

A Book of Abstract Algebra | (2nd Edition)

Chapter 24, Problem 2EC

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Problem

Give examples of divisors of zero, of degrees 0, 1, and 2, in $\mathbb{Z}_4[x]$.

Step-by-step solution

Step 1 of 1

Consider the ring $\mathbb{Z}_4[x]$. The set of elements of \mathbb{Z}_4 are $\{0, 1, 2, 3\}$.

Theorem: A non zero element a in \mathbb{Z}_n is a zero divisor if and only if $\gcd(a, n) \neq 1$, and there is a

$$b = \frac{n}{\gcd(a, n)} \text{ such that } ab = 0$$

Apply the above theorem to find zero divisors of \mathbb{Z}_4 .

$$\gcd(1, 4) = 1$$

$$\gcd(2, 4) = 2$$

$$\gcd(3, 4) = 1$$

Hence zero divisor in \mathbb{Z}_4 is 2.

Now construct polynomials whose all coefficients are 2.

Example of zero divisor of zero degree polynomial in $\mathbb{Z}_4[x]$ is $p(x) = 2$.

Examples of zero divisors of first degree polynomial in $\mathbb{Z}_4[x]$ are following.

$$p(x) = 2x$$

$$p(x) = 2x + 2$$

Examples of zero divisors of second degree polynomial in $\mathbb{Z}_4[x]$ are following.

$$p(x) = 2x^2$$

$$q(x) = 2x^2 + 2x$$

$$r(x) = 2x^2 + 2$$

$$s(x) = 2x^2 + 2x + 2$$

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