



Exploring MySQL Best Practices for ORACLE DBA's

baruch osoveskiy baruch@brillix.co.il



About Me Baruch osoveskiy

- Senior Consultant @ brillix.co.il
- Linux-Unix SYSADMIN form 1997
- DBA on Oracle and MySQL Since 2000
- Working with unstructured Data ("big data") since
 2000 like text and spatial images etc..
- Now Mostly Working with Elasticsearch,
 PostgreSQL, MySQL, Mongo dB





- In the end will be Q&A slide –
 you can ask question I will try to answer
- The Demo will be in github :

https://github.com/barucho/

My blog

https://github.com/barucho

You can send me question :

baruch@brillix.com

You can find more presentations on

http://www.slideshare.net/baruchosoveskiy





The History Of The Dolphin

The History Of The Dolphin

- 1979 Founded and developed by David Axmark, Allan Larsson, and Michael "Monty" Widenius
- Named after Monty's daughter, My
- Sun acquired MySQL AB in Jan 2008 for \$1 billion dollars
- Oracle acquired Sun in 2010 for \$5.6 billion dollars
- 4 December 2012 David Axmark, Allan Larsson, and Michael "Monty" Widenius announced
 MariaDB



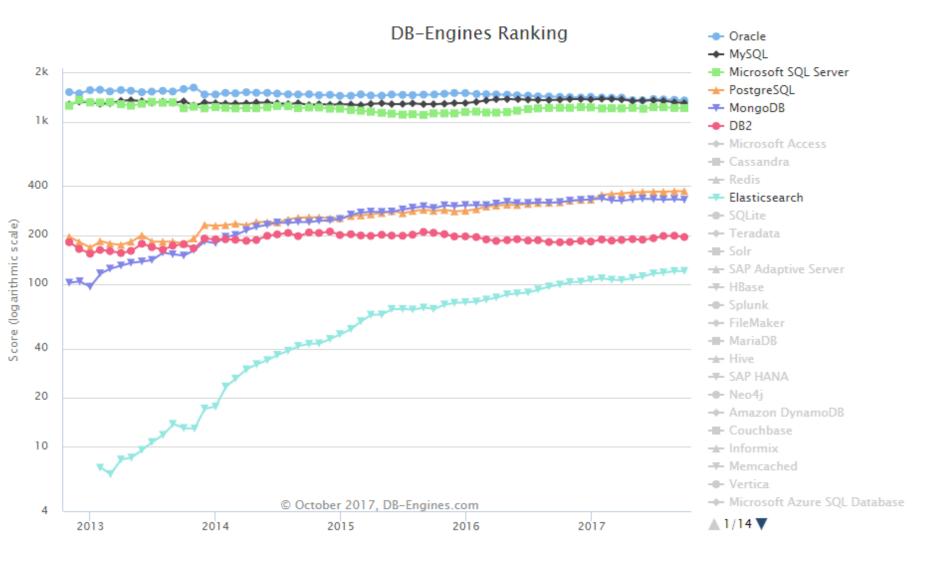


The History Of The Dolphin

- 5.0 stored procedure, view, triggers, query optimizer
- 5.1 NDB, record replication InnoDB plugin default install
- 5.5 Oracle First Version Multi process support,
 ~300% performance improvement
- 5.6 Performance_schema
- 5.7 Current GA Version GTID replication, JSON
- 8.0 RC









Who uses MySQL?

















































MySQL Enterprise

Community:

 Freely downloadable version open source database. It is available under the GPL license and is supported by a huge and active community of open source developers.

Enterprise:

Paid subscription includes support and the following:

- MySQL Enterprise Backup (LIVE BACKUP tool)
- MySQL Enterprise Monitor ("GRID CONTROL" like tool)
- MySQL Query Analyzer
- MySQL Workbench (Free)
- Security TDE ,Audit ,LDAP auth etc...





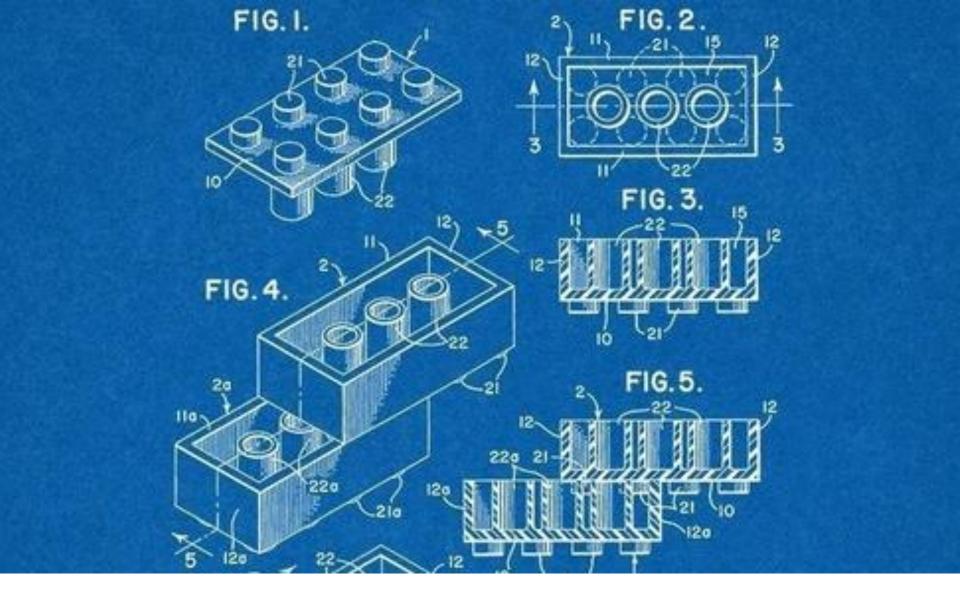
Is MySQL free?

- The community edition of MySQL can be downloaded (http://dev.mysql.com/downloads) and used for free, even for public-facing live systems.
- If you want support and extra tools MySQL Enterprise Backup hot backup tool and Security Features then you can purchase this Details are at http://www.mysql.com/products.
- Additionally if you embed MySQL in a product which you distribute you will need to purchase licenses.

Details are at http://www.mysql.com/oem.







ARCHITECTURE

MySQL Architecture vs ORACLE Architecture





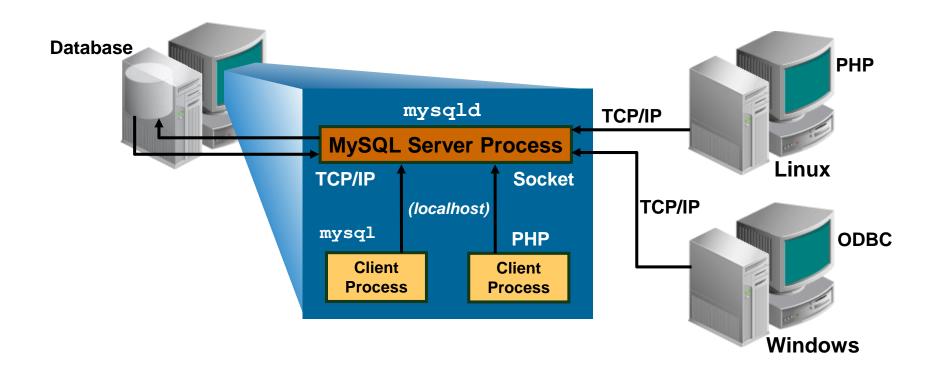
Data Base Se Instance (pmon,smon	erver Instance (mysqld)
User	User
User Schema	Data Base
TableSpace	TableSpace
DataFile	OS Fileibd





MySQL Architecture

MySQL client/server model







Client Programs

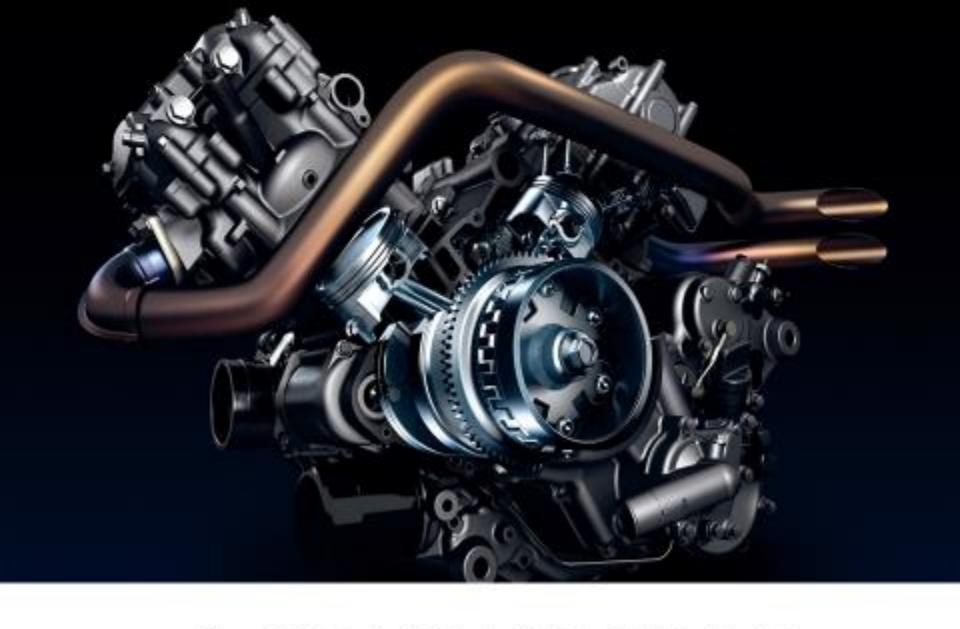
- Connect to the MySQL server to retrieve, modify, add, or remove data.
- Use these client programs to perform the following actions:

```
mysql: Issue queries and view results.
mysqladmin: Administer the server.
mysqlcheck: Check the integrity of database tables.
mysqldump: Create logical backups.
mysqlimport: Import text data files.
mysqlshow: Show database, table, and column information.
mysqlslap: Emulate client load.
```

Use MySQL Workbench for database management.







STORAGE ENGINES

Storage Engines

- handles, and retrieves information from a table
- Each Storage Engine have its Advantage and disadvantage
- There is no perfect Storage Engine
- The recommended/default Storage Engine is InnoDB
- Storage engine setup is per table





Storage Engines





Storage Engines

Advantage and disadvantage

Attribute	MyISAM	HEAP (Memory)	InnoDB/*XtraDB	ARCHIVE (Compressed st torage)
Transaction	NO	NO	YES	No
Lock Granularity	Table	Table	Row	row
Storage	File pre table	In memory	TableSpace / file per table	Files
Isolation level	None	None	All	None
Referential Integrity (FK)	NO	NO	Yes	No
Cached Data	NO	YES	YES	No





Installation

- Can be installed by OS via RPM,YUM,DEB,etc
- OS packages place files in many areas and varies paths /usr/lib, /var/lib, /var/log, /etc
- Recommended using the .tar
- Data location is datadir in my.cnf or default /var/lib/mysql/





MySQL Ports & Sockets

- Configured to listen on TCP/IP Port (default 3306)
- Additional Instances
 - Different Ports
 - Different IP's using default Port
- Local connection uses Socket
 - Even specifying Port, local client may use socket





MySQL Logs

- Error Log error parmater in my.cnf like alert.log
- Binary Log like archive logs log-bin in my.cng
- Transaction logs InnoDB "redo" ib_logfilen
- Slow Query Log log-slow-queries, slow-query-time, logqueries-not-using-indexes in my.cnf
- General Log Trace all not recommended





MySQL Client CLI

Connecting using root user :

```
# mysql –u root –p
```

Show list of databases in this instance:

```
> show databases;
```

List all tables in database

```
> use test;
> show tables;
```





MySQL Client CLI

Show indexes on table

>show index from table_name;

Show DDL for table

> show create table table_name;







MyRocks

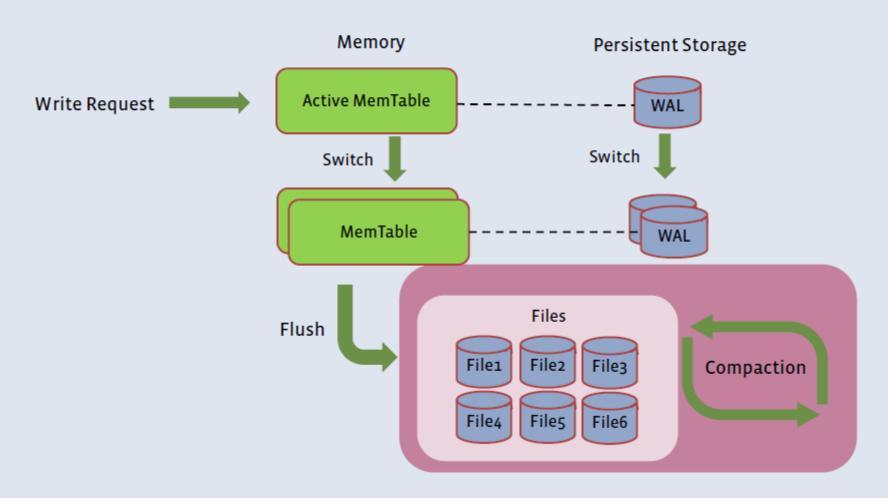
MyRocks (RocksDBstorage engine for MySQL)

- Taking both LSM advantages and MySQL features
- LSM advantage: Smaller space and lower write amplification
- MySQL features: SQL, Replication, Connectors and many tools
- Fully Open Source
- Working with MariaDB Company
- Currently RC stage (Prod in percona server)
- https://github.com/facebook/mysql-5.6/
- https://barucho.github.io/blog/2017/10/09/HowTo-Install-MyRocks

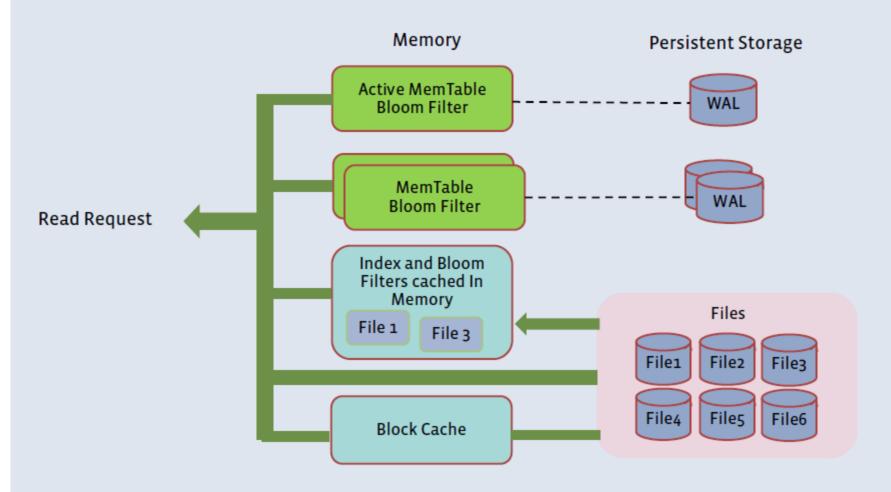


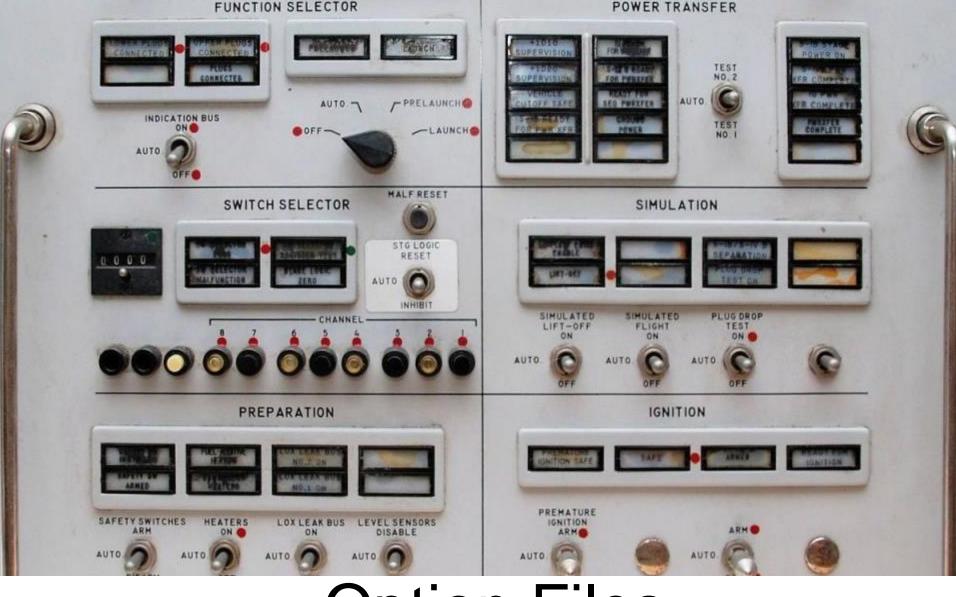


Write Path (4)



Read Path





Option Files Where is the spfile?

Option Files my.cnf

Table 4.2 Option Files Read on Unix and Unix-Like Systems

File Name	Purpose
/etc/my.cnf	Global options
/etc/mysql/my.cnf	Global options
SYSCONFDIR/my.cnf	Global options
\$MYSQL_HOME/my.cnf	Server-specific options (server only)
defaults-extra-file	The file specified with <u>defaults-extra-file</u> , if any
~/.my.cnf	User-specific options
~/.mylogin.cnf	User-specific login path options (clients only)

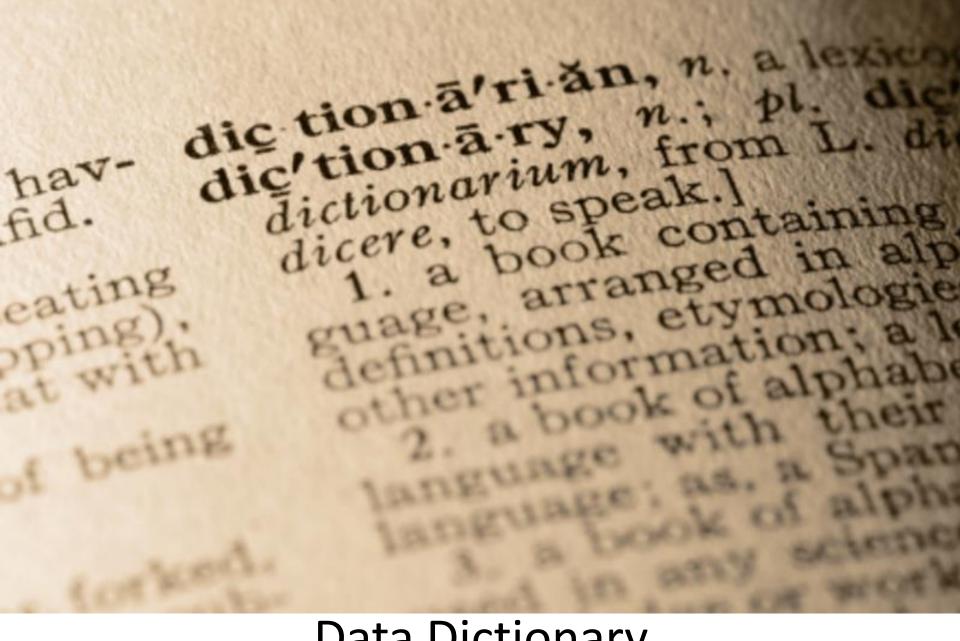
Table 4.1 Option Files Read on Windows Systems

File Name	Purpose
%PROGRAMDATA%\MySQL\MySQL Server 5.7\my.ini,%PROGRAMDATA%\MySQL\MySQL	Global options
Server 5.7\my.cnf	
%WINDIR%\my.ini,%WINDIR%\my.cnf	Global options
C:\my.ini,C:\my.cnf	Global options
BASEDIR\my.ini, BASEDIR\my.cnf	Global options
defaults-extra-file	The file specified withdefaults-extra-
	<u>file</u> , if any
%APPDATA%\MySQL\.mylogin.cnf	Login path options (clients only)



Option Files

```
[client]
      port=3306
      socket=/tmp/mysql.sock
      [mysqld]
      port=3306
      socket=/tmp/mysql.sock
      key_buffer_size=16M
      max_allowed_packet=8M
10
11
      [mysqldump]
12
      quick
```



Data Dictionary where are the v\$ and DBA_?

The Data Dictionary where is v\$ and DBA_

- **INFORMATION_SCHEMA** INFORMATION about the instance ,table, columns,views,privileges
- PERFORMANCE_SCHEMA INFORMATION about instance performance ,top sql,top table IO
- Show command get system variables information, oracle :show parameters

show process list

show tables

show variables like '%size%'

select * from v\$sessions;

select table_name from user_tables;

show parameters size





The Data Dictionary where is v\$ and DBA

SELECT TABLE_SCHEMA, SUM((DATA_LENGTH + INDEX_LENGTH) / (1024 * 1024)) AS SIZE_MB FROM **INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES** GROUP BY TABLE_SCHEMA ORDER BY SIZE_MB DESC

SELECT ROUTINE_TYPE, ROUTINE_NAME FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.ROUTINES WHERE ROUTINE_SCHEMA='dbname';

SELECT EVENT_ID, EVENT_NAME, TIMER_WAIT FROM **PERFORMANCE_SCHEMA.events_waits_history** WHERE THREAD_ID = 13 ORDER BY EVENT_ID;





The Data Dictionary where is v\$ and DBA

SELECT TABLE_SCHEMA, SUM((DATA_LENGTH + INDEX_LENGTH) / (1024 * 1024)) AS SIZE_MB FROM **INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES** GROUP BY TABLE_SCHEMA ORDER BY SIZE_MB DESC

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User account

• MySQL user account is based on user name and hostname For example :

select user, host from mysql.user;

+	+	H
user	•	
+	+	H
baruc	h %	
root	127.0.0.1	
root	192.168.10.40	İ
root	::1	
root	localhost	
+	++	

- The user root@localhost is different from root@192.168.10.40
- The user "root" can not connect from 192.168.10.41
- The user baruch@% can connect from all clients







Document Store

MySQL 5.7.12+ document store

MySQL 5.7.12 MySQL contains document store:

- Document store and "MongoDB" like NoSQL interface to JSON storage
- Protocol X / X Plugin, which can be used for asynchronous queries
- New MySQL shell





MySQL 5.7.12+ document store

```
kojima@localhost ~$ mysqlsh -uroot test
Creating a X Session to root@localhost:33060/test
Enter password:
Default schema 'test' accessible through db.
Welcome to MySQL Shell 1.0.3 Development Preview
Copyright (c) 2016, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.
Type '\help', '\h' or '\?' for help.
Currently in JavaScript mode. Use \sql to switch to SQL mode and execute queries.
mysql-js> coll = db.createCollection('shopping_list');
<Collection:shopping_list>
mysql-js> coll.add({"item":"flour", "amount":1});
Query OK, 1 item affected (0.03 sec)
mysql-js> coll.add({"item":"eggs", "amount":12});
Query OK, 1 item affected (0.02 sec)
mysql-js> coll.find('item = "eggs"');
"_id": "ae89bf0f7efce511ce30bb26883a8901",
 'amount": 12,
"item": "eaas"
1 document in set (0.01 sec)
```



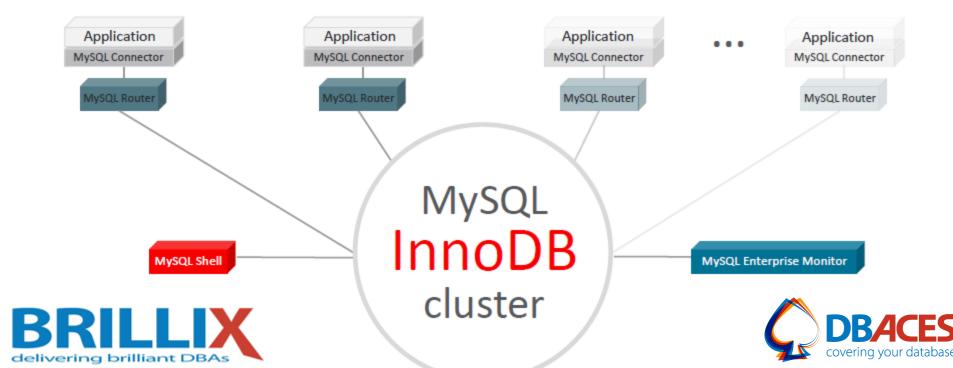






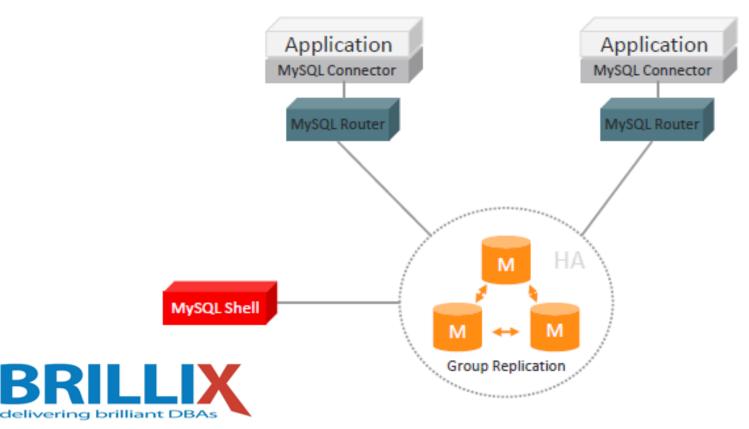
Redundancy, High Availability, Scaling

MySQL InnoDB Cluster: Vision "A single product — MySQL with high availability and scaling features baked in; providing an integrated end-to-end solution that is easy to use."



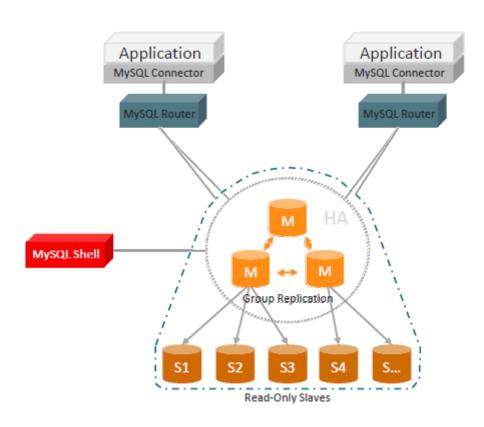


A minimum of three instances are required to create an InnoDB cluster that is tolerant to the failure of one instance.















Lets play





Thank You

baruch@brillix.co.il