
%  innertopmargin=0pt,
%  innerbottommargin=0pt,
%  skipbelow=\baselineskip,
%  linecolor=textColor!20!white,
%  fontcolor=textColor,
%  backgroundcolor=background
%]{foldable}%
%\fi

%% pretty-expandable
%\iftikzexport
%% Overwritten in .4ht, but probably also in accordion!
\ifdefined\xmNotExpandableAsAccordion
\newenvironment{expandable}{}{}
\else
\newenvironment{expandable}[2]{}{}
\fi
%\else
%\newmdenv[
%  font=\upshape,
%  outerlinewidth=3,
%  topline=false,
%  bottomline=false,
%  leftline=true,
%  rightline=false,
%  leftmargin=0,
%  innertopmargin=0pt,
%  innerbottommargin=0pt,
%  skipbelow=\baselineskip,
%  linecolor=black,
%]{expandable}%
%\fi

\newcommand{\unfoldable}[1]{#1}

⟨/classXimera⟩
```

On the web, these foldable elements could be HTML5 details and summary.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\renewenvironment{foldable}{\stepcounter{identification}\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<

\ifdefined\xmNotExpandableAsAccordion
\renewenvironment{expandable}{\stepcounter{identification}\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode
\fi

\renewcommand{\unfoldable}[1]{\HCode{<span class="unfoldable">}#1\HCode{</span>}}
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.4.12 Leashes

leash Put content inside a scrollable box.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩

\newenvironment{leash}[1]{%
}{%
}


⟨/classXimera⟩
```

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\renewenvironment{leash}[1]{\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<div style="overflow: auto; he
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.5 Document metadata

2.5.1 Metadata

To encourage authors to include relevant parseable metadata in the preamble, we define some currently ignored commands.

\license In the preamble, use \license with an SPDX license expression.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newcommand{\license}{\excludecomment}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

\acknowledgement In the preamble, use \acknowledgement to credit others who contributed to the intellectual content beside the author.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newcommand{\acknowledgement}{\excludecomment}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

\tag In the preamble, a \tag provides a free-form taxonomy.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\renewcommand{\tag}{\excludecomment}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

On the HTML side, we mark the file as the appropriate kind of object—either activity or xourse.

```
⟨*htXourse⟩
% Mark this as a xourse file
```

```
\Configure{@HEAD}{\HCode{<meta name="description" content="xourse" />\Hnewline}}
⟨/htXourse⟩
```

2.5.2 Abstract

abstract

Every activity should include a short abstract.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\let\abstract\relax
\let\endabstract\relax
% Use of environ package, may want to find a better way.
% see the messing around with \theabstract in title.dtx ... Is this really needed/wanted?
\NewEnviron{abstract}{\protected@xdef\theabstract{\BODY}}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

The abstract has been stored in `\theabstract` and should be emitted as a div. The code below is required for the abstract to show online.

```
⟨*cfgXimera⟩
\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\EndP
\ConfigureEnv{abstract}{\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\EndP\HCode{\Hnewline<div class="abstract">}\pa
⟨/cfgXimera⟩
```

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\RenewEnviron{abstract}{\BODY}
⟨*htXimera⟩
```

2.5.3 Titles and authors

2.5.4 Authors

\author

Activities have authors. Warn the user if no author is provided.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\let\@emptyauthor\@author
\def\@authorfootnote{\gdef\@thefnmark{}\@footnotetext}
\def\author#1{\gdef\@author{#1}}
\def\@author{\@latex@warning@no@line{No \noexpand\author given}}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

Include author name in meta tags

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\Configure{@HEAD}{\HCode{<meta name="author" content="}\@author\HCode{" />\Hnewline}}
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

The `\and` command would emit tabular environments which really should not appear in a meta tag.

```
⟨htXimera | classXimera⟩\def\and{and }
```

2.5.5 Title

\title

Activities have titles.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\let\title\relax
\newcommand{\title}[1][]{{\protected@xdef\@pretitle{#1}}\protected@xdef\@title}

\title{}

\newcounter{titlenumber}
\renewcommand{\thetitlenumber}{\arabic{titlenumber}}
%\renewcommand{\thesection}{\arabic{titlenumber}} %% Makes section numbers work
\setcounter{titlenumber}{0}

\newpagestyle{main}{
\sethead[\textsl{\ifnumbers\thetitlenumber\hspace{1em}\fi\@title}][][] % even
{}{}{\textsl{\ifnumbers\thetitlenumber\hspace{1em}\fi\@title}} % odd
\setfoot[\thepage][][] % even
{}{}{\thepage} % odd
}
\pagestyle{main}
```

\maketitle In a ximera document, redefine \maketitle and put them in a table of contents. The \phantomsection is to fix the hrefs.

```
\renewcommand\maketitle{%
  \addtocounter{titlenumber}{1}%
  {\flushleft\large\bfseries \@pretitle\par\vspace{-1em}}
  {\flushleft\LARGE\bfseries {\ifnumbers\thetitlenumber\fi}{\ifnumbers\hspace{1em}\else\hspac
  \phantomsection%
  \ifnumbers\addcontentsline{toc}{section}{\thetitlenumber~\@title}\else\addcontentsline{toc
  \vskip .6em\noindent\textit\theabstract\setcounter{problem}{0}\setcounter{section}{0}\setco
  %\ifnooutcomes\else\let\thefootnote\relax\footnote{Learning outcomes: \theoutcomes}\fi% Dep
  \ifnoauthor\else\@authorfootnote{Author(s):~\@author}\fi
  \aftergroup\@afterindentfalse
  \aftergroup\@afterheading}

\ifnumbers
\setcounter{secnumdepth}{2}
\renewcommand{\thesection}{\arabic{titlenumber}.\arabic{section}}
\renewcommand{\thesubsection}{\arabic{titlenumber}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{subsection}}
\else
\setcounter{secnumdepth}{-2}
\fi

\def\activitystyle{}
\newcounter{sectiontitlenumber}
\setcounter{secnumdepth}{2}
\setcounter{tocdepth}{2}
\newcommand\chapterstyle{%
  \def\activitystyle{activity-chapter}
  \def\maketitle{%
    \addtocounter{titlenumber}{1}%
                    {\flushleft\small\sffamily\bfseries\@pretitle\par\vspace{-1.5em}}%
                    {\flushleft\LARGE\sffamily\bfseries\thetitlenumber\hspace{1em}\@title \pa
                    {\vskip .6em\noindent\textit\theabstract\setcounter{problem}{0}\setcounte
                    \par\vspace{2em}
                    \phantomsection\addcontentsline{toc}{section}{\textbf{\thetitlenumber\hsp
}}


\newcommand\sectionstyle{%
  \def\activitystyle{activity-section}
  \def\maketitle{%
    \addtocounter{section}{1}
    \setcounter{sectiontitlenumber}{\value{section}}
    {\flushleft\small\sffamily\bfseries\@pretitle\par\vspace{-1.5em}}%
    {\flushleft\Large\sffamily\bfseries\thetitlenumber.\thesectiontitlenumber\hspace{1em}\@ti
    {\vskip .6em\noindent\textit\theabstract\setcounter{subsection}{0}}%
    \par\vspace{2em}
    \phantomsection\addcontentsline{toc}{section}{\thetitlenumber.\thesectiontitlenumber\hspa
 \renewcommand\section{\@startsection{subsection}{2}{\z@}%
                                       {-3.25ex\@plus -1ex \@minus -.2ex}%
                                       {1.5ex \@plus .2ex}%
                                       {\normalfont\large\bfseries}}

 \renewcommand\subsection{\@startsection{subsubsection}{3}{\z@}%
                                          {-3.25ex\@plus -1ex \@minus -.2ex}%
                                          {1.5ex \@plus .2ex}%
                                          {\normalfont\normalsize\bfseries}}

}}


```

```
\iftikzexport%% allows xake to handle \chapterstyle and \sectionstye
\renewcommand\chapterstyle{\def\activitystyle{chapter}}
\renewcommand\sectionstyle{\def\activitystyle{section}}
\else
\fi

⟨/classXimera⟩
```

Eliminate some formatting that we'll handle later with CSS

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\renewcommand{\maketitle}{}
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.5.6 Only in HTML or PDF

Ximera provides several techniques to display some content only in the PDF, or only online. The `prompt` environment can be used to hide the data-entry part of a problem from the PDF: it's contents only get displayed online.

The lower level commands `\pdfOnly` and `\htmlOnly` also limit the output to either PDF or online, similarly to the environments `onlyPdf` and `onlyHtml`.

If `\xmPrintHtmlOnlyAlsoInPdf` is set, the online/html only things are printed in the PDF anyway (e.g. for review).

Unfortunately it is not possible in LaTeX to have a command and an environment with the same name. We opted for the above (confusing...) names.

For backward compatibility, the deprecated environment `onlineOnly` is identical to `onlyHtml`.

For more advanced usage also commands `\ifonline` and `ifonlineTF` are provided.

The technique used to distinguish between the PDF-version and the online HTML-version is always the existence of the TeX4ht macro `\HCode`. Older distinctions such as `\ifxake`, `ifhandout` or `\iftikzexport` should no longer be used for this purpose.

`prompt` The prompt part for mathmode

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\ifxake
        \newenvironment{prompt}{}{}
\else
\ifhandout
\NewEnviron{prompt}{}
    % Breaks when put in mathmode ?
    % \newenvironment{prompt}{\suppress}{\endsuppress}
\else
\newenvironment{prompt}{\bgroup\color{gray!50!black}}{\egroup}
\fi
\fi
```

`onlyHtml` Only display online

`onlyPdf` Only display in the PDF

`onlineOnly` Only display online (deprecated: use onlyHtml instead)

```
\ifdefined\HCode
\newenvironment{onlyPdf}{\setbox0\vbox\bgroup}{\egroup}
\newenvironment{onlyHtml}{\bgroup}{\egroup}
\newenvironment{onlineOnly}{\bgroup}{\egroup}
\else
\newenvironment{onlyPdf}{\bgroup}{\egroup}
\ifdefined\xmPrintHtmlOnlyAlsoInPdf
\newenvironment{onlyHtml}{\bgroup\color{red!50!black}}{\egroup}
\newenvironment{onlineOnly}{\bgroup\color{red!50!black}}{\egroup}
\else
\newenvironment{onlyHtml}{\setbox0\vbox\bgroup}{\egroup}
\newenvironment{onlineOnly}{\setbox0\vbox\bgroup}{\egroup}
\fi
\fi

```

\htmlOnly Only display online

\pdfOnly Only display in the PDF

```

\ifdefined\HCode
\newcommand{\pdfOnly}[1]{}
\newcommand{\htmlOnly}[1]{#1}
\else
\ifdefined\xmPrintHtmlOnlyAlsoInPdf
\newcommand{\pdfOnly}[1]{#1}
\newcommand{\htmlOnly}[1]{\bgroup\color{red!50!black}#1\egroup}
\else
\newcommand{\pdfOnly}[1]{#1}
\newcommand{\htmlOnly}[1]{}
\fi
\fi

```

\ifonline Only execute online (ie in HTML version)

\ifonlineTF Different output online vs PDF

```
% An alternatife for \pdfOnly/\begin{htmlOnly} :
% Usage: Hello \ifonlineTF{online reader}{PDF reader}
\providecommand{\ifonlineTF}[2]{\htmlOnly{#1}\pdfOnly{#2}}
\newif{\ifonline}
\ifdefined\HCode
\onlinetrue
\else
\onlinefalse
\fi
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

2.5.7 Learning Outcomes

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newcommand{\preOutcomeLine}{\item }
\newcommand{\postOutcomeLine}{}
\newcommand{\preOutcomeBlock}{After completing this content, students should be able to: \beg
\newcommand{\postOutcomeBlock}{\end{itemize} So go forth and learn!}

\newcommand{\outcomeHeader}{Goals for this Section}
\htmlOnly{
  \newcommand{\outcomeBlock}{\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\EndP\HCode{<div class="outcomeHead">} \ou
}


\newwrite\outcomefile
\immediate\openout\outcomefile=\jobname.oc
\newcommand{\outcome}[1]{%
  \immediate\write\outcomefile{\expandafter\unexpanded\expandafter{\preOutcomeLine #1} \expan
}

\newcommand{\displayOutcomes}[1][]{%
  \immediate\closeout\outcomefile
  \IfFileExists{\currfiledir\currfilebase.oc}{
    \htmlOnly{\outcomeBlock}
      \expandafter\preOutcomeBlock
      \input{\currfiledir\currfilebase.oc}
      \postOutcomeBlock
      \htmlOnly{\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\EndP\HCode{</div>}}
    }
    {
    \IfFileExists{\currfilebase.oc}{
      \htmlOnly{\outcomeBlock}
        \expandafter\preOutcomeBlock
        \input{\currfilebase.oc}
        \postOutcomeBlock
        \htmlOnly{\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\EndP\HCode{</div>}}
      }
      {
        No outcome file found.
      }
    }
  }
%
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

These can appear in either the preamble or in problem environments. with pdflatex, we produce the .oc file which includes ALL the outcomes; in the tex4ht world, we just produce spans for the specific outcomes.

```
⟨*cfgXimera⟩
\renewcommand{\outcome}[1]{
  \Configure{@HEAD}{\HCode{<meta name="learning-outcome" content="#1"/>\Hnewline}}
}
% Sometimes there are no outcomes at all
\IfFileExists{\jobname.oc}{\input{\jobname.oc}}{}

\renewcommand{\outcome}[1]{%
  \HCode{<span class="learning-outcome">#1</span>}
}
⟨/cfgXimera⟩
```

2.5.8 Labels and references

`\label` Labels and refs both generate anchors. A `\label` can be referenced from any file in the xourse.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\let\oldlabel\label
\renewcommand{\label}[1]{\oldlabel{#1}\HCode{<a class="ximera-label" id="#1"></a>}}
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

`\ref` A `\ref` can connect one TEX file to another if they are in the same xourse.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\renewcommand{\ref}[1]{\HCode{<a class="reference" href="\##1">#1</a>}}
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.6 Images

2.6.1 Images

`image`
`\xmDefaultGraphicsPath`

Place images inside an `image` environment. On paper, this centers the image. On the web, this provides additional benefits. Base graphicspath, deafult '/xmPictures'. Can only be changed BEFORE loading ximera.cls!

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
% Provide a default graphicspath
% (somewhat tricky: an activity can be included in a xourse in a wildly different path !)
% Suggested convention: put all images in i /pictures folder in the root of your project
\providecommand{\xmDefaultGraphicsPath}{/xmPictures}
\graphicspath{  %% When looking for images,
{./}            %% look here first,
{.\xmDefaultGraphicsPath/}   %% then look for a pictures folder,
{..\xmDefaultGraphicsPath/}   %% then look for a pictures folder,
{../..\xmDefaultGraphicsPath/}   %% then look for a pictures folder,
{../../..\xmDefaultGraphicsPath/}   %% then look for a pictures folder,
}
%\newenvironment{image}[1][]{\begin{center}}{\end{center}}
\NewEnviron{image}[1][3in]{%
  \begin{center}\resizebox{#1}{!}{\BODY}\end{center}% resize and center
}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

`\alt` Inside an `image` environment, `\alt` provides alt-text for assistive technology like screenreaders.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newcommand{\alt}[1]{}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

The `image` environment doesn't actually work in tex4ht as defined with NewEnviron; so this renewenvironment is needed. image-environment also gets formatted in a well, and when the user clicks on the image, it zooms in.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\newcounter{imagealt}
\setcounter{imagealt}{0}
\renewenvironment{image}[1][]{\stepcounter{imagealt}%
  \ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP%
  \HCode{<div class="image-environment" role="img" aria-labelledby="image-alt-\arabic{imageal
}{\HCode{</div>}}
\renewcommand{\alt}[1]{\HCode{<div style="display: none;" id="image-alt-\arabic{imagealt}">}
⟨/htXimera⟩
⟨*cfgXimera⟩
%%  Although we accept many formats, SVG is preferred on the web.
%%  Since we have a different mechanism for producing |alt| text, we
%%  want to ignore tex4ht's own method fo producing alt text.
%%  2024: is now in TeX4ht ...
% \DeclareGraphicsExtensions{.jpg,.png,.gif,.svg}
% \Configure{graphics*}
% {svg}{
%   {\Configure{Needs}{File: \Gin@base.svg}\Needs{}}
%   \Picture[]{\csname Gin@base\endcsname.svg \csname a:Gin-dim\endcsname}%
% }
⟨/cfgXimera⟩
```

This is a hack to kill `includegraphics` commands in `\documentclass{standalone}` files

```
⟨*cfgXimera⟩
\ifcsname ifstandalone\endcsname
  \ifstandalone
    \renewcommand\includegraphics[2][]{}
  \fi
⟨/cfgXimera⟩
```

PGF sometimes causes trouble, but we simply don't care in tex4ht mode.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\providecommand{\pgfsyspdfmark}[3]{}
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.6.2 TikZ export

2024: We DON NOT ANYMORE generate SVGs and PNGs for any TikZ images, via the "externalize" feature of TikZ.

Previously TikZ didn't compile natively into the website because of how the xake bake compilation works. In order to make Tikz work, you need to get the tool `mutool` on the machine that is performing `xake bake`.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
% everything skipped, assumle TeX4ht does the jjb now
\ifdefined\reallyneverever

\ifdefined\HCode
  \tikzexporttrue
\fi

\iftikzexport
  \usetikzlibrary{external}

  \ifdefined\HCode
```

```
    % in htlatex, just include the svg files
    \def\pgfsys@imagesuffixlist{.svg}

    \tikzexternalize[prefix=./,mode=graphics if exists]
  \else
    % in pdflatex, actually generate the svg files
    \tikzset{
      /tikz/external/system call={
        pdflatex \tikzexternalcheckshellescape
        -halt-on-error -interaction=batchmode
        -jobname "\image" "\\PassOptionsToClass{tikzexport}{ximera}\texsource";
        mutool draw -F svg \image.pdf > \image.svg ;     % mutool adds "1" to filename ????
        mutool draw -o \image.svg \image.pdf ;
        mutool draw -r 150 -c rgbalpha -o \image.png \image.pdf ;
        ebb -x \image.png
      }
    }
    \tikzexternalize[optimize=false,prefix=./]
  \fi

  \fi
\fi
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

2.6.3 XKCD

\xkcd Reference an XKCD cartoon.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newcommand{\xkcd}[1]{#1}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

On the web, this should be an image linked to the actual XKCD website.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\renewcommand{\xkcd}[1]{\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<img src="https://imgs.xkcd.com/co
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.7 Links

We put hyperref after all other packages becuase that is better.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
% Don't use hyperref when using Tex4ht
\ifdefined\HCode
\RequirePackage{hyperref}
\else
\RequirePackage[pdfpagelabels,colorlinks=true,allcolors=blue!30!black]{hyperref}
\pdfstringdefDisableCommands{\def\hskip{}}%% quiets warning
\fi
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

2.8 Interactives

2.8.1 Including widgets

\includeinteractive Cognate to includegraphics but instead of a graphics file, accepts a .js file which will be loaded as an interactive widget.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\define@key{interactive}{id}{\def\interactive@id{#1}}
\setkeys{interactive}{id=}
\newcommand{\includeinteractive}[2][]{
\setkeys*{interactive}{#1}%
\ifthenelse{\equal{\interactive@id}{}}{}{\recordvariable{\interactive@id}}
Interactive
}
```

```
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\renewcommand{\includeinteractive}[2][]{\stepcounter{identification}\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \I
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.8.2 Google Sheet

\googleSheet googleSheet command. Requires id, width, and height as arguments. optional arguments are gid for sheet ID and range for cell range. command definition

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
% Google Spreadsheet link (read only)
\newcommand{\googleSheet}[5]{%
  Google Spreadsheet link: \expandafter\url{\detokenize{https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/
}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\renewcommand{\googleSheet}[5]{%
  \ifthenelse{\equal{#4}{}}%
    {\HCode{<iframe width="#2px" height="#3px" src="https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/#1
    {\ifthenelse{\equal{#5}{}}%
       {\HCode{<iframe width="#2px" height="#3px" src="https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d
       {\HCode{<iframe width="#2px" height="#3px" src="https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d
    }%
  }%
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.8.3 Geogebra

\geogebra Geogebra command. Requires id, width, and height as arguments.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
%Geogebra link
\newcommand{\geogebra}[3]{GeoGebra link: \url{https://www.geogebra.org/m/#1}}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

Define keys for answer geogebra key=value pairs.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\define@key{geogebra}{rc}[true]{\def\geo@rc{#1}}
\define@key{geogebra}{sdz}[true]{\def\geo@sdz{#1}}
\define@key{geogebra}{smb}[true]{\def\geo@smb{#1}}
\define@key{geogebra}{stb}[true]{\def\geo@stb{#1}}
\define@key{geogebra}{stbh}[true]{\def\geo@stbh{#1}}
\define@key{geogebra}{ld}[true]{\def\geo@ld{#1}}
\define@key{geogebra}{sri}[true]{\def\geo@sri{#1}}
%set default key values
\setkeys{geogebra}{rc=false,sdz=false,smb=false,stb=false,stbh=false,ld=false,sri=false}
%command definition
\renewcommand{\geogebra}[4][]{%
  \setkeys{geogebra}{#1}% Set new keys
  \HCode{<iframe scrolling="no" src="https://www.geogebra.org/material/iframe/id/#2/width/#3/
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.8.4 Desmos

\desmos Desmos command. Requires id, width, and height as arguments.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newcommand{\desmos}[3]{Desmos link: \url{https://www.desmos.com/calculator/#1}}
\newcommand{\desmosThreeD}[3]{Desmos3D link: \url{https://www.desmos.com/3d/#1}}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\catcode`\%=11
\renewcommand{\desmos}[3]{\HCode{<iframe src="https://www.desmos.com/calculator/#1" width="10
\catcode`\%=14
```

```
\renewcommand{\desmosThreeD}[3]{\HCode{<iframe src="https://www.desmos.com/3d/#1" width="#2px
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.8.5 Graphs

\graph An embedded graph (in math mode).

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newcommand{\graph}[2][]{\text{Graph of $#2$}}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\renewcommand{\graph}[2][]{\HCode{<div class="graph" data-options="#1">}#2\HCode{</div>}}
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.8.6 Video

\youtube Youtube command. Requires id.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newcommand{\youtube}[1]{YouTube link: \url{https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=#1}}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
%% \renewcommand{\youtube}[1]{\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<div class="video youtube-pl
% Fixes no-youtube-when-no-cookies-accepted. Class xmyoutube allows for css customization.
\renewcommand{\youtube}[1]{\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<iframe class="xmyoutube" src="

⟨/htXimera⟩
```

Video commands are also emitted, slightly differently, when placed at top-level in a xourse file.

```
⟨*htXourse⟩
\renewcommand\youtube[1]{%
\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<a class="youtube" href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=
}
⟨/htXourse⟩
```

2.8.7 JavaScript

javascript Code inside a javascript environment is printed on paper, but executed on the web.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\DefineVerbatimEnvironment{javascript}{Verbatim}{numbers=left,frame=lines,label=JavaScript,la
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
% for programming javascript
\renewenvironment{javascript}{\NoFonts}{\EndNoFonts}
\ScriptEnv{javascript}{\stepcounter{identification}\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<div cl
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

\js Code inside a \js macro is evaluated and replaced with its value.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\def\js#1{\mbox{\texttt{\detokenize{#1}}}}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\def\js#1{\stepcounter{identification}\HCode{<span class="inline-javascript" id="javascript\a
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.9 SageMath support

Load SageTEX if it exists.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\IfFileExists{sagetex.sty}{\RequirePackage{sagetex}}{}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

`sageCell` Create an interactive SageMath widget.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\DefineVerbatimEnvironment{sageCell}{Verbatim}{numbers=left,frame=lines,label=SAGE,labelposit
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\renewenvironment{sageCell}{\NoFonts}{\EndNoFonts}
\ScriptEnv{sageCell}{\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<div class="sage"><script type="text/
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

`sageOutput` Execute SageMath code and output the result.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\DefineVerbatimEnvironment{sageOutput}{Verbatim}{numbers=left,frame=lines,label=SAGE-Output,l
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\renewenvironment{sageOutput}{\NoFonts}{\EndNoFonts}
\ScriptEnv{sageOutput}{\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<div class="sageOutput"><script typ
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

`sageSilent` Execute SageMath code without outputting the result.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
\ifdefined\sagesilent
  \renewenvironment{sagesilent}{\NoFonts}{\EndNoFonts}
\fi
\ScriptEnv{sagesilent}{\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<script type="text/sagemath">}\Html
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.10 Answerables

2.10.1 Answers

`\answer` A math answer

```
⟨*classXimera⟩

\ifdefined\HCode
\newcommand{\recordvariable}[1]{}
\else
\newwrite\idfile
\immediate\openout\idfile=\jobname.ids
\newcommand{\recordvariable}[1]{\ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{}{\immediate\write\idfile{var #1;}
\fi
```

Determines if answer is shown in handout mode. when `given=true`, show answer in handout mode, show answer in "given box" outside handout mode. When `given=false`, do not show answer in handout mode, show answer outside handout mode

```
\define@key{answer}{given}[true]{\def\ans@given{#1}}
```

Used for setting numeric answer tolerance for online student input.

```
\define@key{answer}{tolerance}{\def\ans@tol{#1}}
```

Used to run dynamic js code on student provided answers. Note: currently pdf outputs the validator code itself.

```
\define@key{answer}{validator}{}
```

Used for assigning a js ID to answer for dynamic code (eg validators).

```
\define@key{answer}{id}{\def\ans@id{#1}}
```

Used to set anticipated input format; eg "string".

```
\define@key{answer}{format}{}
```

Used to hide the answer input box on the web.

```
\define@key{answer}{onlinenoinput}[false]{}
```

Used to add a 'show answer' button to the answer blank.

```
\define@key{answer}{onlineshowanswerbutton}[false]{}
```

Set default values for \answer command key=value pairs. Default values are given = false.

```
\setkeys{answer}{id=,given=false,onlinenoinput=false,onlineshowanswerbutton=false}
```

Basic code for \answer.

```

% Options for handout
\newcommand{\answerFormatLength}{2cm}

\newcommand{\answerFormatDots}[1]{\ldots\ldots}
\newcommand{\answerFormatLine}[1]{\protect\rule{\answerFormatLength}{0.4pt}}
\newcommand{\answerFormatFlexibleLine}[1]{\protect\rule{\widthof{$#1$}*2}{0.4pt}}
\newcommand{\answerFormatFlexibleBox}[1]{\fbox{\scalebox{2}{\phantom{$#1$}}}}

% options for default (i.e with answers filled in)
\newcommand{\answerFormatPlain}[1]{\ensuremath{#1}}
\newcommand{\answerFormatBlue}[1]{\color{blue}\ensuremath{#1}}
\newcommand{\answerFormatBoxed}[1]{\fbox{\ensuremath{#1}}}
\newcommand{\answerFormatBoxedGiven}[1]{\underset{\scriptstyle\mathrm{given}}{\fbox{\ensurema

% defaults for handout and default mode, and for \answer[given]
\let\handoutAnswerFormat\answerFormatDots
\let\defaultAnswerFormat\answerFormatBlue
\let\givenAnswerFormat\answerFormatBoxedGiven

\newcommand{\answer}[2][]{%
\ifmmode%
\setkeys{answer}{#1}%
\recordvariable{\ans@id}
\ifthenelse{\boolean{\ans@given}}
{% Start then statement
\ifhandout
#2
\else
\givenAnswerFormat{#2} %% in case the argument helps formatting
\fi
}% End then statement
{% Start else statement
\ifhandout
\handoutAnswerFormat{#2} %% in case the argument helps formatting
\else% show answer in box outside handout mode
\defaultAnswerFormat{#2} %% in case the argument helps formatting
\fi
}% End else statement
\else%
\GenericError{\space\space\space\space}% Throw an error based on... something? -- Jason
{Attempt to use \@backslashchar answer outside of math mode}
{See https://github.com/ximeraProject/ximeraLatex for explanation.}
{Need to use either inline or display math.}%
\fi
}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

On the HTML side, \answer emits spans—but it is usually just handled directly by MathJax.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\renewcommand{\answer}[2][false]{\HCode{<span class="answer respondable">}#2\HCode{</span>}}

\def\validator[#1]{\stepcounter{identification}\HCode{<div class="validator" id="validator\a
\def\endvalidator{\HCode{</div>}}

⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.10.2 Multiple choice and the like

multipleChoice Multiple choice

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
% Jim: Originally this was \renewcommand{\theenumi}{$(\mathrm{\alph{enumi}})$}
% but that breaks tex4ht because mathmode can only be processed by mathjax.
% so now I made this just italicized.
```

2.10.3 Options

```
\define@key{choice}{value}[]{\def\choice@value{#1}}
```

This flags the answer as the correct answer

```
\define@boolkey{choice}{correct}[true]{\def\choice@correct{#1}}
```

Use an ID to refer to the choice.

```
\define@key{multipleChoice}{id}{\def\mc@id{#1}}
```

`\otherchoice` outputs the item if correct and nothing if incorrect.

```
\define@key{otherchoice}{value}[]{\def\otherchoice@value{#1}}
\define@boolkey{otherchoice}{correct}[true]{\def\otherchoice@correct{#1}}
```

Default key choices for multiple choice options. Default for choice pairs. Default: answers without the option ”correct=true” is ”incorrect”.

```
\setkeys{choice}{correct=false,value=}
```

Defaults for multipleChoice pairs. Default to no id? – Jason

```
\setkeys{multipleChoice}{id=}
```

Defaults for otherchoice pairs. Default ”otherchoice” to behave like ”choice” for error checking.

```
\setkeys{otherchoice}{correct=false,value=}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

2.10.4 Choices

\choice Like `\item` but for choice environments. choice command denotes a possible answer choice for the multiple choice question.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newcommand{\choice}[2][]{%
\setkeys{choice}{#1}%
\item{#2}
\ifthenelse{\boolean{\choice@correct}}
    {% Begin then result
    \ifhandout% if it's a handout do nothing.
    \else% otherwise place a checkmark when you select the "correct choice"... maybe? -- Jas
        \,\checkmark\,\setkeys{choice}{correct=false}
    \fi
    }% End then result
    {}% Begin/End else result.
}

%Define an expandable version of choice Not really meant to be used outside this package (use
% Is there a reason we can't just always use this as default? -- Jason
\newcommand{\choiceEXP}[2][]{%
\expandafter\setkeys\expandafter{choice}{#1}%
\item{#2}
\ifthenelse{\boolean{\choice@correct}}
{% Begin then result
\ifhandout
\else
\,\checkmark\,\setkeys{choice}{correct=false}
\fi
}% End then result
{}% Begin/End else result.
} %% note all the {} are needed in case the choice has [] in it.

% \otherchoice is the \choice used in wordChoice command.
```

```
\newcommand{\otherchoice}[2][]{%
\ignorespaces%
\setkeys{otherchoice}{#1}%
\ifthenelse{\boolean{\otherchoice@correct}}%
{% Start then result
#2\ignorespaces\setkeys{otherchoice}{correct=false}\ignorespaces%
}% End then result
{}% Start/End else result
\ignorespaces%
}%
\newcommand{\inlinechoice}[2][]{%
\setkeys{choice}{#1}%
\iffirstinlinechoice
(\hspace{-.25em}
\firstinlinechoicefalse
\else
/
\fi
#2
\ifthenelse{\boolean{\choice@correct}}%
{% Start then result
\ifhandout\else\checkmark\ignorespaces\setkeys{choice}{correct=false}\ignorespaces\fi%
}% End then result
{}% Start/End else result
\hspace{-.25em}\ignorespaces%
}

⟨/classXimera⟩
```

On the HTML side, `\choice` emits `<span>`s.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\newcounter{choiceId}
\renewcommand{\choice}[2][]{%
\setkeys{choice}{correct=false}%
\setkeys{choice}{#1}%
\stepcounter{choiceId}\IgnorePar%
\HCode{<span class="choice }%
\ifthenelse{\boolean{\choice@correct}}{\HCode{correct}}{}
\HCode{" }
\ifthenelse{\equal{\choice@value}{}}{}{\HCode{data-value="\choice@value" }}
\HCode{id="choice\arabic{choiceId}">}%
#2\HCode{</span>}}
\let\inlinechoice\choice
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.10.5 Environment(s)

`multipleChoice`

The environment `multipleChoice@` is for internal use only. Wrap `\choice`s in a `multipleChoice` environment to make a multiple choice question.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newenvironment{multipleChoice}[1][]
{% Environment Start Code
\setkeys{multipleChoice}{#1}%
\recordvariable{\mc@id}%
\begin{trivlist}
\item[\hskip \labelsep\small\bfseries \GetTranslation{Multiple Choice}:]\hfil
\begin{enumerate}
}% Note this means that \item has to be the first line after \begin{multipleChoice}.
{% Environment End Code
\end{enumerate}
\end{trivlist}
}

%multipleChoice@ is for internal use only! (used in wordChoice)
```

```
%this is simply a wrapper for the sole showing (other)choice.
\newenvironment{multipleChoice@}[1][]{}{}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

On the web, you might also expect these to be ”problem environments” but they aren’t – they’re respondables. You might expect a `\setcounter{choiceId}{0}` here — that would be wrong, because then the generated IDs would no longer be unique.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\renewenvironment{multipleChoice}[1][]
{\setkeys{multipleChoice}{#1}%
\stepcounter{identification}\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<div class="multiple-choice" 
\ifthenelse{\equal{\mc@id}{}}{}{\HCode{data-id="\mc@id" }}%
\HCode{id="problem\arabic{identification}" titletext=" \GetTranslation{Multiple Choice}">}%
}{\HCode{</div>}\IgnoreIndent}
\ConfigureEnv{multipleChoice}{}{}{}{}
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.11 Word choice

`\wordChoice` An in-line version of multipleChoice: uses enumitem package note, it is coded as a single line to avoid unwanted spaces in “given” mode.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newcommand{\wordChoice}[1]{%
\let\choicetemp\choice% Assign a "choicetemp" command to duplicate choice.
\ifwordchoicegiven% If wordchoice option is on, we need to juggle around some definitions.
\let\choice\otherchoice%
%\begin{multipleChoice@}% -unnecessary (REMOVE THIS LINE IF THE YEAR IS 2019 or Beyond)
#1
%\end{multipleChoice@}% -unnecessary (REMOVE THIS LINE IF THE YEAR IS 2019 or Beyond)
\else% If it isn't the regular "choice" command should work.
\let\choice\inlinechoice%
\begin{multipleChoice@}%
#1%
\end{multipleChoice@}%
\fi%
\let\choice\choicetemp% Now that choicetmp has been manipulated to what we want, replace choi
}%


⟨/classXimera⟩
```

This is actually just word choice

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\renewenvironment{multipleChoice@}{\refstepcounter{problem}}{}%
\ConfigureEnv{multipleChoice@}{\stepcounter{identification}\IgnorePar\HCode{<span class="word
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.12 Select all

`selectAll` A multiple-multiple choice question

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newenvironment{selectAll}[1][]
{\begin{trivlist}\item[\hskip \labelsep\small\bfseries \GetTranslation{Select All Correct Ans
    {\end{enumerate}\end{trivlist}}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

In the future we need this to (optionally) be displayed in the problem, while the actual code lives in the solution. Here is how this could be implemented: Like the title/maketitle commands, the multiple-choice could be stored in `\themultiplechoice`, flip a boolean, and execute `\makemultiplechoice` at the `\end` of the problem. We should also make a command called `\showchoices` that will show choices in the handout.

On the web, `selectAll` is handled just like `multipleChoice`.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
```

```
\renewenvironment{selectAll}{\refstepcounter{problem}}{}%
\ConfigureEnv{selectAll}{\stepcounter{identification}\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<div
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.12.1 Free response

freeResponse A freeform input box.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newboolean{given} %% required for freeResponse
\setboolean{given}{true} %% could be replaced by a key=value pair later if needed

\ifhandout
\newenvironment{freeResponse}[1][false]%
{%
\def\givenatend{\boolean{#1}}
\ifthenelse{\boolean{#1}}
{% Begin then result
\begin{trivlist}
\item
}% End then result
{% Begin else result
\setbox0\vbox\bgroup
}% End else result
% {}% Don't think this is doing anything? -- Jason
}
{%
\ifthenelse{\givenatend}
{% Begin then result
\end{trivlist}
}% End then result
{% Begin else result
\egroup
}% End else result
% {}% Don't think this is doing anything? -- Jason
}
\else
\newenvironment{freeResponse}[1][false]%
{% Environment Beginning Code
  \ifthenelse{\boolean{#1}}%% Could probably change this with just putting the (given) in th
   {% Begin then result
   \begin{trivlist}
   \item[\hskip \labelsep\bfseries \GetTranslation{Free Response (Given)}:\hspace{2ex}]
   }% End then result
{% Begin else result
\begin{trivlist}
\item[\hskip \labelsep\bfseries \GetTranslation{Free Response}:\hspace{2ex}]
}% End else result
}
{% Environment Ending Code
\end{trivlist}
}
\fi

⟨/classXimera⟩
⟨*htXimera⟩

\renewenvironment{freeResponse}{\refstepcounter{problem}}{}%
\ConfigureEnv{freeResponse}{\stepcounter{identification}\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<
 
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.12.2 Feedback

feedback An initially hidden environment that uncovers itself at an appropriate time. New Validator rewrite code added by Jason Nowell. Original code provided by Jim Fowler. Validator is an environment designed to run a custom check on answers (usually) using javascript code.

Define a placeholder command for validator and feedback.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newcommand{\PH@Command}{}
```

Validator should take an argument and detokenize it and display it at the start of the environment. The original Validator environment had everything framed in an mbox; presumably to make the text look a bit nicer, although this seems redundant with `texttt`. It shouldn't cause any harm so I have left it in for now.

```
\newenvironment{validator}[1][]{
\def\PH@Command{#1}% Use PH@Command to hold the content and be a target for "\expandafter" to
\mbox{\texttt{\detokenize\expandafter{\PH@Command}}}% Now expand PH@Command once and then det
}{}
```

First, if it's a handout, we want feedback to eat everything and then disappear entirely. So we do this:

```
\ifhandout%
\newenvironment{feedback}
           {%
 \setbox0\vbox\bgroup
     }
           {%
 \egroup
     }
```

If this isn't a handout, then we want to display the Feedback by using a label, positioned and formated as a `\item` in a trivlist. It is important that we also detokenize the content of the optional argument, as it is likely to contain javascript or other code that latex won't be able to make sense of.

```
\else

\newenvironment{feedback}[1][attempt]{

\edef\PH@Command{\GetTranslation{#1}}% Use PH@Command to hold the content and be a target for

\begin{trivlist}% Begin the trivlist to use formating of the "Feedback" label.
\item[\hskip \labelsep\small\slshape\bfseries \GetTranslation{Feedback}% Format the "Feedback
\ifonlineTF{% If the feedback is on a pdf, we don't need to detokenize - which messes with th
(\texttt{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter{\PH@Command}})}% Keep the online version the sa
{(\expandafter\texttt{\PH@Command})}:% No need for detokenize in the pdf version
\hspace{2ex}]\small\slshape% Insert some space before the actual feedback given.
}{
\end{trivlist}
}

\fi
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

Feedback environments take an optional parameter (which describes when the feedback is to be provided)

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\def\feedback{\@ifnextchar[{\@feedbackcode}{\@feedbackattempt}}
\def\@feedbackattempt{\@feedbackcode[attempt]}
\def\@feedbackcode[#1]{\stepcounter{identification}%
\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP%
\ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{attempt}}{\HCode{<div class="feedback" data-feedback="attempt" id="fee
{\ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{correct}}{\HCode{<div class="feedback" data-feedback="correct" id="fe
{\HCode{<div class="feedback" data-feedback="script" id="feedback\arabic{identification}" ti
\def\endfeedback{\HCode{</div>}\IgnoreIndent}
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.12.3 Ungraded activities

ungraded

The `ungraded` environment is used to record that certain parts of activities should not be worth points. For example, if you want to use a multipleChoice as a survey question, you can place it inside an `ungraded` environment. On the LaTeX side, the `ungraded` environment does nothing.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\newenvironment{ungraded}{}{}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

But on the html side, `ungraded` wraps the activities in a div in order to assign some weight to them for grading.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\renewenvironment{ungraded}{%
\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<div class="ungraded">}\IgnoreIndent%
}{
\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{</div>}\IgnoreIndent%
}
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

2.13 Support for the web

2.13.1 MathJax support

When using mathjax, dump all the `\newcommand`s to a `.jax` file.

First, create the `.jax` file. Redefine newcommand appropriately.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
%% Pre-202412: .jax file written in non-\HCode, and in a next run inserted by ximera.cfg in
%% Post-202501: .mjax file written only in \HCode, and in luaxake post-processing inserted i
%%   ( used luaxake rather than sed ...)
\newwrite\myfile
\ifdefined\HCode
\immediate\openout\myfile=\jobname.xmjax

%% From |only.dtx| we must also create |prompt| on the MathJax side.
\immediate\write\myfile{\unexpanded{\newenvironment}{prompt}{}{}}

%% Write all newcommands to .xmjax file, that will be included in the .html via luaxake
\let\@oldargdef\@argdef
\long\def\@argdef#1[#2]#3{%
\immediate\write\myfile{\unexpanded{\newcommand}{\unexpanded{#1}}[\unexpanded{#2}]{\unexpand
\@oldargdef#1[#2]{#3}%
}

%% Same for \DeclareMathOperator
\let\@OldDeclareMathOperator\DeclareMathOperator
\renewcommand{\DeclareMathOperator}[2]{\@OldDeclareMathOperator{#1}{#2}\immediate\write\myfi

\fi


⟨/classXimera⟩
```

Include the jax'ed newcommands (pre-202412 versions ....)

```
⟨*cfgXimera⟩

% 202501: removed sed-manipulation of .jax file; see luaxake now

\Configure{BVerbatimInput}{}{}{}{}

\Configure{verbatiminput}{}{}{}{}

% Instead of a nonbreaking space, use a standard space
\makeatletter
```

```
\def\FV@Space{\space}
\makeatother

% Include the (problem-?) .ids in a text/javascript script right at the beginning of the bod
\Configure{BODY}{%
\HCode{<body>\Hnewline}%
\Tg<div class="preamble">%
%% 202501: removed .jax inclusion  (see luaxake)

%% Include the .ids file
\IfFileExists{\jobname.ids}{\HCode{<script type="text/javascript">\Hnewline}%
\BVerbatimInput{\jobname.ids}%
\HCode{</script>\Hnewline}%
}{}
\Tg</div>%
}{%
\ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\EndP\HCode{</body>\Hnewline}%
}

% 202501: removed ’prevent spaces as in  "\begin {align}": this is done in luaxake now

% This is a fix for the LAODE book, which uses matlabEquation as if it were an equation
\ScriptEnv{matlabEquation}{\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<script type="math/tex; mode=d
```

```
⟨/cfgXimera⟩
```

2.13.2 Semantic HTML

`\textbf` Using `\textbf` emits a `<strong>` tag.

```
⟨*cfgXimera⟩
\Configure{textbf}{\ifvmode\ShowPar\fi\HCode{<strong>}}{\HCode{</strong>}}
⟨/cfgXimera⟩
```

`\textit` Using `\textit` or similar emits an `<em>` tag.

```
⟨*cfgXimera⟩
\Configure{textit}{\ifvmode\ShowPar\fi\HCode{<em>}}{\HCode{</em>}}
\Configure{emph}{\ifvmode\ShowPar\fi\HCode{<em>}}{\HCode{</em>}}
⟨/cfgXimera⟩
```

`\texttt` Using `\texttt` emits a `<code>` tag.

```
⟨*cfgXimera⟩
\Configure{texttt}{\ifvmode\ShowPar\fi\HCode{<code>}}{\HCode{</code>}}
⟨/cfgXimera⟩
```

2.14 Tools

2.14.1 Suppress

`suppress` The suppress environment is a good way to suppress output without commenting it. This way we can avoid many of the places we use environ package and this should also avoid most of the verbatim conflicts. This is code adapted from `syntonly.sty`.

```
⟨*classXimera⟩
\font\dummyft@=dummy \relax
\def\suppress{%
  \begingroup\par
  \parskip\z@
  \offinterlineskip
  \baselineskip=\z@skip
  \lineskip=\z@skip
  \lineskiplimit=\maxdimen
  \dummyft@
  \count@\sixt@@n
  \loop\ifnum\count@ >\z@
    \advance\count@\m@ne
    \textfont\count@\dummyft@
    \scriptfont\count@\dummyft@
    \scriptscriptfont\count@\dummyft@
  \repeat
  \let\selectfont\relax
  \let\mathversion\@gobble
  \let\getanddefine@fonts\@gobbletwo
  \tracinglostchars\z@
  \frenchspacing
  \hbadness\@M}
\def\endsuppress{\par\endgroup}
⟨/classXimera⟩
```

2.14.2 The End

It seems that some of the files need to conclude with something or another.

```
⟨*htXimera⟩
\Hinput{ximera}
⟨/htXimera⟩
```

```
⟨*htXourse⟩
\Hinput{xourse}
⟨/htXourse⟩
```

```
⟨*cfgXimera⟩
\begin{document}
\EndPreamble
⟨/cfgXimera⟩
```

3 xourse.cls

```
⟨*classXourse⟩
```

notoc The default behavior of the class is to provide a table of contents listing all activities in the course. This option will supress this table of contents.

```
\newif\ifnotoc
\notocfalse
\DeclareOption{notoc}{\notoctrue}
```

nonewpage The default behavior of the class is to start each activity on a new page. This option will start activities without making a new page.

```
\newif\ifnonewpage
\nonewpagefalse
\DeclareOption{nonewpage}{\nonewpagetrue}
```

```
\DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{ximera}}
\ProcessOptions\relax
\LoadClass{ximera}
%    \begin{macrocode}
⟨/classXourse⟩
```

3.1 Activities

The core of the `xourse` system. It works by redefining the `document` environment, thus making the `\begin` and `\end{document}` of the subfile 'transparent' to the inclusion. The redefinition of `\documentclass` is analogous, just having a required and an optional arguments which mean nothing to `\subfile`.

```
⟨*classXourse⟩
\newcommand{\skip@preamble}{%
    \let\document\relax\let\enddocument\relax%
    \newenvironment{document}{\let\input\otherinput}{}%
    \renewcommand{\documentclass}[2][subfiles]{}}
```

Note that the new command `\subfile` calls for `\skip@preamble` *within a group*. The changes to `document` and `\documentclass` are undone after the inclusion of the subfile.

Numbering starts a page too soon without this:

```
\let\otherinput\input
```

Store usual `\maketitle` as `\othermaketitle`

```
\let\othermaketitle\maketitle
```

`\maketitle` In a xourse file, `\maketitle` is redefined to give course packet title page and toc.

```
\renewcommand{\maketitle}{ %
\pagestyle{empty}
\begin{center}
~\\ %puts space at top of page to move title down.
\vskip .25\textheight
\hrulefill\\
\vskip 1em
\bfseries{\Huge \@title} \\
\hrulefill\\
\vskip 3em
{\Large \@author}
\vskip 2em
{\large \@date}
\end{center}
\clearpage
```

When `notoc` option is used, we do not include a table of contents. Otherwise we include a table of contents in every course packet.

```
\ifnotoc
\else
  \tableofcontents\clearpage
  \clearpage
\fi
```

Switch to main pagestyle, just like a document with documentclass ximera.

```
\pagestyle{main}
```

Renew maketitle to usual definition.

```
\let\maketitle\othermaketitle
```

And we finish with our redefinition of `\maketitle`.

```
}
\relax
⟨/classXourse⟩
```

3.1.1 Regular activities

`\activity` Documents included with `\activity` will be included in the body of the xourse document. Any `\input` commands within included ximera documents will be ignored. Any `\usepackage` commands within included ximera documents will cause an error. Overlapping `\newcommand` definitions within multiple ximera documents included simultaneously will cause an error. The `\activity` command inputs the file name provided without `\documentclass`, without `\begin{document}`/`\end{document}` and without any inputs in the preamble of the included file.

```
⟨*classXourse⟩
\ifnonewpage
\newcommand{\activity}[2][]{%
\setkeys{activity}{#1}
  \renewcommand{\input}[1]{}
  \begingroup\skip@preamble\otherinput{#2}\endgroup\par\vspace{\topsep}
  \let\input\otherinput}
\else
\newcommand{\activity}[2][]{%
\setkeys{activity}{#1}
  \renewcommand{\input}[1]{}
  \begingroup\skip@preamble\otherinput{#2}\endgroup\clearpage
  \let\input\otherinput}
\fi
\relax
⟨/classXourse⟩
```

```
⟨*htXourse⟩
\renewcommand\activity[2][]{%
\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<a class="activity card \activitystyle" href="#2" data-op
}
⟨/htXourse⟩
```

When running xake, we can just ignore activities

```
⟨*classXourse⟩
\ifxake
\renewcommand\activity[2][]{}
\fi
⟨/classXourse⟩
```

3.1.2 Practice activities

\practice Like \activity but not expecting a title.

```
⟨*classXourse⟩
\ifhandout
\newcommand{\practice}[2][]{
\setkeys{practice}{#1}%!!!!!
  \renewcommand{\input}[1]{}
  \begingroup\skip@preamble\otherinput{#2}\endgroup
  \let\input\otherinput}
\else
\newcommand{\practice}[2][]{\texttt{\detokenize{#2}}%% gives file name for practice
\setkeys{practice}{#1}%!!!!!
  \renewcommand{\input}[1]{}
  \begingroup\skip@preamble\otherinput{#2}\endgroup
  \let\input\otherinput}
\fi
\relax
⟨/classXourse⟩
```

The practice environment does nothing, but will eventually produce exercises at the end of an activity

```
⟨*classXourse⟩
\ifxake
\renewcommand\practice[2][]{}
\fi
⟨/classXourse⟩
```

I suppose it is reasonable for practice cards to NOT have an activitystyle, since the activitystyle is basically PRACTICE.

```
⟨*htXourse⟩
\renewcommand\practice[2][]{%
  \ifvmode\IgnorePar\fi\EndP%
  \HCode{<a class="activity card practice" href="#2" data-options="#1">#2</a>}%
  \IgnoreIndent%
}
⟨/htXourse⟩
```

3.2 Sectioning

Makes the table of contents look a bit better. This can be redefined in the preamble if \section you do not like the appearance. The name of a section inside an activity.

```
⟨*classXourse⟩
\renewcommand*\l@section{\@dottedtocline{1}{1.5em}{4.2em}}
⟨/classXourse⟩
```

\subsection The name of a subsection inside an activity.

```
⟨*classXourse⟩
\renewcommand*\l@subsection{\@dottedtocline{2}{3.8em}{4.2em}}
⟨/classXourse⟩
```

\part Xourse files can have parts. The name of a large part of a xourse.

```
⟨*htXourse⟩
\newcounter{ximera@part}
\setcounter{ximera@part}{0}
\renewcommand\part[1]{%
\stepcounter{ximera@part}%
\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP%
%\HCode{<h1 id="part\arabic{ximera@part}" class="card part">}#1\HCode{</h1>}% makes cards di
\HCode{<h1 id="part\arabic{ximera@part}" class="card part">#1</h1>}%
\IgnoreIndent%
}
⟨/htXourse⟩
```

\paragraph Paragraph commands emit spans. A small heading.

```
⟨*cfgXimera⟩
\renewcommand{\paragraph}[1]{%
  \HCode{<span class="paragraphHead">}%
  #1%
  \HCode{</span>}\par\IgnorePar}
⟨/cfgXimera⟩
```

\subparagraph An even smaller heading.

```
⟨*cfgXimera⟩
\renewcommand{\subparagraph}[1]{%
  \HCode{<span class="subparagraphHead">}%
  #1%
  \HCode{</span>}\par\IgnorePar}
⟨/cfgXimera⟩
```

3.3 Grading by points

graded The graded environment does nothing in latex, but in html, it wraps the activities in a div in order to assign some weight to them for grading.

```
⟨*classXourse⟩
\newenvironment{graded}[1]{}{}
⟨/classXourse⟩
```

So indeed this environment in html wraps the activities in a div in order to assign some number of points to them.

```
⟨*htXourse⟩
\renewenvironment{graded}[1]{%
\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{<div class="graded" data-weight="#1">}\IgnoreIndent%
}{
\ifvmode \IgnorePar\fi \EndP\HCode{</div>}\IgnoreIndent%
}
⟨/htXourse⟩
```

3.4 Logos

\logo A logo for the xourse.

```
⟨*classXourse⟩
\newcommand*{\logo}[1]{%
  \ifx\@onlypreamble\@notprerr
    \ClassError{xourse}{logo can only be used in the preamble}
      {Move your logo command to the preamble}
  \else %
    \IfFileExists{#1}%
      {\gdef\xourse@logo{#1}}%
      {\ClassError{xourse}{logo file does not exist}
```

```
        {To use logo, make sure that the referenced image file exists}}%
  \fi%
}

⟨/classXourse⟩
```

The xourse logo is an `og:image` in the opengraph taxonomy.

```
⟨*htXourse⟩
\Configure{@HEAD}{%
  \HCode{<meta name="og:image" content="}%
\ifdefined\xourse@logo%
  \xourse@logo%
\fi%
\HCode{" />\Hnewline}}%
⟨/htXourse⟩
```