GROSOFT









Tabular Editor





DATAmasterminds











Today



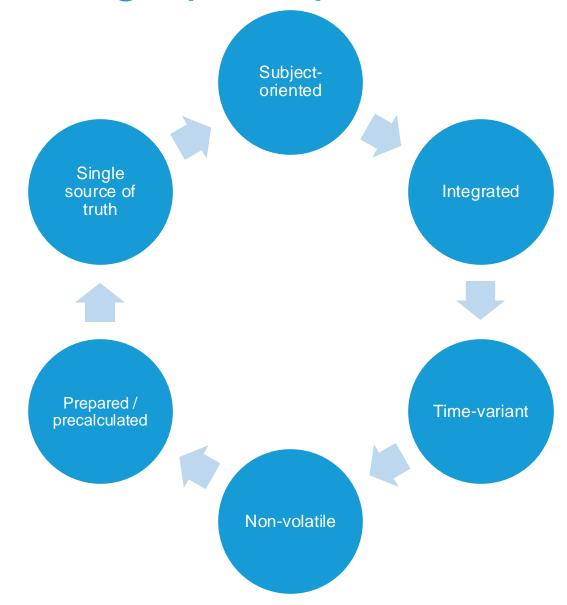
- Core concepts for data warehousing in Fabric
- Your first Fabric Lakehouse:
 - Rulebook
 - ELT process
 - End-to-end solution design with examples
- Takeaways



Core concepts

General design principles





Lakehouse: under the hood





Lakehouse: under the hood



Ingest



Store



Process









Pipelines Notebooks Dataflows OneLake
Data lake blob storage

Notebooks (PySpark)

Fabric concepts



1. Tenant design

2. Storage

3. Compute

Fabric: tenant design



Tenant & OneLake

Domains

Workspaces

Folders

Artefacts

Fabric: tenant design



Fabric Tenant

Domain with workspace with DTAP environments



Bronze DEV



Silver DEV



Gold DEV

Gold ACC



Bronze ACC

Bronze PRD



Silver ACC





Silver PRD



Gold PRD



Sandbox intern



Sandbox machine learning



Sandbox ...

Domain 'Board Reporting'



Gold Board DEV



Gold Board ACC

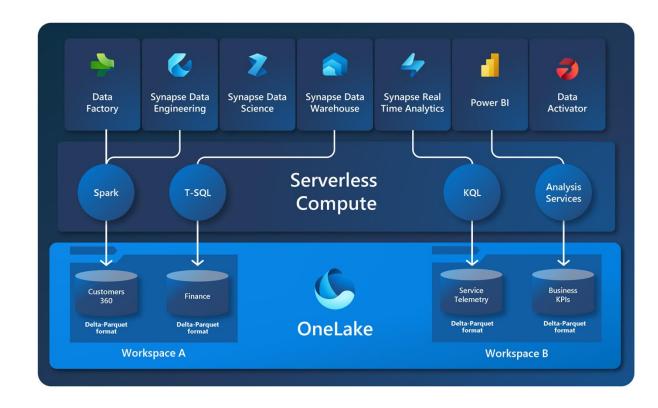


Gold Board PRD

Fabric: storage

X

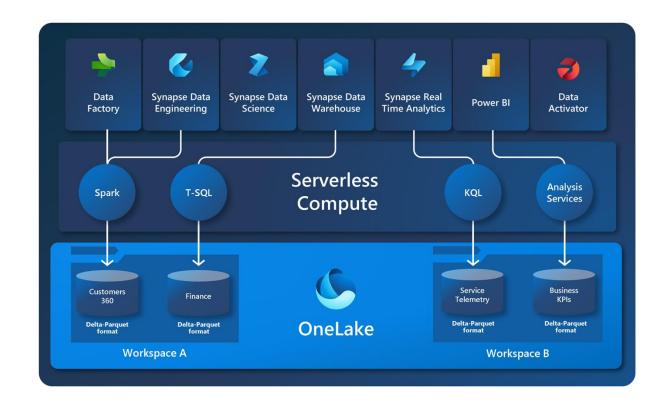
- Storage in Fabric is called 'OneLake'
- It's data lake storage (blob), with one OneLake per organisation (tenant)
- Storage is cheap! ± 2,2 cent per GB per month



Fabric: compute

X

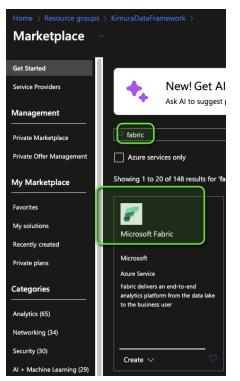
- Compute in Fabric is Serverless, and included in your SaaS capacity
- For data engineering purposes, you get a Spark cluster that is preconfigured and can be configured to your custom needs
- Compute = expensive. Be smart about it ☺

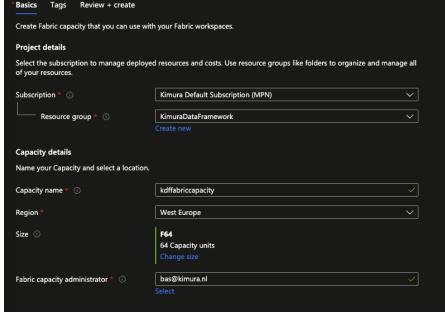


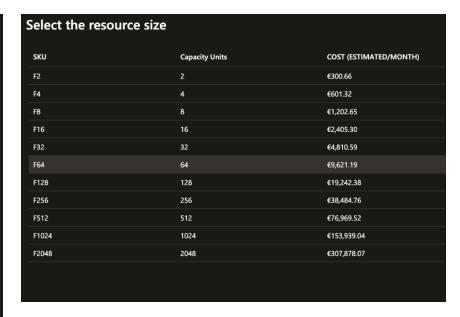
Buying the Fabric compute capacity



- portal.azure.com
- I'd create at least a new Resource Group, maybe even a Subscription (depending on organisation requirements)



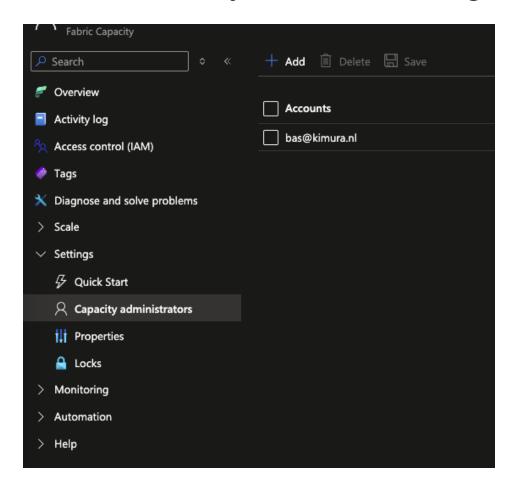




Buying the Fabric compute capacity

X

- After deployment, configure the Capacity Administrator:
- Unfortunately, no Entra ID groups...



Creating the first Fabric Workspace



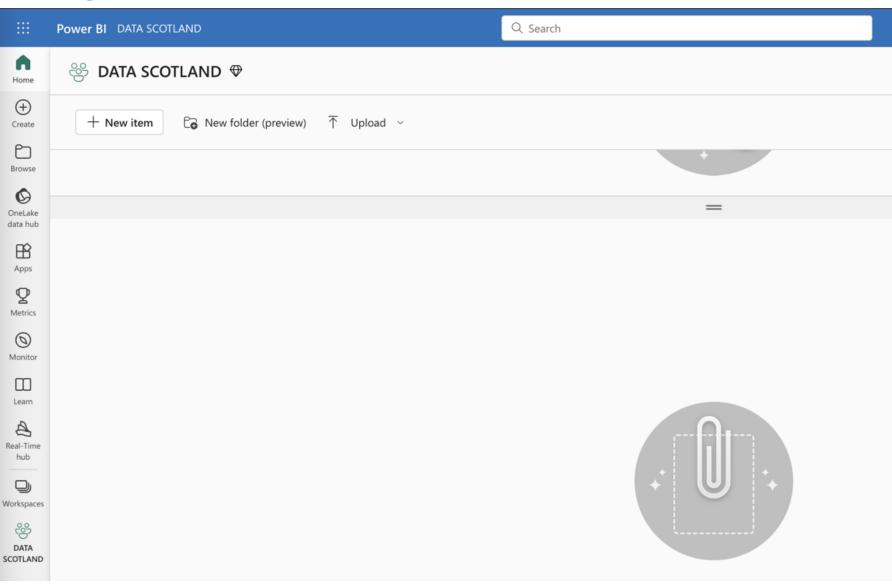
- Head over to app.powerbi.com
- Log in with the same account that is the Capacity Administrator

- Create a new workspace,
- Now, pay attention to the License Type

Create a workspace									
Create a workspace									
\circ	Pro								
	Select Pro to use basic Power BI features and collaborate on reports, dashboards, and scorecards. To access a Pro workspace, users need Pro per-user licenses. <u>Learn more</u> [7]								
\circ	Trial								
	Select the free trial per-user license to try all the new features and experiences in Microsoft Fabric for 60 days. A Microsoft Fabric trial license allows users to create Microsoft Fabric items and collaborate with others in a Microsoft Fabric trial capacity. Explore new capabilities in Power BI, Data Factory, Data Engineering, and Real-Time Intelligence, among others. Learn more [2]								
\circ	Premium per-user								
	Select Premium per-user to collaborate using Power BI Premium features, including paginated reports, dataflows, and datamarts. To collaborate and share content in a Premium per-user workspace, users need Premium per-user licenses. Learn more [7]								
\bigcirc	Premium capacity								
	Select premium capacity if the workspace will be hosted in a premium capacity. When you share, collaborate on, and distribute Power BI and Microsoft Fabric content, users in the viewer role can access this content without needing a Pro or Premium per-user license. Learn more [2]								
0	Embedded								
	Select embedded if the workspace will be hosted in an Azure embedded capacity. ISVs and developers use Power BI Embedded to embed visuals and analytics in their applications. Learn more 2								
	Fabric capacity	1							
	Select Fabric capacity Select Fabric capacity if the workspace will be hosted in a Microsoft Fabric capacity. With Fabric capacities, users can create Microsoft Fabric items and collaborate with others using Fabric features and experiences. Explore new capabilities in Power BI, Data Factory, Data Engineering, and Real-Time Intelligence, among others. Learn more [2]								
Sema	antic model storage format								
	Small semantic model storage format								
\circ	Large semantic model storage format								
Learr	n more about semantic model storage formats								
Capa	city *								
kimuradataframeworkfabriccapacity - West Europe									

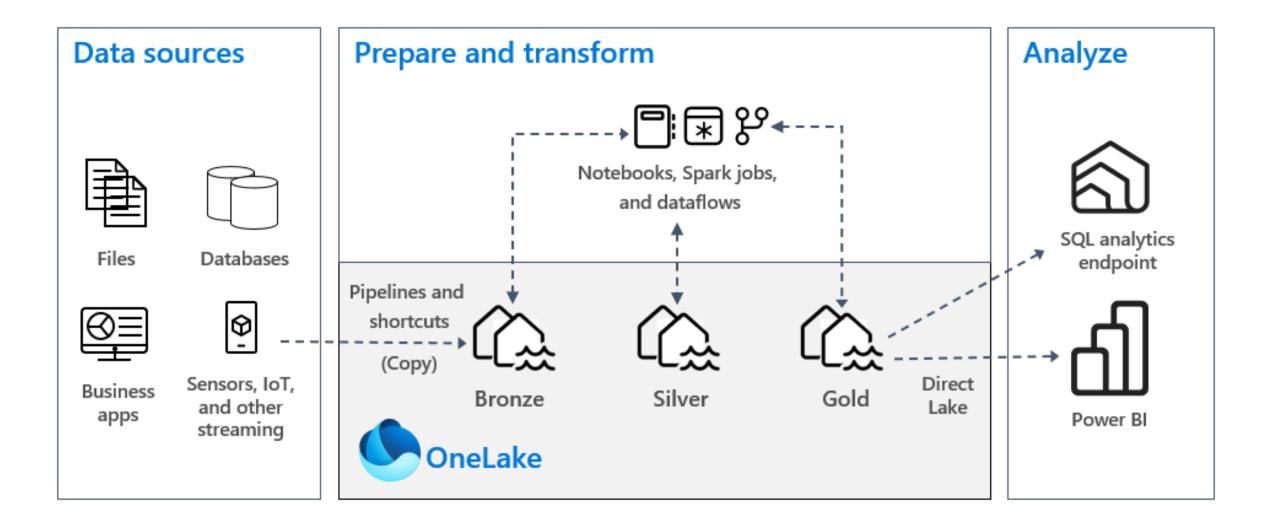
Creating the first Fabric Workspace





Medallion architecture



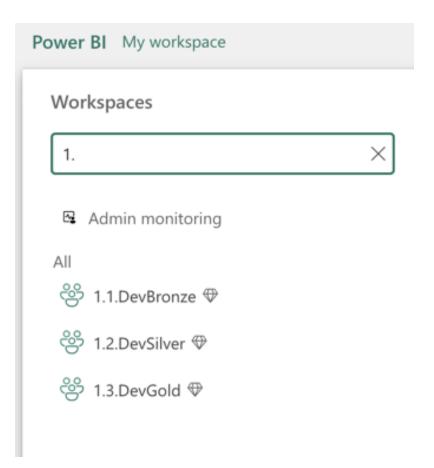


Workspaces and Medallion

X

One workspace per Medallion stage

 One workspace per DTAP environment

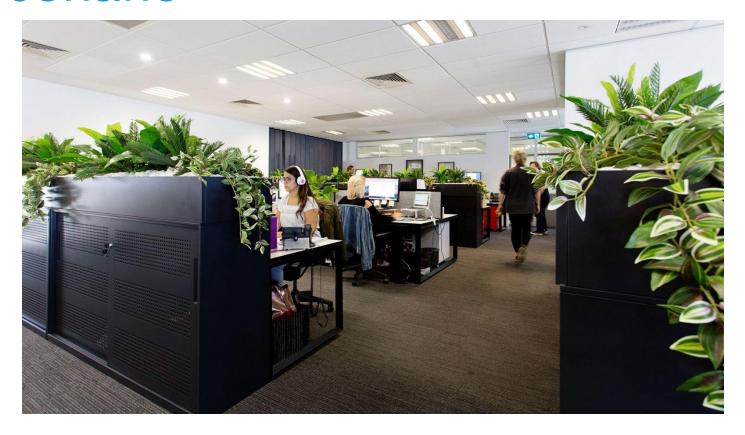




Your first Fabric Lakehouse

The scenario





- Client: small B2B professional services company
- Main software: Moneybird, Odoo
- Data domains: Finance, Projects & Timesheets

The rulebook



Data Factory Pipelines orchestration

PySpark notebooks for processing

Reusable code for everything

Lakehouse for storage

Prerequisites



Setting up:

Fabric compute capacity (done)

Fabric workspaces (done)

Configuring Spark (we skip that for today)

Setting up the Environment (<u>important</u>!)



Fabric contains a lot of Python packages natively

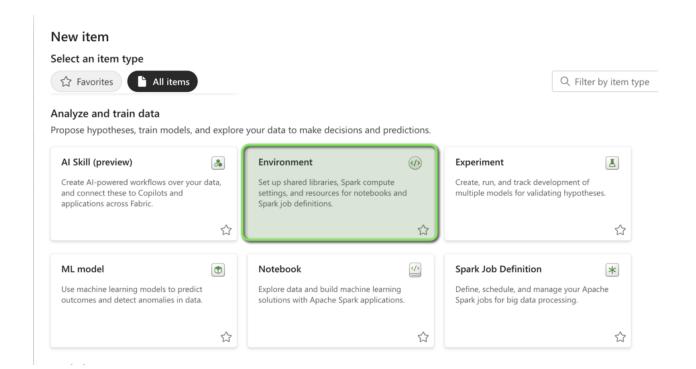
 You can also add packages using the PyPI (Python Package Index)

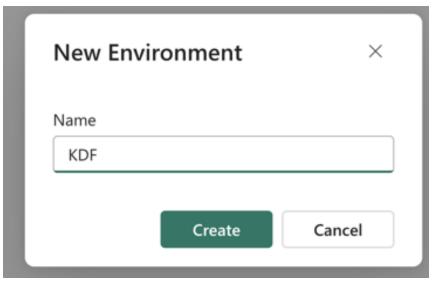
And, you can write and include your own code

This is done using Environments



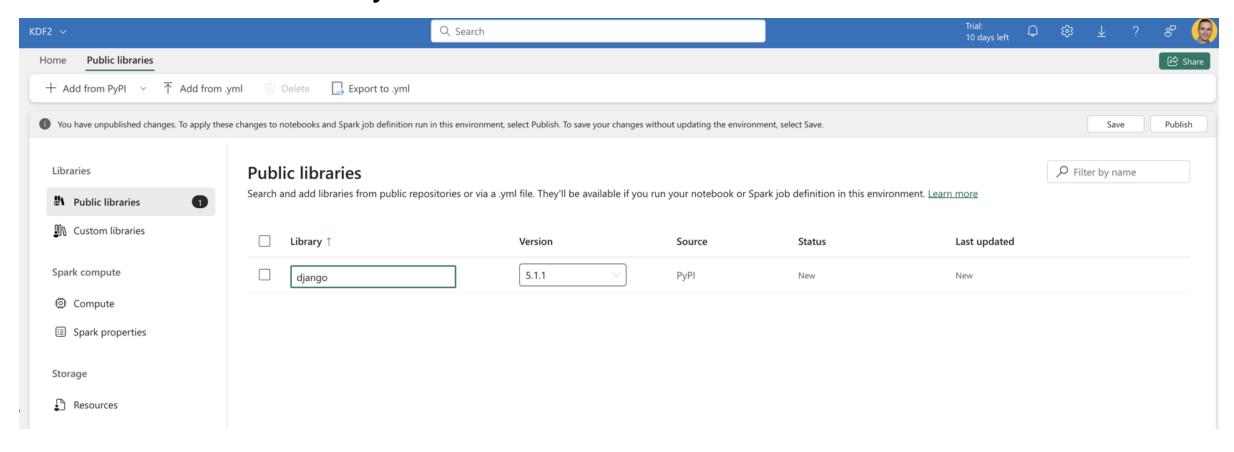
Create a new environment:





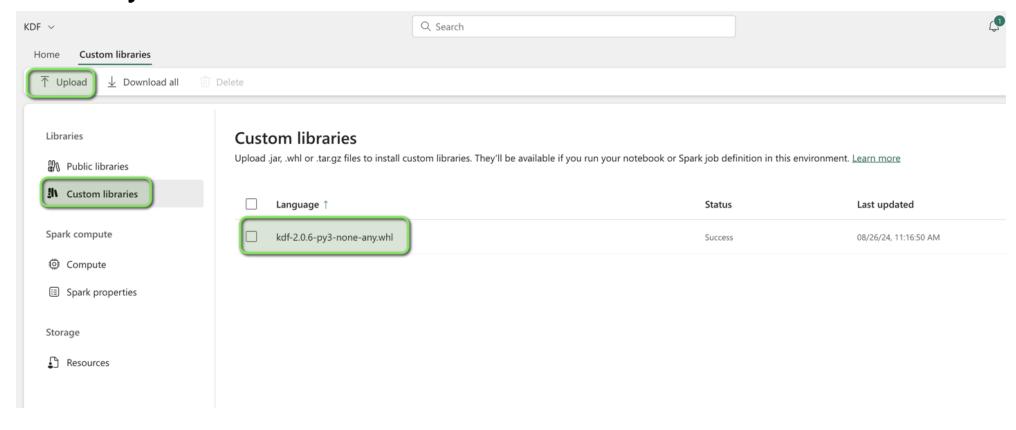


Add code from PyPI:



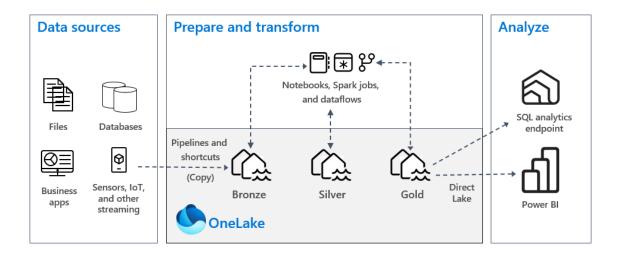


Add your own code:



Three lakehouses

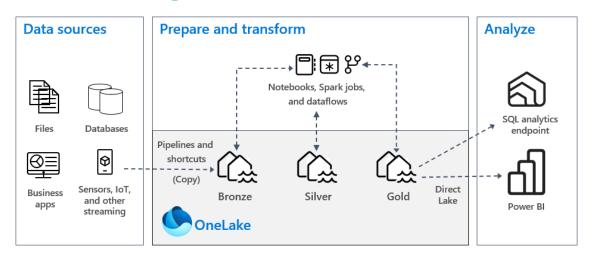




- Bronze: timestamped folders, (incremental loads), raw data (files; json, xml, csv, parquet etc)
- Silver: historical archive, normalised schemas, delta tables
- Gold: prepared and modeled DWH tables, dims and facts, delta tables

Setting up the ELT process





- Keep in mind the Medallion architecture
- Start connecting to data, to extract Moneybird and Odoo to Bronze
- We do so using Python, executed in Fabric Notebooks, scheduled and run in Fabric Pipelines

ELT: Extract



Data Factory Pipelines

• Orchestrate entire process

Orchestrator notebook

- Execute worker notebook
- runMultiple() for parallel executions

Worker notebook

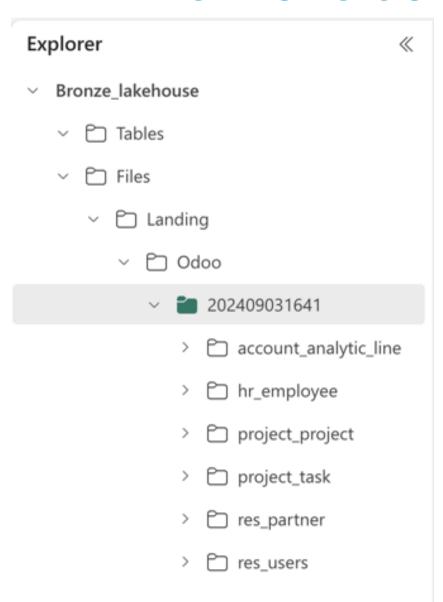
• Execute generic function

Reusable Python functions in the Kimura Data Framework (KDF)

- Connect to source API
- Save JSON response to the lakehouse

ELT: Bronze folder structure





Root folder 'Landing' (for shortcuts!)

Source system

Timestamp

Folder per table/endpoint

Files managed by Fabric!

Silver lakehouse



Explorer

- SIlver_lakehouse
 - ∨ ☐ Tables
 - > 🗒 silver_0_ExtractLogging
 - > ## silver_account_analytic_line
 - → Files
 - > 🔁 Landing

silver_account_analytic_line

 \ll

#	ABC account_id	0/1 allow_billable	1.2 amount	o/1 auto_accoun	ABC category	o/1 code
1	[1,"Internal"]	False	-505.76	False	other	False
2	[1,"Internal"]	False	0	False	other	False
3	[1,"Internal"]	False	-505.76	False	other	False
4	[1,"Internal"]	False	0	False	other	False
5	[1,"Internal"]	False	-505.76	False	other	False
6	[1,"Internal"]	False	0	False	other	False
7	[1,"Internal"]	False	0	False	other	False
8	[1,"Internal"]	False	0	False	other	False
9	[1,"Internal"]	False	0	False	other	False
10	[1,"Internal"]	False	0	False	other	False
11	[1,"Internal"]	False	0	False	other	False
12	[1,"Internal"]	False	0	False	other	False
13	[1,"Internal"]	False	0	False	other	False
14	[159,"V/2024/00	True	-18.42	False	other	False
15	[149,"V/2024/00	True	-36.84	False	other	False
16	[164,"Internal"]	False	-189.66	False	other	False
17	[1,"Internal"]	False	-71.88	False	other	False
18	[142,"Sales & Bu	False	-63.22	False	other	False
19	[149,"V/2024/00	True	-64.47	False	other	False

Gold lakehouse

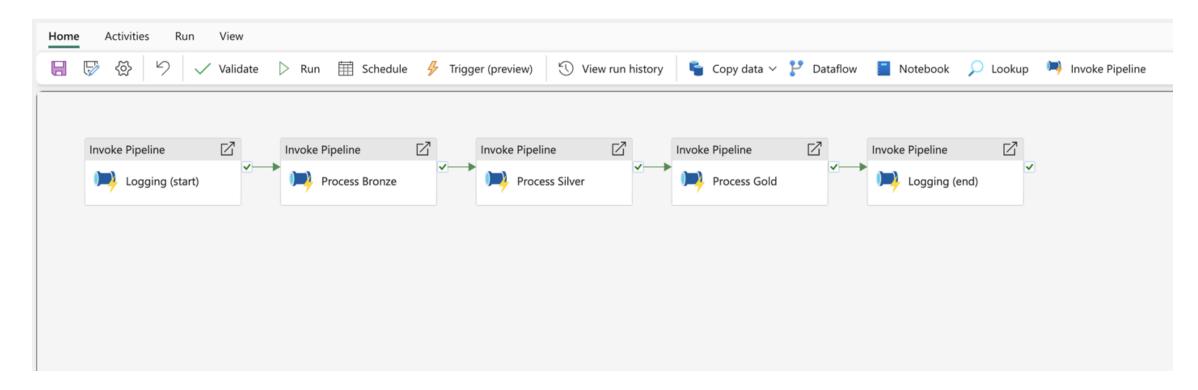


Explorer 《 Gold Tables Tables dimCustomers dimDates dimProjects dimServices

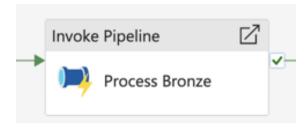
dimCustomers

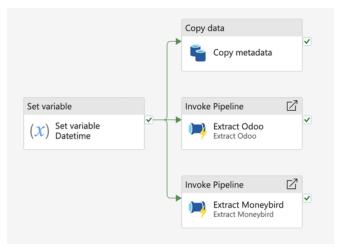
#	123 CustomerId	ABC RelationType	ABC CustomerNa	ABC IsActive	ABC PaymentType
1	27	Klant		True	banktransfer
2	37	Klant af		True	directdebit
3	103	Klant	-	True	banktransfer
4	104	Klant		True	banktransfer
5	128	Klant af		True	directdebit
6	130	Klant		True	banktransfer
-	430	141 .	·	-	P - 1 1 2















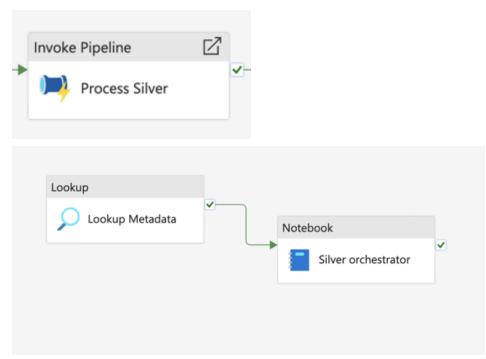


```
if output_filename == 'financial mutations':
            mb.get financial mutations(
                 api_endpoints=api_endpoints.split(','),
                 api_tokens=api_tokens.split(','),
                 landing path=landingzone path,
                 output_filename=output_filename
        else:
    9
            mb.get_endpoint(
                 api_endpoints=api_endpoints.split(','),
   10
  11
                 api_tokens=api_tokens.split(','),
  12
                 landing_path=landingzone_path,
  13
                 output_filename=output_filename
  14

    Command executed in 24 sec 371 ms by Kevin Land on 11:12:50 AM, 8/26/24
```

```
api_endpoints = ','.join(endpoints)
    endpoin
    for adr
              activity = {
                  'name': row['output_filename'],
                  'path': 'MB extract GET',
                  'timeoutPerCellInSeconds': 9000,
                  'args': {
                       'output_filename': row['output_filename'],
                       'timestamp': timestamp,
                       'api endpoints': api endpoints,
                       'api tokens': api tokens
    activit
31
32
33
              activities.append(activity)
38
         DAG = {
    "activ:
              "activities": activities
  mssparkuti
         mssparkutils.notebook.runMultiple(DAG)
         new timestamps = [Row(administration id=int(admin id), tir
```





```
#Mapping logic
     gold table = "dimServices"
     business_key_columns = ['ServiceId']
 5
     df_mapping = spark.sql("""
 6
     select
         t. `data.id` as ServiceId
         ,t.`data.project_id` as ProjectId
 8
         ,t.`data.name` as ServiceName
 9
10
         ,t.`data.invoice_method` as InvoiceMethod
11
         ,t.`data.amount` as Amount
12
         ,t.`data.start_date` as StartDate
13
         ,t.`data.end_date` as EndDate
14
         ,t.`data.revenue_group.label` as RevenueGroup
15
         ,t.`data.subscription_cycle` as InvoiceCycle
16
         ,t.`data.price` as Price
17
         ,t.`data.amount` * t.`data.price` as Value
         ,case when t.`data.revenue_group.id` = 'revenuegroup:ba06e5bec6c1b6b5' then 'Licenses' else 'Other' end as MRRLabel
18
19
         ,c.Sys_ID as FK_dimCustomers_Sys_ID
20
     from Bronze.bronze_Odoo_ProjectsService t
21
     left join Bronze.bronze_Odoo_ProjectsProject p
22
         on t.`data.project_id` = p.`data.id`
23
     left join Silver.silver_dimCustomers c
24
         on p.`data.organization.id` = c.OdooId
25
     where 1=1
     """)
26
27
28
     k.gold_load_table( \
         gold_table = gold_table_name, \
29
         df_mapping = df_mapping, \
30
31
         business_key_columns = business_key_columns, \
32
         spark_session = spark\
33
```



Recap

Recap



1. Keep core-concepts in mind

2. Setup a rulebook and abide by it

3. Use tools and reusable code!

4. Fabric lakehouses aren't that scary ©

Bas Land



- BI consultant since 2013
- Co-founder of two data companies:
 - Kimura Data Intelligence (consultancy)
 - DataChimp (SaaS analytics for accounting firms)
- Married to Anouk, we have a daxhund (☺) called Chester
- Sports: purple belt Brazilian jiu-jitsu, weight lifting, running



Kimura Data Intelligence B.V.

Fonteinkruid 6b 3931 WX, Woudenberg The Netherlands

www.kimura.nl info@kimura.nl Bas Land
Managing Partner

bas@kimura.nl



DATA:Scotland 2024

Session Feedback





Event Feedback