Country: Luxembourg

Years: 1945 - 1952

Head of government: Prime Minister Pierre Dupong

Ideology: center

Description: HoG does not identify ideology. Spohrer (2008: 363) identifies party as Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei (Christian Social People's Party). DPI identifies Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei as center. In V-Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's ideology as "Right" (2.087) in 1974. In V-Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's cohesion as "Virtually no visible disagreement" in 1974. Armingeon et al. (2019) identifies the Christian Social Party's (Chrestlech Sozial Vollekspartei) ideology as centrist. The Political Handbook of the World (2015) identifies the Christian Social Party's ideology as centrist, writing "Christian Social People's Party (Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei—CSV/Parti Chrétien Social—PCS)... Often identified as a Christian Democratic grouping, the CSV endorses a centrist position that includes support for the monarchy, progressive labor legislation, assistance to farmers and small business owners, church-state cooperation, and an internationalist foreign policy."

Years: 1953 - 1957

Head of government: Prime Minister Joseph Bech

Ideology: center

Description: HoG does not identify ideology. The *New York Times* (1954) identifies party as Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei (Christian Social People's Party). DPI identifies Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei as center. In V-Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's ideology as "Right" (2.087) in 1974. In V-Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's cohesion as "Virtually no visible disagreement" in 1974. Armingeon et al. (2019) identifies the Christian Social Party's (Chrestlech Sozial Vollekspartei) ideology as centrist. The Political Handbook of the World (2015) identifies the Christian Social Party's ideology as centrist, writing "Christian Social People's Party (Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei—CSV/Parti Chrétien Social—PCS)... Often identified as a Christian Democratic grouping, the CSV endorses a centrist position that includes support for the monarchy, progressive labor legislation, assistance to farmers and small business owners, church-state cooperation, and an internationalist foreign policy."

Year: 1958

Head of government: Prime Minister Pierre Frieden

Ideology: center

Description: HoG does not identify ideology. The *Daily Boston Globe* (1958) identifies party as Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei (Christian Social People's Party). DPI identifies Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei as center. In V-Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's ideology as "Right" (2.087) in 1974. In V-Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's cohesion as "Virtually no visible disagreement" in 1974. Armingeon et al. (2019) identifies the Christian Social Party's (Chrestlech Sozial Vollekspartei) ideology as centrist. The Political Handbook of the World (2015) identifies the Christian Social Party's ideology as centrist, writing "Christian Social People's Party (Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei—CSV/Parti Chrétien Social—PCS)... Often identified as a Christian Democratic grouping, the CSV endorses a centrist position that includes support for the monarchy, progressive labor legislation, assistance to farmers and small business owners, church-state cooperation, and an internationalist foreign policy."

Years: 1959 - 1973

Head of government: Prime Minister Pierre Werner

Ideology: center

Description: HoG does not identify ideology. *Political Handbook of the World* (2018: 873) identifies party as Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei (Christian Social People's Party). DPI identifies Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei as center. In V-Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's ideology as "Right" (2.087) in 1974. In V-Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's cohesion as "Virtually no visible disagreement" in 1974. Armingeon et al. (2019) identifies the Christian Social Party's (Chrestlech Sozial Vollekspartei) ideology as centrist. The Political Handbook of the World (2015) identifies the Christian Social Party's ideology as centrist, writing "Christian Social People's Party (Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei—CSV/Parti Chrétien Social—PCS)... Often identified as a Christian Democratic grouping, the CSV endorses a centrist position that includes support for the monarchy, progressive labor legislation, assistance to farmers and small business owners, church-state cooperation, and an internationalist foreign policy."

Years: 1974 - 1978

Head of government: Prime Minister Gaston Thorn

Ideology: rightist

Description: HoG does not identify ideology. *Political Handbook of the World* (2018: 873) identifies party as Demokratesch Partei (Democratic Party). DPI

identifies Demokratesch Partei as rightist. In V-Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's ideology as "Center" (.111) in 1974. In V-Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's cohesion as "Virtually no visible disagreement" in 1974. Armingeon et al. (2019) identifies the Democratic Party's (Demokratesch Partei) ideology as rightist. Political Handbook of the World (2015) identifies the Democratic Party's ideology as rightist, writing "Democratic Party (Demokratesch Partei—DP/Parti Démocratique—PD). The DP includes both conservatives and moderates... Also referred to as the Liberals, the party is committed to free enterprise, although it favors certain forms of progressive social legislation." Döring and Manow (2019) identify the Democratic Party as rightist, describing the Democratic Party as "Liberal". In the Global Party Survey 2019, 3 experts identify the average left-right (0-10) score of Democratic Party (DP) as 7.7. Rulers.org (2020) identifies the DP as rightist, writing "liberal Democratic Party".

Years: 1979 - 1983

Head of government: Prime Minister Pierre Werner

Ideology: center

Description: HoG does not identify ideology. *Political Handbook of the World* (2018: 873) identifies party as Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei (Christian Social People's Party). DPI identifies Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei as center. In V-Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's ideology as "Right" (2.087) in 1979. In V-Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's cohesion as "Virtually no visible disagreement" in 1979. Armingeon et al. (2019) identifies the Christian Social Party's (Chrestlech Sozial Vollekspartei) ideology as centrist. The Political Handbook of the World (2015) identifies the Christian Social Party's ideology as centrist, writing "Christian Social People's Party (Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei—CSV/Parti Chrétien Social—PCS)... Often identified as a Christian Democratic grouping, the CSV endorses a centrist position that includes support for the monarchy, progressive labor legislation, assistance to farmers and small business owners, church-state cooperation, and an internationalist foreign policy."

Years: 1984 - 1994

Head of government: Prime Minister Jacques Santer

Ideology: center

Description: HoG does not identify ideology. *Political Handbook of the World* (2018: 873) identifies party as Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei (Christian Social People's Party). DPI identifies Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei as center. In V-

Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's ideology as "Centerright" .997) in 1984, 1989 and 1994. Armingeon et al. (2019) identifies the Christian Social Party's (Chrestlech Sozial Vollekspartei) ideology as centrist. The Political Handbook of the World (2015) identifies the Christian Social Party's ideology as centrist, writing "Christian Social People's Party (Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei—CSV/Parti Chrétien Social—PCS)... Often identified as a Christian Democratic grouping, the CSV endorses a centrist position that includes support for the monarchy, progressive labor legislation, assistance to farmers and small business owners, church-state cooperation, and an internationalist foreign policy."

Years: 1995 - 2012

Head of government: Prime Minister Jean-Claude Juncker

Ideology: center

Description: HoG does not identify ideology. *Political Handbook of the World* (2018: 873) identifies party as Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei (Christian Social People's Party). DPI identifies Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei as center. In V-Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's ideology as "Centerright" (.997) in 1994, 1999, 2004 and 2009. Armingeon et al. (2019) identifies the Christian Social Party's (Chrestlech Sozial Vollekspartei) ideology as centrist. The Political Handbook of the World (2015) identifies the Christian Social Party's ideology as centrist, writing "Christian Social People's Party (Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei—CSV/Parti Chrétien Social—PCS)... Often identified as a Christian Democratic grouping, the CSV endorses a centrist position that includes support for the monarchy, progressive labor legislation, assistance to farmers and small business owners, church-state cooperation, and an internationalist foreign policy."

Years: 2013 - 2020

Head of government: Prime Minister Xavier Bettel

Ideology: right

Description: HoG does not identify ideology. Varieties of Democracy identifies party affiliation as Democratic Party. *Political Handbook of the World* (2018: 874) identifies party as Demokratesch Partei (Democratic Party). In V-Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's ideology as "Center" (.111) in 2013. In V-Party (2020), 1 expert identified head of government party's cohesion as "Virtually no visible disagreement" in 2013. While DPI identifies Demokratesch Partei as center after 2003, Armingeon et al. (2019) identifies the Democratic Party's (Demokratesch Partei) ideology as rightist. Political Handbook of the World (2015) identifies the Democratic Party's ideology as rightist, writing "Democratic Party (Demokratesch Partei—DP/Parti Démocratique—PD). The DP

includes both conservatives and moderates... Also referred to as the Liberals, the party is committed to free enterprise, although it favors certain forms of progressive social legislation." Döring and Manow (2019) identify the Democratic Party as rightist, describing the Democratic Party as "Liberal". In the Global Party Survey 2019, 3 experts identify the average left-right (0-10) score of Democratic Party (DP) as 7.7. Rulers.org (2020) identifies the DP as rightist, writing "liberal Democratic Party". World Statesmen (2021) and Perspective Monde (2021) corroborate party affiliation as DP. World Statesmen identifies the party as "center-right," and Perspective Monde identifies the party as centrist.

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