

$$(p' \wedge (q \rightarrow p)) \rightarrow p' \equiv 1$$

prove it is true



p	q	p'	q → p	p' ∧ (q → p)	(p' ∧ (q → p)) → p'
1	1	0	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0	0	1
0	0	1	1	1	1

as we can see for all combinations of p and q the statement is always true which means it is a tautology.