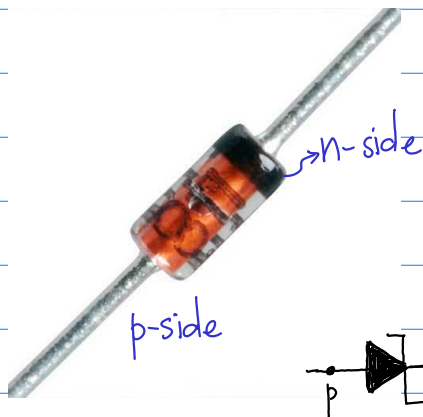
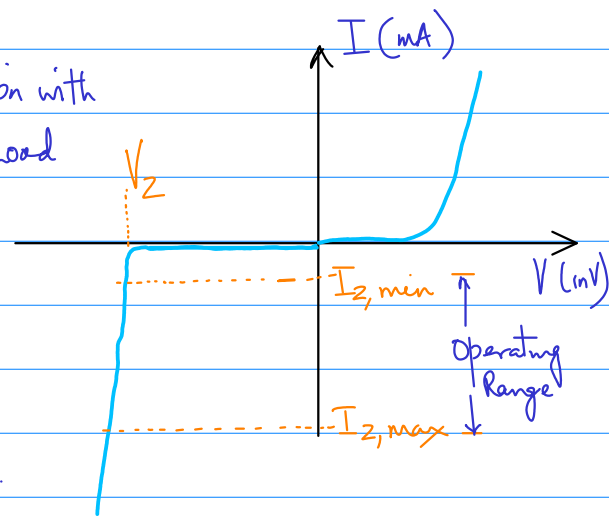


Special Purpose Diodes

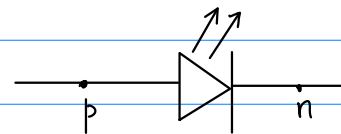
1. Zener Diode — Voltage Regulation



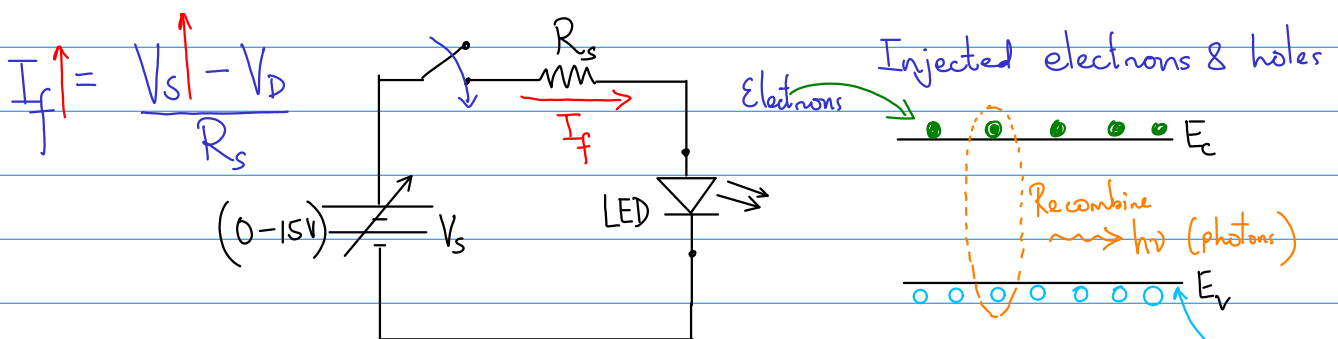
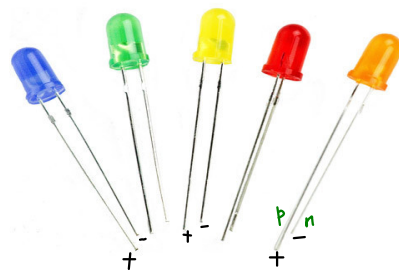
- Regulation with
- Changes in load resistance
 - Changes in the input voltage.



2. Light-emitting Diodes (LEDs):

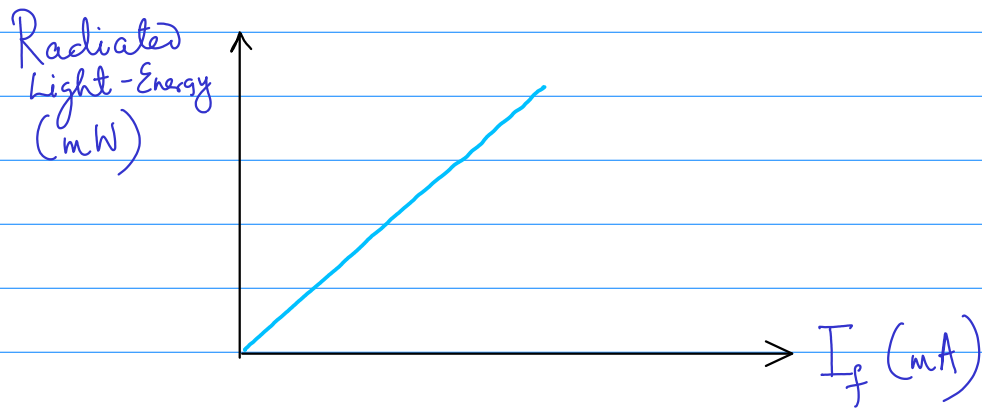


- Convert electrical energy in light energy
- Process is termed as "Electroluminescence".



Increase in $I_f \Rightarrow$ Increase in injected charge-carriers in the diode.

⇒ More probability of recombination ⇒ more light photons

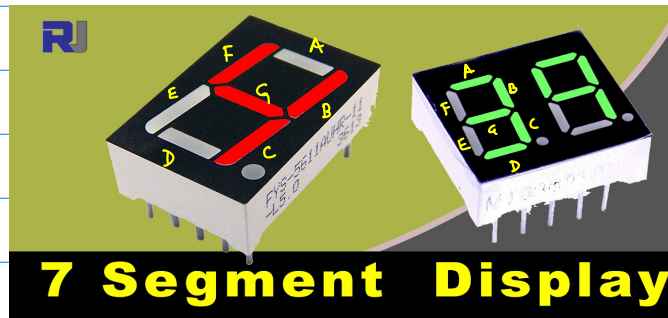


Application of LEDs :

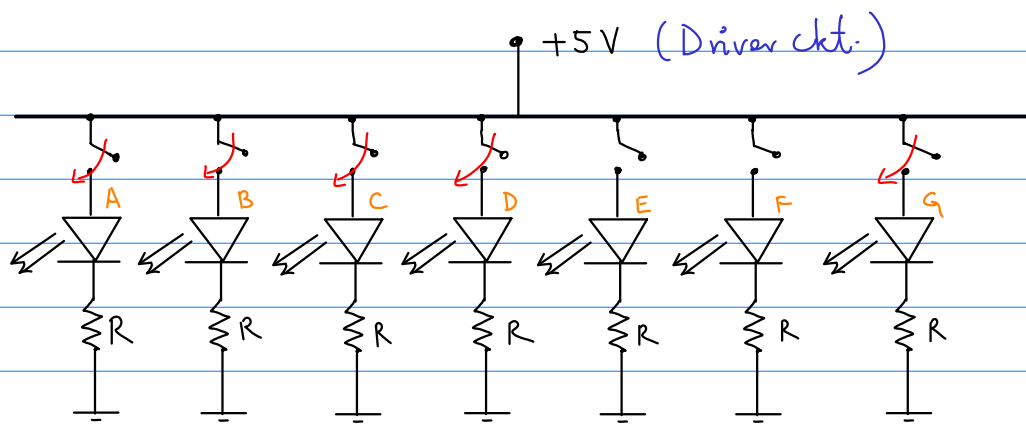
(i) As a power indicator.


(ii) Lighting .

(iii) Displays :



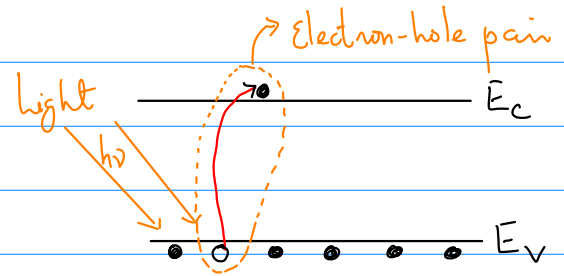
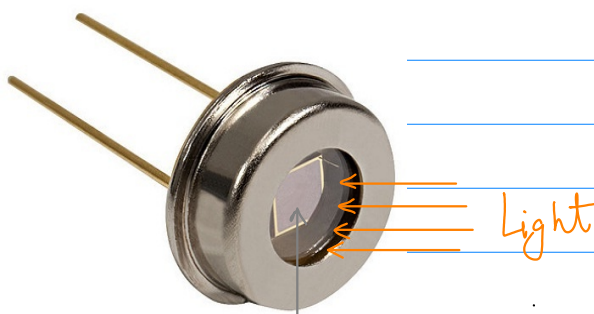
7 LEDs



We would like to display 

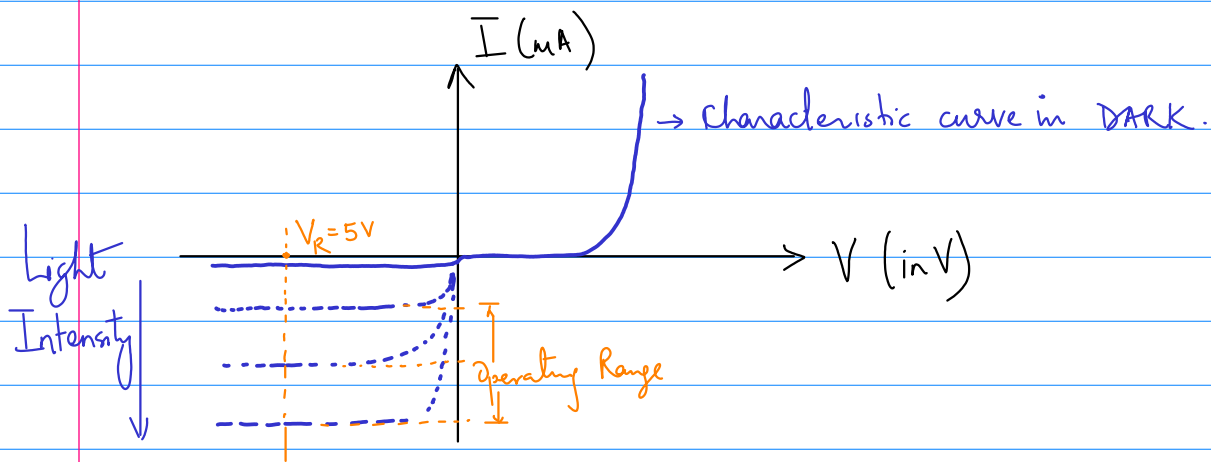
③

Photo-diode :

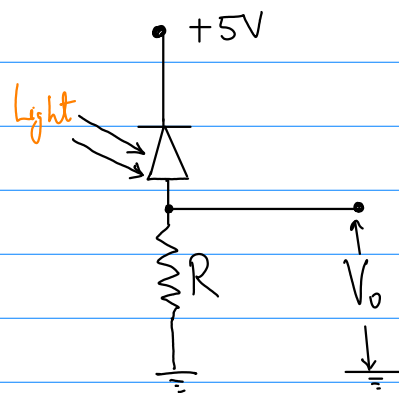


Light absorbing material : Generating electron-hole pairs

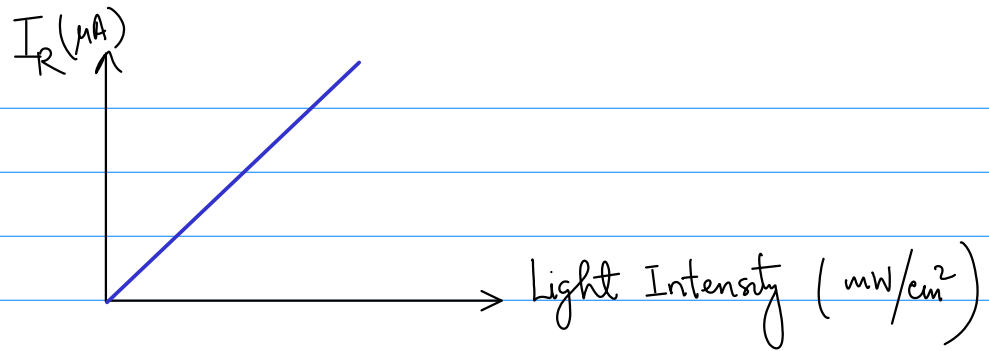
if the generated electron-hole pairs are dissociated, then "free" charge-carriers are released.
These charges constitute electric-current in external ckt.



Ckt. application:

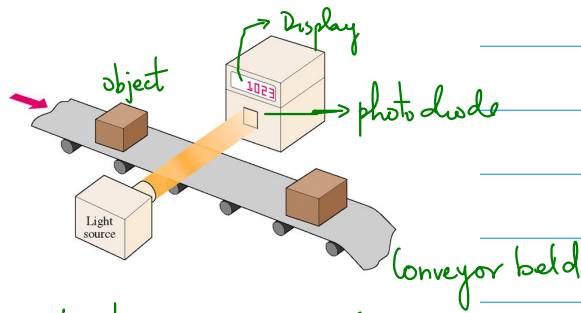


V_o is directly proportional to the light intensity



Application of photo-diodes:
Electronic
(i) Counter :

The Photodiode Applications



(ii) LiDAR (Light detection and Ranging) : Remote Sensing

