# NWPD\_Shooting\_Incident

BQ

2024-11-24

```
rm(list = ls())
```

### **Project Description:**

In this project, we will analyze shooting incident dataset involving the NYPD. The data used is publicly available at "https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/nypd-shooting-incident-data-historic".

```
# Set seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)
# Define required packages
required_packages <- c("tidyverse", "ggplot2", "rstudioapi", "readxl", "caret")</pre>
# Check which of the required package is not installed in users' machine
need_install <- required_packages[!(required_packages) %in% installed.packages()]</pre>
# Install the required packages if any of them are not already installed
if (length(need install) > 0 ){
 install.packages(need_install)
# Load packages
lapply(required_packages, require, character.only = TRUE)
## Loading required package: tidyverse
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
                                    2.1.5
## v dplyr
              1.1.4
                        v readr
## v forcats 1.0.0
                                    1.5.1
                        v stringr
## v ggplot2 3.5.1
                      v tibble
                                    3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.3
                                    1.3.1
                        v tidyr
## v purrr
              1.0.2
## -- Conflicts -----
                                            ## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
                    masks stats::lag()
## x dplyr::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
## Loading required package: rstudioapi
## Loading required package: readxl
```

```
##
## Loading required package: caret
## Loading required package: lattice
##
##
## Attaching package: 'caret'
##
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
       lift
##
## [[1]]
## [1] TRUE
##
## [[2]]
## [1] TRUE
##
## [[3]]
## [1] TRUE
##
## [[4]]
## [1] TRUE
## [[5]]
## [1] TRUE
# Getting data
raw_data <- read_csv("https://data.cityofnewyork.us/api/views/833y-fsy8/rows.csv?accessType=DOWNLOAD")</pre>
  distinct() %>%
  drop_na()
## Rows: 28562 Columns: 21
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (12): OCCUR_DATE, BORO, LOC_OF_OCCUR_DESC, LOC_CLASSFCTN_DESC, LOCATION...
         (7): INCIDENT_KEY, PRECINCT, JURISDICTION_CODE, X_COORD_CD, Y_COORD_CD...
         (1): STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG
## lgl
## time (1): OCCUR_TIME
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
data <- raw_data
# Display data structure
str(data)
## tibble [2,907 x 21] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ INCIDENT_KEY
                      : num [1:2907] 2.45e+08 2.48e+08 2.55e+08 2.50e+08 2.43e+08 ...
                            : chr [1:2907] "05/05/2022" "07/04/2022" "11/30/2022" "08/15/2022" ...
## $ OCCUR_DATE
```

```
: 'hms' num [1:2907] 00:10:00 22:20:00 21:15:00 18:21:00 ...
   $ OCCUR TIME
##
    ..- attr(*, "units")= chr "secs"
                           : chr [1:2907] "MANHATTAN" "BRONX" "BRONX" "QUEENS" ...
##
## $ LOC_OF_OCCUR_DESC
                            : chr [1:2907] "INSIDE" "OUTSIDE" "OUTSIDE" "OUTSIDE" ...
## $ PRECINCT
                            : num [1:2907] 14 48 46 101 49 75 49 121 9 69 ...
                           : num [1:2907] 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 2 0 ...
## $ JURISDICTION CODE
## $ LOC CLASSFCTN DESC
                            : chr [1:2907] "COMMERCIAL" "STREET" "STREET" "HOUSING" ...
## $ LOCATION DESC
                            : chr [1:2907] "VIDEO STORE" "(null)" "(null)" "MULTI DWELL - PUBLIC HOUS"
   $ STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG: logi [1:2907] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE ...
## $ PERP_AGE_GROUP
                        : chr [1:2907] "25-44" "(null)" "18-24" "(null)" ...
## $ PERP_SEX
                            : chr [1:2907] "M" "(null)" "M" "(null)" ...
## $ PERP_RACE
                            : chr [1:2907] "BLACK" "(null)" "BLACK" "(null)" ...
## $ VIC_AGE_GROUP
                            : chr [1:2907] "25-44" "18-24" "<18" "18-24" ...
                            : chr [1:2907] "M" "M" "M" "M" ...
## $ VIC_SEX
## $ VIC_RACE
                            : chr [1:2907] "BLACK" "BLACK" "BLACK" "BLACK" ...
##
   $ X_COORD_CD
                            : num [1:2907] 986050 1016802 1011263 1053494 1021686 ...
## $ Y_COORD_CD
                           : num [1:2907] 214231 250581 251671 161531 251947 ...
                           : num [1:2907] 40.8 40.9 40.9 40.6 40.9 ...
## $ Latitude
## $ Longitude
                           : num [1:2907] -74 -73.9 -73.9 -73.8 -73.9 ...
                            : chr [1:2907] "POINT (-73.9935 40.754692)" "POINT (-73.88233 40.854402)"
## $ Lon Lat
```

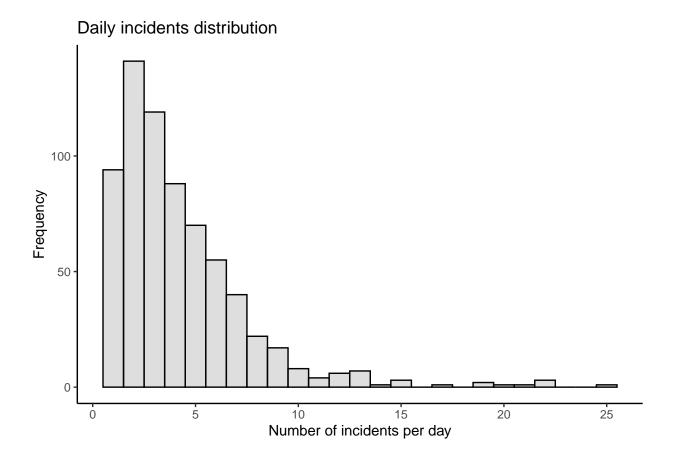
#### summary(data)

#### Summary of the data frame

```
##
    INCIDENT_KEY
                       OCCUR_DATE
                                         OCCUR_TIME
                                                              BORO
  Min. :238531159
                      Length:2907
                                         Length:2907
                                                          Length:2907
## 1st Qu.:246192328
                      Class : character
                                         Class1:hms
                                                          Class : character
## Median :252647955
                      Mode :character
                                         Class2:difftime
                                                          Mode :character
## Mean
         :256854604
                                         Mode :numeric
## 3rd Qu.:268973603
## Max. :279758069
## LOC OF OCCUR DESC
                        PRECINCT
                                      JURISDICTION CODE LOC CLASSFCTN DESC
## Length:2907
                     Min. : 1.00
                                     Min.
                                           :0.0000
                                                       Length:2907
                     1st Qu.: 43.00
                                     1st Qu.:0.0000
                                                       Class : character
## Class :character
  Mode :character
                     Median: 60.00 Median: 0.0000
                                                       Mode :character
##
                     Mean : 62.22
##
                                      Mean :0.2425
                     3rd Qu.: 79.00
                                      3rd Qu.:0.0000
##
##
                     Max.
                            :123.00
                                      Max.
                                            :2.0000
                     STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG PERP_AGE_GROUP
  LOCATION_DESC
##
##
   Length:2907
                     Mode :logical
                                            Length:2907
                     FALSE:2313
  Class :character
                                            Class : character
  Mode :character
##
                     TRUE :594
                                            Mode :character
##
##
##
                                        VIC_AGE_GROUP
##
     PERP_SEX
                      PERP_RACE
                                                            VIC_SEX
##
   Length:2907
                     Length: 2907
                                        Length: 2907
                                                          Length: 2907
##
   Class :character
                     Class : character
                                       Class :character
                                                          Class : character
   Mode :character Mode :character
                                        Mode :character
                                                          Mode :character
##
```

```
##
##
                                                             Latitude
##
      VIC RACE
                         X COORD CD
                                           Y COORD CD
                                                                  :40.52
   Length: 2907
                       Min. : 929510
                                                :127539
                                                          Min.
##
                                         Min.
##
    Class : character
                       1st Qu.:1000459
                                         1st Qu.:184337
                                                           1st Qu.:40.67
   Mode :character Median :1008366
                                         Median :212367
                                                          Median :40.75
##
##
                       Mean :1009286
                                                                :40.75
                                         Mean :212612
                                                          Mean
##
                       3rd Qu.:1016743
                                         3rd Qu.:242614
                                                          3rd Qu.:40.83
##
                       Max.
                              :1059828
                                        Max. :269204
                                                          Max.
                                                                  :40.91
##
      Longitude
                       Lon_Lat
  Min.
          :-74.20
                     Length: 2907
   1st Qu.:-73.94
                     Class : character
##
## Median :-73.91
                     Mode : character
          :-73.91
## Mean
## 3rd Qu.:-73.88
## Max.
           :-73.73
head(data)
## # A tibble: 6 x 21
     INCIDENT_KEY OCCUR_DATE OCCUR_TIME BORO
                                                  LOC_OF_OCCUR_DESC PRECINCT
##
            <dbl> <chr>
                             <time>
                                                                        <dbl>
                                        <chr>
                                                  <chr>
## 1
        244608249 05/05/2022 00:10
                                        MANHATTAN INSIDE
                                                                           14
## 2
        247542571 07/04/2022 22:20
                                        BRONX
                                                  OUTSIDE
                                                                           48
        254911480 11/30/2022 21:15
## 3
                                        BRONX
                                                  OUTSIDE
                                                                           46
## 4
        249623757 08/15/2022 18:21
                                        QUEENS
                                                  OUTSIDE
                                                                          101
## 5
        243433246 04/10/2022 17:00
                                                                           49
                                        BRONX
                                                  OUTSIDE
## 6
        253757468 11/07/2022 11:35
                                        BROOKLYN OUTSIDE
                                                                           75
## # i 15 more variables: JURISDICTION_CODE <dbl>, LOC_CLASSFCTN_DESC <chr>,
## #
       LOCATION_DESC <chr>, STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG <lgl>, PERP_AGE_GROUP <chr>,
## #
       PERP_SEX <chr>, PERP_RACE <chr>, VIC_AGE_GROUP <chr>, VIC_SEX <chr>,
## #
       VIC_RACE <chr>, X_COORD_CD <dbl>, Y_COORD_CD <dbl>, Latitude <dbl>,
## #
       Longitude <dbl>, Lon_Lat <chr>>
```

## Data exploration, data cleaning and trasnformation



```
data <- data %>%
  mutate(
    OCCUR_DATE = mdy(OCCUR_DATE),
    Year = year(OCCUR_DATE),
    Month = factor(month(OCCUR_DATE, label = TRUE, abbr = TRUE), levels = month.abb),
    DayOfWeek = factor(wday(OCCUR_DATE, label = TRUE, abbr = TRUE), levels = c("Sun", "Mon", "Tue", "We")
    TimeOfDay = case_when(
        hour(OCCUR_TIME) >= 6 & hour(OCCUR_TIME) < 12 ~ "Morning",
        hour(OCCUR_TIME) >= 12 & hour(OCCUR_TIME) < 18 ~ "Afternoon",
        hour(OCCUR_TIME) >= 18 & hour(OCCUR_TIME) < 24 ~ "Evening",
        TRUE ~ "Night"
    )
)</pre>
```

```
# Checking the new data structure
str(data)
```

```
## tibble [2,907 x 25] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
   $ INCIDENT_KEY
                            : num [1:2907] 2.45e+08 2.48e+08 2.55e+08 2.50e+08 2.43e+08 ...
                            : Date[1:2907], format: "2022-05-05" "2022-07-04" ...
   $ OCCUR_DATE
   $ OCCUR_TIME
                            : 'hms' num [1:2907] 00:10:00 22:20:00 21:15:00 18:21:00 ...
##
    ..- attr(*, "units")= chr "secs"
                            : chr [1:2907] "MANHATTAN" "BRONX" "BRONX" "QUEENS" ...
   $ BORO
##
## $ LOC_OF_OCCUR_DESC
                            : chr [1:2907] "INSIDE" "OUTSIDE" "OUTSIDE" "OUTSIDE" ...
## $ PRECINCT
                            : num [1:2907] 14 48 46 101 49 75 49 121 9 69 ...
```

```
## $ JURISDICTION CODE
                          : num [1:2907] 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 2 0 ...
                            : chr [1:2907] "COMMERCIAL" "STREET" "STREET" "HOUSING" ...
## $ LOC_CLASSFCTN_DESC
                           : chr [1:2907] "VIDEO STORE" "(null)" "(null)" "MULTI DWELL - PUBLIC HOUS"
## $ LOCATION DESC
## $ STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG: logi [1:2907] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE ...
                          : chr [1:2907] "25-44" "(null)" "18-24" "(null)" ...
## $ PERP_AGE_GROUP
## $ PERP SEX
                           : chr [1:2907] "M" "(null)" "M" "(null)" ...
## $ PERP RACE
                           : chr [1:2907] "BLACK" "(null)" "BLACK" "(null)" ...
## $ VIC AGE GROUP
                           : chr [1:2907] "25-44" "18-24" "<18" "18-24" ...
                            : chr [1:2907] "M" "M" "M" "M" ...
##
   $ VIC SEX
## $ VIC_RACE
                           : chr [1:2907] "BLACK" "BLACK" "BLACK" "BLACK" ...
## $ X_COORD_CD
                           : num [1:2907] 986050 1016802 1011263 1053494 1021686 ...
## $ Y_COORD_CD
                           : num [1:2907] 214231 250581 251671 161531 251947 ...
                           : num [1:2907] 40.8 40.9 40.9 40.6 40.9 ...
## $ Latitude
## $ Longitude
                           : num [1:2907] -74 -73.9 -73.9 -73.8 -73.9 ...
                           : chr [1:2907] "POINT (-73.9935 40.754692)" "POINT (-73.88233 40.854402)"
## $ Lon_Lat
                            : num [1:2907] 2022 2022 2022 2022 ...
## $ Year
## $ Month
                           : Ord.factor w/ 12 levels "Jan"<"Feb"<"Mar"<..: 5 7 11 8 4 11 12 6 10 2 ...
## $ DayOfWeek
                          : Ord.factor w/ 7 levels "Sun"<"Mon"<"Tue"<..: 5 2 4 2 1 2 7 1 5 3 ...
                           : chr [1:2907] "Night" "Evening" "Evening" "Evening" ...
## $ TimeOfDay
summary(data)
```

OCCUR\_TIME

BORO

```
:238531159
                      Min. :2022-01-01
                                          Length:2907
                                                           Length: 2907
## Min.
                                                           Class :character
                      1st Qu.:2022-06-06
                                          Class1:hms
## 1st Qu.:246192328
## Median :252647955
                      Median :2022-10-15
                                          Class2:difftime
                                                           Mode :character
## Mean
         :256854604
                      Mean :2022-11-24
                                          Mode :numeric
   3rd Qu.:268973603
                      3rd Qu.:2023-05-28
## Max. :279758069
                      Max. :2023-12-29
##
## LOC_OF_OCCUR_DESC
                        PRECINCT
                                     JURISDICTION_CODE LOC_CLASSFCTN_DESC
## Length:2907
                     Min. : 1.00
                                     Min. :0.0000
                                                      Length:2907
                                                      Class :character
                     1st Qu.: 43.00
                                     1st Qu.:0.0000
## Class :character
## Mode :character
                     Median : 60.00
                                     Median :0.0000
                                                      Mode :character
                     Mean : 62.22
##
                                     Mean :0.2425
##
                     3rd Qu.: 79.00
                                     3rd Qu.:0.0000
##
                     Max. :123.00
                                     Max. :2.0000
## LOCATION_DESC
                     STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG PERP_AGE_GROUP
## Length:2907
                                            Length:2907
                     Mode :logical
## Class :character
                                            Class :character
                     FALSE:2313
## Mode :character TRUE :594
                                            Mode :character
##
##
##
##
                                       VIC_AGE_GROUP
##
     PERP_SEX
                      PERP_RACE
                                                           VIC_SEX
  Length: 2907
                     Length:2907
                                       Length:2907
                                                         Length:2907
##
   Class : character Class : character
                                       Class :character
                                                         Class : character
  Mode :character Mode :character
                                       Mode : character
##
                                                         Mode :character
##
##
##
##
```

OCCUR\_DATE

INCIDENT\_KEY

##

```
##
      VIC_RACE
                           X COORD CD
                                               Y COORD CD
                                                                   Latitude
                                 : 929510
                                                    :127539
                                                                       :40.52
##
    Length:2907
                         \mathtt{Min}.
                                            \mathtt{Min}.
                                                               \mathtt{Min}.
    Class : character
##
                         1st Qu.:1000459
                                             1st Qu.:184337
                                                               1st Qu.:40.67
                                                               Median :40.75
    Mode :character
                        Median :1008366
                                            Median :212367
##
##
                         Mean
                                 :1009286
                                            Mean
                                                    :212612
                                                               Mean
                                                                       :40.75
##
                         3rd Qu.:1016743
                                                               3rd Qu.:40.83
                                             3rd Qu.:242614
##
                         Max.
                                 :1059828
                                            Max.
                                                    :269204
                                                               Max.
                                                                       :40.91
##
##
      Longitude
                         Lon_Lat
                                                 Year
                                                                Month
                                                                             DayOfWeek
           :-74.20
                                                   :2022
                                                                             Sun:502
##
   Min.
                       Length: 2907
                                           Min.
                                                            Jul
                                                                    : 375
    1st Qu.:-73.94
                       Class : character
                                            1st Qu.:2022
                                                            Jun
                                                                    : 290
                                                                             Mon:451
    Median :-73.91
                                           Median:2022
                                                                    : 277
                                                                             Tue:370
##
                       Mode : character
                                                            May
                                                                    : 262
##
    Mean
            :-73.91
                                           Mean
                                                   :2022
                                                                             Wed:323
                                                            Mar
    3rd Qu.:-73.88
                                            3rd Qu.:2023
##
                                                            Aug
                                                                    : 259
                                                                            Thu:358
##
    Max.
            :-73.73
                                                   :2023
                                                                    : 254
                                                                            Fri:372
                                           Max.
                                                            Sep
##
                                                            (Other):1190
                                                                             Sat:531
##
     TimeOfDay
##
   Length: 2907
    Class : character
##
##
    Mode :character
##
##
##
##
```

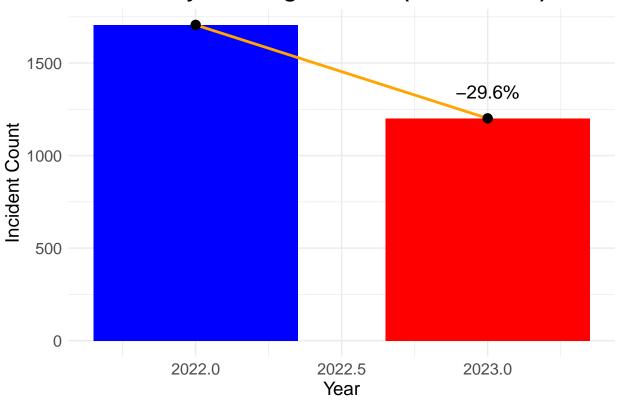
### Grouping and Summarization

**Total Incident for each year** We group the data by 'Year' to count total number of of incidents for each year. This summarized data will be used later to create a bar chart comparing the yearly totals.

```
# Group by Year and count total incidents
yearly incidents <- data %>%
  group_by(Year) %>%
  summarise(Incident_Count = n(), .groups = "drop")
# View the results
print(yearly_incidents)
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
##
      Year Incident_Count
##
     <dbl>
                    <int>
## 1
     2022
                     1706
## 2
     2023
                     1201
# Add a percentage change column for annotations
yearly_incidents <- yearly_incidents %>%
  mutate(Percent_Change = c(NA, (Incident_Count[2] - Incident_Count[1]) / Incident_Count[1] * 100))
# Create the combined bar and line chart
ggplot(yearly_incidents, aes(x = Year)) +
  # Bar chart for incident counts
  geom_bar(aes(y = Incident_Count, fill = as.factor(Year)), stat = "identity", width = 0.7, show.legend
```

```
# Line plot for percentage change
geom_line(aes(y = Incident_Count, group = 1), color = "orange", linewidth = 1) +
geom_point(aes(y = Incident_Count), color = "black", size = 3) +
# Add percentage labels on the line
geom_text(aes(y = Incident_Count, label = ifelse(is.na(Percent_Change), "", paste0(round(Percent_Change))
          vjust = -1.5, size = 5, color = "black", na.rm = TRUE) +
# labels and theme
labs(
 title = "Yearly Shooting Incidents (2022 vs 2023)",
 x = "Year",
 y = "Incident Count",
 fill = "Year"
) +
scale_fill_manual(values = c("2022" = "blue", "2023" = "red")) +
theme_minimal() +
theme(
 plot.title = element_text(size = 16, face = "bold", hjust = 0.5),
  axis.title.x = element_text(size = 14),
 axis.title.y = element_text(size = 14),
 axis.text.x = element_text(size = 12),
  axis.text.y = element_text(size = 12)
```

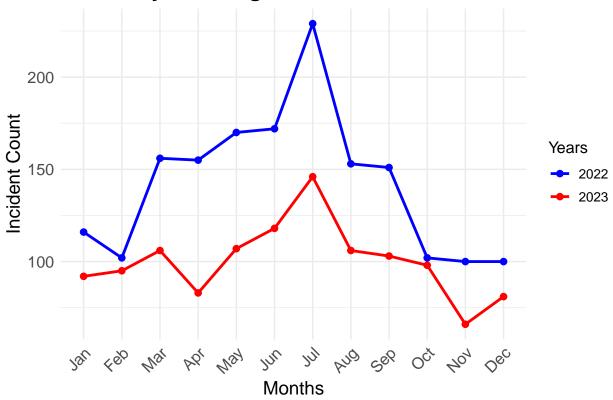




Month to Month comparison We will group the data by the Year and Month and count the incident for each combination, than will plot a monthly trends for 2022 and 2023 as a two separate lines for comparison.

```
# Group by Year and Month, and count incidents
month_counts <- data %>%
  group by (Year, Month) %>%
  summarise(Incident_Count = n(), .groups = "drop")
# View results
print(month_counts)
## # A tibble: 24 x 3
      Year Month Incident_Count
      <dbl> <ord>
##
                          <int>
## 1 2022 Jan
                            116
## 2 2022 Feb
                            102
## 3 2022 Mar
                             156
## 4 2022 Apr
                             155
## 5 2022 May
                             170
## 6 2022 Jun
                            172
## 7 2022 Jul
                             229
## 8 2022 Aug
                             153
## 9 2022 Sep
                             151
## 10 2022 Oct
                             102
## # i 14 more rows
# Create the line chart
ggplot(month_counts, aes(x = Month, y = Incident_Count, colour = as.factor(Year), group = Year)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = 1) +
  geom_point(size = 2) +
  labs(
    title = "Monthly Shooting incidents: 2022 vs 2023",
    x = "Months",
   y = "Incident Count",
   color = "Years"
  scale_color_manual(values = c("2022" = "blue", "2023" = "red")) +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 16, face = "bold", hjust = 0.5),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 14),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 14),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 12, angle = 45, hjust = 1),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 12),
    legend.title = element_text(size = 12),
    legend.text = element_text(size = 10)
```





The Blue line (2022) consistently shows higher incident counts that the red line (2023) accoss most months. The peak in 2022 occurs in July, with more than 200 incidents 2023, while having fewer incidents overall, also shows a slight peak in the summer months (July-August) 2023 shows consistently lower counts compared to 2022, with 29.6% decline overall Interestingly, the counts for November and December are very close in both years, indicating a leveling off of the decline towards the end of the year

```
# Group by DayOfWeek and count incidents
day_of_week_analysis <- data %>%
  group_by(Year, DayOfWeek, TimeOfDay) %>%
  summarise(Incident_Count = n(), .groups = "drop")

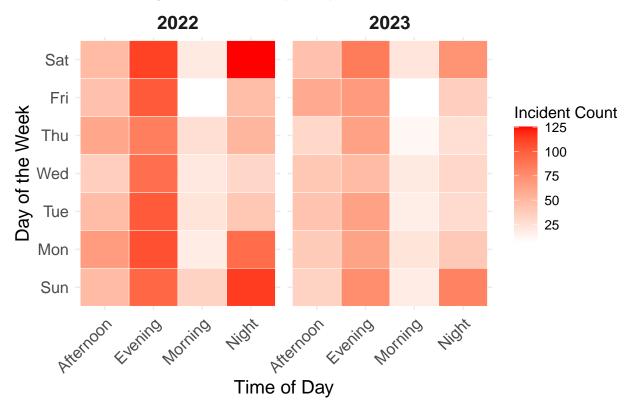
# View the data
print(day_of_week_analysis)
```

### Incident by day of the week, yearly comperison

```
## # A tibble: 56 x 4
       Year DayOfWeek TimeOfDay Incident_Count
##
      <dbl> <ord>
                      <chr>>
##
    1 2022 Sun
##
                      Afternoon
                                             49
##
    2 2022 Sun
                      Evening
                                             96
                                             34
##
    3 2022 Sun
                      Morning
       2022 Sun
                      Night
                                            114
```

```
## 5 2022 Mon
                                           67
                     Afternoon
## 6 2022 Mon
                                          106
                     Evening
                     Morning
## 7 2022 Mon
                                           19
## 8 2022 Mon
                     Night
                                           93
## 9 2022 Tue
                     Afternoon
                                           48
## 10 2022 Tue
                     Evening
                                          102
## # i 46 more rows
# Create the bar chart
ggplot(day_of_week_analysis, aes(x = TimeOfDay, y = DayOfWeek, fill = Incident_Count)) +
 geom_tile(color = "white") +
 scale_fill_gradient(low = "white", high = "red") +
 facet wrap(~ Year) +
 labs(
   title = "Shooting Incidents by Day, Time and Year",
   x = "Time of Day",
   y = "Day of the Week",
   fill = "Incident Count"
 theme_minimal() +
 theme(
   plot.title = element_text(size = 16, face = "bold", hjust = 0.5),
   axis.title.x = element_text(size = 14),
   axis.title.y = element_text(size = 14),
   axis.text.x = element_text(size = 12, angle = 45, hjust = 1),
   axis.text.y = element_text(size = 12),
   legend.title = element_text(size = 12),
   legend.text = element_text(size = 10),
   strip.text = element_text(size = 14, face = "bold")
 )
```

# Shooting Incidents by Day, Time and Year



Incidents are consistently high during the night across most days of the week. Saturdays and Sundays show particularly high incidents during the night in both years, with strong activity in the evenings, which could be due to social gatherings. The heatmap for 2023 is generally lighter color than 2022, indicating fewer incidents across all times and days, which aligns with previous analyses

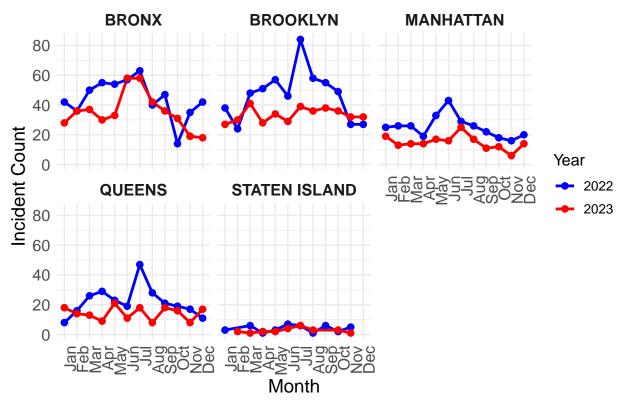
```
# Group data by Month, Year and BORO
boro_monthly <- data %>%
   group_by(Year, Month, BORO) %>%
   summarise(Incident_Count = n(), .groups = "drop")
# View Monthly data
print(boro_monthly)
```

#### Count of Incident per Borough, Monthly and Yearly comparison

```
## # A tibble: 115 x 4
##
       Year Month BORO
                                Incident_Count
##
      <dbl> <ord> <chr>
                                          <int>
##
   1 2022 Jan
                  BRONX
                                             42
   2 2022 Jan
                  BROOKLYN
                                             38
##
##
       2022 Jan
                  MANHATTAN
                                             25
                                             8
##
   4 2022 Jan
                  QUEENS
##
   5 2022 Jan
                  STATEN ISLAND
                                             3
     2022 Feb
                  BRONX
                                             36
##
   6
```

```
## 7 2022 Feb
                 BROOKLYN
                                           24
                                           26
## 8 2022 Feb
                 MANHATTAN
                                           16
## 9 2022 Feb
                 QUEENS
## 10 2022 Mar BRONX
                                           50
## # i 105 more rows
# Create faceted line plots for monthly trends
ggplot(boro_monthly, aes(x = Month, y = Incident_Count, color = as.factor(Year), group = Year)) +
 geom_line(linewidth = 1) +
 geom_point(size = 2) +
 facet_wrap(~ BORO) +
 labs(
   title = "Monthly Shooting incidents by Borough (2022 vs 2023)",
   x = "Month",
   y = "Incident Count",
   color = "Year"
  scale_color_manual(values = c("2022" = "blue", "2023" = "red")) +
  theme minimal() +
 theme(
   plot.title = element_text(size = 16, face = "bold", hjust = 0.5),
   axis.title.x = element_text(size = 14),
   axis.title.y = element_text(size = 14),
   axis.text.x = element_text(size = 12, angle = 90, hjust = 1),
   axis.text.y = element_text(size = 12),
   strip.text = element_text(size = 12, face = "bold"),
   legend.title = element_text(size = 12),
   legend.text = element_text(size = 10)
```

# Monthly Shooting incidents by Borough (2022 vs 2023)



Across all boroughs, incidents tent to peak in the summer months (June - August) and this seasonal pattern is consistent in both years. Incidents in 2023 (red line) are consistently lower than in 2022 (blue line) across most months and boroughs, aligning with the overall decline. BROOKLYN and BRONX have the highest number of incidents compared to other boroughs, with noticeable peaks in July for both years. STATEN ISLAND consistently has the lowest number of incidents with almost no seasonal variations. also the difference between 2022 and 2023 is minimal, indicating stability in this borough. The decline in 2023 is evident in all boroughs, but the Bronx and Brooklyn contribute the most to the overall decline.

### Machine Learning Model

**Linear Regression Model** We will build a Linear Regression model to predict the number of shooting incidents (Incident\_Count) for each borough (BORO) in a a specific month (Month) and year (Year).

```
# Aggregate data by BORO, Month, Year
data_model <- data %>%
  group_by(BORO, Year, Month) %>%
  summarise(Incident_Count = n(), .groups = "drop") %>%
  mutate(BORO = as.factor(BORO))
print(head(data_model))
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
## BORO Year Month Incident_Count
## <fct> <dbl> <ord> <int>
## 1 BRONX 2022 Jan 42
## 2 BRONX 2022 Feb 36
```

```
## 3 BRONX 2022 Mar 50
## 4 BRONX 2022 Apr 55
## 5 BRONX 2022 May 54
## 6 BRONX 2022 Jun 57
```

##

Min

1Q

Median

**Train-Test Split** «««< HEAD:NYPD\_Shooting\_Project\_bq.Rmd We will split the data into training(80%) and testing(20%) subsets to evaluate the model's performance.

```
#Split data into training and testing sets
set.seed(42) # for reproducibility
train_index <- createDataPartition(data_model$Incident_Count, p=0.8, list = FALSE)
train_data <- data_model[train_index,] # the 80% portion
test_data <- data_model[-train_index,] # the remaining 20% portion

# View the size of the train and test datasets
cat("Training data:", nrow(train_data), "\nTesting data:", nrow(test_data))

## Training data: 93
## Testing data: 22</pre>
```

Fit a Linear Regression Model We will train a simple Linear Regression model using lm() function with BORO, Month, and Year as predictor.

```
# Fit the linear regression model
lm_model <- lm(Incident_Count ~ BORO + Month + Year, data = train_data)

# View the model summary
summary(lm_model)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Incident_Count ~ BORO + Month + Year, data = train_data)
##
## Residuals:</pre>
```

Max

```
## -25.1596 -4.2528
                        0.1821
                                  4.8947 26.0395
##
## Coefficients:
##
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                      17420.3180 3569.4956
                                                4.880 5.70e-06 ***
## BOROBROOKLYN
                          2.6973
                                      2.7087
                                                0.996
                                                         0.3225
## BOROMANHATTAN
                        -18.3250
                                      2.7139 -6.752 2.56e-09 ***
## BOROQUEENS
                        -20.3417
                                      2.7093 -7.508 9.57e-11 ***
## BOROSTATEN ISLAND
                        -36.9258
                                      2.9752 -12.411
                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## Month.L
                         -3.6049
                                      3.0803
                                              -1.170
                                                         0.2455
## Month.Q
                                      3.1496 -5.004 3.53e-06 ***
                        -15.7600
## Month.C
                                               0.156
                                                         0.8766
                          0.4854
                                      3.1162
## Month<sup>4</sup>
                          6.5794
                                      3.0328
                                                2.169
                                                         0.0332 *
## Month<sup>5</sup>
                          2.7303
                                      2.9869
                                                0.914
                                                         0.3636
## Month<sup>6</sup>
                         -0.5697
                                      2.9592 -0.193
                                                         0.8478
## Month<sup>7</sup>
                         -2.0488
                                      2.9528 -0.694
                                                         0.4899
## Month<sup>8</sup>
                          4.6782
                                      2.9766
                                              1.572
                                                       0.1202
```

3Q

```
## Month^9
                       -0.3467
                                   2.9751 -0.117
                                                    0.9075
## Month^10
                                   3.0224 -0.436
                                                    0.6640
                       -1.3182
## Month^11
                       -5.3750
                                   3.0723 - 1.750
                                                    0.0842 .
                       -8.5942
                                   1.7649 -4.870 5.94e-06 ***
## Year
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 8.304 on 76 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8053, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7643
## F-statistic: 19.65 on 16 and 76 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Model Prediction We will use the trained modelt to predict Incident\_Count on the test data.

```
# Predict on the test data
predictions <- predict(lm_model, newdata = test_data)

# Combine the predections with actual values
result <- data.frame(
   Actual = test_data$Incident_Count,
   Predicted = predictions
)

print(head(result))</pre>
```

```
## Actual Predicted
## 1 42 38.40421
## 2 55 42.84694
## 3 63 55.26316
## 4 37 36.51108
## 5 58 46.66897
## 6 27 32.50733
```

## MSE: 37.01763

Actual values are a bit higher than Predicted values in the 6 rows of data, we will quantify how close these predictions are to the actual values using MAE and MSE

```
# Calculate MAE and MSE
mae <- mean(abs(result$Actual - result$Predicted))
mse <- mean((result$Actual - result$Predicted)^2)

# view the evaluation
cat("MAE: ", mae, "\n")

## MAE: 5.179312

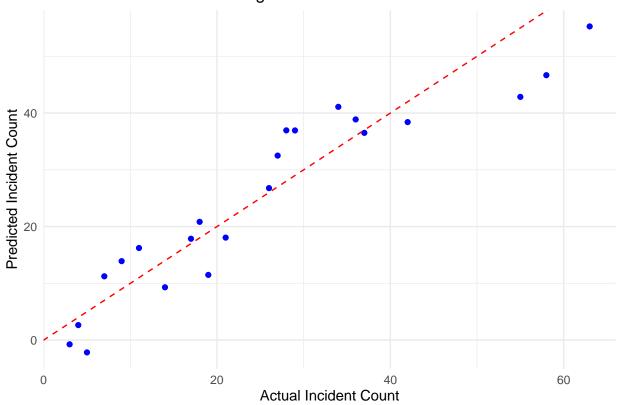
cat("MSE: ", mse, "\n")</pre>
```

MAE value suggests the model performs reasonably well but has room for improvement. MSE value highlights that there may still be occasional large errors in prediction.

**Result Visualization** We will create a scatter plot to visualize the relationship between actual and predicted values

```
# Scatter plot of actual vs. predicted values
ggplot(result, aes(x = Actual, y = Predicted)) +
  geom_point(color = "blue") +
  geom_abline(slope = 1, intercept = 0, color = "red", linetype = "dashed") +
  labs(
    title = "Actual vs Predicted Shooting Incidents",
    x = "Actual Incident Count",
    y = "Predicted Incident Count"
)+
  theme_minimal()
```

## Actual vs Predicted Shooting Incidents



The red dashed line represents the ideal case where Actual = Predicted. The majority of points are close to the red line, especially for lower incident counts (e.g., below 20). For higher actual values, the model tends to under predict, which indicates that the linear regression model may not fully capture the complexity of the data.

### Dataset bias analysis:

The analysis of shooting incidents by borough, year, month and demographic variables is limited by the quality, completeness, and accuracy of the reported data. Reporting bias may exist, as the dataset relies on law enforcement documentation, which can be influenced by systematic inequalities, under reporting, or miss classifications of demographics information.