## A Book of Abstract Algebra | (2nd Edition)

	Chapter 29, Problem 1EA	Bookmark	Show all steps: ON	
Problem				
	Find a basis for $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2})$ over $\mathbb{Q}$ , and describe the elements of $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2})$ . (See the two examples immediately following Theorem 1.)			
Step-by-step solution				
<b>Step 1</b> of 2				
	The objective is to find a basis for $\mathbb{Q}\!\left(i\sqrt{2}\right)$ over $\mathbb{Q}$ , and describe the elements of			
	$(i\sqrt{2})$			
	Comment			
	Step	Step 2 of 2		
	The minimal polynomial of $i\sqrt{2}$ over is $x^2$ with $\sqrt{2}i$ as a root).	+ 2 (It is monic and irre	educible ( 2 – Eisenstein)	

Hence  $= \left[ (i\sqrt{2}): \right] = 2 \text{ and a basis is } \left\{1, i\sqrt{2}\right\}.$ 

Every element in  $\left(i\sqrt{2}\right)$  is therefore a linear combination of 1 and  $\sqrt{2}i$ , that is, a number of the form  $a+bi\sqrt{2}$  where  $a,b\in$ .

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Comment