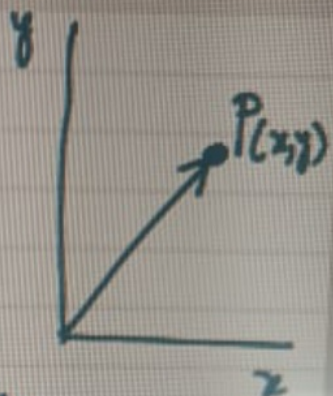


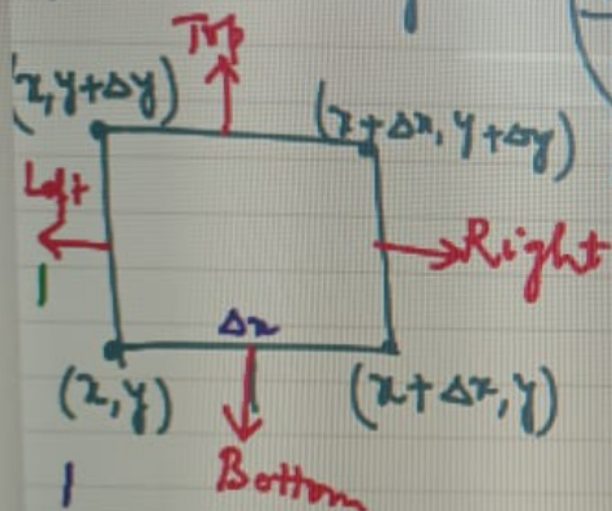
$$\vec{A}(x,y) = A_x(x,y)\hat{i} + A_y(x,y)\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} = \hat{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \hat{j} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} + \hat{k} \frac{\partial}{\partial z}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \dot{P}(t) \\ \downarrow \\ P(t) \end{matrix}$$



$$|\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A} = \text{divergence} = \frac{\text{Flux}}{\text{Area}} = \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial y}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Top: } [A_x(x,y)\hat{i} + A_y(x,y)\hat{j}] (\Delta y)\hat{j} \\ = A_y(x,y) \Delta x \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Top: } [A_x(x,y+\Delta y)\hat{i} + A_y(x,y+\Delta y)\hat{j}] \cdot \Delta x \hat{j}$$

$$\text{Top + Bottom: } [A_y(x,y+\Delta y) - A_y(x,y)] \Delta x$$

$$\approx \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial y} \Delta x \Delta y$$

$$\text{Left + Right: } [A_x(x,y)\hat{i} + A_y(x,y)\hat{j}] \cdot \Delta y (-\hat{i})$$

$$\text{Right: } [A_x(x+\Delta x,y)\hat{i} + A_y(x+\Delta x,y)\hat{j}] \cdot \Delta y \hat{i}$$

$$= [A_x(x+\Delta x,y) - A_x(x,y)] \Delta y$$

$$\approx \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial x} \Delta x \Delta y$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{F} = 0, \nabla T = \hat{i} \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} + \hat{j} \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} + \hat{k} \frac{\partial T}{\partial z}$$

$$\vec{F} = \nabla T$$

$$\vec{E} = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial x}$$

$$\vec{F} = -\frac{dV}{dx}$$

$$\nabla \times \nabla T$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

Plane polar Coordinates
 r, θ

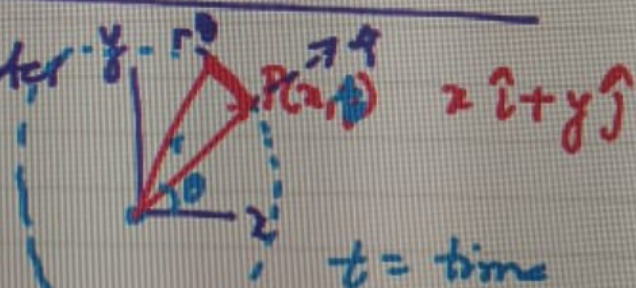
$$\vec{r} = \vec{r}(t) = x(t)\hat{i} + y(t)\hat{j}$$

$$= r(t) \cos(\theta(t))\hat{i} + r(t) \sin(\theta(t))\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{r} = r(t) [\cos \theta(t)\hat{i} + \sin \theta(t)\hat{j}] = \hat{r}$$

$$\hat{r} = \frac{\partial \vec{r} / \partial r}{|\partial \vec{r} / \partial r|} = \cos \theta(t)\hat{i} + \sin \theta(t)\hat{j}$$

$$\hat{\theta} = \frac{\partial \vec{r} / \partial \theta}{|\partial \vec{r} / \partial \theta|} = \frac{r(t) [-\sin \theta(t)\hat{i} + \cos \theta(t)\hat{j}]}{r(t)}$$



$$\begin{aligned} x^2 + y^2 &= r^2 \\ \frac{y}{x} &= \tan \theta \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Circulation } L+R+T+B = \left[\frac{\partial A_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial y} \right] \Delta x \Delta y$$

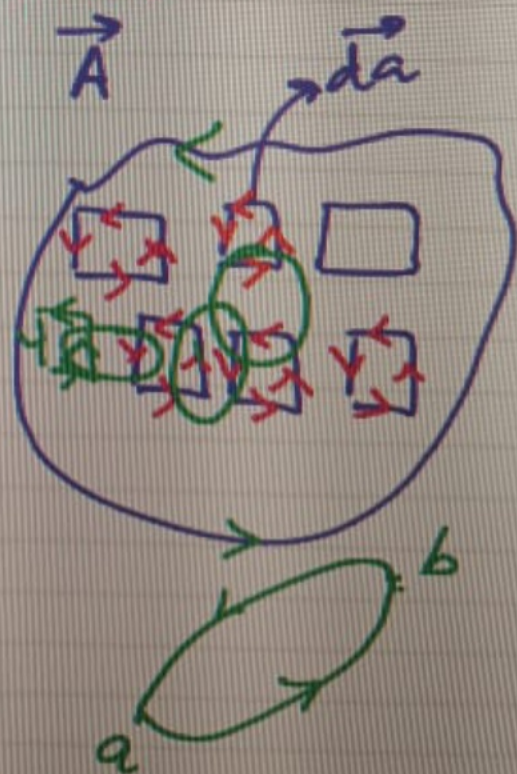
$$\frac{\text{Circulation}}{\text{Area}} = \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial y}$$

Curl

$$\nabla \times \vec{A} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ A_x & A_y & A_z \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\oint \nabla \times \vec{A} \cdot d\vec{a} = \oint_C \vec{A} \cdot d\vec{l}$$

$\vec{A} = \vec{F}$



$$\frac{L+R+B+T}{\text{Total flux of rectangle}} = \left[\frac{\partial A_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial y} \right] \Delta x \Delta y$$

$$\frac{\text{Flux}}{\text{Area}} = \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial y}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A} = \left(\hat{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \hat{j} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right) \cdot (A_x \hat{i} + A_y \hat{j})$$

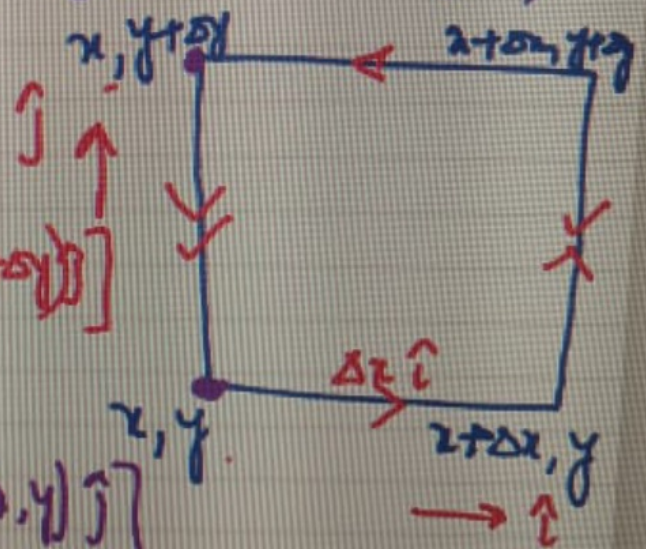
Circulation

$$\text{Top: } [A_x(x, y+\Delta y) \hat{i} + A_y(x, y+\Delta y) \hat{j}]$$

$$+ (-) \Delta x \hat{i}$$

$$\text{Bottom: } [A_x(x, y) \hat{i} + A_y(x, y) \hat{j}]$$

$$(\Delta x) \hat{i}$$



$$= [-A_x(x, y+\Delta y) + A_x(x, y)] \Delta x$$

$$= -\frac{\partial A_x}{\partial y} \Delta x \Delta y$$

$$| L+R = \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial x} \Delta x \Delta y$$