

```
#!/usr/bin/env node
```

shabang Syntax for nodejs

```
let fs = require("fs");  
let path = require("path");  
let helpobj = require("./Commands/help");  
let treeobj = require("./Commands/tree");  
let organizeobj = require("./Commands/organize");
```

require help.js to provide the function available for help

require tree.js to provide tree function

require organize.js to provide organize function , to arrange files and folder .

```
let inputArr = process.argv.slice(2);
```

input array using .slice() method.

```
// tree"directoryPath"  
//organize"directoryPath"  
//help
```

Switch cases for different cases.

```
let command = inputArr[0];  
switch (command) {  
  case "tree":  
    //calling function here  
    treeobj.treekey(inputArr[1]);  
    break;  
  case "organize":  
    //calling function here  
    organizeobj.organizekey(inputArr[1]);  
    break;  
  case "help":  
    helpobj.helpkey();  
    break;  
  default:  
    console.log("Please input right command");  
    break;  
}
```

This is the calling of treekey from treeobj to execute the function within the treekey .

This is the calling of organizekey from organizeobj to execute the function within the organizekey .

This is the calling of helpkey from helpobj to execute the function within the helpkey .



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Help function

```
function helpfn(dirPath) {  
  console.log("help command implemented for :", dirPath);  
}  
module.exports={  
  ...  
  helpkey : helpfn  
}
```

dirPath = it is directory path variable.

module.exports, it is a used to export the this module to main program file, where we want to call this function,

initializing a helpkey to invoke the help function when called throughkey.

Tree Function

require path: it is an inbuilt module, used for path manipulation of given file or folder

calling the function in current working directory.

Checking if the given directory path exist or not.

Checking if at the given dirPath is a file and if it is file, give the name of file at the base of path.
or at the last of path.

Reading inside the folder to check for further child files or folder.

calling of treehelper() function within the array to again check for files and folder and do the same thing again.
That is, if it is file, give the filename and if it is folder, give its name and check within the folder for its child files and folders

```
let fs=require("fs")
let path=require("path")
function treefn(dirPath) {
  // console.log("tree command implemented for :",dirPath);
  // let Folder_Name;
  // console.log("organize command implemented for :",dirPath);
  // 1.input-- directory path given
  // 2.create -- directory path given
  // 3.check all files--identify file types
  // 4.copy/cut -- files to organized directory in given categories
  if (dirPath == undefined) {
    treehelper(process.cwd(), "");
  } else {
    let doesFolderExists = fs.existsSync(dirPath);
    if (doesFolderExists) {
      treehelper(dirPath, "");
    } else {
      console.log("Please Enter the correct path");
      return;
    }
  }
}

function treehelper(dirPath, indent) {
  let isfile = fs.lstatSync(dirPath).isFile();
  if (isfile == true) {
    let filename = path.basename(dirPath);
    console.log(indent + "-----" + filename);
  } else {
    let dirName = path.basename(dirPath);
    console.log(indent + ">>>>>>" + dirName);
    let children = fs.readdirSync(dirPath);
    for (let i = 0; i < children.length; i++) {
      let children_path = path.join(dirPath, children[i]);
      treehelper(children_path, indent + "\t");
    }
  }
}

module.exports = {
  treekey:treefn
}
```

undefined: it is shown, when we do not give filepath or give incorrect filepath.

this is given for indentation/space.

if directory path exists, call helper() function.

If there is folder at the base of the path, give the folder name.

Array to check within the folder for its child files and folder and getting there individual path.

key and value pair within the module.
key is called from the main program and it invokes the function(value) within it.

Organize Function

it is a types object, with different attributes.

It will be used in the program to categorize the types of files present according to attributes given in the types object.

folder_name variable with the path and name of destination folder, known as Organized_folder.

calling of organizeHelper() function, with arguments passes are source address and destination folder.

```
let fs=require("fs")
let path=require("path")
let types = {
  media: ['mp4', 'mkv'],
  archives: ['zip', '7z', 'rar', 'tar', 'gz', 'ar', 'iso', 'xz'],
  app: ['exe', 'dmg', 'pkg', 'deb'],
  documents: ['docx', 'doc', 'pdf', 'xlsx', 'xls', 'odt', 'ods', 'odf', 'txt', 'js', 'tex'],
}
function organizeFn(dirPath) {

  let Folder_Name;
  // console.log("organize command implemented for :",dirPath);
  // 1.input-- directory path given
  // 2.create -- directory path given
  // 3.check all files--identify file types
  // 4.copy/cut -- files to organized directory in given categories
  if (dirPath == undefined) {
    Folder_Name = process.cwd();
  } else {
    let doesFolderExists = fs.existsSync(dirPath);
    if (doesFolderExists) {
      Folder_Name = path.join(dirPath, "Organized_folder");
      if (fs.existsSync(Folder_Name) == false) {
        fs.mkdirSync(Folder_Name);
      }
    } else {
      console.log("Please Enter the correct path");
      return;
    }
  }

  // making organizeHelper() function to help in organizing the files.
  organizeHelper(dirPath, Folder_Name)
}
```

making the folder/ directory with this method.

reading the content of the given directory at the base of the given path.

Getting the value of individual files or folder path with the array.
and the calling of getCategory function.

getting to know the filename by using the basename() method.

we are copying the content of the folder at the given child address and pasting it in the destination organized folder.

```
function organizeHelper(dirPath, Folder_Name) {
  let childNames = fs.readdirSync(dirPath);
  console.log(childNames);
  for (let i = 0; i < childNames.length; i++) {
    // making the address of files in the given path with array.
    let child_address = path.join(dirPath, childNames[i]);
    let isfile = fs.lstatSync(child_address).isFile();
    if (isfile) {
      let category = getCategory(childNames[i]);
      console.log(childNames[i], "belongs to ----", category);
      sendFiles(child_address, Folder_Name, category);
    }
  }
}

> function getCategory(name) { ...
}

function sendFiles(child_address, Folder_Name, category) {
  let categoryPath = path.join(Folder_Name, category);
  if (fs.existsSync(categoryPath) == false) {
    fs.mkdirSync(categoryPath);
  }
  let filename = path.basename(child_address);
  let dest_file_path = path.join(categoryPath, filename);
  fs.copyFileSync(child_address, dest_file_path);
  console.log(filename, "copied to --", category);
}

module.exports = {
  organizekey: organizefn
}
```

loop to read the content within the childNames, with content of the directory at the base of the dirPath.

calling sendFiles() function, with arguments as the address of childs of the source directory, destination folder and category.

getting to know the destination organized folder address with the folder categories.

initializing the key and value pair for the given module export.
when we call the given organizeKey, the function related with the key gets executed.

Functions Used.

