

Scan Report

May 13, 2019

Summary

This document reports on the results of an automatic security scan. All dates are displayed using the timezone “Coordinated Universal Time”, which is abbreviated “UTC”. The task was “Immediate scan of IP 192.168.0.0/24”. The scan started at Mon May 13 16:01:20 2019 UTC and ended at . The report first summarises the results found. Then, for each host, the report describes every issue found. Please consider the advice given in each description, in order to rectify the issue.

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1 Result Overview

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive
192.168.0.177	0	3	0	0	0
192.168.0.224	0	1	0	0	0
192.168.0.115	0	1	0	0	0
192.168.0.1 _gateway	0	0	1	0	0
192.168.0.103	0	0	1	0	0
Total: 5	0	5	2	0	0

Vendor security updates are not trusted.

Overrides are on. When a result has an override, this report uses the threat of the override.

Information on overrides is included in the report.

Notes are included in the report.

This report might not show details of all issues that were found.

It only lists hosts that produced issues.

Issues with the threat level “Log” are not shown.

Issues with the threat level “Debug” are not shown.

Issues with the threat level “False Positive” are not shown.

Only results with a minimum QoD of 70 are shown.

This report contains all 7 results selected by the filtering described above. Before filtering there were 100 results.

2 Results per Host

2.1 192.168.0.177

Host scan start Mon May 13 16:01:56 2019 UTC

Host scan end

Service (Port)	Threat Level
80/tcp	Medium
21/tcp	Medium
4000/tcp	Medium

2.1.1 Medium 80/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: Apache /server-status accessible

Summary

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Requesting the URI /server-status provides information on the server activity and performance.
Vulnerability Detection Result Vulnerable url: <code>http://bavo-GL62M-7RD/server-status</code>
Impact Requesting the URI /server-status gives throughout information about the currently running Apache to an attacker.
Solution Solution type: Mitigation - If this feature is unused commenting out the appropriate section in the web servers configuration is recommended. - If this feature is used restricting access to trusted clients is recommended.
Affected Software/OS All Apache installations with an enabled 'mod_status' module.
Vulnerability Insight server-status is a Apache HTTP Server handler provided by the 'mod_status' module and used to retrieve the server's activity and performance.
Vulnerability Detection Method Checks if the /server-status page of Apache is accessible. Details: Apache /server-status accessible OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10677 Version used: 2019-04-26T12:19:11+0000
References Other: URL: https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_status.html

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2.1.2 Medium 21/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 4.8) NVT: FTP Unencrypted Cleartext Login
Summary The remote host is running a FTP service that allows cleartext logins over unencrypted connections.
Vulnerability Detection Result The remote FTP service accepts logins without a previous sent 'AUTH TLS' command ↪. Response(s): ... continues on next page ...

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Anonymous sessions: 331 Please specify the password. Non-anonymous sessions: 331 Please specify the password.
Impact An attacker can uncover login names and passwords by sniffing traffic to the FTP service.
Solution Solution type: Mitigation Enable FTPS or enforce the connection via the 'AUTH TLS' command. Please see the manual of the FTP service for more information.
Vulnerability Detection Method Tries to login to a non FTPS enabled FTP service without sending a 'AUTH TLS' command first and checks if the service is accepting the login without enforcing the use of the 'AUTH TLS' command. Details: FTP Unencrypted Cleartext Login OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108528 Version used: \$Revision: 13611 \$

[\[return to 192.168.0.177 \]](#)

2.1.3 Medium 4000/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 5.0) NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Vulnerable Cipher Suites for HTTPS
Summary This routine reports all SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service where attack vectors exists only on HTTPS services.
Vulnerability Detection Result 'Vulnerable' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol: TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA (SWEET32) 'Vulnerable' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.1 protocol: TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA (SWEET32) 'Vulnerable' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.2 protocol: TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA (SWEET32)
Solution Solution type: Mitigation The configuration of this services should be changed so that it does not accept the listed cipher suites anymore. Please see the references for more resources supporting you with this task.
Affected Software/OS Services accepting vulnerable SSL/TLS cipher suites via HTTPS.
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Vulnerability Insight

These rules are applied for the evaluation of the vulnerable cipher suites:
 - 64-bit block cipher 3DES vulnerable to the SWEET32 attack (CVE-2016-2183).

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Vulnerable Cipher Suites for HTTPS
 OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108031
 Version used: \$Revision: 5232 \$

References

CVE: CVE-2016-2183, CVE-2016-6329

Other:

URL: <https://bettercrypto.org/>

URL: <https://mozilla.github.io/server-side-tls/ssl-config-generator/>

URL: <https://sweet32.info/>

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2.2 192.168.0.224

Host scan start Mon May 13 16:02:09 2019 UTC

Host scan end Mon May 13 16:05:28 2019 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
135/tcp	Medium

2.2.1 Medium 135/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration Reporting

Summary

Distributed Computing Environment / Remote Procedure Calls (DCE/RPC) or MSRPC services running on the remote host can be enumerated by connecting on port 135 and doing the appropriate queries.

Vulnerability Detection Result

Here is the list of DCE/RPC or MSRPC services running on this host via the TCP protocol:

Port: 49664/tcp

UUID: d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84da1ddb0d, version 1

Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.0.224[49664]

Port: 49665/tcp

UUID: f6beaff7-1e19-4fbb-9f8f-b89e2018337c, version 1

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Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.0.224[49665]	
Annotation: Event log TCPIP	
Port: 49666/tcp	
UUID: 3a9ef155-691d-4449-8d05-09ad57031823, version 1	
Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.0.224[49666]	
UUID: 86d35949-83c9-4044-b424-db363231fd0c, version 1	
Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.0.224[49666]	
Port: 49667/tcp	
UUID: 29770a8f-829b-4158-90a2-78cd488501f7, version 1	
Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.0.224[49667]	
Port: 49668/tcp	
UUID: 0b6edbfa-4a24-4fc6-8a23-942b1eca65d1, version 1	
Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.0.224[49668]	
UUID: 12345678-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ab, version 1	
Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.0.224[49668]	
Named pipe : spoolss	
Win32 service or process : spoolsv.exe	
Description : Spooler service	
UUID: 4a452661-8290-4b36-8fbe-7f4093a94978, version 1	
Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.0.224[49668]	
UUID: 76f03f96-cdfd-44fc-a22c-64950a001209, version 1	
Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.0.224[49668]	
UUID: ae33069b-a2a8-46ee-a235-ddfd339be281, version 1	
Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.0.224[49668]	
Port: 49671/tcp	
UUID: 367abb81-9844-35f1-ad32-98f038001003, version 2	
Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.0.224[49671]	
Port: 49672/tcp	
UUID: 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1	
Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.0.224[49672]	
Named pipe : lsass	
Win32 service or process : lsass.exe	
Description : SAM access	
UUID: 51a227ae-825b-41f2-b4a9-1ac9557a1018, version 1	
Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.0.224[49672]	
Annotation: Ngc Pop Key Service	
UUID: 8fb74744-b2ff-4c00-be0d-9ef9a191fe1b, version 1	
Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.0.224[49672]	
Annotation: Ngc Pop Key Service	
UUID: b25a52bf-e5dd-4f4a-aea6-8ca7272a0e86, version 2	
Endpoint: ncacn_ip_tcp:192.168.0.224[49672]	
Annotation: KeyIso	
Note: DCE/RPC or MSRPC services running on this host locally were identified. Reporting this list is not enabled by default due to the possible large size of this list. See the script preferences to enable this reporting.	
Impact	
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An attacker may use this fact to gain more knowledge about the remote host.
Solution Solution type: Mitigation Filter incoming traffic to this ports.
Vulnerability Detection Method Details: DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration Reporting OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10736 Version used: \$Revision: 6319 \$

[\[return to 192.168.0.224 \]](#)

2.3 192.168.0.115

Host scan start Mon May 13 16:01:41 2019 UTC

Host scan end Mon May 13 16:06:48 2019 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
80/tcp	Medium

2.3.1 Medium 80/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 4.8) NVT: Cleartext Transmission of Sensitive Information via HTTP
Summary The host / application transmits sensitive information (username, passwords) in cleartext via HTTP.
Vulnerability Detection Result The following URLs requires Basic Authentication (URL:realm name): http://192.168.0.115/:"USER LOGIN"
Impact An attacker could use this situation to compromise or eavesdrop on the HTTP communication between the client and the server using a man-in-the-middle attack to get access to sensitive data like usernames or passwords.
Solution Solution type: Workaround Enforce the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection. Additionally make sure the host / application is redirecting all users to the secured SSL/TLS connection before allowing to input sensitive data into the mentioned functions.
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Affected Software/OS

Hosts / applications which doesn't enforce the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Evaluate previous collected information and check if the host / application is not enforcing the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection.

The script is currently checking the following:

- HTTP Basic Authentication (Basic Auth)
- HTTP Forms (e.g. Login) with input field of type 'password'

Details: **Cleartext Transmission of Sensitive Information via HTTP**

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108440

Version used: \$Revision: 10726 \$

References

Other:

URL:https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2013-A2-Broken_Authentication_and_Session_Management

URL:https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2013-A6-Sensitive_Data_Exposure

URL:<https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/319.html>

[\[return to 192.168.0.115 \]](#)

2.4 192.168.0.1

Host scan start Mon May 13 16:01:24 2019 UTC

Host scan end Mon May 13 16:08:11 2019 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
general/tcp	Low

2.4.1 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)

NVT: TCP timestamps

Summary

The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was detected that the host implements RFC1323.

The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between:

Packet 1: 1001843753

Packet 2: 1001843862

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Impact	A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.
Solution	<p>Solution type: Mitigation</p> <p>To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl -p' to apply the settings at runtime.</p> <p>To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment.</p> <p>See the references for more information.</p>
Affected Software/OS	TCP/IPv4 implementations that implement RFC1323.
Vulnerability Insight	The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323.
Vulnerability Detection Method	<p>Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported.</p> <p>Details: TCP timestamps</p> <p>OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091</p> <p>Version used: \$Revision: 14310 \$</p>
References	<p>Other:</p> <p>URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt</p> <p>URL:http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=9152</p>

[[return to 192.168.0.1](#)]

2.5 192.168.0.103

Host scan start Mon May 13 16:01:39 2019 UTC

Host scan end Mon May 13 16:06:58 2019 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
general/tcp	Low

2.5.1 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6) NVT: TCP timestamps
Summary The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.
Vulnerability Detection Result It was detected that the host implements RFC1323. The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between: Packet 1: 376342538 Packet 2: 376343646
Impact A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.
Solution Solution type: Mitigation To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl -p' to apply the settings at runtime. To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment. See the references for more information.
Affected Software/OS TCP/IPv4 implementations that implement RFC1323.
Vulnerability Insight The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323.
Vulnerability Detection Method Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported. Details: TCP timestamps OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091 Version used: \$Revision: 14310 \$
References Other: URL: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt URL: http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=9152

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