

Extensive Study of the Wobbling Properties in ^{163}Lu Based on the Parity Concept

Robert Poenaru, Apolodor Aristotel Raduta

January 21, 2021

Abstract

A new interpretation on the wobbling structure in ^{163}Lu is developed, based on the concept of parity symmetry. It is known that four wobbling bands are experimentally observed in this isotope, where three of them are considered as wobbling phonon excitations (namely TSD_2 , TSD_3 , and TSD_4) and the yrast band for the ground state (that is TSD1). In the present work, the trial function that is used for obtaining the wobbling spectrum is analyzed in terms of its behavior under the rotation operation. Indeed, due to a specific symmetry to rotations with π around the 2-axis of the triaxial system, the parity becomes a good quantum number. As such, the trial function admits solutions with negative parity, which belong to the rotational states in TSD_4 . A unified description of all the triaxial super-deformed bands in ^{163}Lu is achieved with the new formalism.

1 Introduction

Wobbling motion in nuclei was extensively studied in the recent years, and the scientific community finally shed some light on this elusive phenomenon. This kind of collective motion was firstly predicted by Bohr and Mottelson, more than 50 years ago [1].

2 Theoretical Background

In a previous work, a complete description of the triaxial characteristics of the Lu isotopes was given, where results for the wobbling energies and transition probabilities were presented [2].

A new interpretation on the wobbling motion, but based on the quasiparticle plus triaxial rotor model was given recently by Chen et. al. [3].

$$|\Psi\rangle = 1 \tag{1}$$

The equation 1 is good. This equation is studied in detail by the same team in [2] and also [4]. Nuclear wobbling motion was first predicted theoretically for even-even nuclei [1].

References

- [1] Aage Bohr and Ben R Mottelson. *Nuclear structure*, volume 1. World Scientific, 1998.
- [2] AA Raduta, R Poenaru, and Al H Raduta. Wobbling motion in lu within a semi-classical framework. *Journal of Physics G: Nuclear and Particle Physics*, 45(10):105104, 2018.
- [3] QB Chen and S Frauendorf. Interpretation of the quasiparticle plus triaxial rotor model. *arXiv preprint arXiv:2012.03499*, 2020.
- [4] AA Raduta, CM Raduta, and R Poenaru. A new boson approach for the wobbling motion in even-odd nuclei. *Journal of Physics G: Nuclear and Particle Physics*, 48(1):015106, 2020.