# If-Else Syntax

```
if (Expression)
StatementA
else
StatementB
```

NOTE: StatementA and StatementB each can be a single statement, a null statement, or a block.

### Example: mail order

Write a program to calculate the total price of a certain purchase. There is a discount and shipping cost:

- The discount rate is 25% and the shipping is 10.00 if purchase is over 100.00.
- Otherwise, The discount rate is 15% and the shipping is 5.00 pounds.

#### Note: These braces cannot be omitted

```
if (purchase > 100.00)
        discountRate = .25;
        shipCost = 10.00;
else
       discountRate = .15;
       shipCost = 5.00;
totalBill = purchase * (1.0 - discountRate) + shipCost
```

### **Switch** statement

- Used to select one of several alternatives
- BASED on the value of a single variable.
- This variable may be an int or a char but NOT a float (or double).

### Example

```
char grade;
printf("Enter your letter grade: ");
scanf("%c", &grade);
switch (grade)
 case 'A': printf(" Excellent Job");
         break;
 case 'B': printf ("Very Good");
         break;
 case 'C': printf(" Not bad ");
         break;
 case 'F': printf("Failing");
         break;
 default : printf(" Wrong Input ");
```

## Example: Light bulbs

Write a program to ask the user for the brightness of a light bulb (in Watts), and print out the expected lifetime:

| Brightness | Lifetime in hours |
|------------|-------------------|
| 25         | 2500              |
| 40, 60     | 1000              |
| 75, 100    | 750               |
| otherwise  | 0                 |

```
int bright;
printf("Enter the bulb brightness: ");
scanf("%d", &bright);
switch (bright)
  case 25 : printf(" Expected Lifetime is 2500 hours");
           break;
  case 40 :
  case 60 : printf ("Expected Lifetime is 1000 hours");
           break;
  case 75:
  case 100 : printf("Expected Lifetime is 750 hours ");
             break;
  default : printf("Wrong Input ");
```