

Contents

- Example 3.11: $x_1 = -x_2 - 2x_3 - 3x_5 + x_6$ and the following sentence talking about x_2 is incorrect.
- Exercise 4.2.12: should be:
 2. Show that if $D(n)$ is the set of diagonal matrices in $SP(n)$, then $D(n)$ is a normal subgroup of $SP(n)$.
 3. Show $SP(n)/D(n)$ is isomorphic to $P(n)$.
- Exercise 5.1.15: uses symbols O and $*$ not defined anywhere.
- Exercise 6.4.14: “Let W and X ...”
- Exercise 6.4.21: in the denominator, p^n should be p^m
- Exercise 6.4.23: part 2 is impossible. See ex6.4.23.py See <https://mathworld.wolfram.com/LightsOutPuzzle.html>
- Proposition 6.23: second sentence before the last should be: $v = w + y = w' + y'$
- Definition 6.19: $u = w/(w, w)^{1/2}$ is obviously wrong. I think it's $u = w/(v, u)$
- Exercise 6.6.7, part 3: r_1 is never defined.
- Proposition 6.43 has several errors
 - (i) should be $d(u, v) = 0$ iff $u = v$
 - (iii) The proof swaps v and w
- Exercise 6.8.3: (ii) the ISBN number incorrectly has 9 digits
- Exercise 7.1.1: (i) $: Y \rightarrow X$ (the $F(X)$ is wrong)
- Exercise 7.1.15: A^p means exponentiating the elements of A , not matrix multiplication p times:


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sage: K = GF(5)      sage: A = matrix([[K.random_element(), K.random_element()],
[K.random_element(), K.random_element()]])      sage: B = matrix([[K.random_element(),
K.random_element()], [K.random_element(), K.random_element()]])      sage: F = lambda A:
A^5      sage: F(A + B) == F(A) + F(B)      False
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- 7.3.3, “A reflection Pu ” should instead say “A projection Pu ” (sentence before final equation)
- 7.3.3, the final equation has an extra $)$ for $Pu((v \cdot u)u)$
- Definition 7.4: the equation for $Q^2 = (I_2 \dots$ The 2 is a typo.
- Exercise 7.3.9, part (iv): minor point but the 0 should be bold since it's
- Section 8.1: on the last page before the exercises, the determinant is given in terms of the trace. But the actual formula given is $6 \det(A)$
- Lemma 8.14: $\text{im}(Q) \quad \ker(P)$ should instead use
- Exercise 8.1.26: B and AB (or BA) do not have the same characteristic polynomial.
- Exercise 8.1.28: (iii) set $a = -1$, $b = -1$, $c = -2$, then $\det(A) = 4$ contradicting the claim that $\det(A) = 0$.
- Exercise 8.2.9: refers to a strange expression in Section 5.1 but it's not clear what it's referring to.
- Exercise 8.3.7: should say “first quadrant and another in SECOND quadrant”
- Exercise 8.3.20: taking T to be matrix multiplication, then the supplied claim that \quad is linear is easily demonstrated to be false with a counter example. Assuming it is the frobenius on matrix cells, then the question makes little sense since over \quad then \quad is simply the identity map.