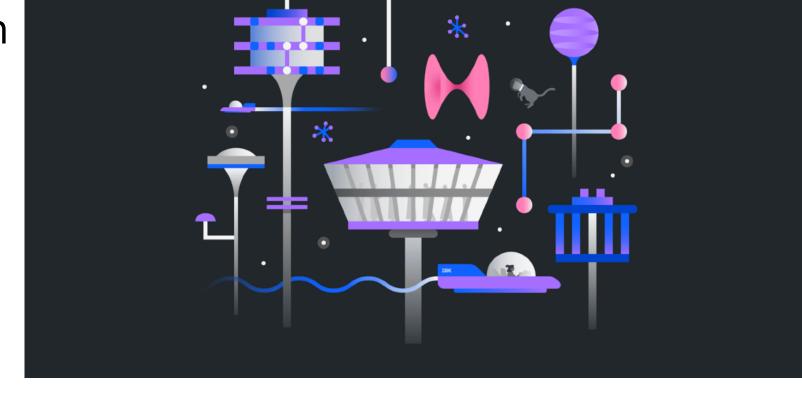
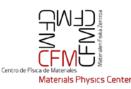
# Modeling dissipative dynamics on a quantum computer

Benjamin Tirado PhD student Ruben Esteban, Javier Aizpurua Supervisors





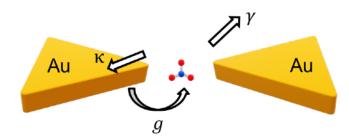






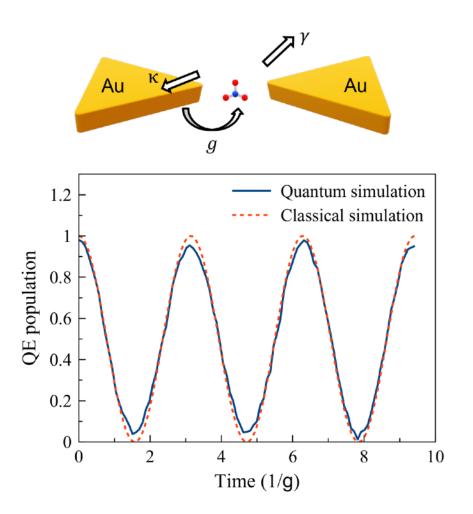


#### Strong coupling



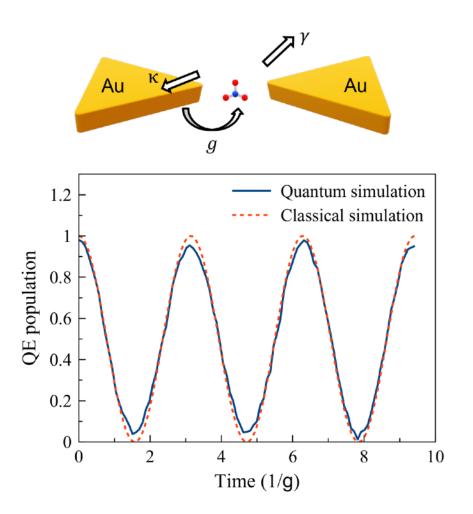


#### Strong coupling



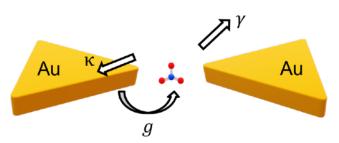


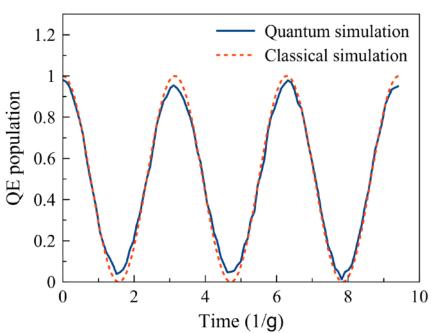
#### Strong coupling



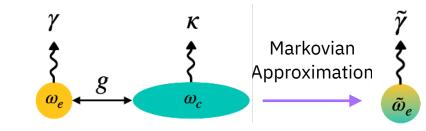


#### Strong coupling





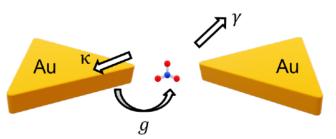
#### Weak coupling

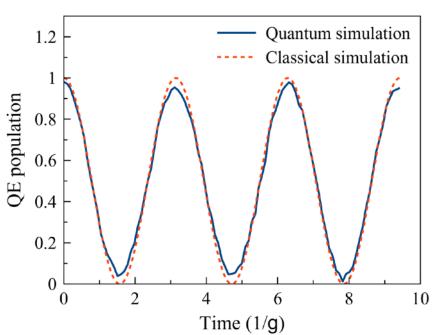


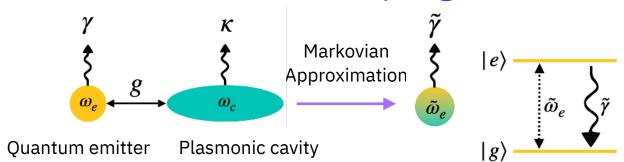
Quantum emitter Plasmonic cavity



#### Strong coupling

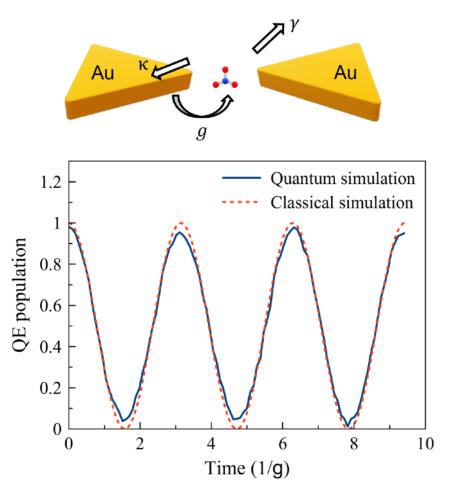


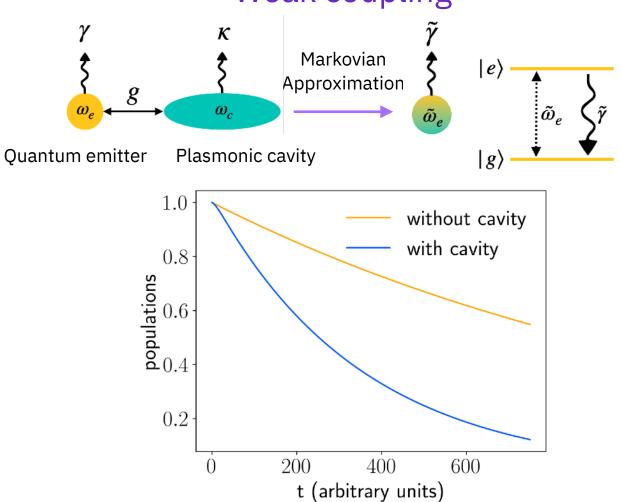






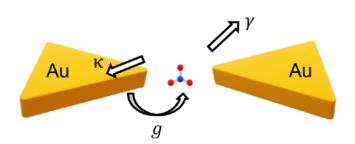
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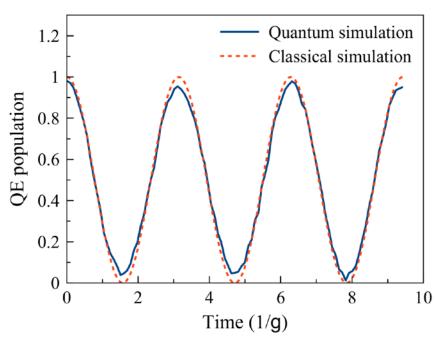




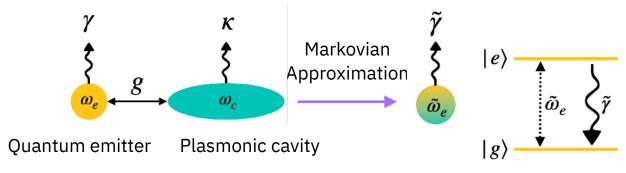


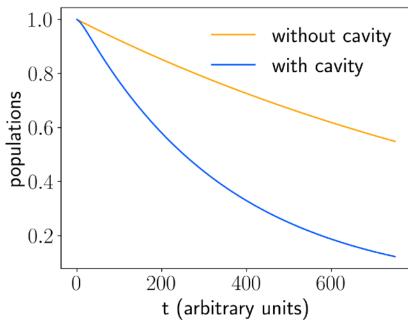
#### Strong coupling





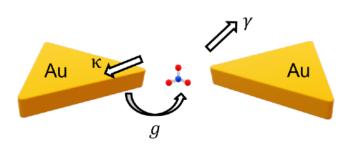
 $H = \omega_c a^{\dagger} a + \omega_e \sigma^{\dagger} \sigma + g(a^{\dagger} \sigma + a \sigma^{\dagger})$ 

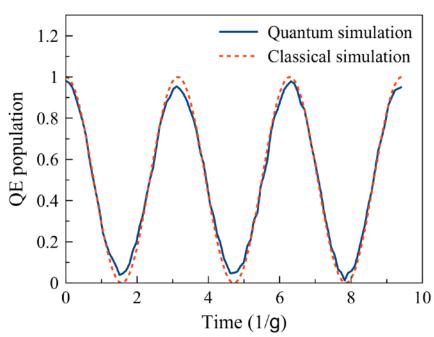




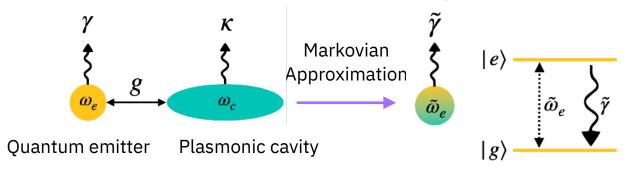


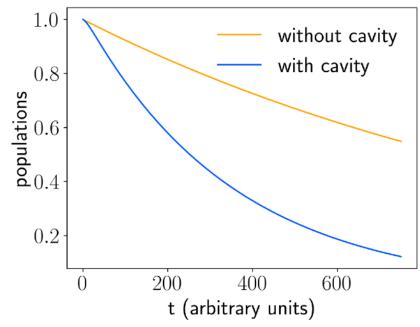
#### Strong coupling





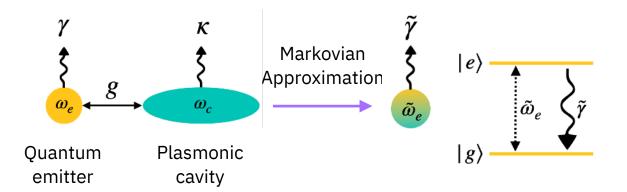
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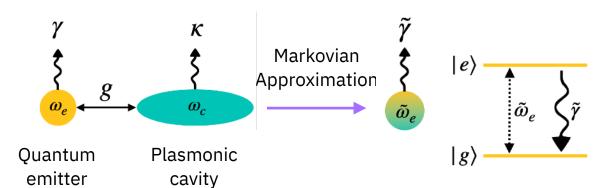


$$H_{eff} = \tilde{\omega}_e \sigma^{\dagger} \sigma$$



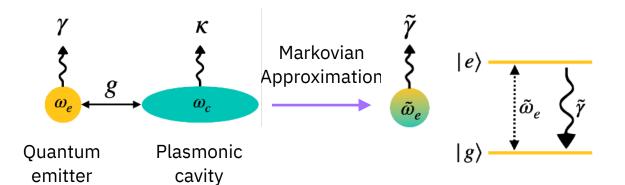






Main challenge: Modeling the dissipative process of the qubit

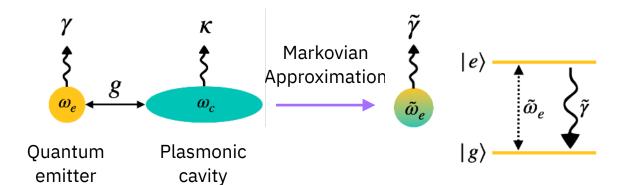




Main challenge: Modeling the dissipative process of the qubit

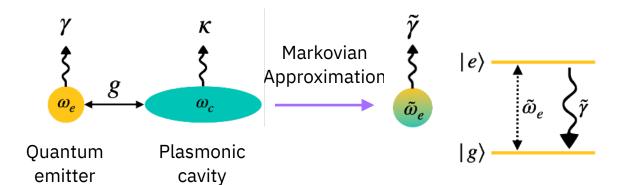
$$\mathcal{D}[\rho] = \tilde{\gamma} \left( \sigma \rho \sigma^{\dagger} - \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \sigma^{\dagger} \sigma, \rho \right\} \right)$$





Main challenge: Modeling the dissipative process of the qubit

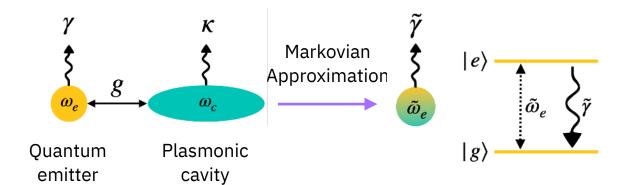




Main challenge: Modeling the dissipative process of the qubit system

$$\mathscr{D}[\rho] = \tilde{\gamma} \left( \sigma \rho \sigma^\dagger - \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \sigma^\dagger \sigma, \rho \right\} \right)$$
 ancilla Amplitude damping channel

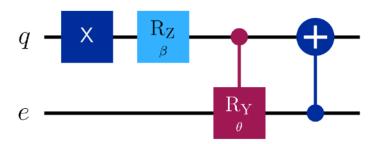




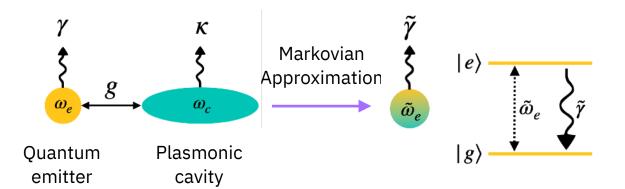
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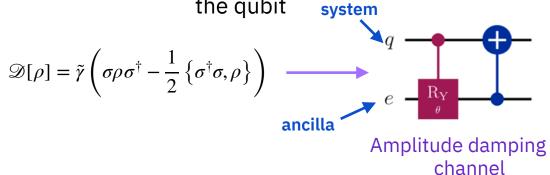
Total evolution (Hamiltonian and Lindbladian) for a single Trotter step:



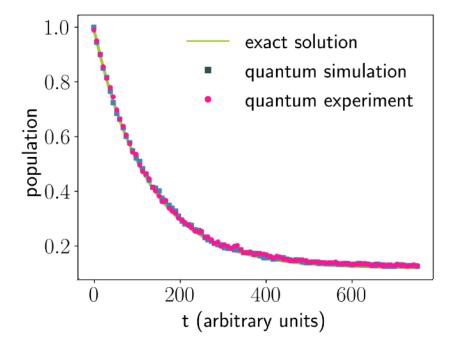


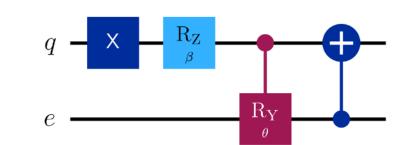


Main challenge: Modeling the dissipative process of the qubit system



Total evolution (Hamiltonian and Lindbladian) for a single Trotter step:



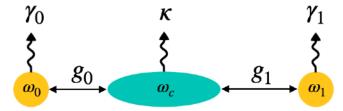


EstimatorV2



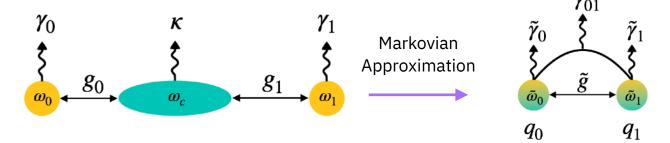
BasQ Qiskit Fall Fest 2024

Adding one more emitter...



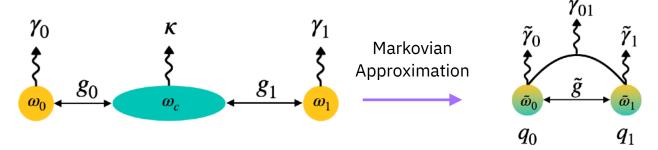


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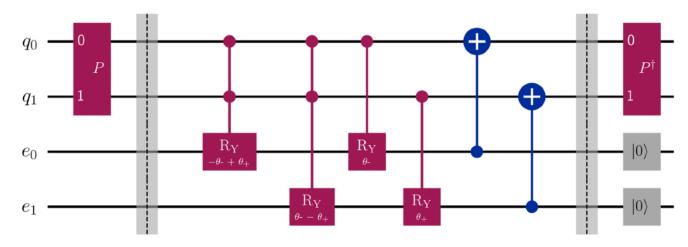




Adding one more emitter...

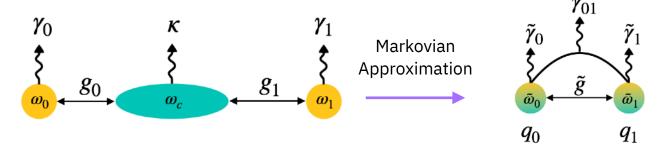


... makes the decay part of the circuit more complex (due to cross decay)...

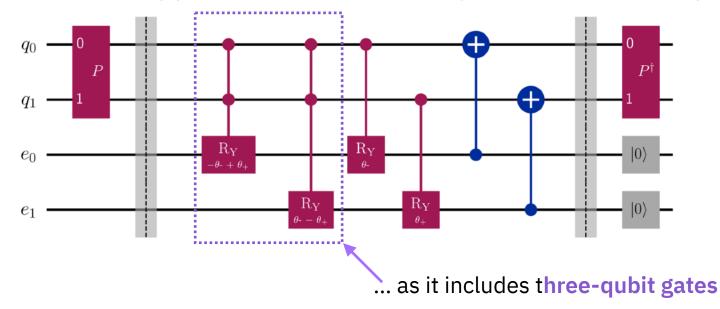




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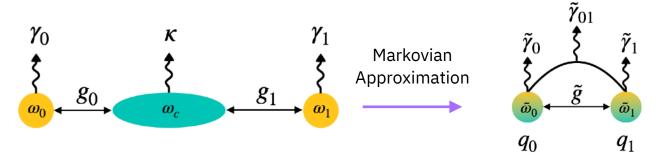


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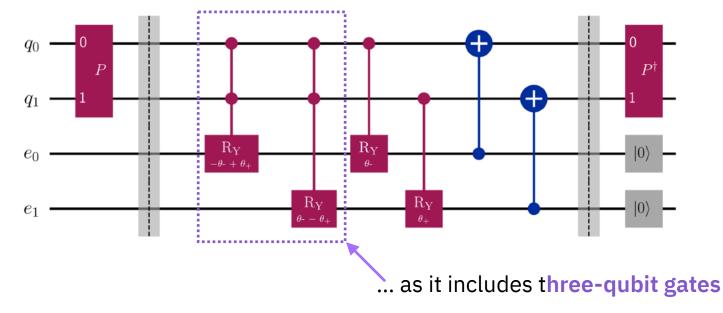


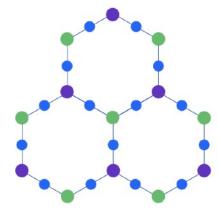


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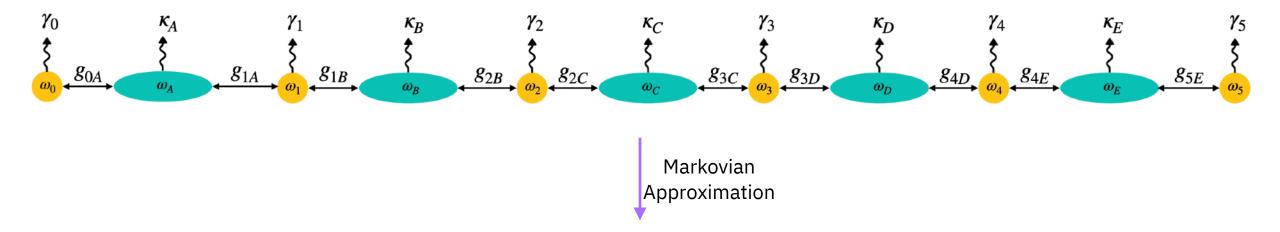
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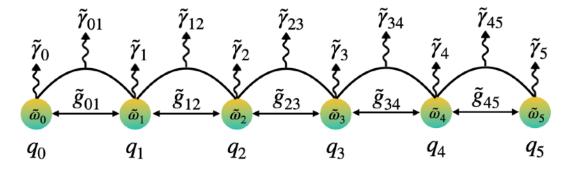




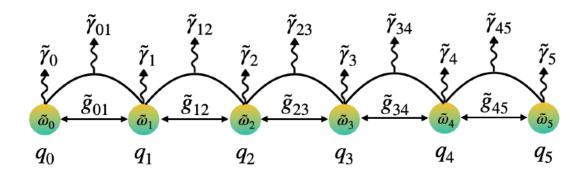
(Not well suited for the hardware limited connectivity)

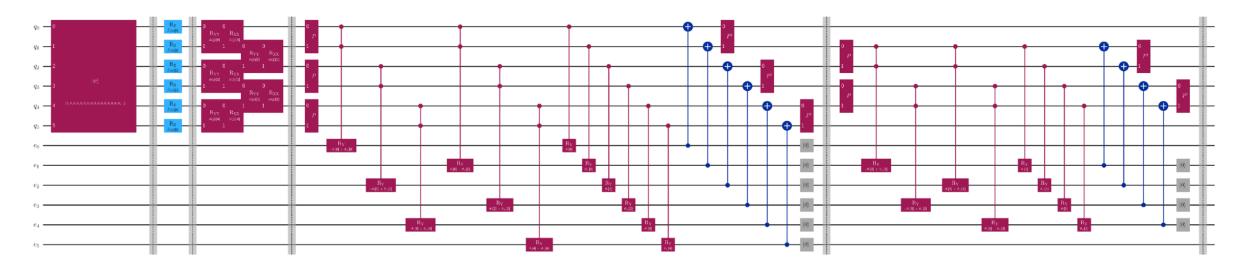




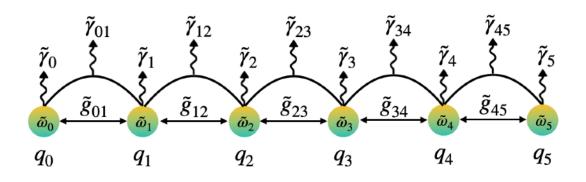


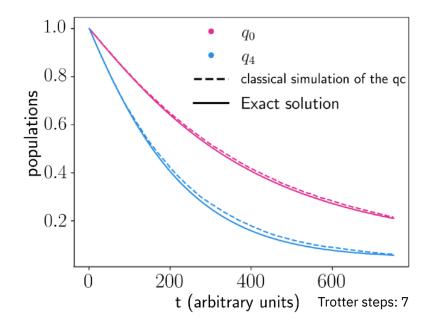


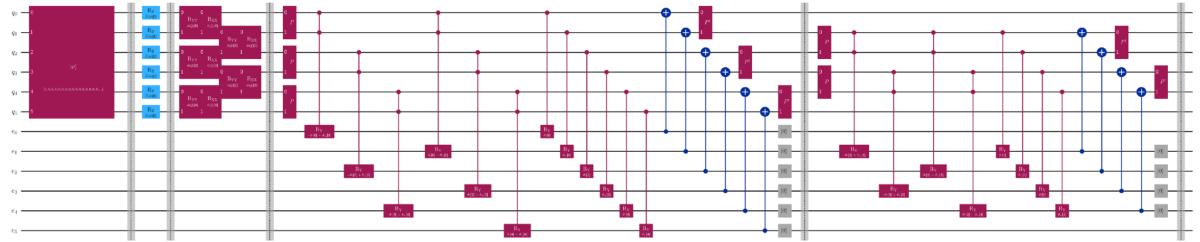




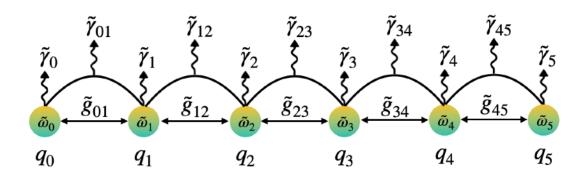


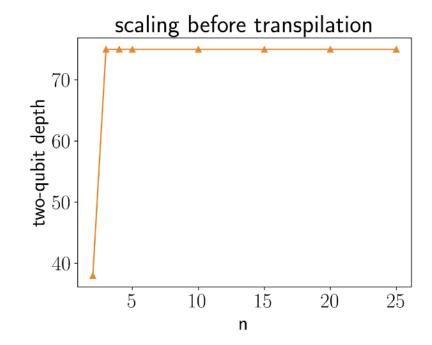


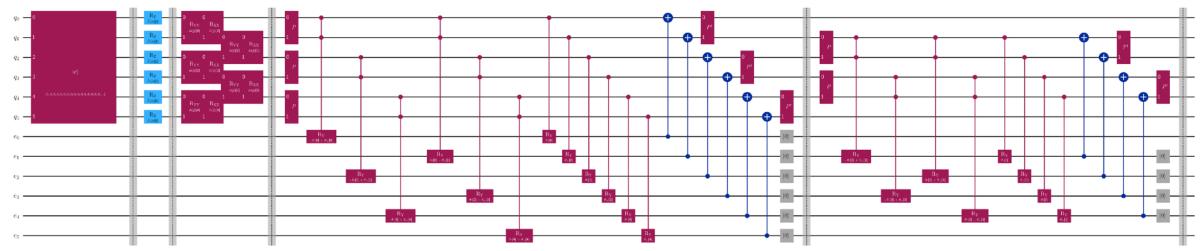




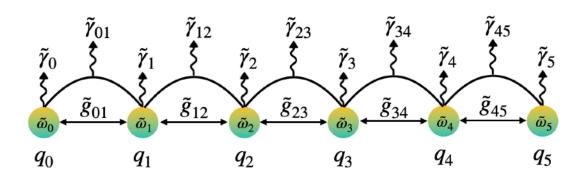


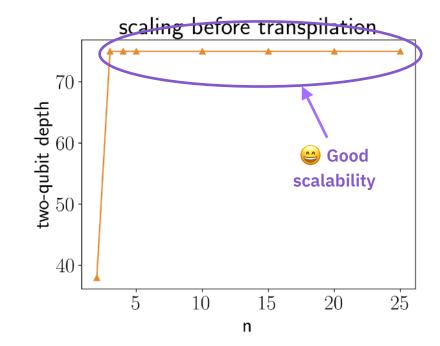


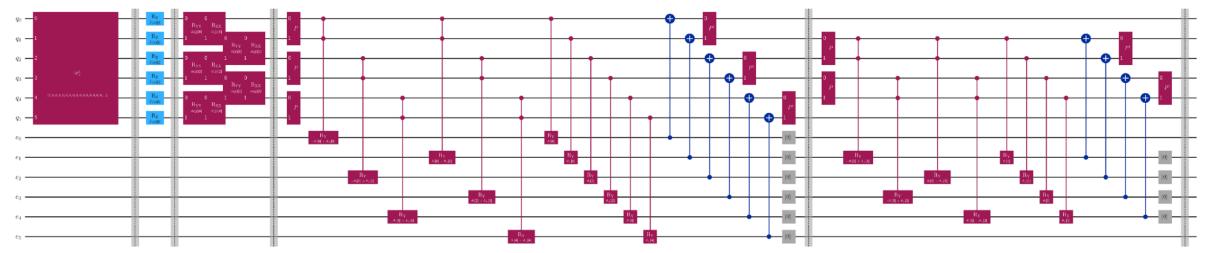














#### scaling before transpilation Weak coupling regime for n emitters 70 $\begin{array}{c} \text{two-qubit depth} \\ 09 \\ \end{array}$ $\tilde{\gamma}_{45}$ $\tilde{\gamma}_{01}$ $\tilde{\gamma}_{12}$ $\tilde{\gamma}_0$ $\tilde{\gamma}_3$ **Good** scalability e High scaling $\tilde{g}_{45}$ $\tilde{g}_{34}$ prefactor $q_4$ $q_5$ $q_0$ $q_2$ $q_3$ $q_1$ 40 10 15 20 25



Dynamic circuits: Make use of mid-circuit measurements to determine which gates to apply next.



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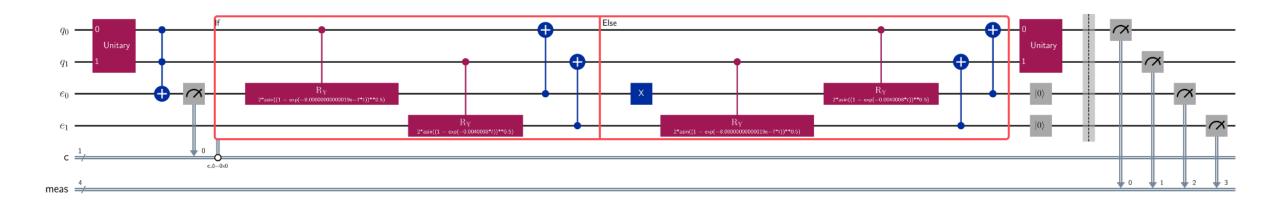


! Mid-circuit measurements are only supported by Sampler (not Estimator).

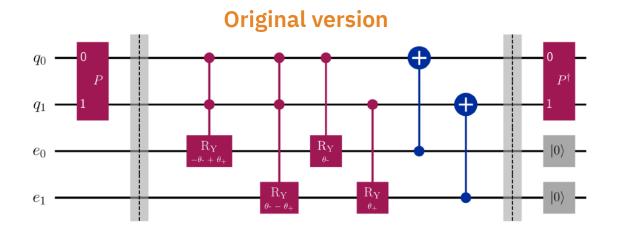


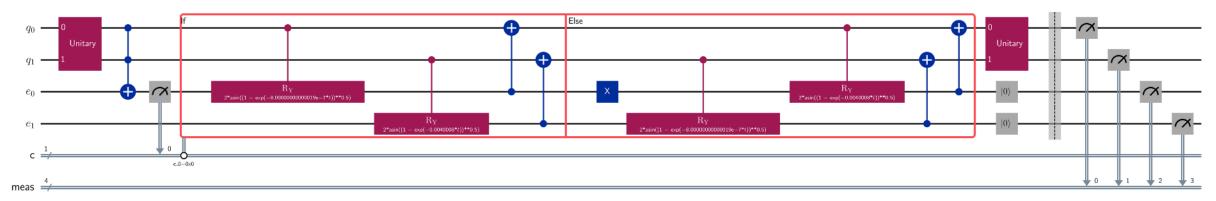
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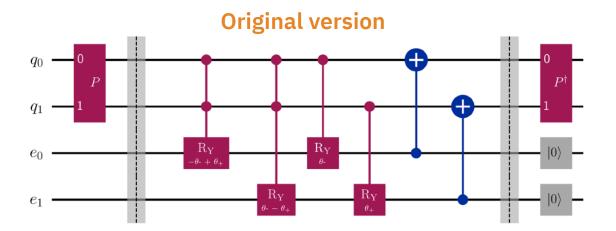


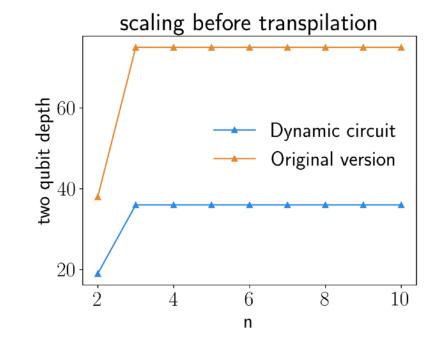


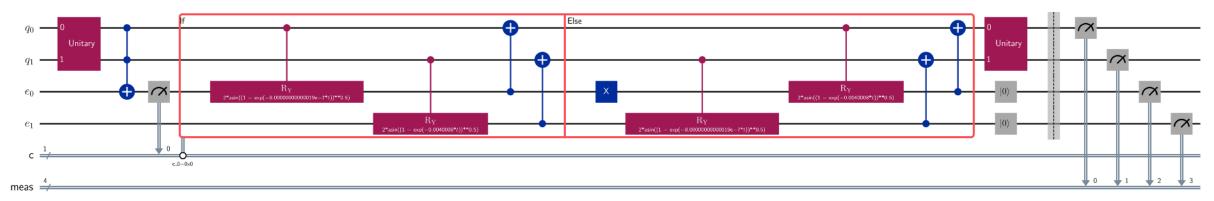


**Dynamic circuit** 





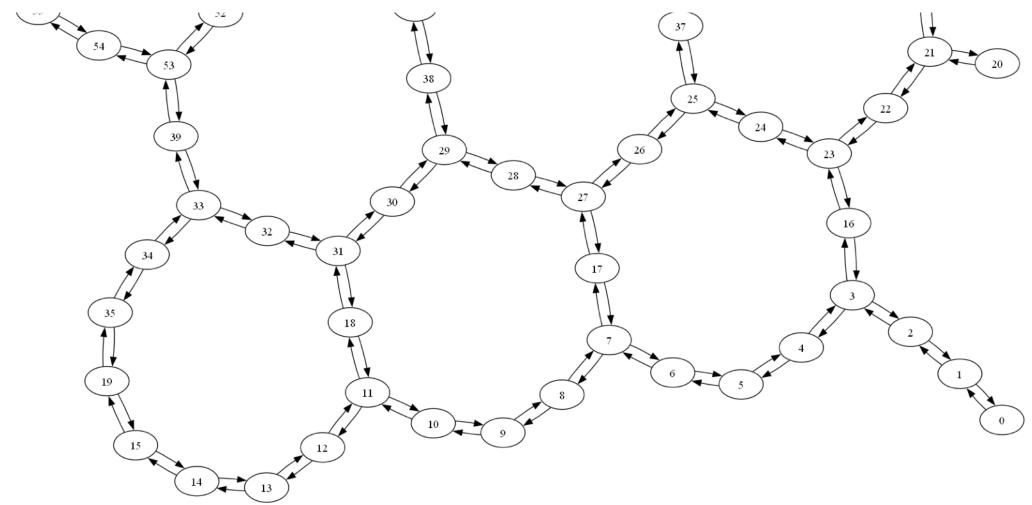




**Dynamic circuit** 

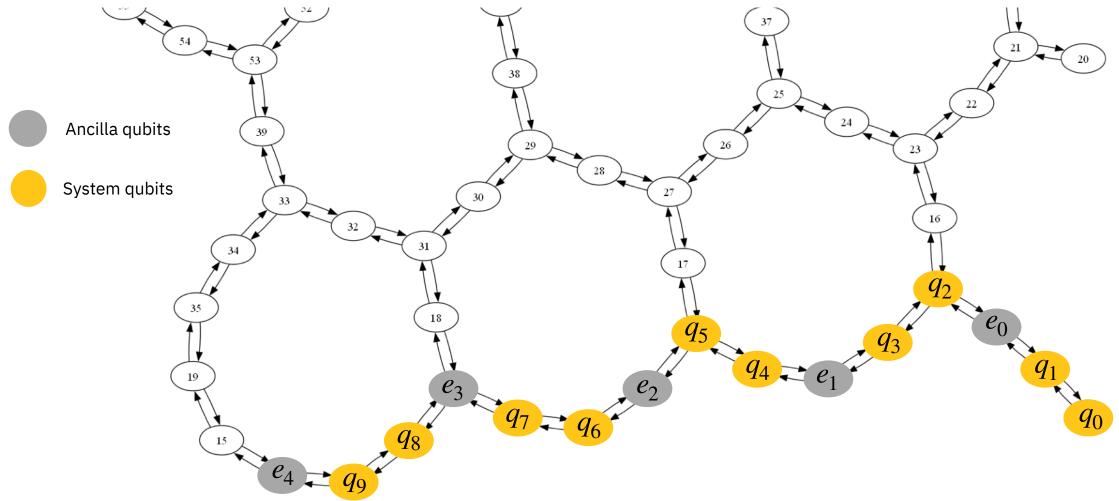


### Further improvements (I): tailored initial layout (WIP)

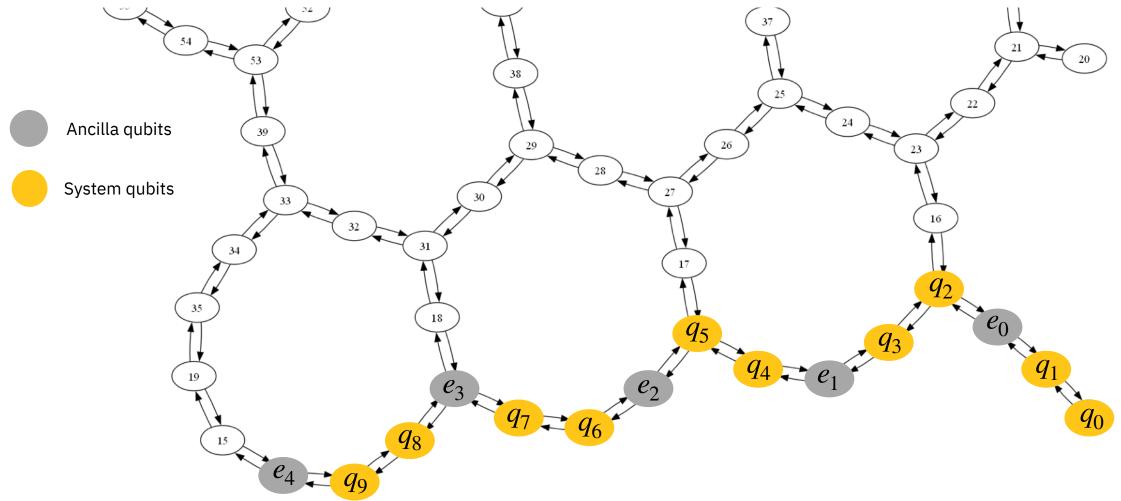




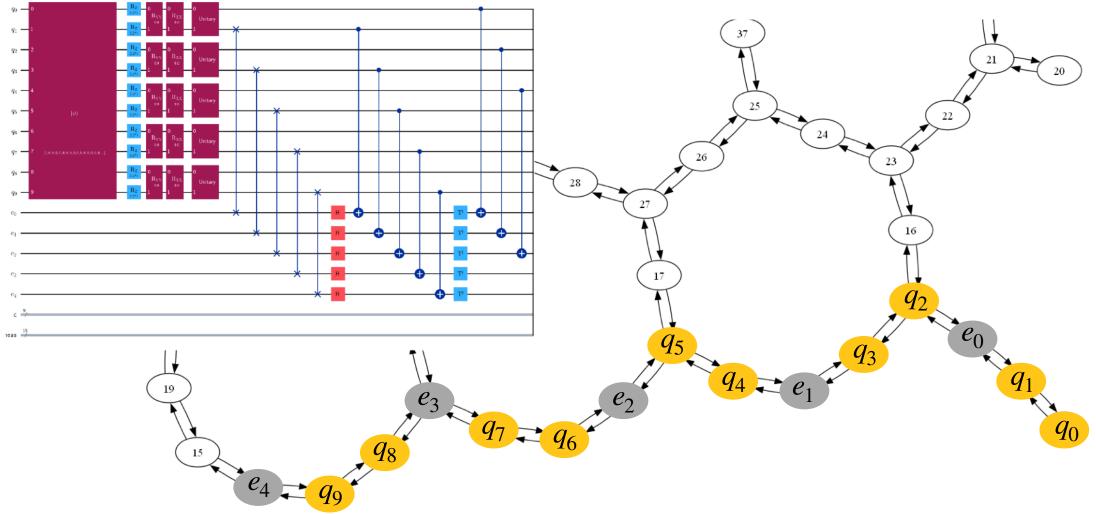
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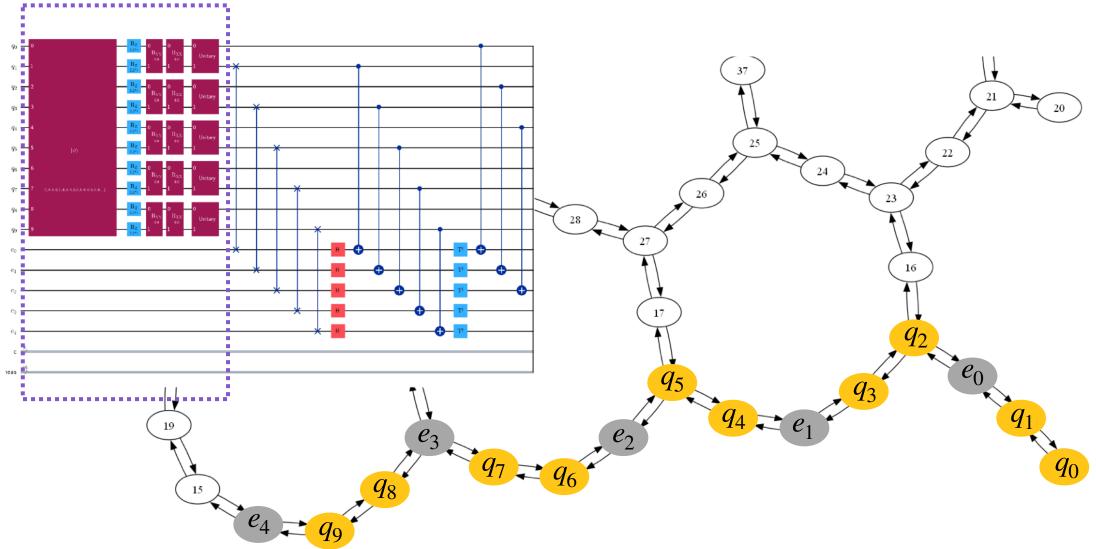




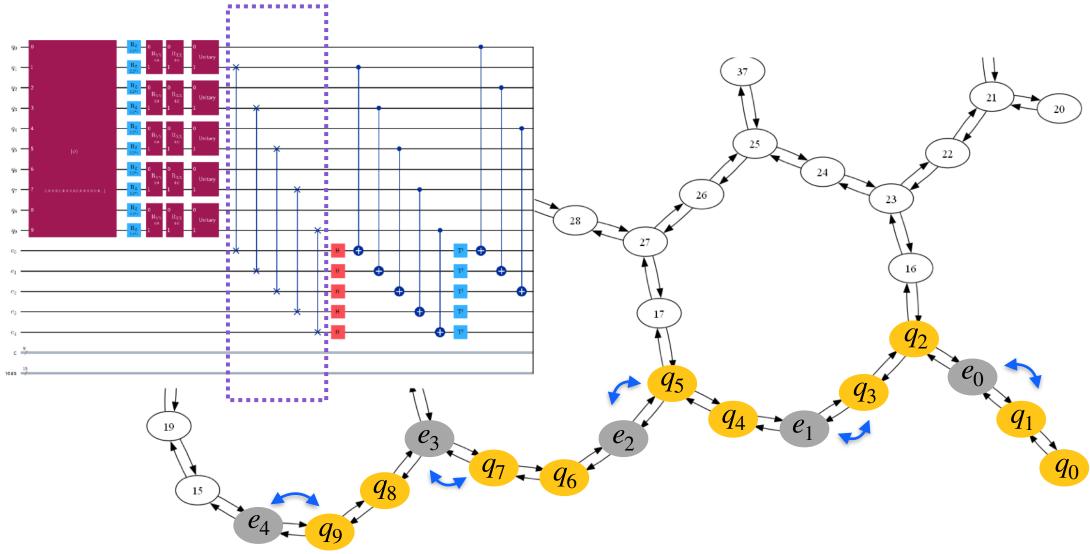




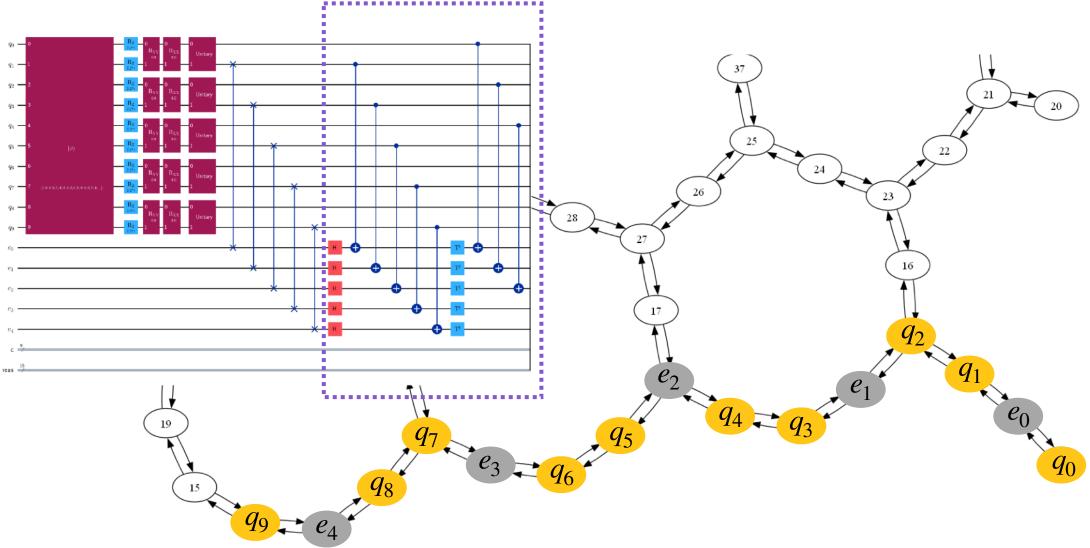














#### **Conclusions**

Accurate modeling of the decay and cross-decay of multiple emitters

Core circuits are still quite deep

Good scalability with the number of emitters

Many techniques available for further improvement

#### **Acknowledgements**

- Grant PID2022-139579NB-I00 Funded by MICIU/AEI/10.13039/501100011033/and by ERDF/EU
- Grant no. IT 1526-22 From the Basque Government for Consolidated Groups of the Basque University













### Thanks for your attention!

