# Common Mathematical Subjects

## Trigonometry

#### **Identities**

$$\cos^{2}(\theta) + \sin^{2}(\theta) = 1$$
$$1 + \tan^{2}(\theta) = \sec^{2}(\theta)$$

# $1+\cot^2(\theta)=\csc^2(\theta)$

#### **Addition Formulas**

$$\cos(A+B) = \cos(A).\cos(B) - \sin(A).\sin(B)$$

$$\sin(A+B) = \sin(A).\cos(B) + \cos(A).\sin(B)$$

#### **Double Angle Formulas**

$$\cos(2\theta) = \cos^2(\theta) - \sin^2(\theta)$$
  
 $\sin(2\theta) = 2\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)$ 

#### **Half-Angle Formulas**

$$\cos^2(\theta) = \frac{1 + \cos(2\theta)}{2}$$

$$\sin^2(\theta) = \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{2}$$

### Hyperbolic Function

$$\sinh(x) = \frac{\mathrm{e}^x - \mathrm{e}^{-x}}{2}$$

$$\cosh(x) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$$

$$\tanh(x) = \frac{\sinh(x)}{\cosh(x)} = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$

$$coth(x) = \frac{\cosh(x)}{\sinh(x)} = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{e^x - e^{-x}}$$

$$sech(x) \frac{1}{\cosh(x)}$$

$$cosech(x) = \frac{1}{\sinh(x)}$$

#### **Eular Formulas**

$$e^{ix} = \cos(x) + i\sin(x)$$

$$e^{-ix} = \cos(x) - i\sin(x)$$

$$\sin(x) = \frac{e^{ix} - e^{-ix}}{2i}$$

$$\cos(x) = \frac{e^{ix} + e^{-ix}}{2}$$

$$\tan(x) = \frac{1}{(i)} \frac{e^{ix} - e^{-ix}}{e^{ix} + e^{-ix}}$$

### Limit

$$\lim_{x o c}f(x)=L$$

and

$$\lim_{x o c}g(x)=M$$

1. Summation Rule:  $\lim_{x \to c} (f(x) + g(x)) = L + M$ 

2. Difference Rule:  $\lim_{x \to c} (f(x) + g(x)) = L + M$ 

3. Product Rule:  $\lim_{x\to c} (f(x), g(x)) = L.M$ 

4. Constant Multiplication Rule:  $\lim_{x \to c} k. \, f(x) = k. \, L$ 

5. Quotient Rule:  $\lim_{x \to c} \left( \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right) = \frac{L}{M}$