# Scan Report

# May 13, 2019

# Summary

This document reports on the results of an automatic security scan. All dates are displayed using the timezone "Coordinated Universal Time", which is abbreviated "UTC". The task was "Immediate scan of IP 192.168.0.0/24". The scan started at Mon May 13 15:38:46 2019 UTC and ended at . The report first summarises the results found. Then, for each host, the report describes every issue found. Please consider the advice given in each description, in order to rectify the issue.

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2.20	192.168.0.20			 		 		 						 			 	
2.21	192.168.0.21			 		 								 			 	
2.22	192.168.0.22			 		 		 						 			 	
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2.24	192.168.0.24			 		 		 						 			 	
2.25	192.168.0.25			 		 		 						 			 	
2.26	192.168.0.26			 		 								 			 	
2.27	192.168.0.27			 		 								 			 	
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2.30	192.168.0.30			 		 								 			 	
2.31	192.168.0.31			 		 								 			 	
2.32	192.168.0.32			 		 		 						 			 	
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2.39	192.168.0.39			 		 		 						 			 	
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2.152192.168.0.152	6
2.153192.168.0.153	7
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2.155192.168.0.155	7
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2.157192.168.0.157	7
2.158192.168.0.158	7
2.159192.168.0.159	8
2.160192.168.0.160	8
2.161192.168.0.161	8
2.162192.168.0.162	8
2.163192.168.0.163	8
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2.165192.168.0.165	9
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2.169192.168.0.169	9
2.170192.168.0.170	-
2.171192.168.0.171	0
2.172192.168.0.172	
2.173192.168.0.173	0
2.174192.168.0.174	0
2.175192.168.0.175	_
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2.181192.168.0.181	 	105
2.182192.168.0.182	 	106
2.183192.168.0.183	 	106
2.184192.168.0.184	 	106
2.185192.168.0.185	 	106
2.186192.168.0.186	 	106
2.187192.168.0.187	 	106
2.188192.168.0.188	 	107
2.189192.168.0.189	 	107
2.190192.168.0.190	 	107
2.191192.168.0.191	 	107
2.192192.168.0.192	 	107
2.193192.168.0.193	 	107
2.194192.168.0.194	 	108
2.195192.168.0.195	 	108
2.196192.168.0.196	 	108
2.197192.168.0.197	 	108
2.198192.168.0.198	 	108
2.199192.168.0.199	 	108
2.200192.168.0.200		109
2.201192.168.0.201		109
2.202192.168.0.202	 	109
2.203192.168.0.203	 	109
2.204192.168.0.204	 	109
2.205192.168.0.205	 	109
2.206192.168.0.206	 	110
2.207192.168.0.207	 	110
2.208192.168.0.208	 	110
2.209192.168.0.209	 	110
2.210192.168.0.210	 	110
2.211192.168.0.211	 	110
2.212192.168.0.212	 	111
2.213192.168.0.213	 	111
2.214192.168.0.214	 	111

2.215192.168.0.215
$2.216192.168.0.216 \ \dots \ $
$2.217192.168.0.217 \ \dots \ $
$2.218192.168.0.218 \ \dots \ $
$2.219192.168.0.219 \ \dots \ $
$2.220192.168.0.220 \ \dots \ $
2.221192.168.0.221
2.222192.168.0.222
2.223192.168.0.223
2.224192.168.0.224
$2.224.1{ m Medium}135/{ m tcp}$
$2.224.2\mathrm{Low}$ general/tcp
$2.224.3 \log 139/{\rm tcp}$
$2.224.4  \mathrm{Log \ general/CPE-T}  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  $
$2.224.5 \log 902/\text{tcp}$
$2.224.6 \log 135/{\rm tcp}$
2.224.7 Log  912/tcp
2.224.8 Log 445/tcp
$2.224.9 \operatorname{Log\ general/tcp} \ldots 120$
2.225192.168.0.225
2.226192.168.0.226
2.227192.168.0.227
2.228192.168.0.228
2.229192.168.0.229
2.230192.168.0.230
2.231192.168.0.231
2.232192.168.0.232
2.233192.168.0.233
2.234192.168.0.234
2.235192.168.0.235
2.236192.168.0.236
2.237192.168.0.237
2.238192.168.0.238
2.239192.168.0.239
2.240192.168.0.240
2.241192.168.0.241
2.242192.168.0.242
2.243192.168.0.243
2.244192.168.0.244
2.245192.168.0.245

2.246192.168.0.	246				 														125
2.247192.168.0.	247				 														125
2.248192.168.0.	248	٠			 														125
2.249192.168.0.	249	٠			 														125
2.250192.168.0.	250	٠			 														126
2.251192.168.0.	251				 														126
2.252192.168.0.	252				 														126
2.253192.168.0.	253	٠			 														126
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# 1 Result Overview

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive
192.168.0.1	0	1	1	5	0
_gateway					
192.168.0.2	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.3	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.4	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.5	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.6	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.7	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.8	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.9	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.10	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.11	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.12	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.13	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.14	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.15	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.16	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.17	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.18	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.19	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.20	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.21	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.22	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.23	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.24	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.25	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.26	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.27	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.28	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.29	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.30	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.31	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.32	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.33	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.34	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.35	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.36	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.37	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.38	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.39	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.40	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.41	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.42	0	0	0	0	0

 $\dots$  (continued)  $\dots$ 

Host	High	(continue Medium	ea) Low	Log	False Positive
192.168.0.43	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.44	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.45	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.46	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.47	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.48	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.49	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.50	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.51	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.52	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.53	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.54	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.55	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.56	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.57	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.58	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.59	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.60	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.61	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.62	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.63	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.64	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.65	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.66	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.67	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.68	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.69	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.70	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.71	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.72	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.73	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.74	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.75	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.76	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.77	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.78	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.79	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.80	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.81	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.82	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.83	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.84	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.85	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.86	0	0	0	0	0

 $\dots$  (continued)  $\dots$ 

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive
192.168.0.87	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.88	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.89	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.90	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.91	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.92	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.93	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.94	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.95	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.96	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.97	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.98	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.99	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.100	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.101	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.102	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.103	0	1	1	9	0
192.168.0.104	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.105	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.106	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.107	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.108	0	0	0	4	0
192.168.0.109	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.110	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.111	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.112	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.113	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.114	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.115	0	2	0	7	0
192.168.0.116	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.117	4	1	1	9	0
192.168.0.118	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.119	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.120	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.121	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.122	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.123	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.124	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.125	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.126	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.127	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.128	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.129	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.130	0	0	0	0	0

 $\dots$  (continued)  $\dots$ 

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive
192.168.0.131	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.132	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.133	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.134	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.135	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.136	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.137	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.138	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.139	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.140	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.141	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.142	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.143	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.144	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.145	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.146	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.147	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.148	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.149	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.150	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.151	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.152	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.153	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.154	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.155	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.156	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.157	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.158	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.159	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.160	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.161	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.162	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.163	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.164	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.165	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.166	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.167	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.168	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.169	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.170	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.171	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.172	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.173	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.174	0	0	0	0	0

 $\dots$  (continued)  $\dots$ 

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive
192.168.0.175	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.176	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.177	1	19	1	30	0
192.168.0.178	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.179	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.180	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.181	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.182	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.183	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.184	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.185	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.186	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.187	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.188	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.189	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.190	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.191	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.192	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.193	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.194	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.195	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.196	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.197	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.198	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.199	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.200	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.201	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.202	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.203	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.204	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.205	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.206	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.207	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.208	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.209	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.210	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.211	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.212	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.213	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.214	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.215	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.216	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.217	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.218	0	0	0	0	0

 $\dots$  (continued)  $\dots$ 

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive
192.168.0.219	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.220	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.221	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.222	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.223	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.224	0	1	1	12	0
192.168.0.225	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.226	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.227	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.228	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.229	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.230	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.231	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.232	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.233	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.234	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.235	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.236	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.237	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.238	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.239	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.240	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.241	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.242	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.243	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.244	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.245	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.246	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.247	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.248	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.249	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.250	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.251	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.252	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.253	0	0	0	0	0
192.168.0.254	0	0	0	0	0
Total: 254	5	25	5	76	0

Vendor security updates are not trusted.

Overrides are on. When a result has an override, this report uses the threat of the override. Information on overrides is included in the report.

Notes are included in the report.

This report might not show details of all issues that were found.

This report contains all 111 results selected by the filtering described above. Before filtering there were 111 results.

# 2 Results per Host

#### 2.1 192.168.0.1

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:45:42 2019 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
m general/tcp	Medium
m general/tcp	Low
$53/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
general/icmp	Log
m general/tcp	Log
general/CPE-T	Log

#### 2.1.1 Medium general/tcp

#### Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: TCP Sequence Number Approximation Reset Denial of Service Vulnerability

#### Summary

The host is running TCP services and is prone to denial of service vulnerability.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

#### Impact

Successful exploitation will allow remote attackers to guess sequence numbers and cause a denial of service to persistent TCP connections by repeatedly injecting a TCP RST packet.

#### Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

Please see the referenced advisories for more information on obtaining and applying fixes.

# Affected Software/OS

TCP/IP v4

#### Vulnerability Insight

The flaw is triggered when spoofed TCP Reset packets are received by the targeted TCP stack and will result in loss of availability for the attacked TCP services.

# Vulnerability Detection Method

A TCP Reset packet with a different sequence number is sent to the target. A previously open connection is then checked to see if the target closed it or not.

Details: TCP Sequence Number Approximation Reset Denial of Service Vulnerability OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.902815

... continues on next page ...

Version used: \$Revision: 11066 \$

References
CVE: CVE-2004-0230
BID:10183
Other:

URL:http://xforce.iss.net/xforce/xfdb/15886

URL:http://www.us-cert.gov/cas/techalerts/TA04-111A.html

URL:http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IY55949

URL:http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IY55950

URL:http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IY62006

URL:http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IY62006

URL:http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-019.mspx

URL:http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/bulletin/ms06-064.mspx

URL:http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/csa/cisco-sa-20040420-tcp-nonios.html

URL:http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/csa/cisco-sa-20040420-tcp-nonios.html

[ return to 192.168.0.1 ]

#### 2.1.2 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6) NVT: TCP timestamps

#### Summary

The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.

# Vulnerability Detection Result

It was detected that the host implements RFC1323.

The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between:

Packet 1: 1001708423 Packet 2: 1001708535

#### Impact

A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

#### Solution

#### Solution type: Mitigation

To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp\_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl-p' to apply the settings at runtime.

To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment.

See the references for more information.

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# ${\bf Affected\ Software/OS}$

TCP/IPv4 implementations that implement RFC1323.

#### Vulnerability Insight

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323.

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported.

Details: TCP timestamps OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091 Version used: \$Revision: 14310 \$

#### References

Other:

URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt

URL:http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=9152

[ return to 192.168.0.1 ]

#### 2.1.3 Log 53/tcp

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Unknown OS and Service Banner Reporting

#### Summary

This NVT consolidates and reports the information collected by the following NVTs:

- Collect banner of unknown services (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11154)
- Service Detection (unknown) with nmap (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.66286)
- Service Detection (wrapped) with nmap (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108525)
- OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937)

If you know any of the information reported here, please send the full output to the referenced community portal.

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Nmap service detection (unknown) result for this port: domain

# Log Method

Details: Unknown OS and Service Banner Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108441 Version used: \$Revision: 12934 \$

#### References

Other:

URL:https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests

[ return to 192.168.0.1 ]

#### 2.1.4 Log general/icmp

#### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: ICMP Timestamp Detection

#### Summary

The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request. The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp. This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

#### Log Method

Details: ICMP Timestamp Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190 Version used: \$Revision: 10411 \$

#### References

CVE: CVE-1999-0524

Other:

URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc0792.txt

[ return to 192.168.0.1 ]

#### 2.1.5 Log general/tcp

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

#### Summary

This script consolidates the OS information detected by several NVTs and tries to find the best matching OS.

Furthermore it reports all previously collected information leading to this best matching OS. It also reports possible additional information which might help to improve the OS detection. If any of this information is wrong or could be improved please consider to report these to the referenced community portal.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Best matching OS:
OS: Linux Kernel

CPE: cpe:/o:linux:kernel...continues on next page...

... continued from previous page ...

Found by NVT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102002 (ICMP based OS Fingerprinting)

Concluded from ICMP based OS fingerprint

Setting key "Host/runs\_unixoide" based on this information

#### Log Method

Details: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937

Version used: 2019-05-02T04:45:21+0000

#### References

Other:

URL:https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests

#### Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Traceroute

#### Summary

A traceroute from the scanning server to the target system was conducted. This traceroute is provided primarily for informational value only. In the vast majority of cases, it does not represent a vulnerability. However, if the displayed traceroute contains any private addresses that should not have been publicly visible, then you have an issue you need to correct.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Here is the route from 192.168.0.177 to 192.168.0.1:

192.168.0.177 192.168.0.1

#### Solution

Block unwanted packets from escaping your network.

# Log Method

Details: Traceroute

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.51662 Version used: \$Revision: 10411 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.1 ]

# 2.1.6 Log general/CPE-T

# Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: CPE Inventory

#### Summary

This routine uses information collected by other routines about CPE identities of operating systems, services and applications detected during the scan.

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# Vulnerability Detection Result

192.168.0.1 | cpe:/o:linux:kernel

#### Log Method

Details: CPE Inventory

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.810002 Version used: \$Revision: 14324 \$

#### References

Other:

URL:http://cpe.mitre.org/

[ return to 192.168.0.1 ]

#### $2.2 \quad 192.168.0.2$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### 2.3 192.168.0.3

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### 2.4 192.168.0.4

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.5 \quad 192.168.0.5$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC

#### 2.6 192.168.0.6

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### $2.7 \quad 192.168.0.7$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# 2.8 192.168.0.8

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:41:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# 2.9 192.168.0.9

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.10\quad 192.168.0.10$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:41:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.11 192.168.0.11

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC

23

#### 192.168.0.12 2.12

Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan start Mon May 13 15:40:53 2019 UTC Host scan end

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.13 192.168.0.13

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Mon May 13 15:40:53 2019 UTC Host scan end

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### 2.14 192.168.0.14

Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC Host scan end

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### 2.15 192.168.0.15

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:40:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.16 192.168.0.16

Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan start Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.17 192.168.0.17

Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC Host scan end

> Threat Level Service (Port)

24

#### 2.18 192.168.0.18

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:41:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### $2.19 \quad 192.168.0.19$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.20 \quad 192.168.0.20$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.21 \quad 192.168.0.21$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:41:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.22\quad 192.168.0.22$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:40:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.23 192.168.0.23

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:41:53 2019 UTC

#### 2.24 192.168.0.24

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:40:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### $2.25 \quad 192.168.0.25$

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.26 \quad 192.168.0.26$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:41:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.27 \quad 192.168.0.27$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:41:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.28\quad 192.168.0.28$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:40:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.29 192.168.0.29

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:41:53 2019 UTC

#### $2.30 \quad 192.168.0.30$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:40:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### $2.31 \quad 192.168.0.31$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.32 \quad 192.168.0.32$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.33 \quad 192.168.0.33$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.34 \quad 192.168.0.34$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### $2.35 \quad 192.168.0.35$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC

#### 2.36 192.168.0.36

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:54 2019 UTC Mon May 13 15:38:57 2019 UTC Host scan end

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.37192.168.0.37

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:53 2019 UTC Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC Host scan end

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### 2.38 192.168.0.38

Mon May  $13\ 15:38:54\ 2019\ UTC$ Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC Host scan end

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### 2.39 192.168.0.39

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:54 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:57 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.40192.168.0.40

Mon May 13 15:38:54 2019 UTC Host scan start Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.41 192.168.0.41

Mon May 13 15:38:54 2019 UTC Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC Host scan end

> Threat Level Service (Port)

28

#### $2.42 \quad 192.168.0.42$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:54 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### $2.43 \quad 192.168.0.43$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:54 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.44 192.168.0.44

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.45 \quad 192.168.0.45$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.46 \quad 192.168.0.46$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.47 \quad 192.168.0.47$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC

#### 2.48 192.168.0.48

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### $2.49 \quad 192.168.0.49$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### $2.50 \quad 192.168.0.50$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.51\quad 192.168.0.51$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.52\quad 192.168.0.52$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.53 192.168.0.53

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:56 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC

#### $2.54 \quad 192.168.0.54$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:57 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:59 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### $2.55 \quad 192.168.0.55$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:57 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:59 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### $2.56 \quad 192.168.0.56$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:57 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:38:59 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.57 \quad 192.168.0.57$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.58\quad 192.168.0.58$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.59 192.168.0.59

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC

#### 2.60192.168.0.60

 ${\rm Mon\ May\ 13\ 15:} 38:58\ 2019\ {\rm UTC}$ Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC Host scan end

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 192.168.0.61 2.61

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC Host scan end

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### 2.62 192.168.0.62

Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC  ${\rm Host\ scan\ end}$ 

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### 2.63 192.168.0.63

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC

> Service (Port) Threat Level

#### 2.64 192.168.0.64

Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC Host scan start Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.65 192.168.0.65

Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC Host scan start Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC

> Threat Level Service (Port)

#### $2.66 \quad 192.168.0.66$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:58 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### $2.67 \quad 192.168.0.67$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:59 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# 2.68 192.168.0.68

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:59 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.69 \quad 192.168.0.69$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:38:59 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.70 \quad 192.168.0.70$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:04 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.71 \quad 192.168.0.71$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:04 2019 UTC

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#### $2.72 \quad 192.168.0.72$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:04 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.73 192.168.0.73

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:04 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.74 \quad 192.168.0.74$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:01 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.75 \quad 192.168.0.75$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:02 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.76 \quad 192.168.0.76$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:02 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### $2.77 \quad 192.168.0.77$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:02 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC

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#### $2.78 \quad 192.168.0.78$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:02 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### $2.79 \quad 192.168.0.79$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:02 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.80 \quad 192.168.0.80$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:02 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.81\quad 192.168.0.81$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:02 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.82\quad 192.168.0.82$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:02 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.83 192.168.0.83

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:05 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:08 2019 UTC

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#### 2.84 192.168.0.84

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:04 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:08 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### $2.85 \quad 192.168.0.85$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:08 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### $2.86 \quad 192.168.0.86$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.87 \quad 192.168.0.87$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:08 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.88 192.168.0.88

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:08 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.89 192.168.0.89

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC

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#### $2.90 \quad 192.168.0.90$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### $2.91 \quad 192.168.0.91$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.92 \quad 192.168.0.92$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.93 \quad 192.168.0.93$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.94 \quad 192.168.0.94$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.95 192.168.0.95

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:06 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC

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#### $2.96 \quad 192.168.0.96$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:08 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:10 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.97 \quad 192.168.0.97$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:08 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:10 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

### 2.98 192.168.0.98

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:12 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

### $2.99 \quad 192.168.0.99$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:12 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.100 \quad 192.168.0.100$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:12 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.101 \quad 192.168.0.101$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:12 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### $2.102 \quad 192.168.0.102$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:14 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

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### $2.103 \quad 192.168.0.103$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:44:51 2019 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
m general/tcp	Medium
m general/tcp	Low
general/CPE-T	Log
general/icmp	Log
$8000/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
$8080/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
m general/tcp	Log

### 2.103.1 Medium general/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: TCP Sequence Number Approximation Reset Denial of Service Vulnerability

### Summary

The host is running TCP services and is prone to denial of service vulnerability.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

### Impact

Successful exploitation will allow remote attackers to guess sequence numbers and cause a denial of service to persistent TCP connections by repeatedly injecting a TCP RST packet.

#### Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

Please see the referenced advisories for more information on obtaining and applying fixes.

### ${\bf Affected\ Software/OS}$

TCP/IP v4

### Vulnerability Insight

The flaw is triggered when spoofed TCP Reset packets are received by the targeted TCP stack and will result in loss of availability for the attacked TCP services.

### Vulnerability Detection Method

A TCP Reset packet with a different sequence number is sent to the target. A previously open connection is then checked to see if the target closed it or not.

Details: TCP Sequence Number Approximation Reset Denial of Service Vulnerability OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.902815

Version used: \$Revision: 11066 \$

#### References

CVE: CVE-2004-0230

BID:10183 Other:

URL:http://xforce.iss.net/xforce/xfdb/15886

URL:http://www.us-cert.gov/cas/techalerts/TA04-111A.html
URL:http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IY55949

URL:http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IY55950 URL:http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IY62006

URL:http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-019.mspx URL:http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/bulletin/ms06-064.mspx

URL:http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/csa/cisco-sa-20040420-tcp-nonios.html URL:http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/csa/cisco-sa-20040420-tcp-nonios.html

[ return to 192.168.0.103 ]

#### 2.103.2 Low general/tcp

#### Low (CVSS: 2.6) NVT: TCP timestamp

#### Summary

The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

It was detected that the host implements RFC1323.

The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between:

Packet 1: 375003174 Packet 2: 375004298

### Impact

A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

#### Solution

### Solution type: Mitigation

To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp\_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl-p' to apply the settings at runtime.

To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled'

Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment.

See the references for more information.

#### Affected Software/OS

TCP/IPv4 implementations that implement RFC1323.

#### Vulnerability Insight

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported.

Details: TCP timestamps OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091 Version used: \$Revision: 14310 \$

#### References

Other:

URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt

URL:http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=9152

[ return to 192.168.0.103 ]

### 2.103.3 Log general/CPE-T

### Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: CPE Inventory

#### Summary

This routine uses information collected by other routines about CPE identities of operating systems, services and applications detected during the scan.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

192.168.0.103 | cpe:/o:linux:kernel

### Log Method

Details: CPE Inventory

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.810002 Version used: \$Revision: 14324 \$

#### References

Other:

URL:http://cpe.mitre.org/

[ return to 192.168.0.103 ]

### 2.103.4 Log general/icmp

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

### NVT: ICMP Timestamp Detection

#### Summary

The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request. The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp. This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

#### Log Method

Details: ICMP Timestamp Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190 Version used: \$Revision: 10411 \$

#### References

CVE: CVE-1999-0524

Other:

URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc0792.txt

[ return to 192.168.0.103 ]

### $2.103.5 \quad \text{Log } 8000/\text{tcp}$

### Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: LDAP Detection

#### Summary

A LDAP Server is running at this host.

The Lightweight Directory Access Protocol, or LDAP is an application protocol for querying and modifying directory services running over TCP/IP.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

### Log Method

Details: LDAP Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100082Version used: \$Revision: 13541 \$ [ return to 192.168.0.103 ]

### $2.103.6 \quad \text{Log } 8080/\text{tcp}$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: CGI Scanning Consolidation

#### Summary

The script consolidates various information for CGI scanning.

This information is based on the following scripts / settings:

- HTTP-Version Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100034)
- No 404 check (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10386)
- Web mirroring / webmirror.nasl (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10662)
- Directory Scanner / DDI\_Directory\_Scanner.nasl (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11032)
- The configured 'cgi path' within the 'Scanner Preferences' of the scan config in use
- The configured 'Enable CGI scanning', 'Enable generic web application scanning' and 'Add historic /scripts and /cgi-bin to directories for CGI scanning' within the 'Global variable settings' of the scan config in use

If you think any of this information is wrong please report it to the referenced community portal.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

The Hostname/IP "192.168.0.103" was used to access the remote host.

Generic web application scanning is disabled for this host via the "Enable gener  $\hookrightarrow$  ic web application scanning" option within the "Global variable settings" of t  $\hookrightarrow$  he scan config in use.

Requests to this service are done via HTTP/1.1.

This service seems to be NOT able to host PHP scripts.

This service seems to be NOT able to host ASP scripts.

The User-Agent "Mozilla/5.0 [en] (X11, U; OpenVAS-VT 9.0.3)" was used to access  $\hookrightarrow$  the remote host.

Historic /scripts and /cgi-bin are not added to the directories used for CGI sca  $\hookrightarrow$ nning. You can enable this again with the "Add historic /scripts and /cgi-bin  $\hookrightarrow$ to directories for CGI scanning" option within the "Global variable settings"  $\hookrightarrow$ of the scan config in use.

The following directories were used for CGI scanning:

http://192.168.0.103:8080/

http://192.168.0.103:8080/upnpdev/pres/uuid\_175181e0-1dd2-11b2-bf93-c677af100e95 While this is not, in and of itself, a bug, you should manually inspect these di  $\hookrightarrow$ rectories to ensure that they are in compliance with company security standard  $\hookrightarrow$ s

The following CGIs were discovered:

Syntax : cginame (arguments [default value])

### Log Method

Details: CGI Scanning Consolidation

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111038

 $\dots$  continues on next page  $\dots$ 

Version used: \$Revision: 13679 \$

#### References

Other:

URL:https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

### NVT: HTTP Security Headers Detection

#### Summary

All known security headers are being checked on the host. On completion a report will hand back whether a specific security header has been implemented (including its value) or is missing on the target.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Missing Headers

-----

Content-Security-Policy

Referrer-Policy

X-Content-Type-Options

X-Frame-Options

X-Permitted-Cross-Domain-Policies

X-XSS-Protection

#### Log Method

Details: HTTP Security Headers Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.112081 Version used: \$Revision: 10899 \$

### References

Other:

URL:https://www.owasp.org/index.php/OWASP\_Secure\_Headers\_Project

URL:https://www.owasp.org/index.php/OWASP\_Secure\_Headers\_Project#tab=Headers

URL:https://securityheaders.io/

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

### **NVT**: Services

### Summary

This routine attempts to guess which service is running on the remote ports. For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

A web server is running on this port

 $\dots$  continues on next page  $\dots$ 

# Log Method Details: Services

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330 Version used: \$Revision: 13541 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.103 ]

### 2.103.7 Log general/tcp

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

### NVT: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

#### Summary

This script consolidates the OS information detected by several NVTs and tries to find the best matching OS.

Furthermore it reports all previously collected information leading to this best matching OS. It also reports possible additional information which might help to improve the OS detection. If any of this information is wrong or could be improved please consider to report these to the referenced community portal.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Best matching OS:
OS: Linux Kernel

CPE: cpe:/o:linux:kernel

Found by NVT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102002 (ICMP based OS Fingerprinting)

Concluded from ICMP based OS fingerprint

Setting key "Host/runs\_unixoide" based on this information

### Log Method

Details: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937

Version used: 2019-05-02T04:45:21+0000

### References

Other:

URL:https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests

### Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Traceroute

#### Summary

A traceroute from the scanning server to the target system was conducted. This traceroute is provided primarily for informational value only. In the vast majority of cases, it does not represent a vulnerability. However, if the displayed traceroute contains any private addresses that should not have been publicly visible, then you have an issue you need to correct.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Here is the route from 192.168.0.177 to 192.168.0.103:

192.168.0.177 192.168.0.103

#### Solution

Block unwanted packets from escaping your network.

#### Log Method

Details: Traceroute

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.51662 Version used: \$Revision: 10411 \$

#### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Unknown OS and Service Banner Reporting

#### Summary

This NVT consolidates and reports the information collected by the following NVTs:

- Collect banner of unknown services (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11154)
- Service Detection (unknown) with nmap (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.66286)
- Service Detection (wrapped) with nmap (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108525)
- OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937)

If you know any of the information reported here, please send the full output to the referenced community portal.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Unknown banners have been collected which might help to identify the OS running  $\hookrightarrow$ on this host. If these banners containing information about the host OS please  $\hookrightarrow$  report the following information to https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnera  $\hookrightarrow$ bility-tests:

Banner: SERVER: BH

Identified from: HTTP Server banner on port 8080/tcp

### Log Method

Details: Unknown OS and Service Banner Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108441 Version used: \$Revision: 12934 \$

#### References

Other:

URL:https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests

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[ return to 192.168.0.103 ]

### $2.104 \quad 192.168.0.104$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:12 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.105 \quad 192.168.0.105$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:14 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

### $2.106 \quad 192.168.0.106$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:09 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:14 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

### $2.107 \quad 192.168.0.107$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:10 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:13 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.108 \quad 192.168.0.108$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:10 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:40:32 2019 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
general/icmp	Log
m general/tcp	Log
general/CPE-T	Log

### 2.108.1 Log general/icmp

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## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

### NVT: ICMP Timestamp Detection

#### Summary

The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request. The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp. This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

#### Log Method

Details: ICMP Timestamp Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190 Version used: \$Revision: 10411 \$

#### References

CVE: CVE-1999-0524

Other:

URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc0792.txt

[ return to 192.168.0.108 ]

### 2.108.2 Log general/tcp

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Check for enabled / working Port scanner plugin

### Summary

The script reports if:

- a custom scan configuration is in use without having a Port scanner from the 'Port scanners' family enabled.
- a port scanner plugin was running into a timeout.
- a required port scanner (e.g. nmap) is not installed.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

The host wasn't scanned due to the following possible reasons:

- No Port scanner plugin from the "Port scanners" family is included in this sc  $\hookrightarrow$  an configuration. Recommended: Nmap (NASL wrapper).
- The Port scanner plugin reached a timeout during the port scanning phase. Ple  $\hookrightarrow$  ase either choose a port range for this target containing less ports or raise  $\hookrightarrow$  the "scanner\_plugins\_timeout" scanner preference to a higher timeout.

### Solution

Based on the script output please:

- add a Port scanner plugin from the 'Port scanners' family to this scan configuration. Recommended: Nmap (NASL wrapper).
- either choose a port range for this target containing less ports or raise the 'scanner plugins timeout' scanner preference to a higher timeout.
- install the 'nmap' binary/package or make it accessible to the scanner.

#### Log Method

Details: Check for enabled / working Port scanner plugin

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108323 Version used: \$Revision: 10122 \$

#### References

Other:

URL: http://docs.greenbone.net/GSM-Manual/gos-4/en/performance.html#scan-perfor

URL:http://docs.greenbone.net/GSM-Manual/gos-4/en/vulnerabilitymanagement.htm ⇔l?highlight=scanner\_plugins\_timeout#general-preferences

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

#### NVT: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

#### Summary

This script consolidates the OS information detected by several NVTs and tries to find the best matching OS.

Furthermore it reports all previously collected information leading to this best matching OS. It also reports possible additional information which might help to improve the OS detection. If any of this information is wrong or could be improved please consider to report these to the

referenced community portal.

### **Vulnerability Detection Result**

Best matching OS: OS: Linux Kernel

CPE: cpe:/o:linux:kernel

Found by NVT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102002 (ICMP based OS Fingerprinting)

Concluded from ICMP based OS fingerprint

Setting key " $Host/runs\_unixoide$ " based on this information

### Log Method

Details: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937

Version used: 2019-05-02T04:45:21+0000

### References

Other:

URL:https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests

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[ return to 192.168.0.108 ]

### 2.108.3 Log general/CPE-T

### Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: CPE Inventory

#### Summary

This routine uses information collected by other routines about CPE identities of operating systems, services and applications detected during the scan.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

192.168.0.108 | cpe:/o:linux:kernel

#### Log Method

Details: CPE Inventory

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.810002 Version used: \$Revision: 14324 \$

#### References

Other:

URL:http://cpe.mitre.org/

[ return to 192.168.0.108 ]

### $2.109 \quad 192.168.0.109$

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.110\quad 192.168.0.110$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:10 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:14 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

### $2.111 \quad 192.168.0.111$

Service (Port)	Threat Level
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### $2.112\quad 192.168.0.112$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:12 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:16 2019 UTC

Service (	Port)	Threat L	evel
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### $2.113 \quad 192.168.0.113$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:12 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:16 2019 UTC

### 2.114 192.168.0.114

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:14 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:16 2019 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
----------------	--------------

### 2.115 192.168.0.115

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:14 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:44:12 2019 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
$80/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
m general/tcp	Medium
$80/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
general/CPE-T	Log
general/tcp	Log

### 2.115.1 Medium 80/tcp

#### Medium (CVSS: 4.8)

NVT: Cleartext Transmission of Sensitive Information via HTTP

### Summary

The host / application transmits sensitive information (username, passwords) in clear text via HTTP.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

The following URLs requires Basic Authentication (URL:realm name): http://192.168.0.115/:"USER LOGIN"

#### Impact

An attacker could use this situation to compromise or eavesdrop on the HTTP communication between the client and the server using a man-in-the-middle attack to get access to sensitive data like usernames or passwords.

#### Solution

### Solution type: Workaround

Enforce the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection. Additionally make sure the host / application is redirecting all users to the secured SSL/TLS connection before allowing to input sensitive data into the mentioned functions.

### Affected Software/OS

Hosts / applications which doesn't enforce the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Evaluate previous collected information and check if the host / application is not enforcing the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection.

The script is currently checking the following:

- HTTP Basic Authentication (Basic Auth)
- HTTP Forms (e.g. Login) with input field of type 'password'

Details: Cleartext Transmission of Sensitive Information via HTTP

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108440 Version used: \$Revision: 10726 \$

### References

#### Other:

 $\label{lem:url:https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2013-A2-Broken_Authentication\_and\_S $$\hookrightarrow ession\_Management$ 

URL:https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top\_10\_2013-A6-Sensitive\_Data\_Exposure URL:https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/319.html

[ return to 192.168.0.115 ]

### 2.115.2 Medium general/tcp

#### Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: TCP Sequence Number Approximation Reset Denial of Service Vulnerability

#### Summary

The host is running TCP services and is prone to denial of service vulnerability.

... continued from previous page ...

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

#### Impact

Successful exploitation will allow remote attackers to guess sequence numbers and cause a denial of service to persistent TCP connections by repeatedly injecting a TCP RST packet.

#### Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

Please see the referenced advisories for more information on obtaining and applying fixes.

#### Affected Software/OS

TCP/IP v4

### Vulnerability Insight

The flaw is triggered when spoofed TCP Reset packets are received by the targeted TCP stack and will result in loss of availability for the attacked TCP services.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

A TCP Reset packet with a different sequence number is sent to the target. A previously open connection is then checked to see if the target closed it or not.

Details: TCP Sequence Number Approximation Reset Denial of Service Vulnerability OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.902815

Version used: \$Revision: 11066 \$

#### References

CVE: CVE-2004-0230

BID:10183 Other:

URL:http://xforce.iss.net/xforce/xfdb/15886

URL:http://www.us-cert.gov/cas/techalerts/TA04-111A.html

URL:http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IY55949

URL: http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IY55950

URL: http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IY62006

URL:http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-019.mspx

URL:http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/bulletin/ms06-064.mspx

URL:http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/csa/cisco-sa-20040420-tcp-nonios.html

URL: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/csa/cisco-sa-20040420-tcp-nonios.html

[ return to 192.168.0.115 ]

#### 2.115.3 $\log 80/\text{tcp}$

## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

### NVT: CGI Scanning Consolidation

#### Summary

The script consolidates various information for CGI scanning.

This information is based on the following scripts / settings:

- HTTP-Version Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100034)
- No 404 check (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10386)
- Web mirroring / webmirror.nasl (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10662)
- Directory Scanner / DDI\_Directory\_Scanner.nasl (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11032)
- The configured 'cgi path' within the 'Scanner Preferences' of the scan config in use
- The configured 'Enable CGI scanning', 'Enable generic web application scanning' and 'Add historic /scripts and /cgi-bin to directories for CGI scanning' within the 'Global variable settings' of the scan config in use

If you think any of this information is wrong please report it to the referenced community portal.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

The Hostname/IP "192.168.0.115" was used to access the remote host.

Generic web application scanning is disabled for this host via the "Enable gener  $\hookrightarrow$  ic web application scanning" option within the "Global variable settings" of t  $\hookrightarrow$  he scan config in use.

Requests to this service are done via HTTP/1.0.

This service seems to be NOT able to host PHP scripts.

This service seems to be NOT able to host ASP scripts.

The User-Agent "Mozilla/5.0 [en] (X11, U; OpenVAS-VT 9.0.3)" was used to access  $\hookrightarrow$  the remote host.

Historic /scripts and /cgi-bin are not added to the directories used for CGI sca  $\hookrightarrow$ nning. You can enable this again with the "Add historic /scripts and /cgi-bin  $\hookrightarrow$ to directories for CGI scanning" option within the "Global variable settings"  $\hookrightarrow$ of the scan config in use.

The following directories require authentication and are tested by the script "H  $\hookrightarrow$  TTP Brute Force Logins with default Credentials (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10  $\hookrightarrow$  8041)":

http://192.168.0.115/

The following directories were used for CGI scanning:

http://192.168.0.115/

While this is not, in and of itself, a bug, you should manually inspect these di  $\hookrightarrow$ rectories to ensure that they are in compliance with company security standard  $\hookrightarrow$ s

#### Log Method

Details: CGI Scanning Consolidation

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111038 Version used: \$Revision: 13679 \$

#### References

Other:

URL:https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests

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### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: HTTP Server type and version

### Summary

This detects the HTTP Server's type and version.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote web server type is :  $\operatorname{HTTPD}$ 

#### Solution

- Configure your server to use an alternate name like 'Wintendo httpD w/Dotmatrix display'
- Be sure to remove common logos like a pache\_pb.gif.
- With Apache, you can set the directive 'ServerTokens Prod' to limit the information emanating from the server in its response headers.

### Log Method

 $\operatorname{Details:}$  HTTP Server type and version

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10107 Version used: \$Revision: 11585 \$

### Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Services

#### Summary

This routine attempts to guess which service is running on the remote ports. For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

A web server is running on this port

### Log Method

Details: Services

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330 Version used: \$Revision: 13541 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.115 ]

### 2.115.4 Log general/CPE-T

### Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: CPE Inventory

#### Summary

This routine uses information collected by other routines about CPE identities of operating systems, services and applications detected during the scan.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

192.168.0.115 | cpe:/o:netbsd:netbsd

#### Log Method

Details: CPE Inventory

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.810002 Version used: \$Revision: 14324 \$

### ${\bf References}$

Other:

URL:http://cpe.mitre.org/

[ return to 192.168.0.115 ]

### 2.115.5 Log general/tcp

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

### NVT: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

#### Summary

This script consolidates the OS information detected by several NVTs and tries to find the best matching OS.

Furthermore it reports all previously collected information leading to this best matching OS. It also reports possible additional information which might help to improve the OS detection. If any of this information is wrong or could be improved please consider to report these to the referenced community portal.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Best matching OS:

OS: OpenBSD

CPE: cpe:/o:openbsd:openbsd

Found by NVT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102002 (ICMP based OS Fingerprinting)

Concluded from ICMP based OS fingerprint

Setting key "Host/runs\_unixoide" based on this information

Other OS detections (in order of reliability):

OS: HP UX

CPE: cpe:/o:hp:hp-ux

Found by NVT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102002 (ICMP based OS Fingerprinting)

Concluded from ICMP based OS fingerprint

OS: Cisco IOS

CPE: cpe:/o:cisco:ios

Found by NVT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102002 (ICMP based OS Fingerprinting)

Concluded from ICMP based OS fingerprint

... continued from previous page ...

OS: NetBSD

CPE: cpe:/o:netbsd:netbsd

Found by NVT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102002 (ICMP based OS Fingerprinting)

Concluded from ICMP based OS fingerprint

#### Log Method

Details: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937

Version used: 2019-05-02T04:45:21+0000

#### References

Other:

URL:https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests

### Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Traceroute

## Summary

A traceroute from the scanning server to the target system was conducted. This traceroute is provided primarily for informational value only. In the vast majority of cases, it does not represent a vulnerability. However, if the displayed traceroute contains any private addresses that should not have been publicly visible, then you have an issue you need to correct.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Here is the route from 192.168.0.177 to 192.168.0.115:

192.168.0.177 192.168.0.115

#### Solution

Block unwanted packets from escaping your network.

#### Log Method

Details: Traceroute

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.51662 Version used: \$Revision: 10411 \$

#### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

### NVT: Unknown OS and Service Banner Reporting

### Summary

This NVT consolidates and reports the information collected by the following NVTs:

- Collect banner of unknown services (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11154)
- Service Detection (unknown) with nmap (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.66286)
- Service Detection (wrapped) with nmap (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108525)
- OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937)
- $\dots$  continues on next page  $\dots$

If you know any of the information reported here, please send the full output to the referenced community portal.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Unknown banners have been collected which might help to identify the OS running  $\hookrightarrow$ on this host. If these banners containing information about the host OS please  $\hookrightarrow$  report the following information to https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnera  $\hookrightarrow$ bility-tests:

Banner: Server: HTTPD

Identified from: HTTP Server banner on port 80/tcp

#### Log Method

Details: Unknown OS and Service Banner Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108441 Version used: \$Revision: 12934 \$

#### References

Other:

URL:https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests

[ return to 192.168.0.115 ]

#### $2.116 \quad 192.168.0.116$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:14 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:16 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### $2.117 \quad 192.168.0.117$

Service (Port)	Threat Level
$445/\mathrm{tcp}$	High
m general/tcp	High
$135/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
m general/tcp	Low
m general/icmp	Log
$445/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
$135/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
$139/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
m general/tcp	Log
general/CPE-T	Log

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### 2.117.1 High 445/tcp

#### High (CVSS: 9.3)

NVT: Microsoft Windows SMB Server Multiple Vulnerabilities-Remote (4013389)

#### Summary

This host is missing a critical security update according to Microsoft Bulletin MS17-010.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

#### Impact

Successful exploitation will allow remote attackers to gain the ability to execute code on the target server, also could lead to information disclosure from the server.

#### Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

The vendor has released updates. Please see the references for more information.

### Affected Software/OS

Microsoft Windows 10 x32/x64 Edition Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Edition Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Microsoft Windows 8.1 x32/x64 Edition Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Edition Microsoft Windows 7 x32/x64 Edition Service Pack 1 Microsoft Windows Vista x32/x64 Edition Service Pack 2 Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 x64 Edition Service Pack 1 Microsoft Windows Server 2008 x32/x64 Edition Service Pack 2

#### Vulnerability Insight

Multiple flaws exist due to the way that the Microsoft Server Message Block 1.0 (SMBv1) server handles certain requests.

### Vulnerability Detection Method

Send the crafted SMB transaction request with fid = 0 and check the response to confirm the vulnerability.

Details: Microsoft Windows SMB Server Multiple Vulnerabilities-Remote (4013389)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.810676

Version used: 2019-05-03T10:54:50+0000

#### References

CVE: CVE-2017-0143, CVE-2017-0144, CVE-2017-0145, CVE-2017-0146, CVE-2017-0147,

 $\hookrightarrow$ CVE-2017-0148

BID:96703, 96704, 96705, 96707, 96709, 96706

Other:

URL:https://support.microsoft.com/en-in/kb/4013078

 ${\tt URL:https://technet.microsoft.com/library/security/MS17-010}$ 

URL:https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/pull/8167/files

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### High (CVSS: 10.0)

NVT: Microsoft Windows SMB Server NTLM Multiple Vulnerabilities (971468)

#### Summary

This host is missing a critical security update according to Microsoft Bulletin MS10-012.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

### Impact

Successful exploitation will allow remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service or bypass the authentication mechanism via brute force technique.

#### Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

The vendor has released updates. Please see the references for more information.

#### Affected Software/OS

Microsoft Windows 7

Microsoft Windows 2000 Service Pack and prior Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 3 and prior Microsoft Windows Vista Service Pack 2 and prior Microsoft Windows Server 2003 Service Pack 2 and prior Microsoft Windows Server 2008 Service Pack 2 and prior

### Vulnerability Insight

- An input validation error exists while processing SMB requests and can be exploited to cause a buffer overflow via a specially crafted SMB packet.
- An error exists in the SMB implementation while parsing SMB packets during the Negotiate phase causing memory corruption via a specially crafted SMB packet.
- NULL pointer dereference error exists in SMB while verifying the 'share' and 'servername' fields in SMB packets causing denial of service.
- A lack of cryptographic entropy when the SMB server generates challenges during SMB NTLM authentication and can be exploited to bypass the authentication mechanism.

### Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: Microsoft Windows SMB Server NTLM Multiple Vulnerabilities (971468)

 $OID{:}1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.902269$ 

Version used: 2019-05-03T10:54:50+0000

### References

CVE: CVE-2010-0020, CVE-2010-0021, CVE-2010-0022, CVE-2010-0231

Other:

URL:http://secunia.com/advisories/38510/
URL:http://support.microsoft.com/kb/971468

URL:http://www.vupen.com/english/advisories/2010/0345

URL:http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/bulletin/ms10-012.mspx

### High (CVSS: 10.0)

NVT: Microsoft Windows SMB2 Negotiation Protocol Remote Code Execution Vulnerability

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#### Summary

This host is missing a critical security update according to Microsoft Bulletin MS09-050.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

### Impact

An attacker can exploit this issue to execute code with SYSTEM-level privileges. Failed exploit attempts will likely cause denial-of-service conditions.

#### Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

#### Affected Software/OS

- Windows 7 RC
- Windows Vista and
- Windows 2008 Server

### Vulnerability Insight

Multiple vulnerabilities exists,

- A denial of service vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol software handles specially crafted SMB version 2 (SMBv2) packets.
- Unauthenticated remote code execution vulnerability exists in the way that Microsoft Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol software handles specially crafted SMB packets.

### Vulnerability Detection Method

 ${
m Details:}$  Microsoft Windows SMB2 Negotiation Protocol Remote Code Execution Vulnerability  ${
m OID:}1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900965$ 

Version used: \$Revision: 12602 \$

#### References

CVE: CVE-2009-2526, CVE-2009-2532, CVE-2009-3103

BID:36299 Other:

URL:http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/bulletin/MS09-050.mspx

[ return to 192.168.0.117 ]

### 2.117.2 High general/tcp

High (CVSS: 10.0)

NVT: OS End Of Life Detection

### Product detection result

cpe:/o:microsoft:windows\_vista:-:sp2

Detected by OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0  $\hookrightarrow .105937$ )

#### Summary

OS End Of Life Detection

The Operating System on the remote host has reached the end of life and should not be used anymore.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

The "Windows Vista" Operating System on the remote host has reached the end of 1

 $\hookrightarrow$ ife.

CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows\_vista:-:sp2

Installed version,

build or SP: sp2

EOL date: 2017-04-11

EOL info: https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/lifecycle/search?sort=PN&

→alpha=Windows%20Vista&Filter=FilterN0

#### Solution

Solution type: Mitigation

#### **Vulnerability Detection Method**

#### **Product Detection Result**

Product: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows\_vista:-:sp2 Method: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937)

[ return to 192.168.0.117 ]

### 2.117.3 Medium 135/tcp

#### Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration Reporting

### Summary

Distributed Computing Environment / Remote Procedure Calls (DCE/RPC) or MSRPC services running on the remote host can be enumerated by connecting on port 135 and doing the appropriate queries.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

... continued from previous page ... Here is the list of DCE/RPC or MSRPC services running on this host via the TCP p  $\hookrightarrow$ rotocol: Port: 49152/tcp UUID: d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84da1ddb0d, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.117[49152] Port: 49153/tcp UUID: 06bba54a-be05-49f9-b0a0-30f790261023, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.117[49153] Annotation: Security Center UUID: 3c4728c5-f0ab-448b-bda1-6ce01eb0a6d5, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.117[49153] Annotation: DHCP Client LRPC Endpoint UUID: 3c4728c5-f0ab-448b-bda1-6ce01eb0a6d6, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.117[49153] Annotation: DHCPv6 Client LRPC Endpoint UUID: f6beaff7-1e19-4fbb-9f8f-b89e2018337c, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.117[49153] Annotation: Event log TCPIP Port: 49154/tcp UUID: 201ef99a-7fa0-444c-9399-19ba84f12a1a, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.117[49154] Annotation: AppInfo UUID: 5f54ce7d-5b79-4175-8584-cb65313a0e98, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.117[49154] Annotation: AppInfo UUID: 86d35949-83c9-4044-b424-db363231fd0c, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.117[49154] UUID: a398e520-d59a-4bdd-aa7a-3c1e0303a511, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.117[49154] Annotation: IKE/Authip API UUID: fd7a0523-dc70-43dd-9b2e-9c5ed48225b1, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.117[49154] Annotation: AppInfo Port: 49155/tcp UUID: 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.117[49155] Named pipe : lsass Win32 service or process : lsass.exe Description : SAM access Port: 49156/tcp UUID: 367abb81-9844-35f1-ad32-98f038001003, version 2 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.117[49156] Port: 49177/tcp UUID: 6b5bdd1e-528c-422c-af8c-a4079be4fe48, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.117[49177] Annotation: Remote Fw APIs Note: DCE/RPC or MSRPC services running on this host locally were identified. Re ... continues on next page ...

 $\hookrightarrow$ porting this list is not enabled by default due to the possible large size of  $\hookrightarrow$ this list. See the script preferences to enable this reporting.

#### Impact

An attacker may use this fact to gain more knowledge about the remote host.

### Solution

Solution type: Mitigation

Filter incoming traffic to this ports.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10736 Version used: \$Revision: 6319 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.117 ]

### 2.117.4 Low general/tcp

## Low (CVSS: 2.6)

#### Summary

The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

It was detected that the host implements RFC1323.

The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between:

Packet 1: 1274206 Packet 2: 1274316

#### Impact

A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

#### Solution

### Solution type: Mitigation

To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp\_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl-p' to apply the settings at runtime.

To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication

See the references for more information.

includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment.

### Affected Software/OS

... continued from previous page ...

TCP/IPv4 implementations that implement RFC1323.

#### Vulnerability Insight

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323.

### Vulnerability Detection Method

Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported.

Details: TCP timestamps OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091 Version used: \$Revision: 14310 \$

#### References

Other:

URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt

URL:http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=9152

[ return to 192.168.0.117 ]

### 2.117.5 Log general/icmp

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: ICMP Timestamp Detection

#### Summary

The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request. The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp. This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

#### Log Method

Details: ICMP Timestamp Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190 Version used: \$Revision: 10411 \$

#### References

CVE: CVE-1999-0524

Other:

URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc0792.txt

[ return to 192.168.0.117 ]

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### $2.117.6 \quad Log \ 445/tcp$

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB NativeLanMan

#### Summary

It is possible to extract OS, domain and SMB server information from the Session Setup AndX Response packet which is generated during NTLM authentication.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected SMB workgroup: WORKGROUP

Detected SMB server: Windows Vista (TM) Home Premium 6.0

Detected OS: Windows Vista (TM) Home Premium 6002 Service Pack 2

#### Log Method

Details: SMB NativeLanMan OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102011

Version used: 2019-04-24T11:06:32+0000

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB Remote Version Detection

#### Summary

Detection of Server Message Block(SMB).

This script sends SMB Negotiation request and try to get the version from the response.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

SMBv1 and SMBv2 are enabled on remote target

#### Log Method

Details: SMB Remote Version Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.807830 Version used: \$Revision: 10898 \$

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB/CIFS Server Detection

#### Summary

This script detects whether port 445 and 139 are open and if they are running a CIFS/SMB server

### Vulnerability Detection Result

A CIFS server is running on this port

### Log Method

Details: SMB/CIFS Server Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11011 Version used: \$Revision: 13541 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.117 ]

### $2.117.7 \quad \text{Log } 135/\text{tcp}$

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

### NVT: DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration

#### Summary

Distributed Computing Environment / Remote Procedure Calls (DCE/RPC) or MSRPC services running on the remote host can be enumerated by connecting on port 135 and doing the appropriate queries.

The actual reporting takes place in the NVT 'DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration Reporting' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10736)

### Vulnerability Detection Result

A DCE endpoint resolution service seems to be running on this port.

#### Impact

An attacker may use this fact to gain more knowledge about the remote host.

#### Solution

**Solution type:** Mitigation Filter incoming traffic to this port.

#### Log Method

 $\operatorname{Details:}\ \operatorname{DCE}/\operatorname{RPC}$  and MSRPC Services Enumeration

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108044 Version used: \$Revision: 11885 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.117 ]

#### $2.117.8 \quad \text{Log } 139/\text{tcp}$

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB/CIFS Server Detection

### Summary

This script detects whether port 445 and 139 are open and if they are running a CIFS/SMB server.

 $\dots$  continues on next page  $\dots$ 

### Vulnerability Detection Result

A SMB server is running on this port

#### Log Method

Details: SMB/CIFS Server Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11011 Version used: \$Revision: 13541 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.117 ]

### 2.117.9 Log general/tcp

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

#### Summary

This script consolidates the OS information detected by several NVTs and tries to find the best matching OS.

Furthermore it reports all previously collected information leading to this best matching OS. It also reports possible additional information which might help to improve the OS detection. If any of this information is wrong or could be improved please consider to report these to the referenced community portal.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Best matching OS:

OS: Windows Vista (TM) Home Premium 6002 Service Pack 2

CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows\_vista:-:sp2

Found by NVT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102011 (SMB NativeLanMan)

Concluded from SMB/Samba banner on port 445/tcp: OS String: Windows Vista (TM) H  $\hookrightarrow$ ome Premium 6002 Service Pack 2; SMB String: Windows Vista (TM) Home Premium 6  $\hookrightarrow$  .0

Setting key "Host/runs\_windows" based on this information

Other OS detections (in order of reliability):

OS: Microsoft Windows

CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows

Found by NVT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108044 (DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumerati  $\hookrightarrow\!\!$  on)

Concluded from DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration on port 135/tcp

#### Log Method

Details: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937

Version used: 2019-05-02T04:45:21+0000

#### References

Other:

URL:https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests

### Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Traceroute

### Summary

A traceroute from the scanning server to the target system was conducted. This traceroute is provided primarily for informational value only. In the vast majority of cases, it does not represent a vulnerability. However, if the displayed traceroute contains any private addresses that should not have been publicly visible, then you have an issue you need to correct.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Here is the route from 192.168.0.177 to 192.168.0.117:

192.168.0.177 192.168.0.117

#### Solution

Block unwanted packets from escaping your network.

### Log Method

Details: Traceroute

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.51662 Version used: \$Revision: 10411 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.117 ]

### 2.117.10 Log general/CPE-T

### Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: CPE Inventory

### Summary

This routine uses information collected by other routines about CPE identities of operating systems, services and applications detected during the scan.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

192.168.0.117 | cpe:/o:microsoft:windows\_vista:-:sp2

### Log Method

Details: CPE Inventory

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.810002 Version used: \$Revision: 14324 \$

### References

Other:

 $\dots$  continued from previous page  $\dots$ 

URL:http://cpe.mitre.org/

[ return to 192.168.0.117 ]

### $2.118\quad 192.168.0.118$

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.119 \quad 192.168.0.119$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:14 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:16 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

### $2.120\quad 192.168.0.120$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:14 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:16 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.121 \quad 192.168.0.121$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:14 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:18 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.122 \quad 192.168.0.122$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:16 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:18 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### $2.123 \quad 192.168.0.123$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:16 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:20 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.124 \quad 192.168.0.124$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:16 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:21 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

### $2.125 \quad 192.168.0.125$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:16 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:20 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.126 \quad 192.168.0.126$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:16 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:20 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.127\quad 192.168.0.127$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:18 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:20 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### 2.128 192.168.0.128

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:18 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:20 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

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#### $2.129 \quad 192.168.0.129$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:18 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:20 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.130 \quad 192.168.0.130$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:18 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:21 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

### $2.131 \quad 192.168.0.131$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:18 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:21 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

### $2.132\quad 192.168.0.132$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:20 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:24 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.133 \quad 192.168.0.133$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:20 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:24 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.134 \quad 192.168.0.134$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:20 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:24 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### $2.135 \quad 192.168.0.135$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:20 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:24 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.136 \quad 192.168.0.136$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:21 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:24 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

### $2.137 \quad 192.168.0.137$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:21 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:24 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### 2.138 192.168.0.138

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:21 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:24 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### $2.139\quad 192.168.0.139$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:21 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:26 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

### 2.140 192.168.0.140

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:21 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:26 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### $2.141 \quad 192.168.0.141$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:24 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:27 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## $2.142 \quad 192.168.0.142$

Service (Port) Threat Level

## $2.143 \quad 192.168.0.143$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:24 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:26 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

## $2.144\quad 192.168.0.144$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:24 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:26 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## $2.145 \quad 192.168.0.145$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:24 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:26 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## 2.146 192.168.0.146

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:24 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:26 2019 UTC

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#### $2.147 \quad 192.168.0.147$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:24 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:27 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## 2.148 192.168.0.148

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:26 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:28 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

## $2.149 \quad 192.168.0.149$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:26 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:29 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

## $2.150 \quad 192.168.0.150$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:26 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:29 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

## $2.151 \quad 192.168.0.151$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:26 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:29 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## $2.152 \quad 192.168.0.152$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:26 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:29 2019 UTC

#### 2.153192.168.0.153

Mon May 13 15:39:26 2019 UTC Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:29 2019 UTC Host scan end

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### 2.154192.168.0.154

Mon May 13 15:39:27 2019 UTC Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:29 2019 UTC Host scan end

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### 2.155192.168.0.155

Mon May 13 15:39:27 2019 UTC Host scan start Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:29 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.156 192.168.0.156

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:27 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:29 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.157192.168.0.157

Mon May 13 15:39:29 2019 UTC Host scan start Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:31 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.158 192.168.0.158

Mon May 13 15:39:29 2019 UTC Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:31 2019 UTC Host scan end

#### $2.159 \quad 192.168.0.159$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:29 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:31 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## $2.160 \quad 192.168.0.160$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:29 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:31 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

## $2.161 \quad 192.168.0.161$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:29 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:31 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

## $2.162 \quad 192.168.0.162$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:29 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:31 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## $2.163 \quad 192.168.0.163$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:30 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:32 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## 2.164 192.168.0.164

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:30 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:32 2019 UTC

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#### $2.165 \quad 192.168.0.165$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:29 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:31 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## $2.166 \quad 192.168.0.166$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:31 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:33 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

## $2.167 \quad 192.168.0.167$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:31 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:33 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## 2.168 192.168.0.168

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:31 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:33 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## $2.169\quad 192.168.0.169$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:31 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:33 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## $2.170 \quad 192.168.0.170$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:31 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:33 2019 UTC

#### $2.171 \quad 192.168.0.171$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:31 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:33 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## $2.172 \quad 192.168.0.172$

Service (Port) Threat Level

## $2.173 \quad 192.168.0.173$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:32 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:34 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## $2.174\quad 192.168.0.174$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:32 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:34 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## $2.175 \quad 192.168.0.175$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:33 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:35 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

## 2.176 192.168.0.176

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:33 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:35 2019 UTC

#### $2.177 \quad 192.168.0.177$

 $\begin{array}{ll} {\rm Host~scan~start} & {\rm Mon~May~13~15:39:33~2019~UTC} \\ {\rm Host~scan~end} \end{array}$ 

Service (Port)	Threat Level
general/tcp	High
$21/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
$4000/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
$445/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
$80/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
general/tcp	Medium
general/tcp	Low
$21/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
$3306/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
$4000/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
$445/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
80/tcp	Log
m general/tcp	Log
$139/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log

## 2.177.1 High general/tcp

#### High (CVSS: 7.2)

NVT: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.39 Privilege Escalation Vulnerability (Linux)

#### Summary

In Apache HTTP Server, with MPM event, worker or prefork, code executing in less-privileged child processes or threads (including scripts executed by an in-process scripting interpreter) could execute arbitrary code with the privileges of the parent process (usually root) by manipulating the scoreboard. Non-Unix systems are not affected.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.29
Fixed version: 2.4.39

#### Solution

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 2.4.39 or later.

#### Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP server version 2.4.38 and prior.

#### **Vulnerability Detection Method**

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

 ${
m Details:}$  Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.39 Privilege Escalation Vulnerability (Linux)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.142219

Version used: 2019-04-15T07:08:44+0000

#### References

CVE: CVE-2019-0211

Other:

URL:https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html

[ return to 192.168.0.177 ]

# 2.177.2 Medium 21/tcp

#### Modium (CVSS: 4.8)

NVT: FTP Unencrypted Cleartext Login

#### Summary

The remote host is running a FTP service that allows cleartext logins over unencrypted connections.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote FTP service accepts logins without a previous sent 'AUTH TLS' command  $\hookrightarrow$ . Response(s):

Anonymous sessions: 331 Please specify the password. Non-anonymous sessions: 331 Please specify the password.

#### Impact

An attacker can uncover login names and passwords by sniffing traffic to the FTP service.

#### Solution

Solution type: Mitigation

Enable FTPS or enforce the connection via the 'AUTH TLS' command. Please see the manual of the FTP service for more information.

## Vulnerability Detection Method

Tries to login to a non FTPS enabled FTP service without sending a 'AUTH TLS' command first and checks if the service is accepting the login without enforcing the use of the 'AUTH TLS' command.

Details: FTP Unencrypted Cleartext Login

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108528 Version used: \$Revision: 13611 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.177 ]

#### 2.177.3 Medium 4000/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Vulnerable Cipher Suites for HTTPS

#### Summary

This routine reports all SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service where attack vectors exists only on HTTPS services.

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#### Vulnerability Detection Result

'Vulnerable' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA (SWEET32)

'Vulnerable' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.1 protocol: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA (SWEET32)

'Vulnerable' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.2 protocol: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA (SWEET32)

## Solution

Solution type: Mitigation

The configuration of this services should be changed so that it does not accept the listed cipher suites anymore.

Please see the references for more resources supporting you with this task.

#### Affected Software/OS

Services accepting vulnerable SSL/TLS cipher suites via HTTPS.

#### Vulnerability Insight

These rules are applied for the evaluation of the vulnerable cipher suites:

- 64-bit block cipher 3DES vulnerable to the SWEET32 attack (CVE-2016-2183).

## Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Vulnerable Cipher Suites for HTTPS

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108031 Version used: \$Revision: 5232 \$

#### References

CVE: CVE-2016-2183, CVE-2016-6329

Other:

URL:https://bettercrypto.org/

URL:https://mozilla.github.io/server-side-tls/ssl-config-generator/

URL:https://sweet32.info/

[ return to 192.168.0.177 ]

## 2.177.4 Medium 445/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 4.0)

m NVT: Samba 'AD LDAP' Information Disclosure Vulnerability - Aug18

### Summary

This host is running Samba and is prone to an information disclosure vulnerability.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 4.7.6

Fixed version: 4.7.9 or apply patch

Installation

path / port: 445/tcp

#### **Impact**

Successful exploitation will allow an attacker to gain access to confidential attribute values.

#### Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

Upgrade to Samba 4.8.4 or 4.7.9 or 4.6.16 or later. Please see the references for more information.

#### Affected Software/OS

All versions of Samba from 4.0.0 onwards

#### Vulnerability Insight

The flaw exists due to a missing access control checks.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Samba 'AD LDAP' Information Disclosure Vulnerability - Aug18

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.813784

Version used: 2019-05-03T08:55:39+0000

## References

CVE: CVE-2018-10919

Other:

URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2018-10919.html
URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-4.8.4.html
URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-4.7.9.html
URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-4.6.16.html

URL:https://www.samba.org

#### Medium (CVSS: 6.5)

NVT: Samba 'libsmbclient' Heap Buffer Overflow Vulnerability - Aug18

#### Summary

This host is running Samba and is prone to a heap based buffer overflow vulnerability.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 4.7.6

Fixed version: 4.7.9 or apply patch

Installation

path / port: 445/tcp

#### Impact

Successful exploitation will allow an attacker to conduct a denial of service attack.

#### Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

Upgrade to Samba 4.6.16, 4.7.9 or 4.8.4 or later. Please see the references for more information.

#### Affected Software/OS

Samba versions 3.2.0 through 4.8.3

#### Vulnerability Insight

The flaw exists due to insufficient input validation on client directory listing in libsmbclient.

#### **Vulnerability Detection Method**

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Samba 'libsmbclient' Heap Buffer Overflow Vulnerability - Aug18

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.813782

Version used: 2019-05-03T08:55:39+0000

#### References

CVE: CVE-2018-10858

Other:

URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2018-10858.html
URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-4.6.16.html
URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-4.7.9.html
URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-4.8.4.html

URL:https://www.samba.org

#### Medium (CVSS: 4.0)

#### NVT: Samba 4.x Multiple DoS Vulnerabilities

## Summary

Samba is prone to multiple vulnerabilities.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 4.7.6
Fixed version: 4.7.12

Installation

path / port: 445/tcp

#### Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

Update to version 4.7.12, 4.8.7, 4.9.3 or later.

#### Affected Software/OS

Samba version 4.x.x.

## Vulnerability Insight

Samba is prone to multiple vulnerabilities:

- CNAME loops can cause DNS server crashes, and CNAMEs can be added by unprivileged users. (CVE-2018-14629)
- A user able to read more than 256MB of LDAP entries can crash the Samba AD DC's LDAP server. (CVE-2018-16851)

## Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Samba 4.x Multiple DoS Vulnerabilities

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.141732 Version used: \$Revision: 13517 \$

#### References

CVE: CVE-2018-14629, CVE-2018-16851

Other:

URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2018-14629.html
URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2018-16851.html

#### Medium (CVSS: 4.0)

NVT: Samba DoS Vulnerability (CVE-2018-16841)

#### Summary

Samba is prone to a denial of service vulnerability.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 4.7.6
Fixed version: 4.7.12

Installation

path / port: 445/tcp

## Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

Update to version 4.7.12, 4.8.7, 4.9.3 or later.

## Affected Software/OS

Samba 4.3.0 and later.

## Vulnerability Insight

A user with a valid certificate or smart card can crash the Samba AD DC's KDC.

## Vulnerability Detection Method

... continued from previous page ...

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Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host. Details: Samba DoS Vulnerability (CVE-2018-16841)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.141734 Version used: \$Revision: 13517 \$

References

CVE: CVE-2018-16841

Other:

URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2018-16841.html

Medium (CVSS: 4.3)

NVT: Samba DoS Vulnerability (CVE-2018-16853)

## Summary

Samba is prone to a denial of service vulnerability.

Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 4.7.6
Fixed version: 4.7.12

Installation

path / port: 445/tcp

Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

Update to version 4.7.12, 4.8.7, 4.9.3 or later.

## Affected Software/OS

Samba 4.7.0 and later.

### Vulnerability Insight

A user in a Samba AD domain can crash the MIT KDC by requesting an S4U2Self ticket.

#### **Vulnerability Detection Method**

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host. Details: Samba DoS Vulnerability (CVE-2018-16853)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.141733 Version used: \$Revision: 13517 \$

References

CVE: CVE-2018-16853

Other:

URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2018-16853.html

#### Medium (CVSS: 4.3)

NVT: Samba Multiple Vulnerabilities - Aug18

#### Summary

This host is running Samba and is prone to multiple vulnerabilities.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 4.7.6

Fixed version: 4.7.9 or apply patch

Installation

path / port: 445/tcp

## Impact

Successful exploitation will allow an attacker to conduct a denial of service attack and authenticate using NTLMv1 over an SMB1 transport.

#### Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

Upgrade to Samba 4.8.4 or 4.7.9 or later. Please see the references for more information.

## Affected Software/OS

All versions of Samba from 4.7.0 onwards

#### Vulnerability Insight

Multiple flaws exists due to

- A missing database output checks on the returned directory attributes from the LDB database layer.
- An error which allows authentication using NTLMv1 over an SMB1 transport (either directory or via NETLOGON SamLogon calls from a member server), even when NTLMv1 is explicitly disabled on the server.

## Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Samba Multiple Vulnerabilities - Aug18

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.813783

Version used: 2019-05-03T08:55:39+0000

#### References

CVE: CVE-2018-10918, CVE-2018-1139

Other:

URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2018-10918.html
URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2018-1139.html
URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-4.7.9.html
URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-4.8.4.html
URL:https://www.samba.org

## Medium (CVSS: 5.5)

NVT: Samba Path/Symlink Traversal Vulnerability (CVE-2019-3880)

#### Summary

Samba is prone to a path/symlink traversal vulnerability.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 4.7.6
Fixed version: 4.8.11

Installation

path / port: 445/tcp

#### Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

Update to version 4.8.11, 4.9.6, 4.10.2 or later.

## ${\bf Affected\ Software/OS}$

Samba 3.2.0 and later.

### Vulnerability Insight

A flaw was found in the way samba implemented an RPC endpoint emulating the Windows registry service API. An unprivileged attacker could use this flaw to create a new registry hive file anywhere they have unix permissions which could lead to creation of a new file in the Samba share.

## Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Samba Path/Symlink Traversal Vulnerability (CVE-2019-3880)

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.142391

Version used: 2019-05-09T14:21:05+0000

### References

CVE: CVE-2019-3880

Other:

URL:https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2019-3880.html

[ return to 192.168.0.177 ]

## 2.177.5 Medium 80/tcp

## Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: Apache /server-status accessible

#### Summary

Requesting the URI /server-status provides information on the server activity and performance.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerable url: http://bavo-GL62M-7RD/server-status

#### **Impact**

Requesting the URI /server-status gives throughout information about the currently running Apache to an attacker.

#### Solution

## Solution type: Mitigation

- If this feature is unused commenting out the appropriate section in the web servers configuration is recommended.
- If this feature is used restricting access to trusted clients is recommended.

#### Affected Software/OS

All Apache installations with an enabled 'mod status' module.

## Vulnerability Insight

server-status is a Apache HTTP Server handler provided by the 'mod\_status' module and used to retrieve the server's activity and performance.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if the /server-status page of Apache is accessible.

Details: Apache /server-status accessible

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10677

Version used: 2019-04-26T12:19:11+0000

#### References

Other:

URL:https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod\_status.html

### Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

 ${
m NVT}$ : Apache HTTP Server 'HTTP/2 connection' DoS Vulnerability

#### Summary

This host is running Apache HTTP Server and is prone to denial-of-service vulnerability

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.29
Fixed version: 2.4.34

Installation

path / port: 80/tcp

#### Impact

Successful exploitation will allow remote attackers to cause a denial of service (DoS) condition on a targeted system.

## Solution

## Solution type: VendorFix

Upgrade to Apache HTTP Server 2.4.34 or later. Please see the references for more information.

#### Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP Server versions 2.4.18 through 2.4.30 and 2.4.33.

## Vulnerability Insight

The flaw is due to an error in the handling of specially crafted HTTP/2 requests.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTP Server 'HTTP/2 connection' DoS Vulnerability

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.813812

Version used: 2019-05-03T08:55:39+0000

### References

CVE: CVE-2018-1333

Other:

URL:https://httpd.apache.org

URL:http://seclists.org/oss-sec/2018/q3/39

URL:https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html

#### Medium (CVSS: 4.3)

NVT: Apache HTTP Server Denial of Service Vulnerability Apr18 (Linux)

#### Summary

The host is installed with Apache HTTP server and is prone to a denial of service vulnerability.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.29 Fixed version: 2.4.30

Installation

path / port: 80/tcp

## Impact

Successful exploitation will allow an attacker to destroy an  ${\rm HTTP}/2$  stream, resulting in a denial of service condition.

#### Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

Upgrade to version 2.4.30 or later. Please see the references for more information.

## Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP server versions 2.4.17, 2.4.18, 2.4.20, 2.4.23 and from 2.4.25 to 2.4.29 on Linux.

## Vulnerability Insight

The flaw exists as the Apache HTTP Server writes a NULL pointer potentially to an already freed memory.

## **Vulnerability Detection Method**

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTP Server Denial of Service Vulnerability Apr18 (Linux)

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.812845

Version used: 2019-05-03T08:55:39+0000

#### References

CVE: CVE-2018-1302

BID:103528 Other:

URL:https://httpd.apache.org/download.cgi

URL:http://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2018/03/24/8 URL:http://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2018/03/24/2

## Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

#### NVT: Apache HTTP Server Denial of Service Vulnerability-02 Apr18 (Linux)

## Summary

The host is installed with Apache HTTP server and is prone to a denial of service vulnerability.

## **Vulnerability Detection Result**

Installed version: 2.4.29
Fixed version: 2.4.30

Installation

path / port: 80/tcp

### Impact

Successful exploitation will allow an attacker to crash the Apache HTTP Server resulting in denial of service condition.

#### Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

Upgrade to version 2.4.30 or later. Please see the references for more information.

#### Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP server versions 2.4.6, 2.4.7, 2.4.9, 2.4.10, 2.4.12, 2.4.16 through 2.4.18, 2.4.20, 2.4.23, and 2.4.25 through 2.4.29 on Linux.

# Vulnerability Insight

The flaw exists as the Apache HTTP Server fails to sanitize against a specially crafted HTTP request header.

## **Vulnerability Detection Method**

... continued from previous page ...

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTP Server Denial of Service Vulnerability-02 Apr18 (Linux)

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.812849

Version used: 2019-05-03T08:55:39+0000

#### References

CVE: CVE-2018-1303

BID:103522 Other:

URL:https://httpd.apache.org/download.cgi

URL:https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html

#### Medium (CVSS: 6.8)

NVT: Apache HTTP Server Multiple Vulnerabilities Apr18 (Linux)

#### Summary

The host is installed with Apache HTTP server and is prone to multiple vulnerabilities.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.29
Fixed version: 2.4.30

Installation

path / port: 80/tcp

#### Impact

Successful exploitation will allow an attacker to replay HTTP requests across servers without detection, influence the user content, upload a malicious file, crash the Apache HTTP Server and perform denial of service attack.

## Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

Upgrade to version 2.4.30 or later. Please see the references for more information.

## Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP server versions from 2.4.1 to 2.4.4, 2.4.6, 2.4.7, 2.4.9, 2.4.10, 2.4.12, 2.4.16 to 2.4.18, 2.4.20, 2.4.23, 2.4.25 to 2.4.29 on Linux.

#### Vulnerability Insight

Multiple flaws exists due to,

- Apache HTTP Server fails to correctly generate the nonce sent to prevent reply attacks.
- Misconfigured mod session variable, HTTP SESSION.
- Apache HTTP Server fails to sanitize the expression specified in '<FilesMatch>'.
- An error in Apache HTTP Server  $'mod_authnz_dap'$  when configured with AuthLDAPCharsetConfig.
- Apache HTTP Server fails to sanitize against a specially crafted request.

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... continued from previous page ...

## Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTP Server Multiple Vulnerabilities Apr18 (Linux)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.812844

Version used: 2019-05-03T08:55:39+0000

## References

CVE: CVE-2018-1312, CVE-2018-1283, CVE-2017-15715, CVE-2017-15710, CVE-2018-1301

BID:103524, 103520, 103525, 103512, 103515

Other:

URL:https://httpd.apache.org/download.cgi

URL:https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html

#### Medium (CVSS: 4.3)

NVT: Apache HTTPD HTTP/2 'SETTINGS' Data Processing DoS Vulnerability (Linux)

## Summary

This host is running Apache HTTP Server and is prone to denial-of-service vulnerability

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.29
Fixed version: 2.4.35

Installation

path / port: 80/tcp

#### Impact

Successful exploitation will allow remote attackers to cause a denial of service (DoS) condition on a targeted system.

## Solution

Solution type: VendorFix

Upgrade to Apache HTTP Server 2.4.35 or later. Please see the references for more information.

## ${\bf Affected\ Software/OS}$

Apache HTTP Server versions 2.4.34, 2.4.33, 2.4.30, 2.4.29, 2.4.28, 2.4.27, 2.4.26, 2.4.25, 2.4.23, 2.4.20, 2.4.18.

#### Vulnerability Insight

The flaw is due to an improper processing of specially crafted and continuous SETTINGS data for an ongoing  $\rm HTTP/2$  connection to cause the target service to fail to timeout.

### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTPD HTTP/2 'SETTINGS' Data Processing DoS Vulnerability (Linux)

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.814056

Version used: 2019-05-03T08:55:39+0000

#### References

CVE: CVE-2018-11763

Other:

URL:https://httpd.apache.org

URL:https://securitytracker.com/id/1041713

URL:https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html

[ return to 192.168.0.177 ]

## 2.177.6 Medium general/tcp

#### Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.38 HTTP/2 DoS Vulnerability (Linux)

#### Summary

By sending request bodies in a slow loris way to plain resources, the h2 stream for that request unnecessarily occupied a server thread cleaning up that incoming data. This affects only HTTP/2 connections. A possible mitigation is to not enable the h2 protocol.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.29
Fixed version: 2.4.38

#### Solution

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 2.4.38 or later.

#### Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP server version 2.4.37 and prior.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.38 HTTP/2 DoS Vulnerability (Linux)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.141966 Version used: \$Revision: 13547 \$

#### References

CVE: CVE-2018-17189

Other:

URL:https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html

#### Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: Apache HTTP Server  $< 2.4.38 \; ext{mod} \; ext{session} \; ext{cookie} \; ext{Vulnerability} \; ext{(Linux)}$ 

## Summary

In Apache HTTP Server mod\_session checks the session expiry time before decoding the session. This causes session expiry time to be ignored for mod\_session\_cookie sessions since the expiry time is loaded when the session is decoded.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.29 Fixed version: 2.4.38

#### Solution

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 2.4.38 or later.

#### Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP server version 2.4.37 and prior.

#### **Vulnerability Detection Method**

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.38 mod\_session\_cookie Vulnerability (Linux)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.141964 Version used: \$Revision: 13750 \$

#### References

CVE: CVE-2018-17199

Other:

URL:https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html

#### Medium (CVSS: 6.0)

NVT: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.39 mod\_auth\_digest Access Control Bypass Vulnerability (Linux)

#### Summary

In Apache HTTP Server, a race condition in mod\_auth\_digest when running in a threaded server could allow a user with valid credentials to authenticate using another username, bypassing configured access control restrictions.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.29
Fixed version: 2.4.39

#### Solution

Solution type: VendorFix Update to version 2.4.39 or later.

## Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP server version 2.4.38 and prior.

#### **Vulnerability Detection Method**

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

 ${
m Details:}$  Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.39 mod\_auth\_digest Access Control Bypass Vulnerability.

 $\hookrightarrow$  . .

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.142220

Version used: 2019-04-15T07:08:44+0000

#### References

CVE: CVE-2019-0217

Other:

URL:https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html

#### Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.39 mod http2 DoS Vulnerability (Linux)

## Summary

Using fuzzed network input, the http/2 request handling could be made to access freed memory in string comparison when determining the method of a request and thus process the request incorrectly.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.29
Fixed version: 2.4.39

#### Solution

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 2.4.39 or later.

### Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP server version 2.4.38 and prior.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.39 mod\_http2 DoS Vulnerability (Linux)

 $OID{:}1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.142226$ 

Version used: 2019-04-08T15:50:06+0000

#### References

CVE: CVE-2019-0196

Other:

URL:https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html

 $[\ {\rm return\ to\ 192.168.0.177}\ ]$ 

## 2.177.7 Low general/tcp

#### Low (CVSS: 1.7)

NVT: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.39 URL Normalization Vulnerability (Linux)

#### Summary

When the path component of a request URL contains multiple consecutive slashes ('/'), directives such as LocationMatch and RewriteRule must account for duplicates in regular expressions while other aspects of the servers processing will implicitly collapse them.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.29
Fixed version: 2.4.39

#### Solution

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 2.4.39 or later.

## Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP server version 2.4.38 and prior.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.39 URL Normalization Vulnerability (Linux)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.142228

Version used: 2019-04-08T15:50:06+0000

## References

CVE: CVE-2019-0220

Other:

URL:https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html

[ return to 192.168.0.177 ]

#### $2.177.8 \quad \text{Log } 21/\text{tcp}$

## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: FTP Banner Detection

#### Summary

This Plugin detects and reports a FTP Server Banner.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Remote FTP server banner:

220 (vsFTPd 3.0.3)

This is probably:

- vsFTPd

#### Log Method

 $\begin{array}{c} Details: \ \mbox{FTP Banner Detection} \\ OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10092 \end{array}$ 

Version used: 2019-05-02T04:45:21+0000

#### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

## NVT: FTP Missing Support For AUTH TLS

#### Summary

The remote FTP server does not support the 'AUTH TLS' command.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote FTP server does not support the 'AUTH TLS' command.

## Log Method

Details: FTP Missing Support For AUTH TLS

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108553 Version used: \$Revision: 13863 \$

## Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Services

## Summary

This routine attempts to guess which service is running on the remote ports. For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

An FTP server is running on this port.

Here is its banner :
220 (vsFTPd 3.0.3)

#### Log Method

Details: Services

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330 \\ & \text{Version used: $Revision: 13541 $} \end{aligned}$ 

## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: vsFTPd FTP Server Detection

#### Summary

The script is grabbing the banner of a FTP server and attempts to identify a vsFTPd FTP Server and its version from the reply.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected vsFTPd Version: 3.0.3 Location: 21/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:beasts:vsftpd:3.0.3

Concluded from version/product identification result:

220 (vsFTPd 3.0.3)

## Log Method

Details: vsFTPd FTP Server Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111050 Version used: \$Revision: 13499 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.177 ]

## $2.177.9 \quad \text{Log } 3306/\text{tcp}$

# $egin{array}{ll} { m Log} \ ({ m CVSS:} \ 0.0) \\ { m NVT:} \ { m MySQL/MariaDB} \ { m Detection} \end{array}$

#### **Summary**

Detects the installed version of MySQL/MariaDB.

Detect a running MySQL/MariaDB by getting the banner, extract the version from the banner and store the information in KB.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected MySQL Version: unknown Location: 3306/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:oracle:mysql

Extra information:

Scanner received a ER\_HOST\_NOT\_PRIVILEGED error from the remote MySQL server. Some tests may fail. Allow the scanner to access the remote MySQL server for bet  $\hookrightarrow$ ter results.

## Log Method

Details: MySQL/MariaDB Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100152 Version used: \$Revision: 10929 \$

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## Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Services

#### Summary

This routine attempts to guess which service is running on the remote ports. For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

A MySQL server is running on this port

## Log Method

Details: Services

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330 Version used: \$Revision: 13541 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.177 ]

## 2.177.10 Log 4000/tcp

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: CGI Scanning Consolidation

#### Summary

The script consolidates various information for CGI scanning.

This information is based on the following scripts / settings:

- HTTP-Version Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100034)
- No 404 check (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10386)
- Web mirroring / webmirror.nasl (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10662)
- Directory Scanner / DDI Directory Scanner.nasl (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11032)
- The configured 'cgi\_path' within the 'Scanner Preferences' of the scan config in use
- The configured 'Enable CGI scanning', 'Enable generic web application scanning' and 'Add historic /scripts and /cgi-bin to directories for CGI scanning' within the 'Global variable settings' of the scan config in use

If you think any of this information is wrong please report it to the referenced community portal.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

The Hostname/IP "bavo-GL62M-7RD" was used to access the remote host.

Generic web application scanning is disabled for this host via the "Enable gener  $\hookrightarrow$  ic web application scanning" option within the "Global variable settings" of t  $\hookrightarrow$ he scan config in use.

Requests to this service are done via HTTP/1.1.

This service seems to be NOT able to host PHP scripts.

This service seems to be NOT able to host ASP scripts.

The User-Agent "Mozilla/5.0 [en] (X11, U; OpenVAS-VT 9.0.3)" was used to access  $\hookrightarrow$  the remote host.

Historic /scripts and /cgi-bin are not added to the directories used for CGI sca

 $\hookrightarrow$ nning. You can enable this again with the "Add historic /scripts and /cgi-bin  $\hookrightarrow$ to directories for CGI scanning" option within the "Global variable settings"  $\hookrightarrow$ of the scan config in use.

The following directories were used for CGI scanning:

https://bavo-GL62M-7RD:4000/

While this is not, in and of itself, a bug, you should manually inspect these di  $\hookrightarrow$ rectories to ensure that they are in compliance with company security standard  $\hookrightarrow$ s

## Log Method

Details: CGI Scanning Consolidation OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111038
Version used: \$Revision: 13679 \$

#### References

Other:

URL:https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests

## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

## NVT: Greenbone Security Assistant (GSA) Detection

#### Summary

The script sends a connection request to the server and attempts to determine if it is a GSA from the reply.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected Greenbone Security Assistant

Version: 7.0.3
Location: /

CPE: cpe:/a:greenbone:greenbone\_security\_assistant:7.0.3

Concluded from version/product identification result:

<span class="version">Version 7.0.3</span>

## Log Method

Details: Greenbone Security Assistant (GSA) Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103841 Version used: \$Revision: 13882 \$

## Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Services

## Summary

This routine attempts to guess which service is running on the remote ports. For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

#### **Vulnerability Detection Result**

A TLScustom server answered on this port

## Log Method

Details: Services

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330 Version used: Revision: 13541\$

## Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Services

#### Summary

This routine attempts to guess which service is running on the remote ports. For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

A web server is running on this port through SSL

# Log Method

Details: Services

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330 Version used: \$Revision: 13541 \$

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Collect and Report Certificate Details

#### Summary

This script collects and reports the details of all SSL/TLS certificates.

This data will be used by other tests to verify server certificates.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

The following certificate details of the remote service were collected.

Certificate details:

subject ...: C=DE,L=Osnabrueck,O=OpenVAS Users,CN=bavo-GL62M-7RD

subject alternative names (SAN):

None

issued by .: C=DE,L=Osnabrueck,O=OpenVAS Users,OU=Certificate Authority for bavo

 $\hookrightarrow$ -GL62M-7RD

serial ....: 5CD985222AC0F5A61129036A valid from: 2019-05-13 14:54:26 UTC valid until: 2021-05-12 14:54:26 UTC

fingerprint (SHA-1): FE505BEC397900DC02AD1B7E31D5C51F3E9A957D

fingerprint (SHA-256): 4B8E03FA40CF4D4AD288ABFFF7455A9620B1C7FE26E0D69A4403EE155

→360B473

#### Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Collect and Report Certificate Details

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103692

Version used: 2019-04-04T13:38:03+0000

#### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

## NVT: SSL/TLS: Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Missing

#### Summary

The remote service is missing support for SSL/TLS cipher suites supporting Perfect Forward Secrecy.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote service does not support perfect forward secrecy cipher suites.

#### Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Missing

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105092 Version used: \$Revision: 4736 \$

## $\overline{\text{Log}}$ (CVSS: 0.0)

## NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Medium Cipher Suites

#### Summary

This routine reports all Medium SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

'Medium' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_256\_CBC\_SHA

'Medium' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.1 protocol:

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_256\_CBC\_SHA

'Medium' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.2 protocol:

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CCM
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA256
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CCM
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA256
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA256
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_GCM\_SHA256
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_256\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_256\_CBC\_SHA

## Vulnerability Insight

Any cipher suite considered to be secure for only the next 10 years is considered as medium

#### Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Medium Cipher Suites

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.902816 Version used: \$Revision: 4743 \$

## Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Non Weak Cipher Suites

#### Summary

This routine reports all Non Weak SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

'Non Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA
'Non Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.1 protocol:
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_256\_CBC\_SHA
'Non Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.2 protocol:
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CCM

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA256
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CCM
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA256
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_GCM\_SHA256
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_256\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_256\_CBC\_SHA

#### Log Method

 $\operatorname{Details:}$  SSL/TLS: Report Non Weak Cipher Suites

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103441 Version used: \$Revision: 4736 \$

#### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

## NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites

#### Summary

This routine reports all SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service.

As the NVT 'SSL/TLS: Check Supported Cipher Suites' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900234) might run into a timeout the actual reporting of all accepted cipher suites takes place in this NVT instead. The script preference 'Report timeout' allows you to configure if such an timeout is reported.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

No 'Strong' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol. 'Medium' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA
TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA

No 'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol.

No 'Null' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol.

No 'Anonymous' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol.

No 'Strong' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.1 protocol.

'Medium' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.1 protocol:

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA

TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_256\_CBC\_SHA

No 'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.1 protocol.

No 'Null' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.1 protocol.

No 'Anonymous' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.1 protocol.

No 'Strong' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.2 protocol.

... continued from previous page ... 'Medium' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.2 protocol: TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256 TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CCM TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256 TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA256 TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CCM TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384 TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_CBC\_SHA256 TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_128\_GCM\_SHA256 TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_256\_CBC\_SHA TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_256\_CBC\_SHA256 TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_CAMELLIA\_256\_GCM\_SHA384 No 'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.2 protocol. No 'Null' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.2 protocol. No 'Anonymous' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.2 protocol.

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067 Version used: \$Revision: 11108 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.177 ]

# $2.177.11 \quad \text{Log } 445/\text{tcp}$

#### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Microsoft Windows SMB Accessible Shares

#### Summary

The script detects the Windows SMB Accessible Shares and sets the result into KB.

# Vulnerability Detection Result

The following shares were found

IPC\$

#### Log Method

Details: Microsoft Windows SMB Accessible Shares

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.902425Version used: \$Revision: 11420 \$

## Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: SMB log in

#### Summary

This script attempts to logon into the remote host using login/password credentials.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to log into the remote host using the SMB protocol.

#### Log Method

Details: SMB log in

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10394 Version used: \$Revision: 13247 \$

## $\overline{\text{Log}}$ (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB Login Successful For Authenticated Checks

## Summary

It was possible to login using the provided SMB credentials. Hence authenticated checks are enabled.

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

## Log Method

Details: SMB Login Successful For Authenticated Checks

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108539 Version used: \$Revision: 13248 \$

## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB NativeLanMan

## Summary

It is possible to extract OS, domain and SMB server information from the Session Setup AndX Response packet which is generated during NTLM authentication.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected Samba Version: 4.7.6 Location: 445/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:samba:samba:4.7.6

Concluded from version/product identification result:

Samba 4.7.6-Ubuntu Extra information:

Detected SMB workgroup: WORKGROUP
Detected SMB server: Samba 4.7.6-Ubuntu

## Log Method

Details: SMB NativeLanMan OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102011

Version used: 2019-04-24T11:06:32+0000

## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

## NVT: SMB NativeLanMan

#### Summary

It is possible to extract OS, domain and SMB server information from the Session Setup AndX Response packet which is generated during NTLM authentication.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected SMB workgroup: WORKGROUP

Detected SMB server: Samba 4.7.6-Ubuntu

Detected OS: Ubuntu 18.04

#### Log Method

Details: SMB NativeLanMan OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102011

Version used: 2019-04-24T11:06:32+0000

## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

## NVT: SMB Remote Version Detection

## Summary

Detection of Server Message Block(SMB).

This script sends SMB Negotiation request and try to get the version from the response.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

SMBv1 and SMBv2 are enabled on remote target

## Log Method

Details: SMB Remote Version Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.807830 Version used: \$Revision: 10898 \$

## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

## NVT: SMB/CIFS Server Detection

## Summary

This script detects whether port 445 and 139 are open and if they are running a CIFS/SMB server.

... continued from previous page ...

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

A CIFS server is running on this port

## Log Method

Details: SMB/CIFS Server Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11011 Version used: \$Revision: 13541 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.177 ]

## $2.177.12 \quad \text{Log } 80/\text{tcp}$

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Apache Web Server Detection

#### Summary

Detects the installed version of Apache Web Server

The script detects the version of Apache HTTP Server on remote host and sets the KB.

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected Apache Version: 2.4.29 Location: 80/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.29

Concluded from version/product identification result:

Server: Apache/2.4.29

#### Log Method

Details: Apache Web Server Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900498 Version used: \$Revision: 10290 \$

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

## NVT: CGI Scanning Consolidation

#### Summary

The script consolidates various information for CGI scanning.

This information is based on the following scripts / settings:

- HTTP-Version Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100034)
- No 404 check (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10386)
- Web mirroring / webmirror.nasl (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10662)
- Directory Scanner / DDI Directory Scanner.nasl (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11032)
- The configured 'cgi\_path' within the 'Scanner Preferences' of the scan config in use
- $\dots$  continues on next page  $\dots$

- The configured 'Enable CGI scanning', 'Enable generic web application scanning' and 'Add historic /scripts and /cgi-bin to directories for CGI scanning' within the 'Global variable settings' of the scan config in use

If you think any of this information is wrong please report it to the referenced community portal.

### **Vulnerability Detection Result**

The Hostname/IP "bavo-GL62M-7RD" was used to access the remote host.

Generic web application scanning is disabled for this host via the "Enable gener  $\hookrightarrow$  ic web application scanning" option within the "Global variable settings" of t  $\hookrightarrow$  he scan config in use.

Requests to this service are done via HTTP/1.1.

This service seems to be able to host PHP scripts.

This service seems to be NOT able to host ASP scripts.

The User-Agent "Mozilla/5.0 [en] (X11, U; OpenVAS-VT 9.0.3)" was used to access  $\hookrightarrow$  the remote host.

Historic /scripts and /cgi-bin are not added to the directories used for CGI sca  $\hookrightarrow$ nning. You can enable this again with the "Add historic /scripts and /cgi-bin  $\hookrightarrow$ to directories for CGI scanning" option within the "Global variable settings"  $\hookrightarrow$  of the scan config in use.

The following directories were used for CGI scanning:

http://bavo-GL62M-7RD/

http://bavo-GL62M-7RD/client

http://bavo-GL62M-7RD/server-status

While this is not, in and of itself, a bug, you should manually inspect these di  $\hookrightarrow$ rectories to ensure that they are in compliance with company security standard  $\hookrightarrow$ s

The following directories were excluded from CGI scanning because the "Regex pat  $\hookrightarrow$  tern to exclude directories from CGI scanning" setting of the NVT "Global vari  $\hookrightarrow$  able settings" (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.12288) for this scan was: "/(index\ $\hookrightarrow$ .php|image|img|css|js\$|js/|javascript|style|theme|icon|jquery|graphic|grafik|p $\hookrightarrow$ icture|bilder|thumbnail|media/|skins?/)"

http://bavo-GL62M-7RD/icons

### Log Method

Details: CGI Scanning Consolidation

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111038 Version used: \$Revision: 13679 \$

### References

Other:

URL:https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests

# $\overline{\text{Log (CVSS: 0.0)}}$

NVT: HTTP Security Headers Detection

### Summary

All known security headers are being checked on the host. On completion a report will hand back whether a specific security header has been implemented (including its value) or is missing on the target.

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Missing Headers

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Content-Security-Policy

Referrer-Policy

X-Content-Type-Options

X-Frame-Options

X-Permitted-Cross-Domain-Policies

X-XSS-Protection

### Log Method

Details: HTTP Security Headers Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.112081 Version used: \$Revision: 10899 \$

# References

Other:

URL:https://www.owasp.org/index.php/OWASP\_Secure\_Headers\_Project

URL: https://www.owasp.org/index.php/OWASP\_Secure\_Headers\_Project#tab=Headers

URL:https://securityheaders.io/

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: HTTP Server type and version

### **Summary**

This detects the HTTP Server's type and version.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote web server type is :

Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu)

Solution: You can set the directive "ServerTokens Prod" to limit the information emanating from the server in its response headers.

### Solution

- Configure your server to use an alternate name like 'Wintendo httpD w/Dotmatrix display'
- Be sure to remove common logos like a pache\_pb.gif.
- With Apache, you can set the directive 'ServerTokens Prod' to limit the information emanating from the server in its response headers.

### Log Method

Details: HTTP Server type and version

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10107 Version used: \$Revision: 11585 \$

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# Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Services

### Summary

This routine attempts to guess which service is running on the remote ports. For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

# Vulnerability Detection Result

A web server is running on this port

# Log Method

Details: Services

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330 Version used: \$Revision: 13541 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.177 ]

# 2.177.13 Log general/tcp

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

### Summary

This script consolidates the OS information detected by several NVTs and tries to find the best matching OS.

Furthermore it reports all previously collected information leading to this best matching OS. It also reports possible additional information which might help to improve the OS detection. If any of this information is wrong or could be improved please consider to report these to the

referenced community portal.

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Best matching OS:

OS: Linux/Unix

CPE: cpe:/o:linux:kernel

Found by NVT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105355 (FTP OS Identification)

Concluded from FTP banner on port 21/tcp: 220 (vsFTPd 3.0.3) Setting key "Host/runs\_unixoide" based on this information

Other OS detections (in order of reliability):

OS: Ubuntu 18.04 Version: 18.04

CPE: cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu\_linux:18.04

Found by NVT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102011 (SMB NativeLanMan)

Concluded from SMB/Samba banner on port 445/tcp: OS String: Ubuntu 18.04; SMB St

 $\hookrightarrow$ ring: Samba 4.7.6-Ubuntu

OS: Ubuntu 18.04 Version: 18.04

... continued from previous page ...

CPE: cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu\_linux:18.04

Found by NVT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111067 (HTTP OS Identification)

Concluded from HTTP Server banner on port 80/tcp: Server: Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu)

OS: Ubuntu

CPE: cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu\_linux

Found by NVT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111067 (HTTP OS Identification)

Concluded from HTTP Server default page on port 80/tcp: <title>Apache2 Ubuntu De

 $\hookrightarrow$ fault Page

### Log Method

Details: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937

Version used: 2019-05-02T04:45:21+0000

### References

Other:

URL:https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests

# Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Traceroute

### Summary

A traceroute from the scanning server to the target system was conducted. This traceroute is provided primarily for informational value only. In the vast majority of cases, it does not represent a vulnerability. However, if the displayed traceroute contains any private addresses that should not have been publicly visible, then you have an issue you need to correct.

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Here is the route from 192.168.0.177 to 192.168.0.177:

192.168.0.177

### Solution

Block unwanted packets from escaping your network.

# Log Method

Details: Traceroute

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.51662 Version used: \$Revision: 10411 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.177 ]

# $2.177.14 \quad \text{Log } 139/\text{tcp}$

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB/CIFS Server Detection

### Summary

This script detects whether port 445 and 139 are open and if they are running a CIFS/SMB server.

# Vulnerability Detection Result

A SMB server is running on this port

### Log Method

Details: SMB/CIFS Server Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11011 Version used: \$Revision: 13541 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.177 ]

#### 192.168.0.178 2.178

Mon May 13 15:39:33 2019 UTC Host scan start Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:36 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.179192.168.0.179

Mon May 13 15:39:33 2019 UTC Host scan start Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:36 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.180192.168.0.180

Mon May 13 15:39:34 2019 UTC Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:36 2019 UTC Host scan end

> Service (Port) Threat Level

#### 2.181 192.168.0.181

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:34 2019 UTC Mon May  $13\ 15:39:36\ 2019\ UTC$ Host scan end

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#### 2.182192.168.0.182

Mon May 13 15:39:34 2019 UTC Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:37 2019 UTC Host scan end

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.183 192.168.0.183

Mon May 13 15:39:34 2019 UTC Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:37 2019 UTC Host scan end

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### 2.184192.168.0.184

Mon May 13 15:39:35 2019 UTC Host scan start Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:38 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

#### 2.185 192.168.0.185

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:35 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:38 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.186 192.168.0.186

Mon May 13 15:39:36 2019 UTC Host scan start Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:38 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

#### 2.187 192.168.0.187

Mon May 13 15:39:37 2019 UTC Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:39 2019 UTC Host scan end

### $2.188 \quad 192.168.0.188$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:36 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:38 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.189 192.168.0.189

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:37 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:39 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.190\quad 192.168.0.190$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:37 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:39 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.191\quad 192.168.0.191$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:37 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:39 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.192\quad 192.168.0.192$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:38 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:40 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.193 \quad 192.168.0.193$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:38 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:40 2019 UTC

### $2.194 \quad 192.168.0.194$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:38 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:40 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.195 \quad 192.168.0.195$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:38 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:40 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.196\quad 192.168.0.196$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:39 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:41 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.197 \quad 192.168.0.197$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:39 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:41 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.198\quad 192.168.0.198$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:39 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:41 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.199 \quad 192.168.0.199$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:39 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:41 2019 UTC

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### $2.200 \quad 192.168.0.200$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:40 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:43 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.201 \quad 192.168.0.201$

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.202 \quad 192.168.0.202$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:40 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:43 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.203 \quad 192.168.0.203$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:40 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:43 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.204\quad 192.168.0.204$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:41 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:44 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.205 192.168.0.205

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:42 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:44 2019 UTC

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### $2.206 \quad 192.168.0.206$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:42 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:44 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.207 \quad 192.168.0.207$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:43 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:45 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.208\quad 192.168.0.208$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:43 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:45 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# 2.209 192.168.0.209

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:43 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:45 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.210\quad 192.168.0.210$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:43 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:45 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.211 \quad 192.168.0.211$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:43 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:45 2019 UTC

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### $2.212 \quad 192.168.0.212$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:44 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:46 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.213 \quad 192.168.0.213$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:44 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:46 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.214\quad 192.168.0.214$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:44 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:46 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.215\quad 192.168.0.215$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:45 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:47 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.216 \quad 192.168.0.216$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:45 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:47 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.217 192.168.0.217

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:45 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:47 2019 UTC

### $2.218 \quad 192.168.0.218$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:45 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:47 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.219 \quad 192.168.0.219$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:45 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:48 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.220\quad 192.168.0.220$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:46 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:49 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.221 \quad 192.168.0.221$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:46 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:49 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.222\quad 192.168.0.222$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:46 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:49 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.223 \quad 192.168.0.223$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:47 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:50 2019 UTC

### $2.224 \quad 192.168.0.224$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:47 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:43:14 2019 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
$135/{ m tcp}$	Medium
general/tcp	Low
$139/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
general/CPE-T	Log
$902/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
$135/{ m tcp}$	Log
$912/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
$445/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
m general/tcp	Log

# 2.224.1 Medium 135/tcp

#### Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration Reporting

### Summary

Distributed Computing Environment / Remote Procedure Calls (DCE/RPC) or MSRPC services running on the remote host can be enumerated by connecting on port 135 and doing the appropriate queries.

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Here is the list of DCE/RPC or MSRPC services running on this host via the TCP p  $\hookrightarrow$ rotocol:

Port: 49664/tcp

UUID: d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84da1ddb0d, version 1

Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.224[49664]

Port: 49665/tcp

UUID: f6beaff7-1e19-4fbb-9f8f-b89e2018337c, version 1

Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.224[49665]

Annotation: Event log TCPIP

Port: 49666/tcp

UUID: 3a9ef155-691d-4449-8d05-09ad57031823, version 1

Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.224[49666]

UUID: 86d35949-83c9-4044-b424-db363231fd0c, version 1

Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.224[49666]

Port: 49667/tcp

UUID: 29770a8f-829b-4158-90a2-78cd488501f7, version 1

Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.224[49667]

Port: 49668/tcp

UUID: 0b6edbfa-4a24-4fc6-8a23-942b1eca65d1, version 1

Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.224[49668]

... continued from previous page ... UUID: 12345678-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ab, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.224[49668] Named pipe : spoolss Win32 service or process : spoolsv.exe Description : Spooler service UUID: 4a452661-8290-4b36-8fbe-7f4093a94978, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.224[49668] UUID: 76f03f96-cdfd-44fc-a22c-64950a001209, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.224[49668] UUID: ae33069b-a2a8-46ee-a235-ddfd339be281, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.224[49668] Port: 49671/tcp UUID: 367abb81-9844-35f1-ad32-98f038001003, version 2 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.224[49671] Port: 49672/tcp UUID: 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.224[49672] Named pipe : lsass Win32 service or process : lsass.exe Description : SAM access UUID: 51a227ae-825b-41f2-b4a9-1ac9557a1018, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.224[49672] Annotation: Ngc Pop Key Service UUID: 8fb74744-b2ff-4c00-be0d-9ef9a191fe1b, version 1 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.224[49672] Annotation: Ngc Pop Key Service UUID: b25a52bf-e5dd-4f4a-aea6-8ca7272a0e86, version 2 Endpoint: ncacn\_ip\_tcp:192.168.0.224[49672] Annotation: KeyIso Note: DCE/RPC or MSRPC services running on this host locally were identified. Re ⇔porting this list is not enabled by default due to the possible large size of  $\hookrightarrow$ this list. See the script preferences to enable this reporting. An attacker may use this fact to gain more knowledge about the remote host. Solution Solution type: Mitigation Filter incoming traffic to this ports. **Vulnerability Detection Method** Details: DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration Reporting

[ return to 192.168.0.224 ]

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10736 Version used: \$Revision: 6319 \$

# 2.224.2 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)

NVT: Relative IP Identification number change

### Summary

The remote host uses non-random IP IDs, that is, it is possible to predict the next value of the ip id field of the ip packets sent by this host.

# Vulnerability Detection Result

The target host was found to be vulnerable

### Impact

An attacker may use this feature to determine traffic patterns within your network. A few examples (not at all exhaustive) are:

- 1. A remote attacker can determine if the remote host sent a packet in reply to another request. Specifically, an attacker can use your server as an unwilling participant in a blind portscan of another network.
- 2. A remote attacker can roughly determine server requests at certain times of the day. For instance, if the server is sending much more traffic after business hours, the server may be a reverse proxy or other remote access device. An attacker can use this information to concentrate his/her efforts on the more critical machines.
- 3. A remote attacker can roughly estimate the number of requests that a web server processes over a period of time.

#### Solution

Solution type: VendorFix Contact your vendor for a patch

### Vulnerability Detection Method

 $\operatorname{Details:}$  Relative IP Identification number change

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10201 Version used: \$Revision: 10411 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.224 ]

### 2.224.3 Log 139/tcp

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB/CIFS Server Detection

### Summary

This script detects whether port 445 and 139 are open and if they are running a CIFS/SMB server.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

A SMB server is running on this port

### Log Method

Details: SMB/CIFS Server Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11011

Version used: \$Revision: 13541 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.224 ]

# 2.224.4 Log general/CPE-T

# Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: CPE Inventory

### Summary

This routine uses information collected by other routines about CPE identities of operating systems, services and applications detected during the scan.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

192.168.0.224 | cpe:/o:microsoft:windows\_10:1803:cb:pro

### Log Method

Details: CPE Inventory

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.810002 Version used: \$Revision: 14324 \$

# References

Other:

URL:http://cpe.mitre.org/

 $[\ {\rm return\ to\ 192.168.0.224}\ ]$ 

# $2.224.5 \quad \textbf{Log } 902/\textbf{tcp}$

# Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Services

### Summary

This routine attempts to guess which service is running on the remote ports. For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

# Vulnerability Detection Result

A VMWare authentication daemon is running on this port:

220 VMware Authentication Daemon Version 1.10: SSL Required, ServerDaemonProtoco  $\hookrightarrow$  1:SOAP, MKSDisplayProtocol:VNC , , NFCSSL supported/t

# Log Method

Details: Services

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330 Version used: \$Revision: 13541 \$

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

# NVT: VMware ESX/GSX Server detection

### Summary

The remote host appears to be running VMware ESX or GSX Server.

Description:

According to its banner, the remote host appears to be running a VMWare server authentication daemon, which likely indicates the remote host is running VMware ESX or GSX Server.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

A VMware Authentication Daemon in Version: 1.10 is running on this port

### Log Method

Details: VMware ESX/GSX Server detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.20301 Version used: \$Revision: 13541 \$

### References

Other:

URL:http://www.vmware.com/

[ return to 192.168.0.224 ]

### $2.224.6 \quad \text{Log } 135/\text{tcp}$

### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

# NVT: DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration

### Summary

Distributed Computing Environment / Remote Procedure Calls (DCE/RPC) or MSRPC services running on the remote host can be enumerated by connecting on port 135 and doing the appropriate queries.

The actual reporting takes place in the NVT 'DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration Reporting' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10736)

# Vulnerability Detection Result

A DCE endpoint resolution service seems to be running on this port.

# Impact

An attacker may use this fact to gain more knowledge about the remote host.

### Solution

**Solution type:** Mitigation Filter incoming traffic to this port.

### Log Method

Details: DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108044 Version used: \$Revision: 11885 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.224 ]

# $2.224.7 \quad Log \ 912/tcp$

# Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Services

### Summary

This routine attempts to guess which service is running on the remote ports. For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

A VMWare authentication daemon is running on this port:

220 VMware Authentication Daemon Version 1.0, ServerDaemonProtocol:SOAP, MKSDisp  $\hookrightarrow$  layProtocol:VNC , ,

# Log Method

Details: Services

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330 \\ & \text{Version used: $Revision: 13541 $} \end{aligned}$ 

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

# NVT: VMware ESX/GSX Server detection

### Summary

The remote host appears to be running VMware ESX or GSX Server.

Description:

According to its banner, the remote host appears to be running a VMWare server authentication daemon, which likely indicates the remote host is running VMware ESX or GSX Server.

# Vulnerability Detection Result

A VMware Authentication Daemon in Version: 1.0 is running on this port

### Log Method

Details: VMware ESX/GSX Server detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.20301 Version used: \$Revision: 13541 \$

### References

Other:

URL:http://www.vmware.com/

[ return to 192.168.0.224 ]

# $2.224.8 \quad Log \ 445/tcp$

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

# NVT: SMB NativeLanMan

### Summary

It is possible to extract OS, domain and SMB server information from the Session Setup AndX Response packet which is generated during NTLM authentication.

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected SMB workgroup: WORKGROUP

Detected SMB server: Windows 10 Pro 6.3 Detected OS: Windows 10 Pro 17134

# Log Method

Details: SMB NativeLanMan OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102011

Version used: 2019-04-24T11:06:32+0000

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

# NVT: SMB Remote Version Detection

# Summary

Detection of Server Message Block(SMB).

This script sends SMB Negotiation request and try to get the version from the response.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

SMBv1 and SMBv2 are enabled on remote target

### Log Method

Details: SMB Remote Version Detection

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.807830

Version used: \$Revision: 10898 \$

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB/CIFS Server Detection

### Summary

This script detects whether port 445 and 139 are open and if they are running a CIFS/SMB server

# Vulnerability Detection Result

A CIFS server is running on this port

# Log Method

Details: SMB/CIFS Server Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11011 Version used: \$Revision: 13541 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.224 ]

### 2.224.9 Log general/tcp

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

### Summary

This script consolidates the OS information detected by several NVTs and tries to find the best matching OS.

Furthermore it reports all previously collected information leading to this best matching OS. It also reports possible additional information which might help to improve the OS detection. If any of this information is wrong or could be improved please consider to report these to the

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Best matching OS:

OS: Windows 10 Pro 17134

referenced community portal.

CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows\_10:1803:cb:pro

Found by NVT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102011 (SMB NativeLanMan)

Concluded from SMB/Samba banner on port 445/tcp: OS String: Windows 10 Pro 17134

 $\hookrightarrow$ ; SMB String: Windows 10 Pro 6.3

Setting key "Host/runs\_windows" based on this information

Other OS detections (in order of reliability):

OS: Microsoft Windows

CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows

Found by NVT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108044 (DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumerati

 $\hookrightarrow$ on)

Concluded from DCE/RPC and MSRPC Services Enumeration on port 135/tcp

### Log Method

Details: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

 $OID{:}1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937$ 

Version used: 2019-05-02T04:45:21+0000

### References

Other:

URL:https://community.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests

# Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Traceroute

### Summary

A traceroute from the scanning server to the target system was conducted. This traceroute is provided primarily for informational value only. In the vast majority of cases, it does not represent a vulnerability. However, if the displayed traceroute contains any private addresses that should not have been publicly visible, then you have an issue you need to correct.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Here is the route from 192.168.0.177 to 192.168.0.224:

192.168.0.177 192.168.0.224

### Solution

Block unwanted packets from escaping your network.

### Log Method

Details: Traceroute

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.51662 Version used: \$Revision: 10411 \$

[ return to 192.168.0.224 ]

# $2.225\quad 192.168.0.225$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:48 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:51 2019 UTC

### $2.226 \quad 192.168.0.226$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:48 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:51 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.227 \quad 192.168.0.227$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:48 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:50 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.228\quad 192.168.0.228$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:49 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:51 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.229 \quad 192.168.0.229$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:49 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:51 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.230 \quad 192.168.0.230$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:49 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:51 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.231 \quad 192.168.0.231$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:52 2019 UTC

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### $2.232 \quad 192.168.0.232$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:50 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:52 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.233 \quad 192.168.0.233$

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.234 \quad 192.168.0.234$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:51 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.235 \quad 192.168.0.235$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:51 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.236 \quad 192.168.0.236$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:51 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:53 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.237 192.168.0.237

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:51 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:53 2019 UTC

### $2.238 \quad 192.168.0.238$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:52 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:54 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.239 192.168.0.239

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:52 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:55 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.240 \quad 192.168.0.240$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:53 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:55 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.241 \quad 192.168.0.241$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:53 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:55 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.242 \quad 192.168.0.242$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:53 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:56 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.243 \quad 192.168.0.243$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:54 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:56 2019 UTC

### $2.244 \quad 192.168.0.244$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:54 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:56 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.245 \quad 192.168.0.245$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:54 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:57 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.246 \quad 192.168.0.246$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:55 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:57 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.247 \quad 192.168.0.247$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:55 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:58 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.248\quad 192.168.0.248$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:56 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:58 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# 2.249 192.168.0.249

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:56 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:58 2019 UTC

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### $2.250 \quad 192.168.0.250$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:56 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:58 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.251 \quad 192.168.0.251$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:56 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:58 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.252 \quad 192.168.0.252$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:57 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:59 2019 UTC

Service (Port) Threat Level

# $2.253 \quad 192.168.0.253$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:57 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:39:59 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

# $2.254\quad 192.168.0.254$

Host scan start Mon May 13 15:39:58 2019 UTC Host scan end Mon May 13 15:40:00 2019 UTC

Service (Port) | Threat Level

This file was automatically generated.