

Fall 2019

SABANCI UNIVERSITY
Faculty of Engineering and Natural Sciences
CS 302 Automata Theory

Final Examination

Closed (Book+Notes+All Electronic Devices)

Duration : 150 minutes

<i>Q1</i>	
<i>Q2</i>	
<i>Q3</i>	
<i>Q4</i>	
<i>Total</i>	

Question 1 (25 points)

(a)(6 pts) Construct an ε -NFA X with not more than 5 states that accepts the language corresponding to the regular expression $E = ((0.1)^* + 1^*)^*$. Carefully specify the initial and the final states of X .

(b)(6 pts) Construct an NFA Y (*without* ε -transitions and with the **same states** as those of X) that is equivalent to X . Carefully specify the initial state(s) and the final state(s) of Y

(c)(7 pts) Compute a DFA Z that is equivalent to Y .

(d)(6 pts) Compute a minimal state DFA W that is equivalent to Z . Try to express the language symbolized by E in a simple *natural language*.

Question 2 (25 points)

(a)(13 pts) Consider the CFG, $G = (V, T, R, S)$ where

$V = \{Zero, One, S\}$, $T = \{0, 1\}$ and R is given by the following productions:

$S \rightarrow 0 Zero S \mid 1 One S \mid \epsilon$

$Zero \rightarrow 0 Zero Zero \mid 1$

$One \rightarrow 1 One One \mid 0$

First write down a leftmost derivation for the string **011010** generated by G and then state the language L_G generated by the grammar CFG, G above.

(b)(12 pts) Construct a PDA $P = (Q, \Sigma, \Gamma, \delta, q_0, Z_0, F)$ that accepts the language :

$L = (\omega \in \{0, 1\}^* \mid \omega = 0^n 1^{n+1}, n \geq 0)$ by final state. Is your PDA deterministic (a DPDA)? If not convert it to a DPDA.

Question 3 (25 points)

(a) (7 pts) State the definitions of (i) *Chomsky Normal Form*, and (ii) *Greibach Normal Form* for a Context Free Grammar $G(V, T, R, S)$.

(b) (8pts) Consider the CFG, $G = (\{X, S\}, \{a, b, c\}, R, S)$ where R is composed of the following productions :

$$S \rightarrow aSc \mid X \mid e$$

$$X \rightarrow aXb \mid e$$

First compute a leftmost derivation for the string a^3bc^2 generated by G and, in general, state the language L_G generated by G .

(c) (10 pts) Compute the *Chomsky Normal Form* for G .

Question 4 (25 points)

Given a *TM* M with the tabular description below, initial configuration of M is $(s, \underline{\#} w)$ and *LeftShift* is a *TM* defined by $(s, z \# w \#) \vdash_{LeftShift}^* (h, z w \#)$ where z and w are arbitrary strings and w has no $\#$'s (*blanks*) in it.

<i>Label TM</i>	<i>Condition</i>	<i>TM</i>
$>A=R$	$\sigma \neq \#$	$S . R_{\#} . R_{\#} . \sigma . L_S . \sigma . A$
	$\sigma = \#$	$R_{\#} . LeftShift . L_{\#} . h$

(a) (15 pts) For the *TM* M above, compute *step-by-step*, relative to the *basic TMs* used in the table, the tape configurations starting with the initial configuration $(s, \underline{\#} ab)$ where a and b are *single events* of the string ab of length 2.

(b) (10 pts) Compute the final *halted* configuration corresponding to the *general* initial configuration $(s, \underline{\#} w)$ where w is any input string with no $\#$'s in it.