

A Book of Abstract Algebra | (2nd Edition)



Chapter AB, Problem 1E



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Problem

Prove that the following are true for any integers a , b , and c :

If $a|b$ and $b|c$, then $a|c$.

Step-by-step solution

Step 1 of 2

Objective:-

The objective is to prove *if $a|b$ and $b|c$, then $a|c$.*

[Comment](#)

Step 2 of 2

Proof:-

Let suppose $a|b$ and $b|c$.

Then there exist number k and l such that:-

$$b = ka \quad \dots\dots(1)$$

$$c = lb \quad \dots\dots(2)$$

Let us put the value of b in the equation (2).

$$c = l(ka)$$

$$c = a(kl)$$

Thus, a is a factor of $a(kl)$ that is a factor of c . Hence, a divides c that is $a|c$.

Proved

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