

Problem Definition

During my undergraduate years I took **METE230-Material Science**, as my restricted elective. In that course professor explained us the aim of the course, as picking a right element for your material which means picking a right element for the condition in which your material will be used. So I decided to solve, for which conditions usage of Iron(Fe) is appropriate. I created a data set which consist of 75 training data and 25 test data. Attributes and values are as provided below:

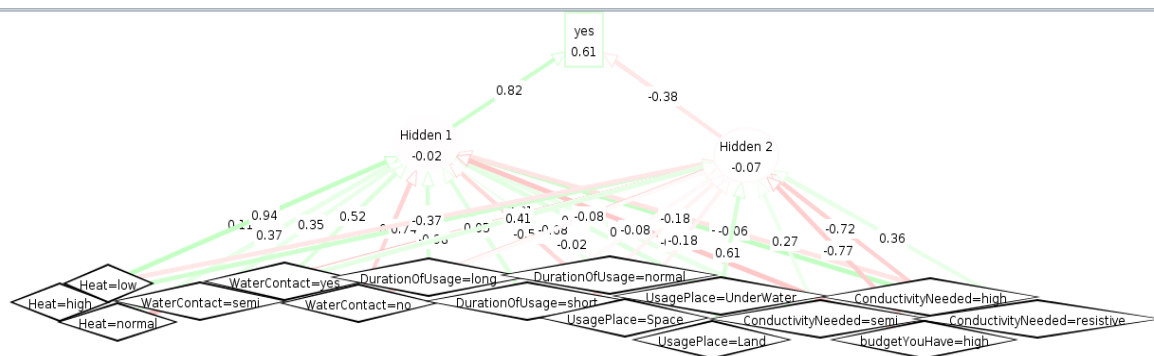
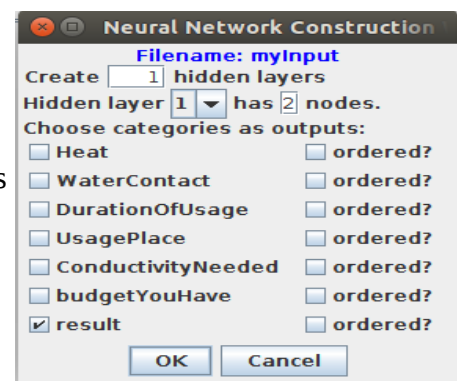
Heat=[low, normal, high]
WaterContact=[yes, no]
DurationOfUsage=[short, normal, long]
UsagePlace=[UnderWater, Land, Space]
ConductivityNeeded=[resistive, semi, high]
budgetYouHave=[high, low]
result=[yes, no] //label

I think attributes are self-explanatory by looking at these attributes I decide whether usage of Fe is appropriate for this material or not. I gave the data set to my friend to label it. He is a 4th year student at **Department of Metallurgical and Materials Engineering**.

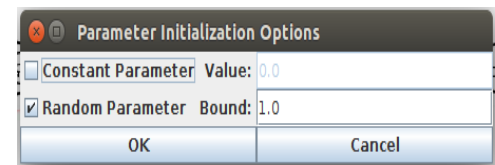
I used AISpace Neural applet to solve the problem. The result that I got and how I used this applet is provided below.

How I used AISpace Neural Tool.

After uploading the data(“myinput”) that I provided. This tab will appear as you can see I used 1 hidden layer with 2 nodes. After you click Ok, it will automatically generate for you a network as I provided below. The weights of edges are randomly initialized, you can change it by clicking on **Neural Options** and selecting **Parameter Initialization Options**. I left it as randomly initialized.



As you can see here I left it as randomly initialized, I also tried **Constant Parameter Value** option in order to get same result when I started everything from scratch but it didn't give satisfactory result. So I left it randomly initialized.



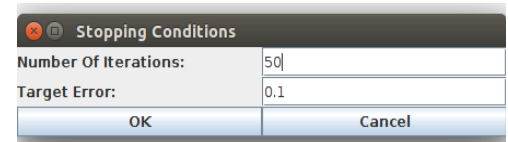
Parameter Initialization Options

☐ Constant Parameter Value: 0.0

☒ Random Parameter Bound: 1.0

OK Cancel

I did not change **Stopping Condition**. I left it as default.



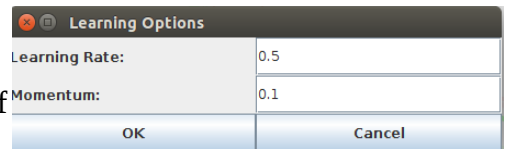
Stopping Conditions

Number Of Iterations: 50

Target Error: 0.1

OK Cancel

But I changed **Learning Options**, I changed **Learning Rate** from **0.2 to 0.5** of course it gave me sometimes fluctuating results but usually results were more satisfactory than results of 0.2 . Also I made **Momentum 0.1** in order not to stuck in local minima.



Learning Options

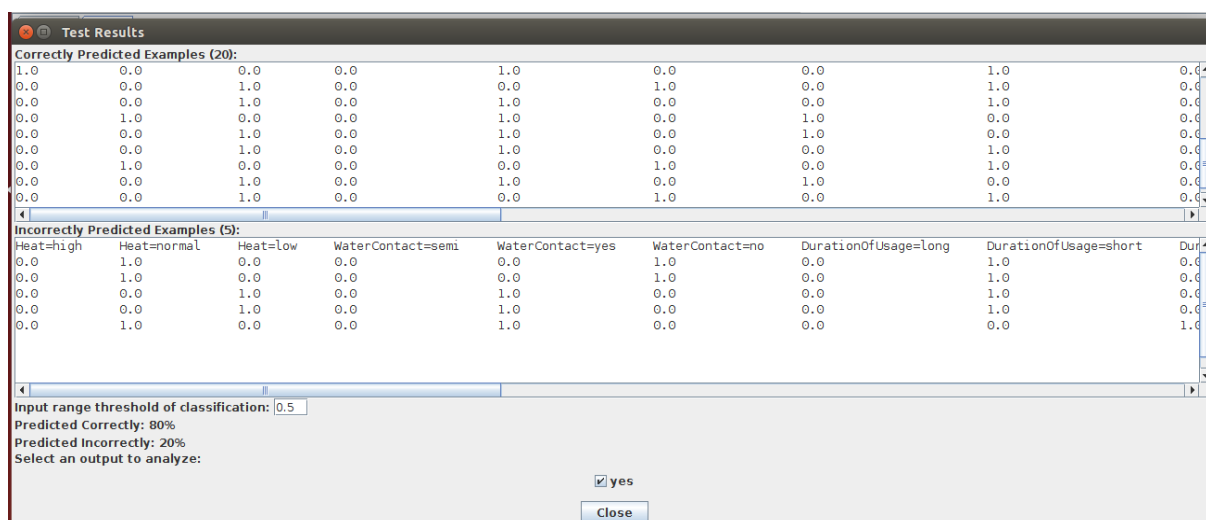
Learning Rate: 0.5

Momentum: 0.1

OK Cancel

During the learning process I observed the error plot of training data and test data. I noticed that at some point training error and test error are stabilized. After continuing a little bit I saw a little increase in test data's error and a little decrease in training data's error. I concluded it as the network started to over-fit the training data so I stopped the process and saved solution in **part3Solution.xml**.

I checked how my network performed on the test data and got the result as provided below

Test Results

Correctly Predicted Examples (20):

1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0

Incorrectly Predicted Examples (5):

Heat=high	Heat=normal	Heat=low	WaterContact=semi	WaterContact=yes	WaterContact=no	DurationOfUsage=long	DurationOfUsage=short	DurationOfUsage=medium
0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0

Input range threshold of classification: 0.5

Predicted Correctly: 80%

Predicted Incorrectly: 20%

Select an output to analyze:

☒ yes

Close

After saving the solution I wanted to be sure in my conclusion and continued to run the learning process and I got the plot as provided . As you can see my test data error continued to increase while training data error continued to decrease. Which clearly shows that learning process started to over-fit the training data.

