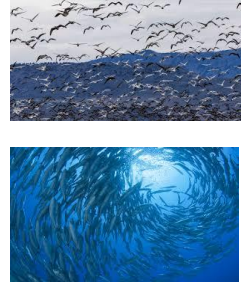


Particle Swarm Optimization



Inspiration

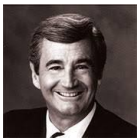
The idea behind PSO is to mimic the behaviour of animals like birds in navigating and foraging through social learning, by observing the behaviour of nearby birds who appear to be near the destination/food source.



PARTICLE SWARM OPTIMIZATION

Developed in 1995 by

Dr. James Kennedy



Dr. Eberhart



PSO Search Strategy

Bob



Anthony



Jennifer



PSO Search Strategy

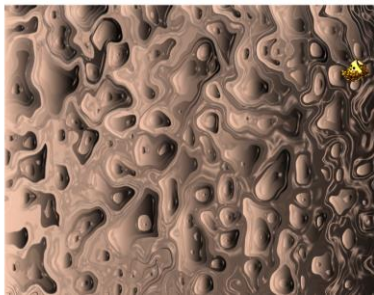
Bob



Anthony



Jennifer



PSO Search Strategy

Bob



Anthony



Jennifer



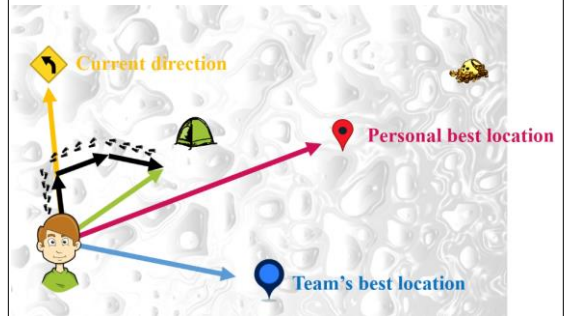
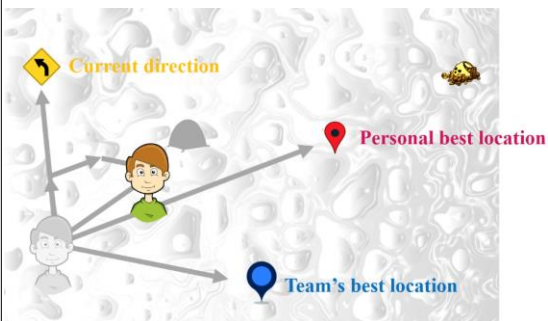
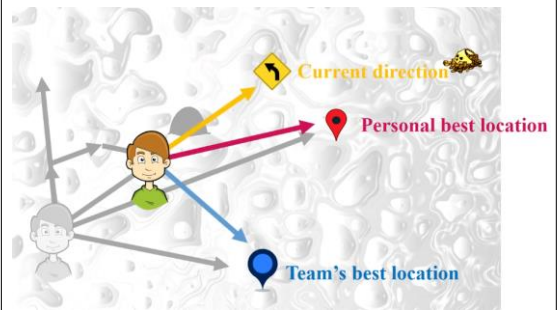
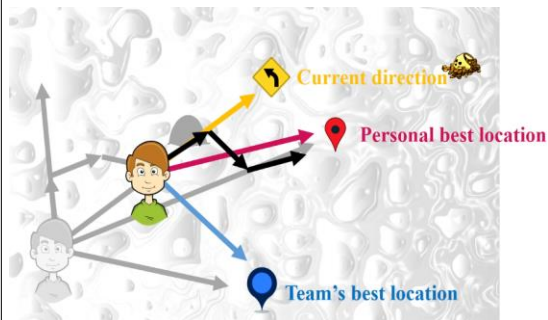
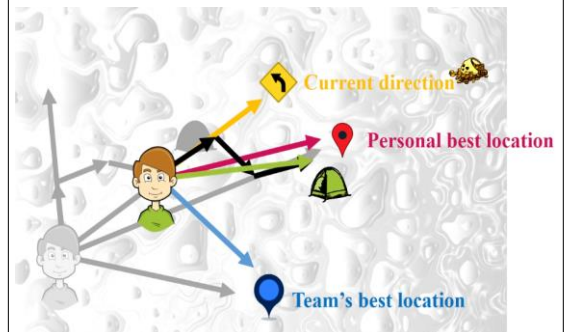
Personal best location

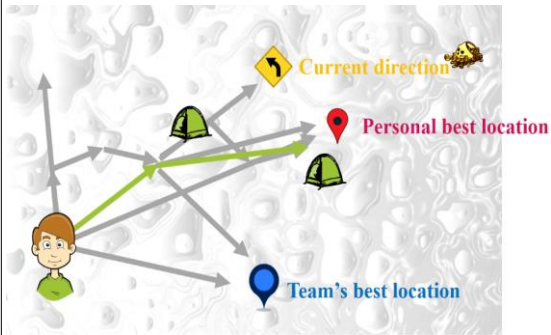
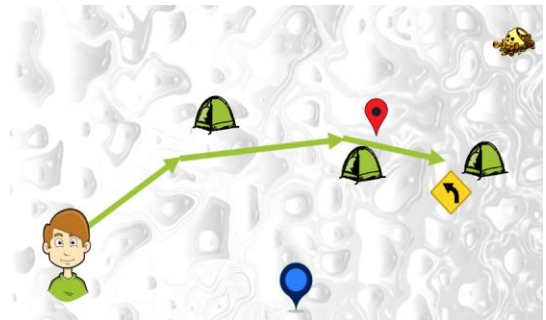
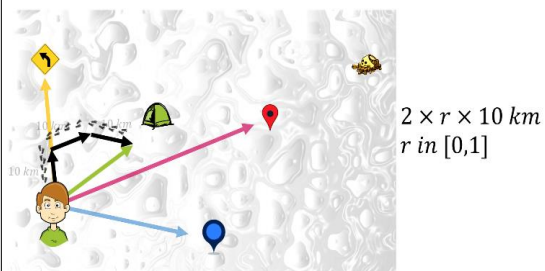
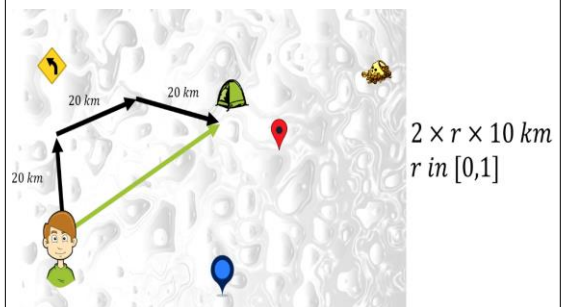


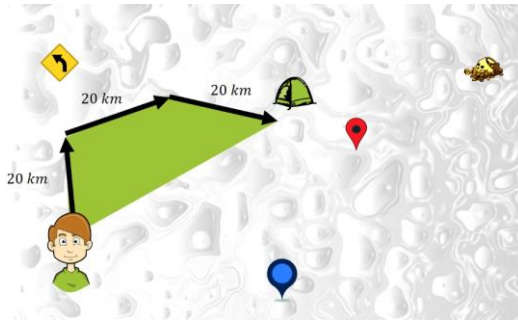
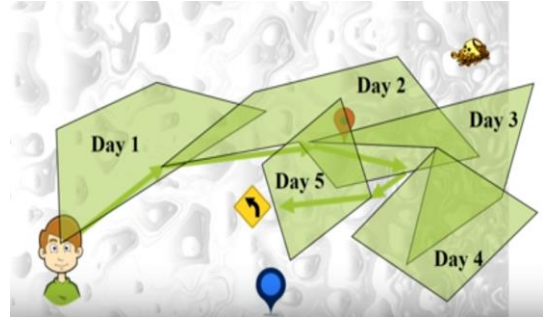
Team best location



Current direction

PSO Search StrategyPSO Search StrategyPSO Search StrategyPSO Search StrategyPSO Search StrategyPSO Search Strategy

PSO Search StrategyPSO Search StrategyPSO Search StrategyPSO Search StrategyPSO Search StrategyPSO Search Strategy

PSO Search Strategy**PSO Search Strategy****PSO Search Strategy****PSO Search Strategy**

Bob $\vec{X}_1^d = [x_1^d, y_1^d]$

Anthony $\vec{X}_2^d = [x_2^d, y_2^d]$

Jennifer $\vec{X}_3^d = [x_3^d, y_3^d]$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \vec{X}_1^d = [x_1^d, y_1^d] \\ \vec{X}_2^d = [x_2^d, y_2^d] \\ \vec{X}_3^d = [x_3^d, y_3^d] \end{array} \right\} \vec{X}_i^d = [x_i^d, y_i^d, z_i^d, \dots]$$

PSO Search Strategy**Velocity Update Equation**

$$\vec{V}_i^{d+1} = r_1 \vec{V}_i^d + 2r_2 \left(\vec{P}_i^d - \vec{X}_i^d \right) + 2r_3 \left(\vec{G}^d - \vec{X}_i^d \right)$$

Next velocity (tomorrow)

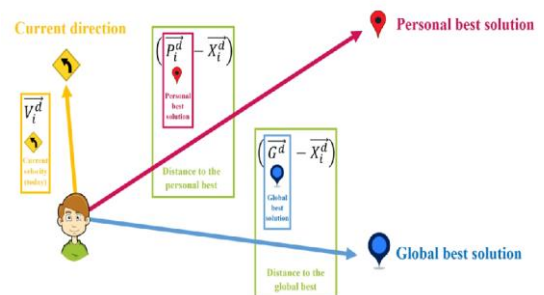
Current velocity (today)

Personal best solution

Global best solution

Distance to the personal best

Distance to the global best

PSO Search Strategy

PSO Search Strategy

Position Update Equation

$$\vec{X}_i^{d+1} = \vec{X}_i^d + \vec{V}_i^{d+1}$$

Position in day $d+1$ Position in day d Velocity in day $d+1$

PSO Search Strategy

$$\vec{X}_i^{t+1} = \vec{X}_i^t + \vec{V}_i^{t+1}$$

$$\vec{V}_i^{t+1} = w\vec{V}_i^t + c_1r_1(\vec{P}_i^t - \vec{X}_i^t) + c_2r_2(\vec{G}^t - \vec{X}_i^t)$$

Cognitive component Social component

PSO Search Strategy



❑ PSO uses a population of individuals, to search feasible region of the function space.

❑ Population is called *swarm*

❑ Individuals are called *particles*.

❑ Though the PSO algorithm has been shown to perform well, there is no mathematical proof of its convergence.

Basic Flow of PSO

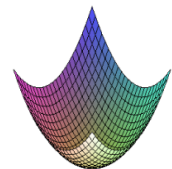
1. Initialize the *swarm* from the solution space.
2. Evaluate *fitness* of individual *particles*.
3. Find *gbest*, *pbest* and update the *velocity*.
4. Move each *particle* to a new *position*.
5. Go to step 2, and repeat until convergence or a stopping condition is satisfied.

Understanding PSO: Step by Step

$$\text{Minimize } f(x) = x_1^2 + x_2^2$$

$$-5 \leq x_1, x_2 \leq 5$$

$$f \text{ min} = 0 \text{ at } (0,0)$$



1. Initialization of The Population

Let the population size be 5.
Generate 5 particles randomly in the feasible search space.

Let $S = \{X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5\}$

$$\begin{aligned} X_1 &= (2.7045, 4.8030) \\ X_2 &= (4.5974, 2.8793) \\ X_3 &= (1.8710, 4.0528) \\ X_4 &= (1.6400, 1.3202) \\ X_5 &= (3.3392, 0.9963) \end{aligned}$$

2. Evaluation of Fitness

Evaluate fitness of each particle :

$$f(X_1) = 2.7045^2 + 4.8030^2 = 30.3831$$

Similarly

$$f(X_2) = 29.4265$$

$$f(X_3) = 19.9258$$

$$f(X_4) = 4.4325 \quad \text{Call } X_4 \text{ as } gbest$$

$$f(X_5) = 12.1429$$

Best value is at X_4 with $f_{min} = 4.4325$

Pbest is same as X

Generating The Velocities

Generate the Velocity vector uniformly in the range [0,1]

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \{V_1, V_2, V_3, V_4, V_5\} \\ V_1 &= (v_{11}, v_{12}) = (0.4752, 0.6987) \\ V_2 &= (v_{21}, v_{22}) = (0.4141, 0.4020) \\ V_3 &= (v_{31}, v_{32}) = (0.7797, 0.9433) \\ V_4 &= (v_{41}, v_{42}) = (0.6183, 0.4749) \\ V_5 &= (v_{51}, v_{52}) = (0.2530, 0.9398) \end{aligned}$$

Evaluating the Velocity and Position Equations

First Particle:

Velocity Update for 1st Component:

$$\begin{aligned} v_{11} &= v_{11} + c_1 r_1 (pbest_{11} - x_{11}) + c_2 r_2 (gbest_{11} - x_{11}) \\ v_{11} &= 0.4752 + 2 * 0.34 * (2.7045 - 2.7045) \\ &\quad + 2 * 0.86 * (1.6400 - 2.7045) \\ &= -1.35574 \end{aligned}$$

Position Update for 1st component:

$$\begin{aligned} x_{11} &= x_{11} + v_{11} \\ x_{11} &= 2.7045 + (-1.35574) \\ &= 1.34876 \end{aligned}$$

First Particle:

Velocity Update for 2nd Component:

$$\begin{aligned} v_{12} &= v_{12} + c_1 r_1 (pbest_{12} - x_{12}) + c_2 r_2 (gbest_{12} - x_{12}) \\ v_{12} &= 0.6987 + 2 * 0.47 * (4.8030 - 4.8030) \\ &\quad + 2 * 0.91 * (1.3202 - 4.8030) \\ &= -4.368362 \end{aligned}$$

Position Update for 2nd component:

$$\begin{aligned} x_{12} &= x_{12} + v_{12} \\ x_{12} &= 4.8030 + (-4.368362) \\ &= 0.434638 \end{aligned}$$

So, $X_1 = (1.34876, 0.434638)$

Second Particle:

$$\begin{aligned} v_{21} &= 0.4141 + 2 * 0.34 * (4.5974 - 4.5974) \\ &\quad + 2 * 0.86 * (1.6400 - 4.5974) \\ &= -4.672628 \\ x_{21} &= 4.5974 + (-4.672628) \\ &= -0.075228 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} v_{22} &= 0.4020 + 2 * 0.12 * (2.8793 - 2.8793) \\ &\quad + 2 * 0.06 * (1.3202 - 2.8793) \\ &= 0.214908 \\ x_{22} &= 2.8793 + (-0.1593) \\ &= 3.094208 \end{aligned}$$

So, $X_2 = (-0.075228, 3.094208)$

Third Particle:

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_{31} &= 0.7797 + 2 \cdot 0.98 \cdot (1.8710 - 1.8710) \\
 &\quad + 2 \cdot 0.86 \cdot (1.6400 - 1.8710) \\
 &= 0.38238 \\
 x_{31} &= 1.8710 + 0.38238 \\
 &= 2.25338 \\
 v_{32} &= 0.9433 + 2 \cdot 0.69 \cdot (4.0528 - 4.0528) \\
 &\quad + 2 \cdot 0.34 \cdot (1.3202 - 4.0528) \\
 &= -0.914868 \\
 x_{32} &= 4.0528 + (-0.914868) \\
 &= 3.137932
 \end{aligned}$$

So, $X_3 = (2.25338, 3.137932)$

Fourth Particle:

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_{41} &= 0.6183 + 2 \cdot 0.18 \cdot (1.6400 - 1.6400) \\
 &\quad + 2 \cdot 0.23 \cdot (1.6400 - 1.6400) \\
 &= 0.6183 \\
 x_{41} &= 1.6400 + 0.6183 \\
 &= 2.2583 \\
 v_{42} &= 0.4749 + 2 \cdot 0.61 \cdot (1.3202 - 1.3202) \\
 &\quad + 2 \cdot 0.04 \cdot (1.3202 - 1.3202) \\
 &= 0.4749 \\
 x_{42} &= 1.3202 + 0.4749 \\
 &= 1.7951
 \end{aligned}$$

So, $X_4 = (2.2583, 1.7951)$

Fifth Particle:

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_{51} &= 0.2530 + 2 \cdot 0.09 \cdot (3.3392 - 3.3392) \\
 &\quad + 2 \cdot 0.39 \cdot (1.6400 - 3.3392) \\
 &= -1.072376 \\
 x_{51} &= 3.3392 + (-1.072376) \\
 &= 2.266824 \\
 v_{52} &= 0.9398 + 2 \cdot 0.65 \cdot (0.9963 - 0.9963) \\
 &\quad + 2 \cdot 0.10 \cdot (1.3202 - 0.9963) \\
 &= 1.00458 \\
 x_{52} &= 0.9963 + 1.00458 \\
 &= 2.00088
 \end{aligned}$$

So, $X_5 = (2.266824, 2.00088)$

The positions and the corresponding fitness values obtained after the evaluation :

$X_1 = (1.34876, 0.43638)$	$f(X_1) = 2.00806$
$X_2 = (-0.075228, 3.094208)$	$f(X_2) = 9.57978$
$X_3 = (2.25338, 3.137932)$	$f(X_3) = 14.9243$
$X_4 = (2.2583, 1.7951)$	$f(X_4) = 8.32266$
$X_5 = (2.266824, 2.00088)$	$f(X_5) = 9.12401$

X_1 is the new *gbest*.

Initial Swarm	Updated swarm
$X_1 = (2.7045, 4.8030)$	$X_1 = (1.34876, 0.43638)$
$X_2 = (4.5974, 2.8793)$	$X_2 = (-0.075228, 3.094208)$
$X_3 = (1.8710, 4.0528)$	$X_3 = (2.25338, 3.137932)$
$X_4 = (1.6400, 1.3202)$	$X_4 = (2.2583, 1.7951)$
$X_5 = (3.3392, 0.9963)$	$X_5 = (2.266824, 2.00088)$
Corresponding fitness is	Corresponding fitness is
$f(X_1) = 30.3831$	$f(X_1) = 2.00806$
$f(X_2) = 29.4265$	$f(X_2) = 9.57978$
$f(X_3) = 19.9258$	$f(X_3) = 14.92430$
$f(X_4) = 4.4325$	$f(X_4) = 8.32266$
$f(X_5) = 12.1429$	$f(X_5) = 9.12401$

The values of *pbest* for each particle is as following:

$$\begin{aligned}
 pbest_1 &= (1.34876, 0.434638) \\
 pbest_2 &= (-0.075228, 3.094208) \\
 pbest_3 &= (2.25338, 3.137932) \\
 pbest_4 &= (1.6400, 1.3202) \\
 pbest_5 &= (2.266824, 2.00088)
 \end{aligned}$$