

TP1 - R405

Exercice 1 :

```
PS C:\Users\toto> Get-LocalUser

Name           Enabled Description
----
Administrateur  False  Compte d'utilisateur d'administration
DefaultAccount  False  Compte utilisateur g  r   par le syst  me.
Invit          False  Compte d'utilisateur invit  
toto           True   Compte d'utilisateur g  r   et utilis   par le syst  me pour les sc  narios Windows Defender Application Guard.
WDAGUtilityAccount False  Compte d'utilisateur g  r   et utilis   par le syst  me pour les sc  narios Windows Defender Application Guard.
```

Les utilisateurs sont : **Administrateur**, **DefaultAccount**, **Invit  **, **toto**.

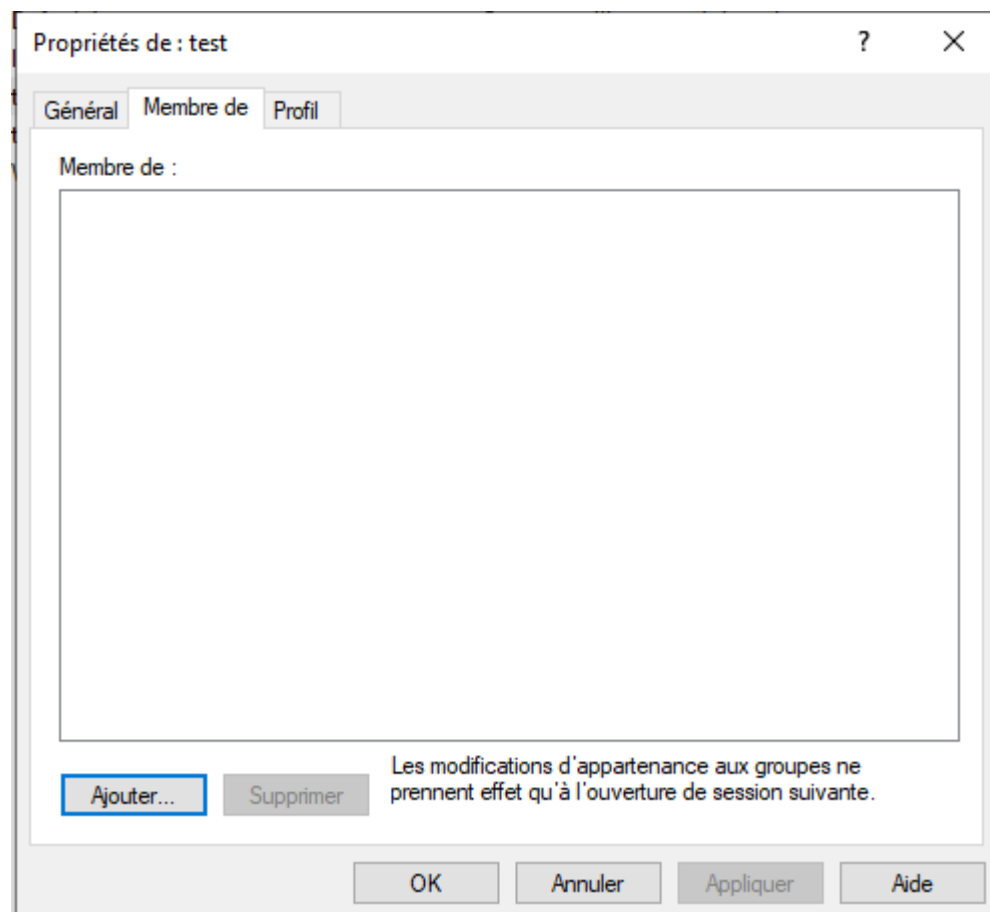
Exercice 2 :

```
PS C:\Windows\system32> New-LocalUser test

Applet de commande New-LocalUser    la position 1 du pipeline de la commande
Fournissez des valeurs pour les param  tres suivants :
Password: ****

Name Enabled Description
----
test True
```

```
PS C:\Windows\system32> Get-LocalGroup | ForEach-Object { if ((Get-LocalGroupMember -Group $_.Name -Member "test" -ErrorAction SilentlyContinue) -ne $null) { $_.Name } }
```



Le nouvel utilisateur n'est **dans aucun groupe**.

Exercise 3:

```
# Start a loop that will continue until a non-empty username is entered
do {
    # Prompt the user to enter a username
    $user = Read-Host -Prompt "Enter username"
    # If the username is empty
    if ($user -eq "") {
        # Output a message stating that the username cannot be empty
        Write-Host "Username cannot be empty"
    }
    # Continue the loop as long as the username is empty
} while ($user -eq "")

# Start a loop that will continue until a non-empty password is entered
do {
    # Prompt the user to enter a password and store it as a secure
    string
    $pass = Read-Host -Prompt "Enter password" -AsSecureString
    # Convert the secure string to a plain text string
    $plainPass =
[Runtime.InteropServices.Marshal]::PtrToStringAuto([Runtime.InteropServices.Marshal]::SecureStringToBSTR($pass))
    # If the password is empty
    if ($plainPass -eq "") {
        # Output a message stating that the password cannot be empty
        Write-Host "Password cannot be empty"
    }
    # Continue the loop as long as the password is empty
} while ($plainPass -eq "")

# Create a new local user with the entered username and password
New-LocalUser $user -Password $pass
# Add the new user to the "Utilisateurs" group
Add-LocalGroupMember -Group "Utilisateurs" -Member $user
```

```
PS C:\Users\toto\Documents> .\ex3.ps1
Enter username:
Username cannot be empty
Enter username: test1
Enter password:
Password cannot be empty
Enter password: ****

Name  Enabled Description
----
test1 True
```

Exercise 4 :

```
# Retrieve all local users
Get-LocalUser |
# Filter the users to only include those who have logged on within the last
3600 days
Where-Object {$_.Lastlogon -ge (Get-Date).AddDays(-3600)} |
# Select the name and last logon time of each user
Select-Object Name,Lastlogon |
# Format the results as a list
Format-List
```

```
PS C:\Users\Administrateur> Get-LocalUser | Select-Object Name,Lastlogon | Format-List

Name       : Administrateur
LastLogon  : 27/03/2024 15:02:30

Name       : toto
LastLogon  : 01/06/2021 11:03:58
```

Exercise 5 :

```
# Define parameters for the script: a user name and a group name
param (
    # If the 'User' parameter set is used, the user name is mandatory
    [Parameter(ParameterSetName='User', Mandatory=$true)]
    [string]$u,

    # If the 'Group' parameter set is used, the group name is mandatory
    [Parameter(ParameterSetName='Group', Mandatory=$true)]
    [string]$g
)

# If a user name was provided
if ($u) {
    # Retrieve the local user with the specified name
    $user = Get-LocalUser | Where-Object { $_.Name -eq $u }
    # If the user exists
    if ($user) {
        # Output a message stating that the user exists
        Write-Host "User $u exists."
    } else {
        # Output a message stating that the user does not exist
        Write-Host "User $u does not exist."
    }
}

# If a group name was provided
} elseif ($g) {
    # Retrieve the local group with the specified name
    $group = Get-LocalGroup | Where-Object { $_.Name -eq $g }
    # If the group exists
    if ($group) {
        # Output a message stating that the group exists
        Write-Host "Group $g exists."
    } else {
        # Output a message stating that the group does not exist
        Write-Host "Group $g does not exist."
    }
}
}
```

```
PS C:\Users\Administrateur\Documents> ./verifie_doublon -g Invite
Group Invite does not exist.
PS C:\Users\Administrateur\Documents> ./verifie_doublon -u toto
User toto exists.
```

Exercise 6 :

```
PS C:\Users\Administrateur\Documents> Get-EventLog -List
```

Max(K)	Retain	OverflowAction	Entries	Log
20	480	0 OverwriteAsNeeded	131	Application
20	480	0 OverwriteAsNeeded	0	HardwareEvents
512	7	OverwriteOlder	0	Internet Explorer
20	480	0 OverwriteAsNeeded	0	Key Management Service
20	480	0 OverwriteAsNeeded	540	Security
20	480	0 OverwriteAsNeeded	699	System
15	360	0 OverwriteAsNeeded	21	Windows PowerShell

La commande **"Get-EventLog -List"** permet d'afficher la liste des logs disponibles.

Exercise 7 :

```
PS C:\Users\Administrateur\Documents> Get-EventLog -LogName System
```

Index	Time	EntryType	Source	InstanceID	Message
-------	------	-----------	--------	------------	---------

```
# Retrieve all entries from the System event log
Get-EventLog -LogName System |
# Select unique entries based on the Index, Time, EntryType, Source,
InstanceID, and Message properties
Select-Object Index, Time, EntryType, Source, InstanceID, Message
-Unique |
# Format the results as a table
Format-Table
```

1362	Information	Service Control Manager	1073748864	Le type de démarrage du service bfadi est passé de Déma...
1361	Information	Service Control Manager	1073748864	Le type de démarrage du service Pilote miniport Storpor...
1360	Information	Service Control Manager	1073748864	Le type de démarrage du service amdbs est passé de Déma...
1359	Information	Service Control Manager	1073748864	Le type de démarrage du service amdmsata est passé de Dé...
1358	Information	Service Control Manager	1073748864	Le type de démarrage du service ADP80XX est passé de Dé...
1357	Information	Service Control Manager	1073748864	Le type de démarrage du service 3ware est passé de Déma...
1356	Information	Service Control Manager	1073748864	Le type de démarrage du service 3ware est passé de Déma...
1355	Warning	Microsoft-Windows-Time-Service	134	NtpClient n'a pas pu définir d'homologue manuel utilis...
1354	Information	Service Control Manager	1073748860	Le service VMware SVGA Helper Service est entré dans l'...
1353	Warning	eliexpress	2684616731	Intel(R) 82574L Gigabit Network Connection...
1352	Information	eliexpress	1610874936	Intel(R) 82574L Gigabit Network Connection...
1351	Error	Microsoft-Windows-NDIS	10317	Le miniport Intel(R) 82574L Gigabit Network Connection...
1350	Information	Service Control Manager	1073748860	Le service Assistance NetBIOS sur TCP/IP est entré dans...
1349	Information	Service Control Manager	1073748866	Un contrôle Arrêter a correctement été envoyé au servic...
1348	Information	Service Control Manager	1073748860	Le service Windows Update est entré dans l'état : arrêté.
1347	Information	Microsoft-Windows-Directory-Services-SAM	16977	Le domaine est configuré avec les paramètres suivants r...
1346	Information	Microsoft-Windows-Directory-Services-SAM	16977	Le domaine est configuré avec les paramètres suivants r...
1345	Information	Microsoft-Windows-Eventlog	104	Le fichier journal Setup a été effacé.
1344	Information	Microsoft-Windows-Eventlog	104	Le fichier journal Application a été effacé.
1343	Information	Microsoft-Windows-Eventlog	104	Le fichier journal System a été effacé.

Exercise 8 :

```
# Retrieve all entries from the System event Log
Get-EventLog -LogName System |
# Filter the entries to only include those where the source is "user32" and
the event ID is 1074. The event ID 1074 corresponds to a system shutdown
Where-Object { $_.Source -eq "user32" -and $_.EventID -eq 1074 } |
# Select the time the event was generated and the message of the event
Select-Object TimeGenerated, Message |
# Export the results to a CSV file, without including type information in
the file
Export-CSV -Path shutdown.csv -NoTypeInfo
```

	A	B
1	TimeGenerated	Message
2	27/03/2024 14:59:18	<p>Le processus C:\Windows\System32\RuntimeBroker.exe (WIN-62SN6T1VFFM) a lanc? le se mettre hors tension. de l?ordinateur</p> <p>Code?: 0x5000000</p> <p>Type d'extinction?: se mettre hors tension.</p> <p>Commentaire?:</p>
3	27/03/2024 14:49:48	<p>Le processus C:\Windows\system32\winlogon.exe (WIN-1KOLAVLI7IG) a lanc? le Red?marrer de l?ordinateur WIN-62SN6T1V</p> <p>Code?: 0x80020003</p> <p>Type d'extinction?: Red?marrer</p> <p>Commentaire?:</p>
4	01/06/2021 13:44:02	<p>Le processus C:\Windows\system32\sysprep\sysprep.exe (WIN-1KOLAVLI7IG) a lanc? le s?arr?ter. de l?ordinateur WIN-1KOL</p> <p>Code?: 0x40002</p> <p>Type d'extinction?: s?arr?ter.</p> <p>Commentaire?:</p>
5		

Exercise 9 :

```
# Prompt the user to enter the number of most recent errors they want to
retrieve
$numberOfErrors = Read-Host -Prompt 'Enter the number of errors to retrieve'

# Get the specified number of most recent error entries from the System
event log
Get-EventLog -LogName System -EntryType Error -Newest $numberOfErrors |
# Select the date (without time) and the message of each error
Select-Object @{n='Date';e={$_.TimeGenerated.Date}}, Message |
# Group the errors by date
Group-Object -Property Date |
# Select the date and the count of errors for that date
Select-Object Name, Count |
# Export the results to a CSV file, without including type information in
the file
Export-CSV -Path errors.csv -NoTypeInfo
```

Name	Count
27/03/2024 00:00:00	5
01/06/2021 00:00:00	1