A Book of Abstract Algebra (2nd Edition)

| Chapter | AB, | Problem | 13E |
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Problem

Prove that the following are true for any integers a, b, and c:

If gcd(a, b) = c, then lcm(a, b) = ab/c.

Step-by-step solution

Step 1 of 2

Objective:-

The objective is to prove if gcd(a,b) = c, then $lcm(a,b) = \frac{ab}{c}$.

Comment

Step 2 of 2

Proof:-

Let us consider the theorem.

Theorem:-If p and q are two integers with greatest common divisor $\gcd(p,q)$ and least common multiple lcm(p,q), then

$$p \times q = \gcd(p,q) \times lcm(p,q)$$

Let us suppose gcd(a,c) = c. Then by above theorem:-

$$a \times b = c \times lcm(a,b)$$

$$ab = c \cdot lcm(a,b)$$

$$lcm(a,b) = \frac{ab}{c}$$

Proved

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