PI code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
int main(int argc, char **argv)
 clock_t begin = clock();
 char *str = argv[1];
 char *e;
 long STEPS = atoi(str);
 double x, y, z, pi;
 long count = 0;
 for (int i = 0; i \le STEPS; i++)
  x = rand()/(double)RAND_MAX;
  y = rand()/(double)RAND_MAX;
  z = x*x + y*y;
  if (z \le 1)
   count++;
 pi = (double)count/STEPS*4;
 // printf("N = \%lu\t", STEPS);
 // printf("Pi = \%.20lf\n", pi);
 clock_t end = clock();
 double time = (long double)(end - begin) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
 FILE *file = fopen("g.txt", "a+");
 fprintf(file, "%lu %lf %lf\n", STEPS,time,pi);
 fclose(file);
 return 0;
}
```

Shell Code

```
#!/bin/bash
i=1
gcc pi.c
while [ $i -le 100000 ]
do
```

```
./a.out $i
  i=`expr $i + 200`
 done
awk 'function modulus(x) {if(x < 0) return x^*=-1; else return x;}{print $0,modulus($4=$3-
3.14159265358979311600)}' g.txt > temp.txt
awk '{print $0,$5=$4/3.14159265358979311600}' temp.txt > g.txt
echo "Steps
                          Abs-Err
                                      Rel-Abs-Err " && awk '{print $1," ",$2," ",$4," ",$5,"\n"}'
                Time
g.txt
gnuplot << EOF
set term wxt enhanced
set terminal png size 2000,1000
set title 'Graph'
set output 'plot1.png'
set xlabel 'STEPS'
set ylabel 'Time'
plot 'g.txt' using 1:2 w l title 'PI'
EOF
gnuplot << EOF
set term wxt enhanced
set terminal png size 2000,1000
set title 'Graph'
set output "plot2.png"
set xlabel 'STEPS'
set ylabel 'Abs and Rel-Abs %'
set yrange [0:1]
set xrange [0:25000]
plot 'g.txt' using 1:4 lc rgb 'black' w l title 'Abs-Error', 'g.txt' using 1:5 w l lc rgb 'red' title 'Relative-
Abs-Error %'
EOF
```

echo "Done!"
rm g.txt
xdg-open plot1.png
xdg-open plot2.png