

Spring 2021

SABANCI UNIVERSITY
Faculty of Engineering and Natural Sciences
CS 302 Automata Theory

Remote Final Examination

Closed (Book+Notes+All Electronic Devices)

Duration : 150 minutes

<i>Q1</i>	
<i>Q2</i>	
<i>Q3</i>	
<i>Q4</i>	
<i>Total</i>	

Question 1 (25 points)

A language $L \subseteq \{1\}^*$ has the property that the number of 1's in each of its strings is either an **even number** (0 is an even number) ; OR is divisible by 3.

- (a) (10 pts) Construct an NFA A that accepts L .
- (b) (8 pts) Construct a minimal state DFA B that accepts L .
- (c) (7 pts) Write down a **regular expression** E for L .

Question 2 (25 points)

Consider the 3 languages :

$L_1 = (\omega \in \{a,b,c\}^* \mid a^s b^t c^r ; s = t = r \geq 0)$; $L_2 = (\omega \in \{a,b,c\}^* \mid a^s b^t c^r ; s > t \geq 0 ; r \geq 0)$;

$L_3 = (\omega \in \{a,b,c\}^* \mid a^s b^t c^r ; s+t+r \text{ is an even number})$

For each case state whether the language in question is **regular**? is **context-free** but not **regular**? is not **context-free**. For each case **prove your conclusion** by constructing either an NFA; a CFG (or a PDA) or by using the relevant version of the pumping lemma.

Question 3 (25 points)

Consider the language $L = (\omega \in \{a,b,c\}^* \mid a^s b^t c^r ; s \geq t \geq 0 ; t+r = \text{even number} ; t,r \geq 0)$

Is L a CFL? If so either construct a PDA P that accepts L or a CFG G that generates L whichever you find more convenient. If not prove your claim.

Question 4 (25 points)

Consider the language $L = (\omega \in \{0,1\}^* \mid \omega = u.v ; u,v \in \{0,1\}^* ; v \text{ is obtained from } u \text{ by interchanging the } 0\text{'s and } 1\text{'s in } u)$

Construct a possibly **2-tape** and **non-deterministic** TM M that decides L .