Summary Report

Problem Statement -

Our main goal is to create a logistic regression model to better identify the most potential leads so that the efforts of the sales team can be focused towards contacting the potential leads.

The company needs the target lead conversion rate to be around 80%.

Summary to the modelling process

• Basic analysis.

- The data provided to us by the company is a leads dataset with around 9240 data points and 37 attributes.
- o Important attributes of the data like target variable **Converted** were identified,
- Datatypes of the columns were also checked to get a better understanding of the underlying data.

Data Handling and Cleanup.

- Null values are detected and processed, columns with more than 36% null values were removed.
- The 'select' label was detected in many columns indicating that data was not provided by the customer. 'Select' labels were replaced with 'Not Specified' to preserve data.
- Remaining attributes in the dataframe are carefully analysed for type & distribution of data and then appropriately imputed.
- Columns with highly skewed data or with only 1 unique value were removed to make the data insightful.
- Few sub-categories of attributes were combined to draw meaningful insights from data.
- Outliers are detected and are treated accordingly to prevent data skewness.

Data Visualisation and EDA

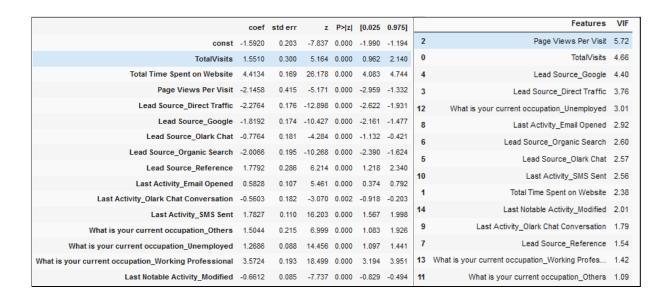
- Analysis is done on the numerical & categorical variables and inferences & observations are noted and specified.
- Inferences allow us to get a better understanding of trends and overall behaviour of the customers.

Pre- Modelling Data Preparation and Feature Scaling.

- For categorical variables having sub-categories, one-hot encoded dummy variables are created.
- Data is split into Training and Test datasets in a ratio of 70:30.
- Feature scaling is done using the Min-Max-scaler.
- Using heatmaps & correlation-matrix, the correlation between predictor variables are analysed and few were dropped too.

Model Building

 Recursive Feature Elimination is used to detect the 15 best variables for the logistic regression model.



- Manual Elimination:- Summary and VIF is generated to detect insignificant and highly correlated data. Such variables are carefully removed one at a time while monitoring the p-values and VIF values.
- The model is finalised when p-value < 0.05 & VIF's are within acceptable range i.e. below 5.

| | coef | std err | Z | P> z | [0.025 | 0.975] |
|--|---------|---------|---------|-------|--------|--------|
| const | -2.2584 | 0.120 | -18.860 | 0.000 | -2.493 | -2.024 |
| Total Time Spent on Website | 4.5109 | 0.166 | 27.187 | 0.000 | 4.186 | 4.836 |
| Last Activity_Email Opened | 0.7724 | 0.099 | 7.810 | 0.000 | 0.579 | 0.966 |
| Lead Source_Direct Traffic | -1.7079 | 0.108 | -15.819 | 0.000 | -1.919 | -1.496 |
| Lead Source_Google | -1.2510 | 0.104 | -12.083 | 0.000 | -1.454 | -1.048 |
| Lead Source_Organic Search | -1.3544 | 0.126 | -10.740 | 0.000 | -1.602 | -1.107 |
| Lead Source_Reference | 2.3430 | 0.233 | 10.043 | 0.000 | 1.886 | 2.800 |
| Last Activity_SMS Sent | 1.8113 | 0.102 | 17.832 | 0.000 | 1.612 | 2.010 |
| What is your current occupation_Unemployed | 1.1355 | 0.081 | 14.040 | 0.000 | 0.977 | 1.294 |
| What is your current occupation_Working Professional | 3.5683 | 0.194 | 18.383 | 0.000 | 3.188 | 3.949 |
| Last Notable Activity_Modified | -0.6713 | 0.085 | -7.943 | 0.000 | -0.837 | -0.506 |

| | Features | VIF |
|---|--|------|
| 7 | What is your current occupation_Unemployed | 2.67 |
| 3 | Lead Source_Google | 2.48 |
| 0 | Total Time Spent on Website | 2.34 |
| 2 | Lead Source_Direct Traffic | 2.25 |
| 1 | Last Activity_Email Opened | 1.97 |
| 6 | Last Activity_SMS Sent | 1.95 |
| 4 | Lead Source_Organic Search | 1.55 |
| 9 | Last Notable Activity_Modified | 1.42 |
| 8 | What is your current occupation_Working Profes | 1.37 |
| 5 | Lead Source_Reference | 1.31 |

- Prediction and Evaluation Metrics of Train and Test Data.
 - o Predictions are done on the Training data
 - Confusion matrix is generated for the data and evaluation metrics are calculated.
 - Cutoff = 0.5

Confusion Matrix

| 3449 | 457 | | |
|------|------|--|--|
| 796 | 1608 | | |

| Accuracy | 0.8014263074484944 |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| Sensitivity / Recall | 0.6688851913477537 |
| Specificity | 0.8830005120327701 |
| False positive rate | 0.1169994879672299 |

- o ROC Curve area = 0.88
 - Cutoff = 0.40

Confusion matrix

| 3144 | 762 |
|------|------|
| 500 | 1904 |

| Accuracy | 0.8 |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| Recall / Sensitivity | 0.7920133111480865 |
| Specificity | 0.804915514592934 |
| Precision | 0.714178544636159 |
| False positive rate | 0.19508448540706605 |

Lead_score_rank is assigned to the data

| | Prospect ID | Converted | Conv_prob | Lead_score_rank |
|---|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|
| 0 | 4356 | 1 | 0.665604 | 67 |
| 1 | 5124 | 0 | 0.061638 | 6 |
| 2 | 4489 | 1 | 0.133689 | 13 |
| 3 | 4570 | 1 | 0.665604 | 67 |
| 4 | 5234 | 0 | 0.103652 | 10 |
| | | | | |

 $\circ\quad \mbox{\bf Predictions}$ are done on the Test data and model performance is checked.

All metrics are recalculated for the test data and recorded.

• Cutoff = 0.40

Confusion matrix

| 1371 | 327 | |
|------|-----|--|
| 197 | 810 | |

| Accuracy | 0.8062846580406654 |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Recall / Sensitivity | 0.8043694141012909 |
| Specificity | 0.8074204946996466 |
| Precision | 0.712401055408971 |
| F-Score | 0.7555970149253731 |

- **Recommendation :-** To identify the most potential leads, the sales team should focus towards the below variables :-
 - 1. Total Time Spent on Website
 - 2. What is your current occupation
 - a. Working Professional
 - b. Unemployed
 - 3. Lead Source
 - a. Reference
 - b. Google
 - 4. Last Activity
 - a. SMS Sent
 - b. Email Opened

The X education company may achieve its target of lead conversion rate of approx 80% if they focus more on above variables.