

CS 302
QUIZ 9

5 December, 2017

ANSWER

$G = (\{S, A, B\}, \{a, b, c\}, R, S)$ where productions are :

$R : S \rightarrow SA / a ; A \rightarrow BS / Bb ; B \rightarrow cA$

- Eliminate left recursion : $S \rightarrow aC ; C \rightarrow AC / e$

- Eliminate common left symbol $B : A \rightarrow BD ; D \rightarrow S / b$ and keep on substituting for variables to yield : $R' : S \rightarrow aC ; A \rightarrow cAD ; C \rightarrow cADC / e ; D \rightarrow aC / b ; B \rightarrow cA$

The new grammar is $G' = (\{S, A, B, C, D\}, \{a, b, c\}, R', S)$; but the variable A is nongenerative ; after removing $A ; D, B, b$ and c all become nonreachable hence after removing these useless symbols and the productions of the variables the grammar becomes $G'' = (\{S, C\}, \{a\}, R'', S)$ where $R'' : S \rightarrow aC ; C \rightarrow e$

which further simplifies to $G''' = (\{S\}, \{a\}, R''', S)$ where $R''' : S \rightarrow a$