

CS 189: HW5 Report

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1 Features Implemented

- Decision Trees
 - Impurity Function: Entropy
 - Impurity Function: Gini
 - Impurity Function: Misclassification
 - Stopping Criteria: Number of Points
 - Stopping Criteria: Impurity Reduction
- Random Forest
 - Random selection of features
 - Random selection from K best split points
- Boosted Trees (AdaBoost)

2 Results

2.1 Decision Trees

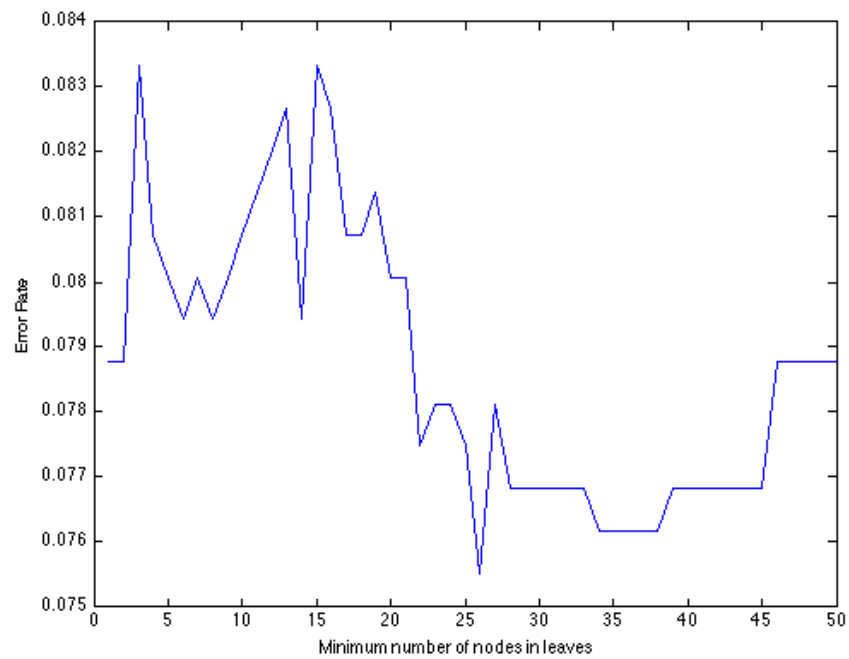
We implemented Decision Trees with 2 different stopping criteria: Stopping based on the number of points, and stopping based on the reduction of impurity. We also implemented three different impurity functions; Entropy, Gini Impurity, and Misclassification.

2.1.1 Stopping Criteria

Entropy, fully grown: 0.0788

Entropy, with leaves of at least 26 nodes: 0.0755

Entropy, error vs n nodes:

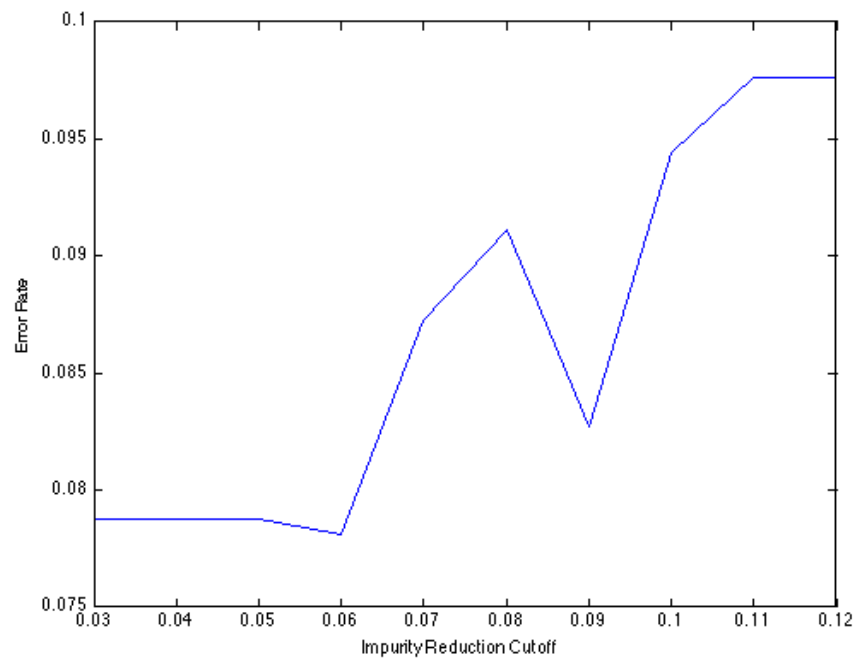


Entropy, fully grown: 0.0788

Entropy, with an impurity reduction cutoff of 0.6: 0.0781

Entropy, error vs

n nodes:

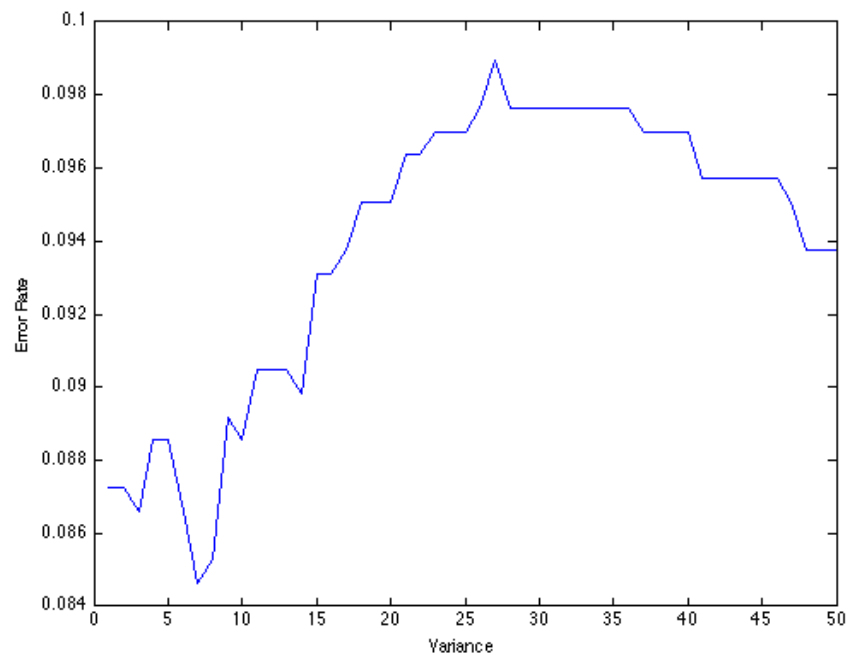


2.1.2 Impurity Functions

Variance, fully grown: 0.0872

Variance, with leaves of at least 7 nodes: 0.0846

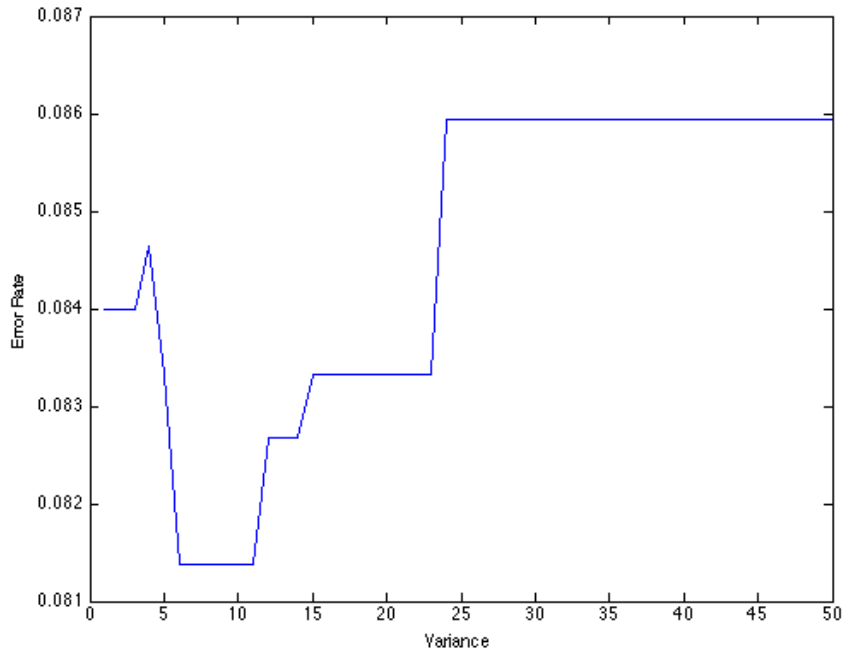
Variance, error vs n nodes:



Misclassification, fully grown: 0.0840

Misclassification, with leaves of at least 6-11 nodes: 0.0814

Misclassification, error vs n nodes:



2.2 Random Forests

2.2.1 Random feature selection

Achieved an error rate of 0.0456 with a forest of 150 nodes selecting splits from 5 random features.

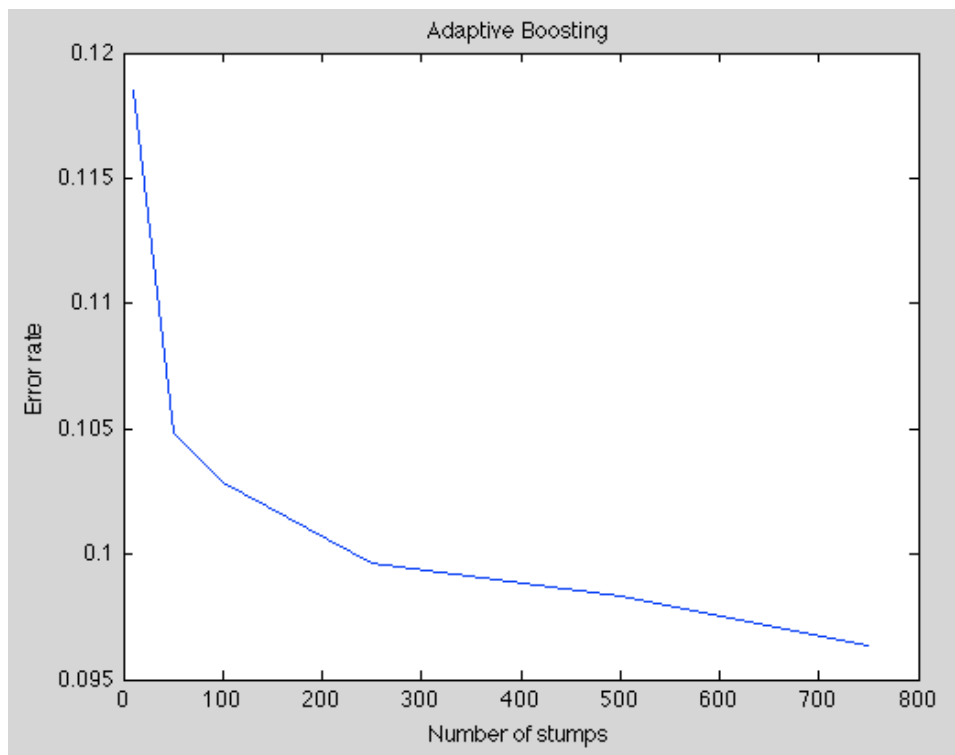
2.2.2 Random selection from top-k split points

Achieved an error rate of 0.0612 with a forest of 200 trees, selecting from the top 200 nodes.

2.3 Boosted Trees

We implemented the AdaBoost algorithm by boosting weak decision trees of depth 2. We found this worked better than stumps, as too many of the stumps were identical.

With 750 trees, we achieved an error rate of 0.0964.



3 Summary

We achieved the best result using Random Forests with random feature selection. The best error rate we achieved was 4.6%.

4 References

- Included Materials
- http://www.stat.berkeley.edu/~breiman/RandomForests/cc_home.htm
- http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Random_forest