Answers of Exercises Module Frequency Response FIR filter

$\underline{Note:}$

 $\bullet\,$ The symbol [P] in the margin of an exercise denotes there is a pencast available.

Exercise 1

$$|H(e^{j\theta})| = 9 - 6\cos(\theta) + 2\cos(2\theta)$$
 and $\angle \{H(e^{j\theta})\} = -2\theta$

Exercise 2

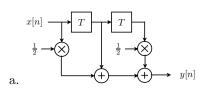
a. $H(e^{j\theta}) = -1 + 2e^{-j\theta} - e^{-j2\theta}$

b. $y[n] = 10\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}n - \frac{\pi}{6})$

c. $y[n] = h[n] = -\delta[n] + 2\delta[n-1] - \delta[n-2]$

d. $y[n] = u[n] \star h[n] = -\delta[n] + \delta[n-1]$

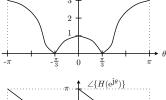
Exercise 3

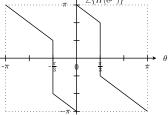


b. $y[n] = 12\cos(\frac{\pi}{3}n - \frac{\pi}{2})$

Exercise 4

$$H(e^{\mathbf{j}\theta}) = (1 - 2\cos(\theta)) \cdot e^{-\mathbf{j}\theta}$$

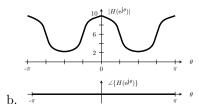




Exercise 5

a.

$$H(e^{j\theta}) = 6 + 4\cos(2\theta)$$



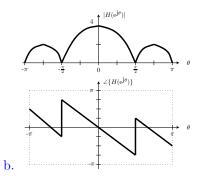
c.

$$y[n] = 100 - 20\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}(n-1))$$

Exercise 6

a.

$$H(e^{j\theta}) = \left(\frac{\sin(2\theta)}{\sin(\frac{1}{2}\theta)}\right) \cdot e^{-j(\frac{3}{2})\theta}$$



c. $\theta_0 = \frac{\pi}{2}$ since

$$x[n] = 1 + 2\cos(n\frac{\pi}{2}) \quad \mapsto \quad y[n] = 4$$

Exercise 7

a. Band-stop filter.

b.

$$H(e^{j\theta}) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}e^{-j4\theta} \quad \circ \circ \quad h[n] = \frac{1}{2}\delta[n] + \frac{1}{2}\delta[n-4]$$

$$\downarrow^{x[n]} \qquad \downarrow^{\frac{1}{2}} \longrightarrow \swarrow \qquad \downarrow^{\frac{1}{2}} \longrightarrow \swarrow$$

Exercise 8

a.

$$y_3[n] = x_3[n-1] - x_3[n-2] \Rightarrow h_3[n] = \delta[n-1] - \delta[n-2]$$

b.

$$H_1(e^{j\theta}) = 1 + e^{-j2\theta}$$
 $H_2(e^{j\theta}) = 7e^{-j5\theta} + 7e^{-j6\theta}$

c.

$$H(e^{j\theta}) = 7e^{-j6\theta} - 7e^{-j10\theta}$$

 $\mathrm{d}.$

$$h[n] = 7\delta[n-6] - 7\delta[n-10]$$

Exercise 9

[P2]

a.
$$H(\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{j}\theta}) = 1 + \mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{j}3\theta} \quad \circ \longrightarrow \quad h[n] = \delta[n] + \delta[n-3]$$

b. The system filters out frequencies $\theta=\pm\pi$ and $\theta=\pm\frac{\pi}{3}.$

c.

$$y[n] = 6 + \delta[n-2] + \delta[n-5] + \sqrt{2}\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}n + \frac{\pi}{2})$$

Exercise 10

a.

$$H_1(e^{\mathbf{j}\theta}) = 1 - \alpha e^{-\mathbf{j}\theta}$$

b.

$$H_2(e^{\mathbf{j}\theta}) = \frac{1 - \alpha^6 e^{-\mathbf{j}6\theta}}{1 - \alpha e^{-\mathbf{j}\theta}}.$$

c.

$$H(e^{j\theta}) = 1 - \alpha^6 e^{-j6\theta} \quad \text{o-o} \quad h[n] = \delta[n] - \alpha^6 \delta[n-6]$$

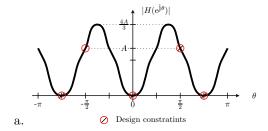
 $\mathrm{d}.$

$$h[n] = h_1[n] \star h_2[n] = \delta[n] - \alpha^6 \delta[n-6]$$

Exercise 11

$$y(t) = 20 + 6\sqrt{2}\cos(2000\pi t + \frac{\pi}{12}).$$

Exercise 12



b. The filter must be the first filter $H_1(e^{j\theta})$ and we must choose $f_{s,a}$.