

Booking API Testing Plan

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Test Plan

1. Test Plan Overview

1.1 Objectives

The primary objectives of this testing task are to validate the functionality, performance, and reliability of the booking API endpoint (POST /places) using both functional and load testing techniques.

1.2 Test Scenarios

The following test scenarios will be covered:

- **Valid Payloads:** Successful booking creation.
 - **Invalid Payloads:** Missing fields, invalid date formats, duplicate bookings.
 - **Load Testing:** Simulating 100 concurrent users for 5 minutes with a 30 s ramp-up.
 - **Edge Cases:** Large payloads and special characters in user_id.
 - **Idempotency:** Re-sending the *exact same* booking request must **not** create a second record (expect a conflict error).
 - **Database Consistency:** After execution, the total count of successful creations must equal the total number of records returned by a GET /places.
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2. Tools and Setup

- **Postman:** Functional and error testing of the API.
 - **Apache JMeter:** Load testing to simulate concurrent users and perform a high-level consistency check.
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3. Postman Setup and Implementation

Requirement	Details
Endpoint	POST https://682d014e4fae1889475497b9.mockapi.io/v1/api/senior-qc-test/booking/places
Tools	Postman (collection runner + environment vars)
Test Cases	- TC01: Valid Payload - TC02: Empty-String Fields - TC03: Invalid Date Format - TC04: Duplicate Booking - TC05: Large & Special Characters
Data Handling	Environment & collection variables; dynamic generation of IDs and timestamps
Assertions	- Valid → expect 201 Created - Invalid → expect 400 Bad Request or 409 Conflict - JSON schema validation
Automation	Pre-request scripts to dynamic timestamps and randomized IDs

3.1 Test Idempotency (new collection folder)

- **Request #1 – Duplicate Booking:**
 - Method: POST /places
 - Body: fixed user_id & place_id
 - Tests: pm.expect(pm.response.code).to.eql(201)
 - **Request #2 – Send Duplicate Booking Again**
 - Re-uses the *exact same* body from Request #1
 - Tests: pm.expect(pm.response.code).to.eql(409)
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4. JMeter Setup and Implementation

Requirement	Details
Endpoint	Same POST /places URL
Users (Threads)	100
Ramp-up	30 seconds
Duration	5 minutes (300 seconds)
CSV Data	Columns: (user_id, place_id, date, VALID) ~97 valid rows + 3–4 invalid rows
Controllers	If-Controllers branching on VALID column from CSV file (Invalid vs. Valid)
Assertions	- Valid → expect 200/201 - Invalid → expect 400/409

4.1 Detailed JMeter Script Design

The JMeter script uses conditional logic based on input data from a CSV file to simulate multiple testing scenarios within one execution run, targeting valid and invalid payloads dynamically.

Key components and flow:

- **CSV Data Set Config:** Reads rows containing (user_id, place_id, createdAt) and a test type field indicating scenario type.
- **If Controllers:** Branch execution based on test type value:
 - 'valid' branch for valid booking requests
 - 'missing_fields' branch for requests missing required fields
 - 'invalid_date' branch for malformed date formats
 - 'duplicate' branch for duplicate booking attempts
- **HTTP Request Samplers:** Separate POST /places requests configured per branch using CSV variables.
- **Assertions:** Response validations scoped within each If Controller to check expected HTTP status codes (201 for valid, 400/409 for invalid).
- **Listeners:** View Results Tree and Summary Report collect test results per scenario.

5.Database Consistency Check

- **Track successful creations:** Attach a **JSR223 Post-Processor** to each **POST** sampler:
 - If response code is **201**, increment a thread-safe counter variable `createdCount`.
 - **Fetch all records** by adding an **HTTP Request Sampler**: GET /places.
 - **Count returned IDs** by Using a **Regular Expression Extractor** on the GET response body:
 - Match No.: **-1** (to count all matches) → store in `id_matchNr`.
 - **Compare counts** by Attaching a **JSR223 Assertion** to the GET sampler:
 - Compare `createdCount` vs. `id_matchNr`.
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6. Run Load Test and Monitor

- Average and 90th percentile response times.
 - Error rates (HTTP 4xx/5xx).
 - Throughput (requests per second).
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7. Export Results & Reporting

- Summary.csv
 - Aggregate.csv
 - Results.jtl
 - Screenshots for functional flows and idempotency
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8. Metrics to Measure

- **Latency:** 95% of requests should respond within 2 seconds.
- **Error Rate:** Less than 3% for valid payloads.
- **Throughput:** Number of requests processed per second.
- **Idempotency:** 100 % of repeated POSTs return conflict
- **Database Consistency:** `createdCount` = `id_matchNr`