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Practice quiz: Cost function for logistic regression

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1.

$$\overrightarrow{J(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}},b)} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} L(f_{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}},b}(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}}^{(i)}), \mathbf{y}^{(i)})$$

1/1 point

In this lecture series, "cost" and "loss" have distinct meanings. Which one applies to a single training example?

✓ Loss

In these lectures, loss is calculated on a single training example. It is worth noting that this definition is not universal. Other lecture series may have a different definition.

- Cost
- Both Loss and Cost
- Neither Loss nor Cost

2. 1/1 point

Simplified loss function

$$-\log(f_{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}},b}(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}}^{(i)})) \quad \text{if } \mathbf{y}^{(i)} = 1$$

$$L(f_{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}},b}(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}}^{(i)}), \mathbf{y}^{(i)}) = \begin{cases} -\log\left(1 - f_{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}},b}(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}}^{(i)})\right) & \text{if } \mathbf{y}^{(i)} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$L(f_{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}},b}(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}}^{(i)}), \mathbf{y}^{(i)}) = -\mathbf{y}^{(i)}\log\left(f_{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}},b}(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}}^{(i)})\right) - (1 - \mathbf{y}^{(i)})\log\left(1 - f_{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}},b}(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}}^{(i)})\right)$$

For the simplified loss function, if the label $y^{(i)}=0$, then what does this expression simplify to?

$$\bigcirc -\log(1-f_{\vec{\mathbf{w}},b}(\mathbf{x}^{(i)})) - log(1-f_{\vec{\mathbf{w}},b}(\mathbf{x}^{(i)}))$$

$$\bigcirc \log(f_{\vec{w},b}(\mathbf{x}^{(i)}))$$

$$\bigcirc \log(1 - f_{\vec{\mathbf{w}},b}(\mathbf{x}^{(i)})) + log(1 - f_{\vec{\mathbf{w}},b}(\mathbf{x}^{(i)}))$$

$$\bigcirc$$
 $-\log(1-f_{\vec{\mathbf{v}},b}(\mathbf{x}^{(i)}))$

⊘ Correct

When $y^{(i)}=0$, the first term reduces to zero.