

# A Book of Abstract Algebra | (2nd Edition)

Chapter 24, Problem 3EH

Bookmark

Show all steps: ☒ ON

## Problem

Let us denote an arbitrary polynomial  $p(x, y)$  in  $A[x, y]$  by  $\sum a_{ij}x^i y^j$  where  $\Sigma$  ranges over *some* pairs  $i, j$  of nonnegative integers.

Imitating the definitions of sum and product of polynomials in  $A[x]$ , give a definition of sum and product of polynomials in  $A[x, y]$ .

## Step-by-step solution

### Step 1 of 1

Let  $a(x, y)$  and  $b(x, y)$  be polynomials in  $A[x, y]$  of degree  $n$  and  $m$  respectively.

$$a(x, y) = a_{00} + (a_{01}y + a_{10}x) + \dots + \sum_{i_1+j_1=k_1} a_{i_1 j_1} x^{i_1} y^{j_1} = \sum_{k_1=0}^n \sum_{i_1+j_1=k_1} a_{i_1 j_1} x^{i_1} y^{j_1}, \quad i_1, j_1 \text{ are}$$

Non-negative positive integers, similarly

$$b(x, y) = b_{00} + (b_{01}y + b_{10}x) + \dots + \sum_{i_2+j_2=k_2} b_{i_2 j_2} x^{i_2} y^{j_2} = \sum_{k_2=0}^m \sum_{i_2+j_2=k_2} b_{i_2 j_2} x^{i_2} y^{j_2}, \quad i_2, j_2 \text{ are}$$

Non-negative positive integers

$$\begin{aligned} a(x, y) + b(x, y) &= \sum_{k_1=0}^n \sum_{i_1+j_1=k_1} a_{i_1 j_1} x^{i_1} y^{j_1} + \sum_{k_2=0}^m \sum_{i_2+j_2=k_2} b_{i_2 j_2} x^{i_2} y^{j_2} \\ \Rightarrow &= \sum_{k=0}^{\min(n, m)} \sum_{i+j=k} (a_{ij} + b_{ij}) x^i y^j + \sum_{k=0}^{\max(m, n)} \sum_{i+j=k} c_{ij} x^i y^j \end{aligned}$$

if  $m < n$  then  $c_{ij} = a_{ij}$  else  $c_{ij} = b_{ij}$

$$\begin{aligned} a(x, y)b(x, y) &= \left( \sum_{k_1=0}^n \sum_{i_1+j_1=k_1} a_{i_1 j_1} x^{i_1} y^{j_1} \right) \times \left( \sum_{k_2=0}^m \sum_{i_2+j_2=k_2} b_{i_2 j_2} x^{i_2} y^{j_2} \right) \\ &= \sum_{k=0}^{m+n} \sum_{i_1+j_1+i_2+j_2=k} (a_{i_1 j_1} b_{i_2 j_2}) x^{i_1+i_2} y^{j_1+j_2} \end{aligned}$$

$i_1, i_2, j_1, j_2$  are Non-negative

positive integers

---

Comment