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# Tic Tac Toe with GUI
# 5/10/21
# The way that this works is that you need to set the button's
# text to 'X' or 'O' (buttonName.text = "X"). Since these buttons
# all have the same name though and are stored in the list, we use
# currBoard[pos].text = "X" instead.
import guizero as gui
from math import floor
from random import randint
from time import sleep
def num to grid(gridNum):
 Takes a grid number (1-9) and returns the number as
 a grid array (x, y)
 x = gridNum \% 3
 y = floor(gridNum / 3)
 return (x, y)
def valid location(currBoard, location):
  Takes in the current board and a potential location and checks if placing
  something in that square is a valid move or not. Ends by returning true
  if the move's valid and false otherwise.
  if (currBoard[location].text != " "): # Checks if the location is taken
     return False
  else:
     return True
def win checker(currBoard):
  Takes in the current board, finds whether or not someone can win
  and who wins, and returns a tuple with these two parts.
  # This var is all of the locations that need to be checked to look over the 8 possible ways to win
  #8 checks - 3 vertical, 3 horizontal, 2 crosses
  locationsToCheck = [[0, 3, 6], [1, 4, 7], [2, 5, 8], [0, 1, 2], [3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8], [0, 4, 8], [2, 4, 6]]
  # Checks if any win condition is true
  for i in range(8):
     pos1, pos2, pos3 = locationsToCheck[i]
     # If someone has 3 in a row, then True is returned
     if ((currBoard[pos1].text == currBoard[pos2].text) and (currBoard[pos2].text == currBoard[pos3].text) and (cur
rBoard[pos1].text != " ")):
       return (True, currBoard[pos1].text)
  # Final return statement which says that no one has won
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return (False, "none")
def tie checker(currBoard):
  Takes in the current board and checks if there's a tie. To check for a tie.
  the script searches for whether or not the board is filled. Returns true
  if the board is filled and false if not.
  # Finds how many squares are filled in
  filledInCount = 0
  for pos in currBoard:
     if (pos.text != " "):
       filledInCount += 1
  # Checks if all the squares are filled (if there's a tie)
  if (filledInCount == 9):
     return True
  else:
     return False
def flip symbol(symbol):
 Takes in the symbol of the current player and flips it
 global currSymbol
 if (symbol == "X"):
  currSymbol = "O"
 else:
  currSymbol = "X"
def is game over(numOfPlayers):
 Checks if the game is over and calls the final print function
 if it is.
 ******
 # Checks if someone has won or there is a tie
 if ((win checker(currBoard))[0] or tie checker(currBoard)):
  return (final printer(currBoard, numOfPlayers))
 else:
  return 0
def places to win(currBoard, checkingFor):
 Takes in the current board and the enemy's symbol and checks if
 the enemy can win next turn (has 2 in a row with an empty space
 after). All of the positions where the enemy could win next turn
 are then returned.
 ** ** **
 def win pos finder(posChecking):
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and checks if the enemy has 2/3 of them. If this is the case, the
  potential win position is returned. Otherwise, 10 is returned as
  a placeholder.
  if (currBoard[posChecking[0]].text == currBoard[posChecking[1]].text and currBoard[posChecking[0]].text == c
heckingFor and currBoard[posChecking[2]].text == " "):
   return posChecking[2] # Returns the 3rd element if that position is where the player could win
  elif (currBoard[posChecking[1]].text == currBoard[posChecking[2]].text and currBoard[posChecking[1]].text ==
checkingFor and currBoard[posChecking[0]].text == " "):
     return posChecking[0] # Returns the 1st element if that position is where the player could win
  elif (currBoard[posChecking[0]].text == currBoard[posChecking[2]].text and currBoard[posChecking[0]].text ==
checkingFor and currBoard[posChecking[1]].text == " "):
     return posChecking[1] # Returns the 2nd element if that position is where the player could win
  else:
     return 10 # Returns 10 if there is no position where the player could win (for this specific way to win)
 locationsToCheck = [[0, 3, 6], [1, 4, 7], [2, 5, 8], [0, 1, 2], [3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8], [0, 4, 8], [2, 4, 6]] # List of all of the w
ays to win
 posToBlockWin = []
 # Removes 10's (placeholders) from the list of positions to block
 for i in range(8):
  potentialLocation = win_pos_finder(locationsToCheck[i])
  if (potentialLocation != 10):
   posToBlockWin.append(potentialLocation)
 return posToBlockWin # A list of all of the places where the enemy could win next turn
def random location(currBoard):
 Chooses a random valid location for the bot to place its 'X' or 'O'
 this turn. This location is then returned.
 location = randint(0, 8) \# Picks a random move location
 while not(valid location(currBoard, location)): # Checks if the move is valid
  location = randint(0, 8) # Picks a new random move location
 return location # Returns a random move location
def game board colorer(pos):
 Takes in an integer (0-8) and changes the text color for the
 button in that location on the board.
 ** ** **
 if (currSymbol == "X"): # Colors X square's text green
  currBoard[pos].text color = "#3ffc0a"
 elif (currSymbol == "O"): # Colors O square's text magenta
  currBoard[pos].text color = "#f505e5"
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Takes in a list of 3 positions that would allow someone to win

def bot turn(opponentSymbol, friendlySymbol):

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Takes the current board, the enemy's symbol (like 'X'), and the
 friendly symbol (like 'O'). It then has the bot 'choose' a
 position and place its symbol there before printing the new
 board. It ends by returning the current board.
 if (win checker(currBoard)[0] or tie checker(currBoard)):
  return # Doesn't let the bot take a turn if the game is over
 # Finds a location where the player needs to win next turn
 squaresToProtect = places to win(currBoard, opponentSymbol)
 # Finds where to place the bot's 'O' for this turn
 if (len(squaresToProtect) >= 1): # Checks if there's a way the enemy can win
  if (randint(0, 2) == 0): # Has a 2/3 chance to protect where the enemy can win
   toPlace = random location(currBoard) # Picks a random location to place the 'O'
  else: # Chooses the protecting option
   toPlace = squaresToProtect[0]
 else: # Since there's nowhere to proteect, the bot chooses a random spot
  toPlace = random location(currBoard)
 # Adds the move to the board and prints the new board
 currBoard[toPlace].text = friendlySymbol
 # Gets the board ready for the next turn
 game board colorer(toPlace)
 flip symbol(currSymbol)
def reset symbol():
 This functions resets the global variable currSymbol to 'X'.
 global currSymbol
 currSymbol = "X" # Sets currSymbol to 'X'
def who is first(whoIsFirst):
 After the player turn number selector is pressed, this function
 will create the new board or button functions for that situation.
 orderSelector.visible = False # Makes the order selector invisble
 global botNeedsTurn
 if (whoIsFirst == 1):
  # Tells the game that the player goes first
  creatorInfo = ("X", "player first")
  botNeedsTurn = False
 else:
  # Tells the game that the bot goes first
  creatorInfo = ("O", "bot first")
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botNeedsTurn = True
 # Makes the instructional message from before invisible
 newInstructionalMessage.visible = False
 game creator(creatorInfo[0], creatorInfo[1]) # Creates the game
def num players selector(x):
 Takes in the number of players and helps sets up the
 next phase. If there's one player, the player will be
 able to select whether they go first or not. Otherwise,
 it sets up the game board.
 # Makes the selector for number of players and instructional message invisible
 numOfPlayersBoard.visible = False
 instructionMessage.visible = False
 if (x == 1): # 1 player
  # Instructional text
  global newInstructionalMessage
  newInstructionalMessage = gui.Text(app, color = "white", text= "\nClick '1' to go first or '2' to go second")
  # Board for the player to pick if they go first or not
  global orderSelector
  orderSelector = gui.Box(app, layout="grid")
  for x in range(1, 3):
   button = gui.PushButton(orderSelector, command=who is first, args=[x], text=str(x), grid=[x, 0], width=5, heig
ht=3)
   button.text color = "green"
 elif (x == 2): # 2 players board creator
  game creator("X", "two players")
 else: # 0 players (2 bots) board creator
  game creator("X", "two bots")
def main(createApp):
 The starting and primary function of the program.
 It sets up the app, allows the user to enter the
 number of players, and displays the app.
 if (createApp): # Checks that the app needs to be created
  # App creation
  global app
  app = gui.App(title="Tic Tace Toe")
  app.bg = "black"
 # Instructional text
 global instructionMessage
 instructionMessage = gui.Text(app, color = "white", text="\nSelect the number of players")
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# Board Creation
 global numOfPlayersBoard
 numOfPlayersBoard = gui.Box(app, layout="grid")
 # Button creation
 for x in range(3):
  button = gui.PushButton(numOfPlayersBoard, command=num_players_selector, args=[x], text=str(x), grid=[x, 0]
, width=5, height=3)
  button.text color = "green"
 # Displaying the app
 app.display()
def board resetter():
 Resets the board by clearing the buttons, resetting
 the symbol, and making the reset button and win
 message invisible.
 for i in range(9): # Clears the buttons' text
  currBoard[i].text = " "
 reset symbol() # Resets the symbol
 appResetter.visible = False # Makes the reset button invisible
 winMessage.visible = False # Makes the win message invisible
def two bots button(pos, currBoard):
 This function is activated when a button in a
 two bot game is pressed. If the game isn't over,
 the bots will go through their turns until the
 game is over. Otherwise, the game will be reset.
 # Checks that the game isn't over
 if (not(win checker(currBoard)[0]) and not(tie checker(currBoard))):
  while True: # Has a bot go through a turn
   if (currSymbol == "X"): # Bot 1's turn
     bot turn("X", "O")
   else: # Bot 2's turn
     bot turn("O", "X")
   # Stops the game if someone has won or there's a tie
   isGameOver = is game over(0)
   if (isGameOver != 0):
     break
   sleep(0.5)
 else: # If the game is over
  # Resets the game
  board resetter()
  userPrompt.value = "Click any of the squares to have\nthe bots play against each other. \nOnce clicked, wait a littl
e for the \nbot's game to finish"
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def one player button(pos, currBoard, botIsFirst):
 This function is activated when a button in a
 one player game is pressed. If the game isn't
 over (and the move is valid), their symbol will
 be placed. Otherwise, the game will be reset.
 # Checks that the game isn't over
 if (not(win checker(currBoard)[0]) and not(tie checker(currBoard))):
  if (valid location(currBoard, pos)): #Checks if move is valid
   currBoard[pos].text = currSymbol
   errorMessage.value = ""
  else: # Prompts user to pick a valid square
   errorMessage.value = "Error, please click on a square that isn't taken already"
  # Setting text color
  game board colorer(pos)
  # Stops the game if someone has won or there's a tie
  isGameOver = is game over(1)
  if (isGameOver != 0):
   return
  # Lets the bot go through a turn
  flip symbol(currSymbol)
  if (currSymbol == "O"):
   bot turn("X", "O")
   isGameOver = is game over(1) # Stops game if it's over
   if (isGameOver != 0):
     return
 else: # If the game is over
  # Resets the game
  board resetter()
  # Give the bot a starting turn if they're first
  if (botIsFirst):
   sleep(0.5)
   bot turn("X", "O")
   # Colors in the symbol for the bot's turn
   for i in range(9):
     game board colorer(i)
    flip symbol(currSymbol)
  userPrompt.value = "Click on an open square to place an 'X' there"
def two players button(pos, currBoard):
 This function is activated when a button in a
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two player game is pressed. If the game isn't
 over (and the move is valid), their symbol will
 be placed. Otherwise, the game will be reset.
 # Checks that the game isn't over
 if (not(win checker(currBoard)[0]) and not(tie checker(currBoard))):
  if (valid location(currBoard, pos)): #Checks if move is valid
   currBoard[pos].text = currSymbol
   errorMessage.value = ""
  else: # Prompts user to pick a valid square
   errorMessage.value = "Error, please click on a square that isn't taken already"
   return
  # Setting text color
  game board colorer(pos)
  # Stops the game if someone has won or there's a tie
  isGameOver = is game over(2)
  if (isGameOver != 0):
   return
  # Sets up for the next turn
  flip symbol(currSymbol)
  userPrompt.value = "Click on an open square to place an "" + currSymbol + "" there"
 else: # If the game is over
  # Resets the gameBoard
  board resetter()
  userPrompt.value = "Click on an open square to place an 'X' there"
def button press(pos, currBoard, buttonPressFunc):
 When one of the main board buttons is pressed,
 this function will 'send' the press over to the
 current function based on the game mode.
 if (buttonPressFunc == "two bots"): # 0 players (2 bots)
  two_bots_button(pos, currBoard) # Calls the 2 bot button
 elif (buttonPressFunc == "player first"): # 1 player (player first)
  one player button(pos, currBoard, False) # Calls the one player button
 elif (buttonPressFunc == "bot first"): # 1 player (bot first)
  one player button(pos, currBoard, True) # Calls the one player button
 else: # 2 players
  two players button(pos, currBoard) # Calls the two player button
def game creator(startSymbol, buttonPressFunc):
 This function will create the board and set up the screen
 for the actual game.
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# Creates the button storage and current symbol

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global currBoard, currSymbol
 currBoard = ["","","","","","","","","","",""]
 currSymbol = startSymbol
 # Board Creation
 global gameBoard
 gameBoard = gui.Box(app, layout="grid")
 # Button creation
 for pos in range(9):
  buttonText = currBoard[pos]
  x, y = num to grid(pos)
  button = gui.PushButton(gameBoard, command=button_press, args=[pos, currBoard, buttonPressFunc], text=butt
onText, grid=[x, y], width=3)
  currBoard[pos] = button
 # Instructional text
 global userPrompt, errorMessage
 userPrompt = gui.Text(app, color="white", text="Click on an open square to place your symbol there")
 errorMessage = gui.Text(app, color = "red", text="")
 if (buttonPressFunc == "bot first"): # 1 player (bot first)
  bot turn("X", "O") # Lets the bot have the first turn
  # Prompts the user to click a square
  userPrompt.value = "Click on an open square to place an 'X' there"
 elif (buttonPressFunc == "two bots"): # 0 players (two bots)
  # Prompts the user to click a square to start the bot game
  userPrompt.value = "Click any of the squares to have\nthe bots play against each other. \nOnce clicked, wait a littl
e for the \nbot's game to finish"
 elif (buttonPressFunc == "player first"): # 1 player (player first)
  # Prompts the suer to click a square
  userPrompt.value = "Click on an open square to place an 'X' there"
def reset app():
 This function will reset the app by making
 the board, user prompt, error message, reset
 button, and win message from the previous game
 after the reset button is pressed. It will then
 call main to let the user pick a new game mode.
 # Makes various elements invisble
 gameBoard.visible = False
 userPrompt.visible = False
 errorMessage.visible = False
 appResetter.visible = False
 winMessage.visible = False
 main(False) # Lets the user pick a new game mode
def final printer(currBoard, numOfPlayers):
 Adds a message to the app based on if someone
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global winMessage
 winMessage = gui.Text(app, text="", color="yellow")
 userPrompt.value = "Click any of the squares to restart\nthe game with the current settings"
 global appResetter
 appResetter = gui.PushButton(app, command=reset app, text="Reset", width=5)
 appResetter.text color = "red"
 # Checks if someone has won and if so who won
 anyoneWon, winner = win checker(currBoard)
 if (anyoneWon):
  # Returns the win message
  if (winner == "X"): # Player / Player 1 / Bot 1 win return
   if (numOfPlayers == 1): # Player win vs Bot
     winMessage.value = ("You have triumphed over the bot!\nCongratulations on the victory!\n")
   elif (numOfPlayers == 2): # Player 1 win vs Player 2
     winMessage.value = ("Congratulations player 1 on your\nvictory against your opponent!\n")
   else: # Bot 1 win
     winMessage.value = ("Bot number 1 has won the epic\nbattle against the other bot!\n")
  elif (winner == "O"): # Bot / Player 2 / Bot 2 win return
   if (numOfPlayers == 1): # Bot win vs Player
    winMessage.value = ("The bot has bested you! Better\nluck next time.\n")
   elif (numOfPlayers == 2): # Player 2 win vs Player 1
     winMessage.value = ("Congratulations player 2 on your\nvictory against your opponent!\n")
   else: # Bot 2 win
     winMessage.value = ("Bot number 2 rules the day after\ndefeating bot 1!\n")
 else: # Retuns a draw message
  if (numOfPlayers == 1): # Draw in Player vs Bot
   winMessage.value = ("You have tied with the bot. Kind\nof anticlimactic. Hopefully you'll\nwin next time.\n")
  elif (numOfPlayers == 2): # Draw in Player vs Player
   winMessage.value = ("You have tied with each other. Kind\nof anticlimactic. Hopefully someone\nwill win next
time.\n")
  else: # Draw in Bot vs Bot
   winMessage.value = ("The bots have tied with each other.\nKind of anticlimactic. Hopefully one will\nwin next
time.\n")
main(True)
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won, the winner, and the number of players.