

A Book of Abstract Algebra | (2nd Edition)

Chapter AA, Problem 2E

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Problem

Prove the following:

If $A = B$ and $B = C$, then $A = C$.

Step-by-step solution

Step 1 of 2

Objective:-

The objective is to prove $A = B$ and $B = C$, then $A = C$.

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Step 2 of 2

Proof:-

Let A and B are two sets. Let $x \in A = B$.

If sets A and B are such that every elements of A and B are same, then A and B are said to equal.

$$A = B \Leftrightarrow \{x \in A \Leftrightarrow x \in B\}$$

So,

$$x \in A \Leftrightarrow x \in B \quad \text{.....(1)}$$

Let us suppose $x \in B = C$.

So,

$$x \in B \Leftrightarrow x \in C \quad \text{.....(2)}$$

Let us consider the equation (1) and (2).

$$x \in B \Leftrightarrow x \in C$$

By definition:-

$$A = C$$

Proved

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