

## NAME

MergeTextFiles.pl - Merge multiple CSV or TSV text files into a single text file

## SYNOPSIS

MergeTextFiles.pl TextFiles...

MergeTextFiles.pl [-h, --help] [--indelim comma | semicolon] [-c, --columns colnum,...;... | collabel,...;... ] [-k, --keys colnum,...;... | collabel,...;... ] [-m, --mode colnum | collabel] [-o, --overwrite] [--outdelim comma | tab | semicolon] [-q, --quote yes | no] [-r, --root rootname] [-s, --startcol colnum | collabel] [--startcolmode before | after] [-w, --workingdir dirname] TextFiles...

## DESCRIPTION

Merge multiple CSV or TSV *TextFiles* into first *TextFile* to generate a single text file. Unless -k --keys option is used, data rows from other *TextFiles* are added to first *TextFile* in a sequential order, and the number of rows in first *TextFile* is used to determine how many rows of data are added from other *TextFiles*.

Multiple *TextFiles* names are separated by space. The valid file extensions are .csv and .tsv for comma/semicolon and tab delimited text files respectively. All other file names are ignored. All the text files in a current directory can be specified by \*.csv, \*.tsv, or the current directory name. The --indelim option determines the format of *TextFiles*. Any file which doesn't correspond to the format indicated by --indelim option is ignored.

## OPTIONS

-h, --help

Print this help message.

--indelim *comma* | *semicolon*

Input delimiter for CSV *TextFile(s)*. Possible values: *comma* or *semicolon*. Default value: *comma*. For TSV files, this option is ignored and *tab* is used as a delimiter.

-c, --columns *colnum,...;... | collabel,...;...*

This value is mode specific. It is a list of columns to merge into first text file specified by column numbers or labels for each text file delimited by ";". All specified text files are merged into first text file.

Default value: *all;all;...*. By default, all columns from specified text files are merged into first text file.

For *colnum* mode, input value format is: *colnum,...;colnum,...;...*. Example:

```
"1,2;1,3,4;7,8,9"
```

For *collabel* mode, input value format is: *collabel,...;collabel,...;...*. Example:

```
"MW,SumNO;SumNHOH,ClogP,PSA;MolName,Mol_Id,Extreg"
```

-k, --keys *colnum,...;... | collabel,...;...*

This value is mode specific. It specifies column keys to use for merging all specified text files into first text file. The column keys are specified by column numbers or labels for each text file delimited by ";".

By default, data rows from text files are merged into first file in the order they appear.

For *colnum* mode, input value format is: *colkeynum, colkeynum;...*. Example:

```
"1;3;7"
```

For *collabel* mode, input value format is: *colkeylabel, colkeylabel;...*. Example:

```
"Mol_Id;Mol_Id;Cmpd_Id"
```

-m, --mode *colnum* | *collabel*

Specify how to merge text files: using column numbers or column labels. Possible values: *colnum* or *collabel*. Default value: *colnum*.

-o, --overwrite

Overwrite existing files.

--outdelim *comma* | *tab* | *semicolon*

Output text file delimiter. Possible values: *comma*, *tab*, or *semicolon*. Default value: *comma*.

-q, --quote *yes* | *no*

Put quotes around column values in output text file. Possible values: *yes or no*. Default value: *yes*.

**-r, --root** *rootname*

New text file name is generated using the root: <Root>.<Ext>. Default file name: <FirstTextFileName>1To<Count>Merged.<Ext>. The csv, and tsv <Ext> values are used for comma/semicolon, and tab delimited text files respectively.

**-s, --startcol** *colnum | collabel*

This value is mode specific. It specifies the column in first text file which is used for start merging other text files. For *colnum* mode, specify column number and for *collabel* mode, specify column label.

Default value: *last*. Start merge after the last column.

**--startcolmode** *before | after*

Start the merge before or after the -s, --startcol value. Possible values: *before or after* Default value: *after*.

**-w, --workingdir** *dirname*

Location of working directory. Default: current directory.

## EXAMPLES

To merge Sample2.csv and Sample3.csv into Sample1.csv and generate NewSample.csv, type:

```
% MergeTextFiles.pl -r NewSample -o Sample1.csv Sample2.csv
Sample3.csv
```

To merge all Sample\*.tsv and generate NewSample.tsv file, type:

```
% MergeTextFiles.pl -r NewSample --indelim comma --outdelim tab -o
Sample*.csv
```

To merge column numbers "1,2" and "3,4,5" from Sample2.csv and Sample3.csv into Sample1.csv starting before column number 3 in Sample1.csv and to generate NewSample.csv without quoting column data, type:

```
% MergeTextFiles.pl -s 3 --startcolmode before -r NewSample -q no
-m colnum -c "all;1,2;3,4,5" -o Sample1.csv Sample2.csv
Sample3.csv
```

To merge column "Mol\_ID,Formula,MolWeight" and "Mol\_ID,NAME,ChemBankID" from Sample2.csv and Sample3.csv into Sample1.csv using "Mol\_ID" as a column keys starting after the last column and to generate NewSample.tsv, type:

```
% MergeTextFiles.pl -r NewSample --outdelim tab -k "Mol_ID;Mol_ID;
Mol_ID" -m collabel -c "all;Mol_ID,Formula,MolWeight;Mol_ID,NAME,
ChemBankID" -o Sample1.csv Sample2.csv Sample3.csv
```

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## SEE ALSO

JoinTextFiles.pl, MergeTextFilesWithSD.pl, ModifyTextFilesFormat.pl, SplitTextFiles.pl

## COPYRIGHT

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