CS323: Compilers

Spring 2023

Week 14:

Register allocation via Graph coloring (example), Loop
Dependence Analysis

```
1. A = 7;
2. B = A + 2;
3. C = A + B;
4. D = C + B;
5. B = C + B;
6. A = A + B;
7. E = C + D;
8. F = C + D;
9. G = A + B;
10. H = E + F;
```

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1. A = 7;
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9. G = A + B;
10. H = E + F;
               {G,H}
```

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8. F = C + D;
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7. E = C + D; {E, A, B, C, D}
8. F = C + D; {E, F, A, B}
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10. H = E + F; {G,H}
```

```
1. A = 7;
2. B = A + 2;
3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}
4. D = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
5. B = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C, D}
7. E = C + D; {E, A, B, C, D}
8. F = C + D; {E, F, A, B}
9. G = A + B; {G,E,F}
10. H = E + F; {G,H}
```

```
1. A = 7;
2. B = A + 2; {A, B}
3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}
4. D = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
5. B = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C, D}
7. E = C + D; {E, A, B, C, D}
8. F = C + D; {E, F, A, B}
9. G = A + B; {G,E,F}
10. H = E + F; {G,H}
```

```
1. A = 7;
               {A}
2. B = A + 2; {A, B}
3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}
4. D = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
5. B = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C, D}
7. E = C + D; {E, A, B, C, D}
8. F = C + D; {E, F, A, B}
9. G = A + B; {G,E,F}
10. H = E + F; {G,H}
```

```
{A}

{A, B}

{A, B, C, D}

{A, B, C, D}

{A, B, C, D}

{E, A, B, C, D}

{E, F, A, B}

{G,E,F}

Interference graph
```

Remove H

Customized rules (3-coloring):

- Remove nodes in reverse alphabetical order
- Spill variables that are used least (spill the variable with most number of edges in case of a tie)

```
1. A = 7; {A}

2. B = A + 2; {A, B}

3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}

4. D = C + B; {A, B, C, D}

5. B = C + B; {A, B, C, D}

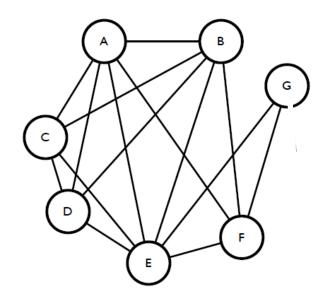
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C, D}

7. E = C + D; {E, A, B, C, D}

8. F = C + D; {E, F, A, B}

9. G = A + B; {G,E,F}

10. H = E + F; {G,H}
```



Remove G

```
1. A = 7; {A}

2. B = A + 2; {A, B}

3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}

4. D = C + B; {A, B, C, D}

5. B = C + B; {A, B, C, D}

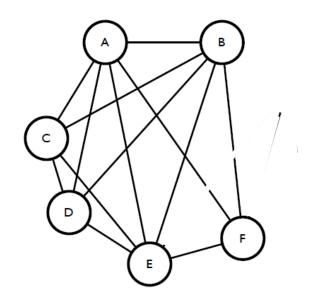
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C, D}

7. E = C + D; {E, A, B, C, D}

8. F = C + D; {E, F, A, B}

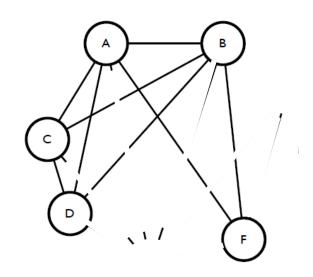
9. G = A + B; {G,E,F}

10. H = E + F; {G,H}
```



Remove E

```
1. A = 7; {A}
2. B = A + 2; {A, B}
3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}
4. D = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
5. B = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C, D}
7. E = C + D; {E, A, B, C, D}
8. F = C + D; {E, F, A, B}
9. G = A + B; {G,E,F}
10. H = E + F; {G,H}
```



Remove F

```
1. A = 7; {A}

2. B = A + 2; {A, B}

3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}

4. D = C + B; {A, B, C, D}

5. B = C + B; {A, B, C, D}

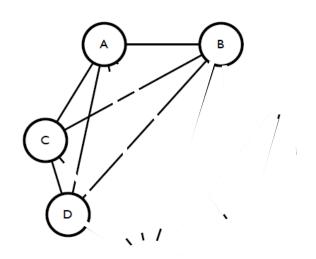
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C, D}

7. E = C + D; {E, A, B, C, D}

8. F = C + D; {E, F, A, B}

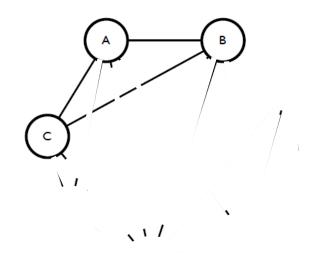
9. G = A + B; {G,E,F}

10. H = E + F; {G,H}
```



Remove D

```
1. A = 7; {A}
2. B = A + 2; {A, B}
3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}
4. D = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
5. B = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C, D}
7. E = C + D; {E, A, B, C, D}
8. F = C + D; {E, F, A, B}
9. G = A + B; {G,E,F}
10. H = E + F; {G,H}
```



Remove C then B then A

```
1. A = 7; {A}
2. B = A + 2; {A, B}
3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}
4. D = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
5. B = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C, D}
7. E = C + D; {E, A, B, C, D}
8. F = C + D; {E, F, A, B}
                                    Stack:
9. G = A + B; {G,E,F}
                                          В
             {G,H}
10. H = E + F;
                                          F
                                          Ε
                                          G
                                          Η
```

```
1. A = 7;
                 \{A\}
2. B = A + 2; {A, B}
3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}
4. D = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
             \{A, B, C, D\}
5. B = C + B;
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C, D}
7. E = C + D; {E, A, B, C, D}
                                           < 1 /
8. F = C + D; {E, F, A, B}
                                           A - Red
                                     Stack:
9. G = A + B;
             {G,E,F}
                                            В
10. H = E + F;
              {G,H}
```

3-Color the variables:

CS323, IIT Dharwad

F

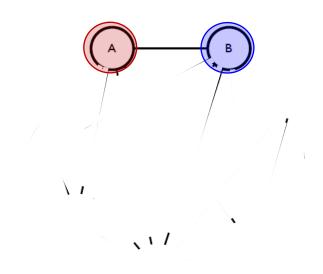
Ε

G

Η

```
1. A = 7;
                \{A\}
2. B = A + 2; {A, B}
3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}
4. D = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
5. B = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C, D}
7. E = C + D; {E, A, B, C, D}
8. F = C + D; {E, F, A, B}
9. G = A + B; {G,E,F}
10. H = E + F;
             {G,H}
```

3-Color the variables:



Stack:

B - Blue

C

D

F

E

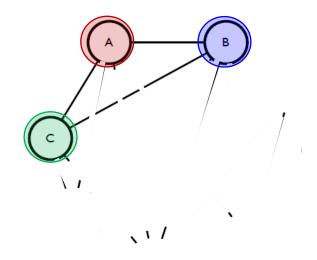
G

Η

21

```
1. A = 7;
                \{A\}
2. B = A + 2; {A, B}
3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}
4. D = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
5. B = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C, D}
7. E = C + D; {E, A, B, C, D}
8. F = C + D; {E, F, A, B}
9. G = A + B; {G,E,F}
             {G,H}
10. H = E + F;
```

3-Color the variables:

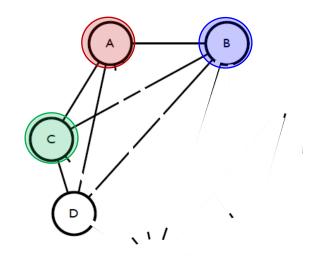


Stack:

C-Green
D
F
E
G
H

```
1. A = 7;
                \{A\}
2. B = A + 2; {A, B}
3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}
4. D = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
5. B = C + B; {A, B, C, D}
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C, D}
7. E = C + D; {E, A, B, C, D}
8. F = C + D; {E, F, A, B}
9. G = A + B; {G,E,F}
             {G,H}
10. H = E + F;
```

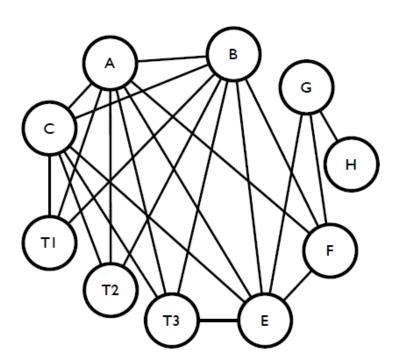
3-Color the variables: Spill D



Stack:

D - ?? F E G H

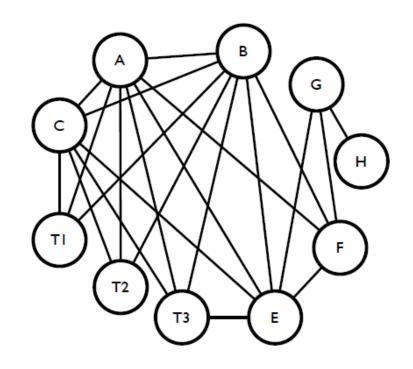
```
Example
A = 7;
B = A + 2;
C = A + B;
D = C + B;
B = C + B; Rewritten code: Liveness info:
A = A + B; 1. A = 7; {A}
E = C + D; 2. B = A + 2; {A, B}
F = C + D; 3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}
H = E + F; 4. T1 = C + B; {A, B, C, T1}
        4'. ST T1, D {A, B, C}
        5. B = C + B; {A, B, C}
        6. A = A + B; {A, B, C}
        6'. LD D, T2 {A, B, C, T2}
        7. E = C + T2; {A, B, C, E}
        7'. LD D, T3 {A, B, C, E, T3}
        8. F = C + T3; {A, B, E, F}
        9. G = A + B; {G, E, F}
        10. H = E + F; {G, H}
```



New interference graph

3-Color the variables: Spill D, rewrite code and recalculate liveness

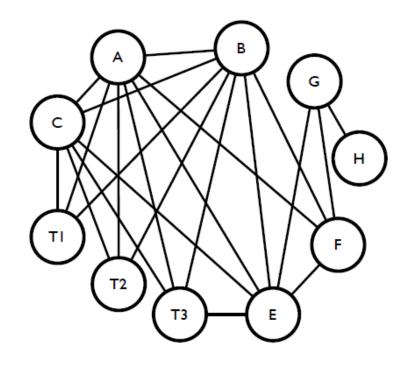
```
1. A = 7; {A}
2. B = A + 2; {A, B}
3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}
4. T1 = C + B; {A, B, C, T1}
4'. ST T1, D {A, B, C}
5. B = C + B; {A, B, C}
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C}
6'. LD D, T2 {A, B, C, T2}
7. E = C + T2; {A, B, C, E}
7'. LD D, T3 {A, B, C, E, T3}
8. F = C + T3; {A, B, E, F}
9. G = A + B; {G, E, F}
10. H = E + F; {G, H}
```



Simplify (step 1)

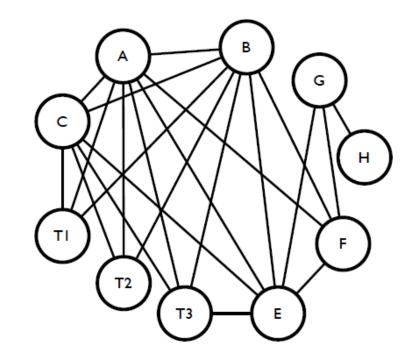
Stack (left-bottom, right-top): H, G, E, F, C, T1, T2, T3, B, A

```
1. A = 7; {A}
2. B = A + 2; {A, B}
3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}
4. T1 = C + B; {A, B, C, T1}
4'. ST T1, D {A, B, C}
5. B = C + B; {A, B, C}
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C}
6'. LD D, T2 {A, B, C, T2}
7. E = C + T2; {A, B, C, E}
7'. LD D, T3 {A, B, C, E, T3}
8. F = C + T3; {A, B, E, F}
9. G = A + B; {G, E, F}
10. H = E + F; {G, H}
```



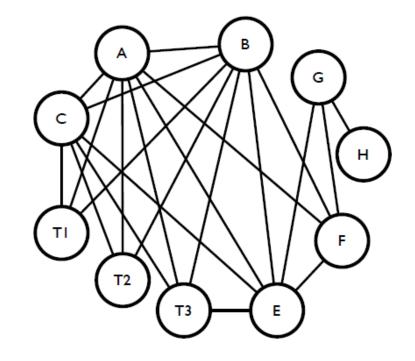
Color (step 2) Stack (left-bottom, right-top): H, G, E, F, C, T1, T2, T3, B, A Which node must be Spilled now?

```
1. A = 7; {A}
2. B = A + 2; {A, B}
3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}
4. T1 = C + B; {A, B, C, T1}
4'. ST T1, D {A, B, C}
5. B = C + B; {A, B, C}
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C}
6'. LD D, T2 {A, B, C, T2}
7. E = C + T2; {A, B, C, E}
7'. LD D, T3 {A, B, C, E, T3}
8. F = C + T3; {A, B, E, F}
9. G = A + B; {G, E, F}
10. H = E + F; {G, H}
```



Color (step 2) Stack (left-bottom, right-top): H, G, E, F, C, T1, T2, T3, B, A Which node must be Spilled now? (i.e. which node can't be colored?)

```
1. A = 7; {A}
2. B = A + 2; {A, B}
3. C = A + B; {A, B, C}
4. T1 = C + B; {A, B, C, T1}
4'. ST T1, D {A, B, C}
5. B = C + B; {A, B, C}
6. A = A + B; {A, B, C}
6'. LD D, T2 {A, B, C, T2}
7. E = C + T2; {A, B, C, E}
7'. LD D, T3 {A, B, C, E, T3}
8. F = C + T3; {A, B, E, F}
9. G = A + B; {G, E, F}
10. H = E + F; {G, H}
```

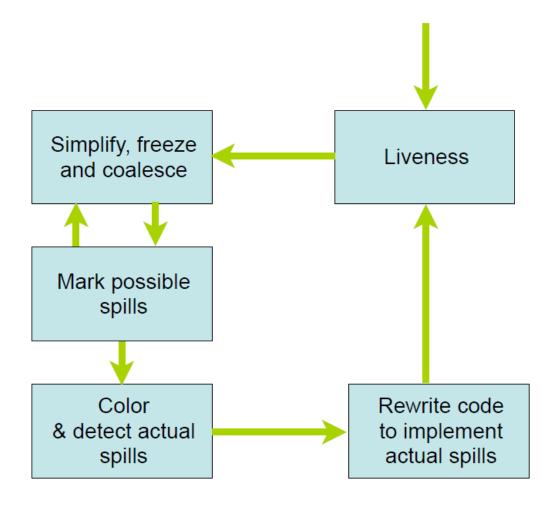


Color (step 2)

Stack (left-bottom, right-top): H, G, E, F, C, T1, T2, T3, B, A

Which node must be Spilled now? (C. Now repeat the steps starting from rewriting the code to spill C, calculating liveness, drawing iteration graph and then simplifying the iteration graph.)

Overall Algorithm



Recap: Optimize Loops

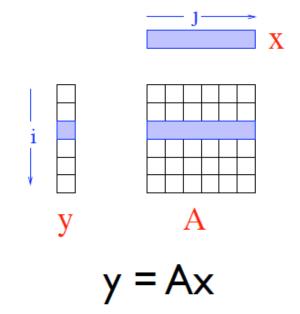
- Low level optimization
 - Moving code around in a single loop
 - Examples: loop invariant code motion, strength reduction, loop unrolling
- High level optimization
 - Restructuring loops, often affects multiple loops
 - Examples: loop fusion, loop interchange, loop tiling

High level loop optimizations

- Many useful compiler optimizations require restructuring loops or sets of loops
 - Combining two loops together (loop fusion)
 - Switching the order of a nested loop (loop interchange)
 - Completely changing the traversal order of a loop (loop tiling)
- These sorts of high level loop optimizations usually take place at the AST level (where loop structure is obvious)

Cache behavior

- Most loop transformations target cache performance
 - Attempt to increase spatial or temporal locality
 - Locality can be exploited when there is reuse of data (for temporal locality) or recent access of nearby data (for spatial locality)
- Loops are a good opportunity for this: many loops iterate through matrices or arrays
- Consider matrix-vector multiply example
 - Multiple traversals of vector: opportunity for spatial and temporal locality
 - Regular access to array: opportunity for spatial locality



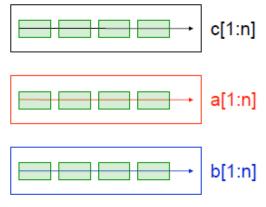
Loop fusion

- c[1:n]

 a[1:n]

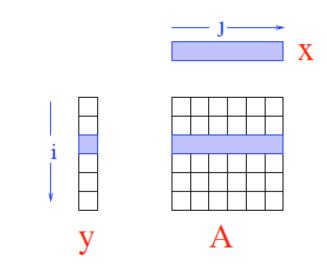
 b[1:n]

 a[1:n]
- Combine two loops together into a single loop
- Why is this useful?
- Is this always legal?



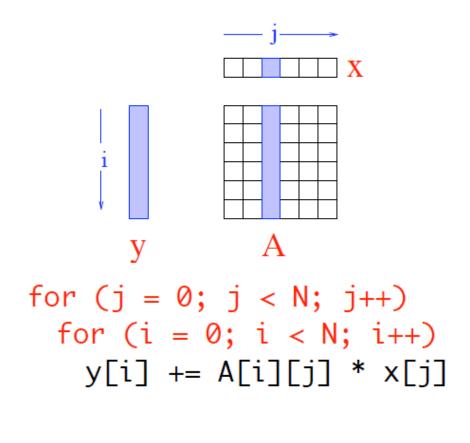
Loop interchange

- Change the order of a nested loop
- This is not always legal it changes the order that elements are accessed!
- Why is this useful?
 - Consider matrix-matrix multiply when A is stored in column-major order (i.e., each column is stored in contiguous memory)



Loop interchange

- Change the order of a nested loop
- This is not always legal it changes the order that elements are accessed!
- Why is this useful?
 - Consider matrix-matrix multiply when A is stored in column-major order (i.e., each column is stored in contiguous memory)

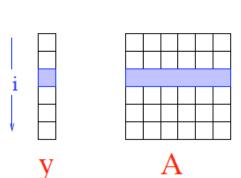


Loop tiling

- Also called "loop blocking"
- One of the more complex loop transformations
- Goal: break loop up into smaller pieces to get spatial and temporal locality
 - Create new inner loops so that data accessed in inner loops fit in cache
- Also changes iteration order, so may not be legal

```
for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
for (j = 0; j < N; j++)
y[i] += A[i][j] * x[j]
```

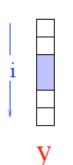
```
for (ii = 0; ii < N; ii += B)
  for (jj = 0; jj < N; jj += B)
   for (i = ii; i < ii+B; i++)
     for (j = jj; j < jj+B; j++)
     y[i] += A[i][j] * x[j]</pre>
```

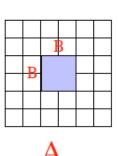


Loop tiling

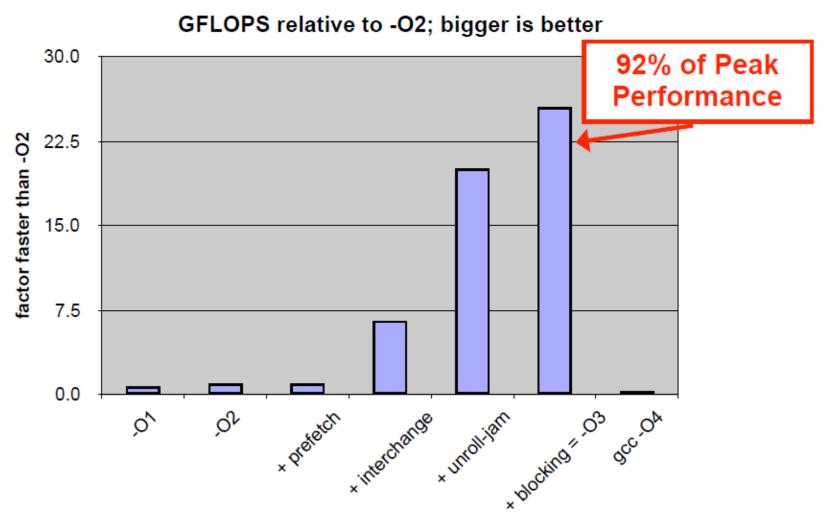
- Also called "loop blocking"
- One of the more complex loop transformations
- Goal: break loop up into smaller pieces to get spatial and temporal locality
 - Create new inner loops so that data accessed in inner loops fit in cache
- Also changes iteration order, so may not be legal

```
for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
for (j = 0; j < N; j++)
y[i] += A[i][j] * x[j]
```





In a real (Itanium) compiler



Loop transformations

- Loop transformations can have dramatic effects on performance
- Doing this legally and automatically is very difficult!
- Researchers have developed techniques to determine legality of loop transformations and automatically transform the loop
 - Techniques like unimodular transform framework and polyhedral framework
 - These approaches will get covered in more detail in advanced compilers course

Dependence Analysis

(separate set of slides posted)