## Strings – 1/2

```
print("This is a string in double quotes.")
       print('This is a string in single quotes.')
[1] \checkmark 0.6s
                                                                                                                                                               Python
   This is a string in double quotes.
    This is a string in single quotes.
        print("Python gives us the flexibility of using 'single' quotes inside double ones, or vice versa.")
       print("Pick a type of quotes that suits you for strings and stick to it!")
[2] \( \square 0.3s
                                                                                                                                                               Python
    Python gives us the flexibility of using 'single' quotes inside double ones, or vice versa.
    Pick a type of quotes that suits you for strings and stick to it!
       tab string = "\t" # special tab
       new line string = "\n" # special new line
        print("Have a great day \t Mr. Smith.") # insert tab space mid sentence
        print("Have a nice day: \nMs. Smith.") # start new line mid sentence
[3] V 0.4s
                                                                                                                                                               Python
   Have a great day
                             Mr. Smith.
    Have a nice day:
    Ms. Smith.
```

## Strings – 2/2

```
# Use raw strings using r"" to preserve all characters
    print(r"Have a great day \t Mr. Smith.")
    print(r"Have a nice day \n Ms. Smith.")
✓ 0.8s
                                                                                                                                                          Python
Have a great day \t Mr. Smith.
Have a nice day \n Ms. Smith.
    multi_line_string = """Good morning Mr. Bond,
    Good afternoon Mr. Bond,
    and Good evening Mr. Bond."""
    print(multi_line_string)
✓ 0.7s
                                                                                                                                                          Python
Good morning Mr. Bond,
Good afternoon Mr. Bond,
and Good evening Mr. Bond.
    # Use f-strings f"" to substitute values into strings. Implemented in Python v3.6 or newer.
    profession = "doctor"
    name = "john amore"
    experience yrs = "17" # this is a string, not an integer!
    practice = "cardiologist"
    print(f"{profession.title()} {name.title()} has {experience_yrs} years of experience and is an expert {practice.title()} based out of Richmond, VA.")
✓ 0.1s
                                                                                                                                                          Python
Doctor John Amore has 17 years of experience and is an expert Cardiologist based out of Richmond, VA.
```