Country: Turkmenistan

Years: 1991-2005

Head of government: Saparmurat Atajevich Niyazov

Ideology: left

Description: HoG does not identify ideology. CHISOLS identifies Niyazov's party as TCP, or DPT. DPI identifies DPT's ideology as leftist." Political Handbook of the World (2015: 1498) identifies TCP as Marxist-Leninist and therefore leftist: "On December 16 the TCP was formally dissolved and immediately succeeded by the Democratic Party of Turkmenistan (DPT), which abandoned the Marxist-Leninist precepts of its predecessor while maintaining an absolute grip on power." Manzano (2017) identifies ideology as leftist. Lentz (1994: 772) identifies Niyazov as leftist, writing that "[Niyazov" joined the Communist Party in 1962 ... and was active in party organizations". Kangas (2006: 1383) identifies DPT as leftist, writing that "after independence Niyazov "banned" the CPT, although this meant nothing more than changing its name to the Democratic Party of Turkmenistan (DPT)." In V-Party (2020), 2 experts identify head of government party's ideology as "Center-left" (-1.001) in 1994, "Center-left" (-1.001) in 1999, and "Center-left" (-1.001) in 2004.

Years: 2006-2020

Head of government: Gurbanguly Mjalikulyyevich Berdymukhammedov

Ideology: left

Description: ideology. identify CHISOLS HoG does not Berdymukhammedov's party as TCP, or DPT. DPI identifies DPT's ideology as leftist." Political Handbook (2015: 1500) elaborates, writing that "the DPT is the successor to the Turkmen Communist Party". Political Handbook of the World (2015: 1498) identifies TCP as Marxist-Leninist and therefore leftist: "On December 16 the TCP was formally dissolved and immediately succeeded by the Democratic Party of Turkmenistan (DPT), which abandoned the Marxist-Leninist precepts of its predecessor while maintaining an absolute grip on power." Manzano (2017) identifies ideology as leftist. Kangas (2006: 1383) identifies DPT as leftist, writing that "after independence Niyazov "banned" the CPT, although this meant nothing more than changing its name to the Democratic Party of Turkmenistan (DPT)." In V-Party (2020), 2 experts identify head of government party's ideology as "Centerleft" (-1.001) in 2004, 2008, 2013, and 2018. Varieties of Democracy identifies party affiliation as "none." World Statesmen identifies Berdymukhammedov's party as none.

References:

- Brambor, Thomas, Johannes Lindvall, and Annika Stjernquist. 2017. The Ideology of Heads of Government, 1870-2012. Version 1.5. Department of Political Science, Lund University.
- Cruz, Cesi, Philip Keefer, and Carlos Scartascini. 2018. Database of Political Institutions (DPI2017). Inter-American Development Bank. Numbers for Development.
- Kangas, Roger D. 2006. Republic of Turkmenistan. In: Neil Schlager and Jayne Weisblatt. World Encyclopedia of Political Systems and Parties. Facts on File: 1381-1387.
- Lentz, Harris. 1994. Heads of States and Governments Since 1945.
- Manzano, Dulce. 2017. Bringing Down the Educational Wall: Political Regimes, Ideology, and the Expansion of Education. Cambridge.
- Mattes, Michaela, Leeds, Brett, and Naoko Matsumura. 2016. Measuring change in source of leader support: The CHISOLS dataset. Journal of Peace Research 53(2): 259-267.
- "Turkmenistan." In Political Handbook of the World 2015, edited by Thomas Lansford, 1497-1501. Washington, DC: CQ Press, 2015. http://library.cqpress.com.proxy.uchicago.edu/phw/phw2015 Turkmenistan.