

CS536 Science of Programming - Assignment 4

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Problem 1

Solution:

$p \equiv x > y \rightarrow \forall z. y \leq z < x \rightarrow \exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, z))$. Finish the syntactic substitutions.

- a)** $p[y + z/x] \equiv (x > y \rightarrow \forall z. y \leq z < x \rightarrow \exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, z)))[y + z/x]$
 $\equiv (y + z) > y \rightarrow (\forall z. y \leq z < x \rightarrow \exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, z)))[y + z/x]$
 $\equiv (y + z) > y \rightarrow \forall v. (y \leq z < x \rightarrow \exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, z)))[v/z][y + z/x]$
 $\equiv (y + z) > y \rightarrow \forall v. (y \leq v < x \rightarrow \exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, v)))[y + z/x]$
 $\equiv (y + z) > y \rightarrow \forall v. y \leq v < y + z \rightarrow \exists w. (w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, v)))[y + z/x]$
 $\equiv (y + z) > y \rightarrow \forall v. y \leq v < y + z \rightarrow \exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, v))$
- b)** $p[x + w/y] \equiv (x > y \rightarrow \forall z. y \leq z < x \rightarrow \exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, z)))[x + w/y]$
 $\equiv x > (x + w) \rightarrow \forall z. (y \leq z < x \rightarrow \exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, z)))[x + w/y]$
 $\equiv x > (x + w) \rightarrow \forall z. x + w \leq z < x \rightarrow (\exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, z)))[x + w/y]$
 $\equiv x > (x + w) \rightarrow \forall z. x + w \leq z < x \rightarrow (\exists v. (w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, z)))[v/w])[x + w/y]$
 $\equiv x > (x + w) \rightarrow \forall z. x + w \leq z < x \rightarrow \exists v. (v > 0 \wedge (v * y < 0 \rightarrow f(v, z)))[x + w/y]$
 $\equiv x > (x + w) \rightarrow \forall z. x + w \leq z < x \rightarrow \exists v. v > 0 \wedge (v * (x + w) < 0 \rightarrow f(v, z))$
- c)** $p[w + z/y] \equiv (x > y \rightarrow \forall z. y \leq z < x \rightarrow \exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, z)))[w + z/y]$
 $\equiv x > (w + z) \rightarrow (\forall z. y \leq z < x \rightarrow \exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, z)))[w + z/y]$
 $\equiv x > (w + z) \rightarrow (\forall v. (y \leq z < x \rightarrow \exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, z)))[v/z])[w + z/y]$
 $\equiv x > (w + z) \rightarrow \forall v. (y \leq v < x \rightarrow \exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, v)))[w + z/y]$
 $\equiv x > (w + z) \rightarrow \forall v. y + z \leq v < x \rightarrow (\exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, v)))[w + z/y]$
 $\equiv x > (w + z) \rightarrow \forall v. y + z \leq v < x \rightarrow (\exists u. (w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, v)))[u/w])[w + z/y]$
 $\equiv x > (w + z) \rightarrow \forall v. y + z \leq v < x \rightarrow \exists u. (u > 0 \wedge (u * y < 0 \rightarrow f(u, v)))[w + z/y]$
 $\equiv x > (w + z) \rightarrow \forall v. y + z \leq v < x \rightarrow \exists u. u > 0 \wedge (u * (w + z) < 0 \rightarrow f(u, v))$
- d)** $p[x + y/z] \equiv (x > y \rightarrow \forall z. y \leq z < x \rightarrow \exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, z)))[x + y/z]$
 $\equiv x > y \rightarrow (\forall z. y \leq z < x \rightarrow \exists w. w > 0 \wedge (w * y < 0 \rightarrow f(w, z)))[x + y/z]$

Problem 2

Solution:

a) True.

Problem 3

Solution:

a) True.

Problem 4

Calculate $sp(i \leq j \wedge j < n + 1, i := f(i + j); j := g(i - j))$.

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}
 sp(i \leq j \wedge j < n + 1, i := f(i + j); j := g(i - j)) \\
 &\equiv sp(sp(i \leq j \wedge j < n + 1, i := f(i + j)), j := g(i - j)) \\
 &\equiv sp(i_0 \leq j \wedge j < n + 1 \wedge i = (f(i + j))[i_0, i], j := g(i - j)) \\
 &\equiv sp(i_0 \leq j \wedge j < n + 1 \wedge i = f(i_0 + j), j := g(i - j)) \\
 &\equiv i_0 \leq j_0 \wedge j_0 < n + 1 \wedge i = f(i_0 + j) \wedge j = g(i - j_0)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 5

Calculate $sp(T, y := x; \text{ if } x < 0 \text{ then } y := -y \text{ fi})$.

Solution:

Let $p \equiv T, S \equiv y := x; \text{ if } x < 0 \text{ then } y := -y \text{ fi}$

- $lhs(S) = \{y\}$
- $rhs(S) = \{x, y\}$
- $free(p) = \emptyset$
- $aged(p, S) = \{y\}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 sp(T, y := x; \text{ if } x < 0 \text{ then } y := -y \text{ fi}) \\
 &\equiv sp(T \wedge y = y_0 \wedge x < 0, y := -y) \vee sp(T \wedge y = y_0 \wedge x \geq 0, skip) \\
 &\equiv (T \wedge y_0 = y_0 \wedge x < 0 \wedge y = -y_0) \vee (T \wedge y = y_0 \wedge x \geq 0) \\
 &\equiv (x < 0 \wedge y = -y_0) \vee (y = y_0 \wedge x \geq 0)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 6

Calculate $sp(x = y, \text{ if } x \geq 0 \rightarrow x := y + 1; z := x \square x \leq 0 \rightarrow y := x - 1; z := y \text{ fi})$.

Let $p \equiv x = y, S \equiv \text{ if } x \geq 0 \rightarrow x := y + 1; z := x \square x \leq 0 \rightarrow y := x - 1; z := y \text{ fi}$

- $lhs(S) = \{x, y, z\}$
- $rhs(S) = \{x, y\}$
- $rhs(p) \vee free(p, S) = \{x, y\}$
- $aged(p, S) = \{x, y\}$

$$sp(x = y, \text{ if } x \geq 0 \rightarrow x := y + 1; z := x \square x \leq 0 \rightarrow y := x - 1; z := y \text{ fi})$$

- $sp(x = y \wedge x = x_0 \wedge y = y_0 \wedge x \geq 0, x := y + 1; z := x)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\equiv sp(sp(x = y \wedge x = x_0 \wedge y = y_0 \wedge x \geq 0, x := y + 1), z := x) \\
 &\equiv sp(x_0 = y \wedge x_0 = x_0 \wedge y = y_0 \wedge x_0 \geq 0 \wedge x = y + 1, z := x) \\
 &\equiv x_0 = y \wedge x_0 = x_0 \wedge y = y_0 \wedge x_0 \geq 0 \wedge x = y + 1 \wedge z = x
 \end{aligned}$$
- $sp(x = y \wedge x = x_0 \wedge y = y_0 \wedge x \leq 0, y := x - 1; z := y)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\equiv sp(sp(x = y \wedge x = x_0 \wedge y = y_0 \wedge x \leq 0, y := x - 1), z := y) \\
 &\equiv sp(x = y_0 \wedge x = x_0 \wedge y_0 = y_0 \wedge x \leq 0 \wedge y = x - 1, z := y) \\
 &\equiv x = y_0 \wedge x = x_0 \wedge y_0 = y_0 \wedge x \leq 0 \wedge y = x - 1 \wedge z = y
 \end{aligned}$$

- $sp(x = y, \text{ if } x \geq 0 \rightarrow x := y + 1; z := x \square x \leq 0 \rightarrow y := x - 1; z := y \text{ fi})$
 $\equiv (x_0 = y \wedge x_0 = x_0 \wedge y = y_0 \wedge x_0 \geq 0 \wedge x = y + 1 \wedge z = x) \vee (x = y_0 \wedge x = x_0 \wedge y_0 =$
 $y_0 \wedge x \leq 0 \wedge y = x - 1 \wedge z = y)$