



AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY – BANGLADESH
Faculty of Engineering

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|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Course/Lab Name: | Data Communication | | |
| Semester: Summer 2024-25 | Term: Final | Assignment for Final Term | |

Question Mapping with Course Outcomes:

| Item | COs | POIs | K | P | A | Marks | Obtained Marks |
|--------------|-----|----------|----|---|---|-------|----------------|
| All Problems | CO4 | P.f.2.C6 | K7 | . | . | 15 | |

Student Information:

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| Section: D | Department: CSE |

Instructions for submission:

1. Use this page as a cover page.
2. Use A4-size paper, and only handwritten answers are acceptable.
3. Submit a hard copy of your assignment to my office by September 15, 2025 (4:00 PM).
3. The submission will not be considered if the instructions are not followed. Also, if you miss the deadline, 3 marks will be deducted for each additional day.

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| CO4 | Design a solution for time and frequency division multiplexing problems in accordance with professional practices |
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Answer the following Questions:

Problem 01: Assume four baseband signals, each with a bandwidth of 4 kHz, are to be transmitted over a shared communication link using Amplitude Modulation (AM) and Frequency Division Multiplexing (FDM). The total transmission link bandwidth is 38 kHz, spanning from 100 kHz to 138 kHz. To avoid inter-channel interference, a 2000 Hz guard band is maintained between any two adjacent channels.

- (i) **Compute** the carrier frequencies to be assigned for AM modulation of each baseband signal, ensuring proper spacing for the guard bands.
- (ii) **Illustrate** the entire configuration using the time domain equations and frequency domain representation for both the FDM multiplexer with AM modulation and demultiplexer with AM demodulation.

Note: For FDM demultiplexing, you should use both bandpass and low pass filter with full AM demodulation to recover each Baseband signals.

Problem 02: Assume five ground stations each transmit data at a rate of 276 Mbps to the nearest LEO satellite utilizing the Ku-band uplink spectrum spanning between 14.25–14.50 GHz. The uplink uses frequency-division multiplexing (FDM) with 5000 kHz guard bands between adjacent channels. (i) **Compute** the effective bandwidth per ground station if bandwidth is allocated evenly, (ii) **Choose** an appropriate modulation scheme and **compute** its modulation order 'M' to support minimal bit error rate in transmission, (iii) **Design** a suitable configuration to multiplex the five ground stations using the chosen modulation scheme and FDM with proper illustration. (iv) **Sketch** the constellation diagram for 16-QAM, ensuring the following:

- (i) Properly label the axes for in-phase and quadrature components.

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Ans No 01

$$\begin{array}{l|l} \text{(i) Total baseband signal} = 4 & \text{Bandwidth } B = 4 \text{ kHz} \\ \text{AM Bandwidth } B_{AM} = 2B & \text{Guard band } g_b = 2000 \text{ Hz} \\ & = 2 \text{ kHz} \\ & = 2 \times 4 \\ & = 8 \text{ kHz} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total bandwidth require} &= 4 \times 8 \text{ kHz} \\ &= 32 \text{ kHz} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total guardband require} &= 3 \times 2 \text{ kHz} \\ &= 6 \text{ kHz} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total} &= \text{Total bandwidth} + \text{total guardband} \\ &= 32 + 6 \text{ kHz} \\ &= 38 \text{ kHz} \end{aligned}$$

which is equals to transmission link bandwidth spanning frequency from 100 kHz to 138 kHz

So, Carrier frequency for 1st sideband signal $f_{c1} = 104 \text{ kHz}$
Carrier frequency for 2nd sideband signal $f_{c2} = 114 \text{ kHz}$
Carrier frequency for 3rd sideband signal $f_{c3} = 124 \text{ kHz}$
Carrier frequency for 4th sideband signal $f_{c4} = 134 \text{ kHz}$

(ii)

Time domain equation for entire configuration,

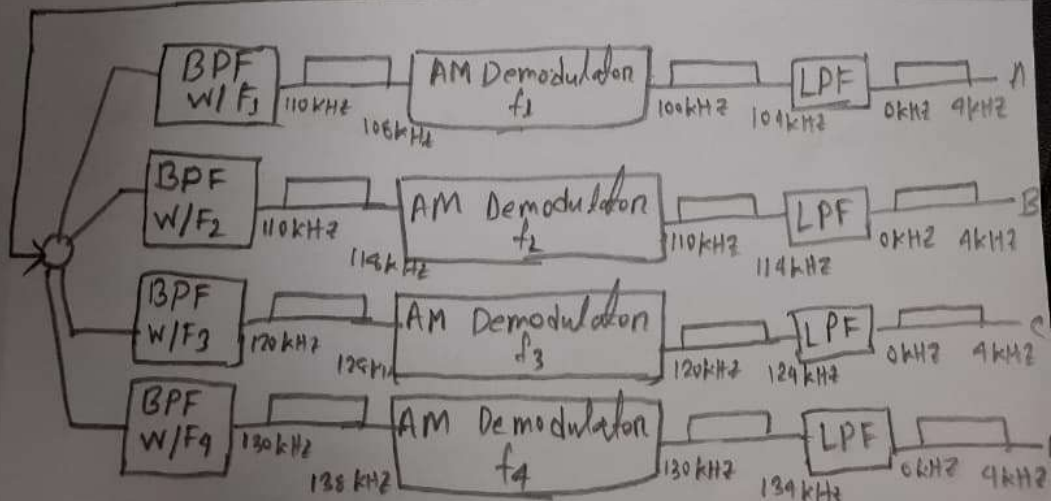
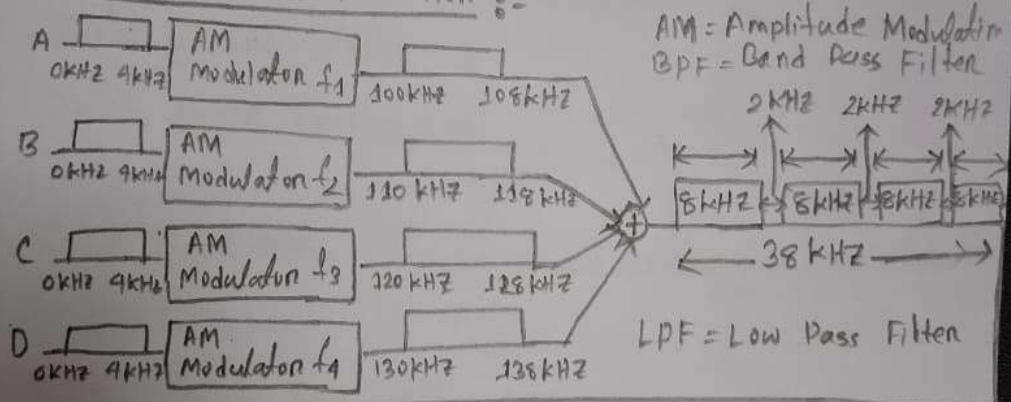
$$S_1(t) = [A_{c1} + A_{m1} \cos(2\pi(108 \times 10^3)t)] \cos(2\pi(104 \times 10^3)t)$$

$$S_2(t) = [A_{c2} + A_{m2} \cos(2\pi(118 \times 10^3)t)] \cos(2\pi(114 \times 10^3)t)$$

$$S_3(t) = [A_{c3} + A_{m3} \cos(2\pi(128 \times 10^3)t)] \cos(2\pi(124 \times 10^3)t)$$

$$S_4(t) = [A_{c4} + A_{m4} \cos(2\pi(138 \times 10^3)t)] \cos(2\pi(134 \times 10^3)t)$$

frequency domain representation :-



Ans to the Ans 02

(i)

Given,

data rate, $b = 276 \text{ Mbps}$ Spanning between $14.25 - 14.50 \text{ GHz}$. Co-transmission link
bandwidth is $= 14.50 - 14.25$

$$= 0.25 \text{ GHz}$$

$$= 250 \text{ MHz}$$

guard band $g_b = 5000 \text{ kHz}$

$$= 5 \text{ MHz}$$

Total guard station $= 5$ Total guard band $= 4 \times 5$

$$= 20 \text{ MHz}$$

Total bandwidth without guard band $= 250 - 20 \text{ MHz}$

$$= 230 \text{ MHz}$$

Each station bandwidth $= 230 / 5$

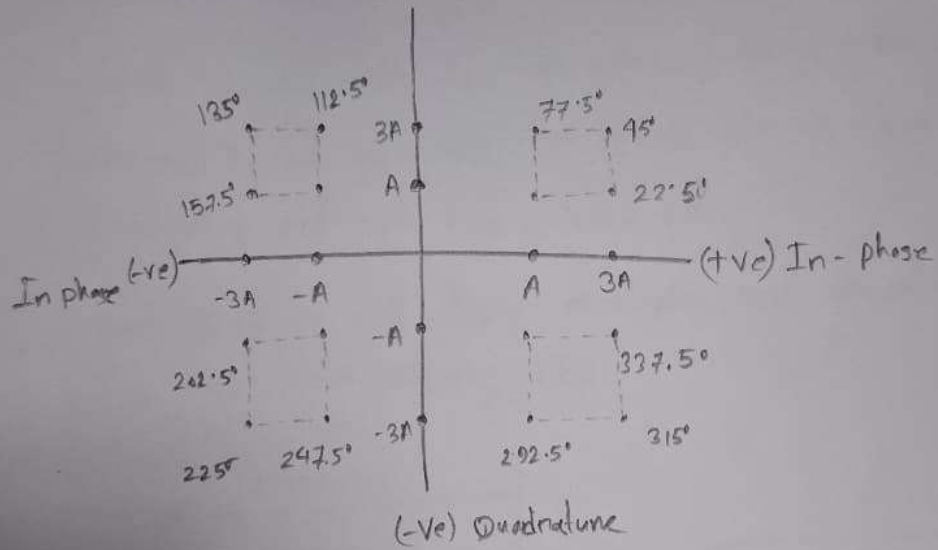
$$= 46 \text{ MHz}$$

that means effective bandwidth per ground station
is 46 MHz

(iv)

Constellation diagram for 16-QAM

(+ve) Quadrature



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Ans No 03

(i)

Here,

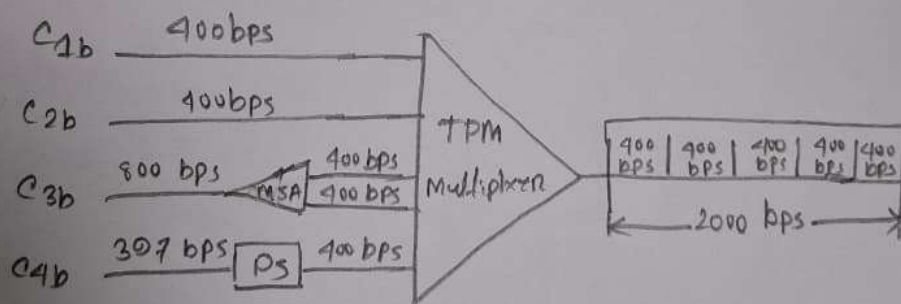
Channel 1 bit rate $C_{1b} = 50 \text{ byte/s} = 50 \times 8 = 400 \text{ bps}$

Channel 2 bit rate $C_{2b} = 50 \text{ byte/s} = 50 \times 8 = 400 \text{ bps}$

Channel 3 bit rate $C_{3b} = 100 \text{ byte/s} = 100 \times 8 = 800 \text{ bps}$

Channel 4 bit rate $C_{4b} = 307 \text{ bps}$

For C_{3b} we will apply multiple slot allocation and
for C_{4b} pulse stuffing (PS)



(ii) Frame rate = 400 frames/s

(iii) frame duration = $\frac{1}{400} = 2.5 \text{ ms}$

(iv) bit rate at the output link = $5 \times 400 = 2000 \text{ bps}$

(v) output bit duration = $\frac{1}{2000} = 0.5 \text{ ms}$

Am