Com S 435/535 Programming Assignment 3 600 Points

 $\label{eq:Due:Nov 13} Due: Nov 13 \ , 11:59PM$ Late Submission Nov 14, 11:59 (10% Penalty)

In this programming assignment, you will implement two parts of a search engine—computing page rank and creating an Inverted Index to allow ranked retrieval of documents related to a query. Note that the description of a programming assignment is not a linear narrative and may require multiple readings before things start to click. You are encouraged to consult instructor/Teaching Assistant for any questions/clarifications regarding the assignment.

For this assignment, you may work in **groups of two**. Only **one submission** per group please.

1 PageRank

This class will have methods to compute page rank of nodes/pages of a web graph. This class should have following methods and constructors.

The constructor PageRank will have following parameters

- 1. Name of a file that contains the edges of the graph. You may assume that the first line of this graph lists the number of vertices n, and every line (except first) lists one edge. Each vertex is represented as string, and every edge of the graph appears exactly once and the graph has no self loops.
- 2. ϵ ; approximation parameter for pagerank.
- 3. β : Teleportation Parameter.

A method named pageRankOf its gets an int representing a vertex of the graph as parameter and returns its page rank which is a double.

A method named numEdges that returns number of edges of the graph.

A method named topKPageRank that gets an integer k as parameter and returns an array (of ints) of pages with top k page ranks.

2 Inverted Index

In this part of the PA, you will create an inverted index.

2.1 Term Proximity Score

Recall the positional index has a dictionary and a postings list corresponding to each term in the dictionary. Each entry of of the dictionary is of the form $\langle t, df_t \rangle$, where t is a term and df_t is number of documents in which t appears. The postings list for a term is of the following form:

$$[\langle DocID_1: pos1, pos2, \cdots \rangle, \langle DocID_2: pos_1, pos_2, \cdots \rangle \cdots]$$

Let q be a query and d be a document. In the lectures, we have seen how to assign score(q, d) that measures the relevance of query q to document d. This score is based on the vector space model. Using positional index, we could arrive at a different way of scoring called term-proximity score. For this, we need to first define the notion of distance between two terms in a document. Let t_1 and t_2 be two terms and d be a document. If neither of the terms appear on the document or only one term appear in the document, then $Dist_d(t_1, t_2)$ is 17. If t_2 does not appear after t_1 in d, then $Dist_d(t_1, t_2) = 17^1$. Otherwise, look at $postings(t_1)$ and $postings(t_2)$. Both these lists will have tuples of form $\langle d: p_1, p_2, \cdots \rangle$. Let $\langle d, p_1, p_2, \cdots, p_\ell \rangle \in postings(t_1)$ and let $\langle d, r_1, r_2, \cdots r_k \rangle \in postings(t_2)$.

$$dist_d(t_1, t_2) = \min\{\min\{r_i - p_j \mid r_i > p_j, 1 \le i \le k, 1 \le j \le \ell\}, 17\}$$

For example, if $\langle d, 6, 18, 21, 46 \rangle \in postings(t_1)$ and $\langle d, 5, 9, 11, 20, 34 \rangle \in posting(t_2)$, then $dist_d(t_1, t_2) = 2$. Note the function $dist_d$ is not symmetric, i.e, $dist_d(t_1, t_2)$ may not be equal to $dist_d(t_2, t_1)$.

Let $q = t_1, t_2, \dots t_\ell$ be a query and d be a document. Then the term-proximity score of q with respect to d

$$TPScore(q, d) = \frac{\ell}{\sum_{i=1}^{\ell-1} dist_d(t_i, t_{i+1})}$$

If q has exactly one term, then TPScore(q, d) = 0.

2.2 Vector Space Model Score

Recall that in the vector space model, every document is represented as a vector.

Given a collection of documents D_1, D_2, \dots, D_N , first preprocess the documents to extract all terms. Let $T = \{t_1, \dots, t_M\}$ be the collection of all terms in the collection.

In lectures, we talked about weight of a term with respect to a document. For this assignment, use the following

$$w(t_i, d_j) = \sqrt{TF_{ij}} \times \log_{10}(N/df_{t_i})$$

where TF_{ij} is the frequency of t_i in d_j and df_{t_i} is the number of documents in which t_i appears. Now, every document d_j corresponds to the following vector:

$$v_i = \langle w(t_1, d_i), w(t_2, d_i), \cdots, w(t_M, d_i) \rangle$$

Given a query q, we can view it as a (very short) document represent it as a vector v_q . When q is a query and t is a term then, use the following for weight.

$$w(t,q) = TF_{tq}$$

Given a query q, form a vector corresponding to q

$$v_q = \langle w(t_1, q) \cdots, w(t_M, q) \rangle$$

Now, the vector space score of q with respect to d is

$$VSScore(q, d) = CosineSim(V_q, V_d)$$

¹17 is an arbitrary choice

2.3 Your Task

You will build a program that pre-processes a collection of documents, and when a query arrives it will output top 10 documents that are relevant to the query. The relevance is calculated by using the following combination of TSScore and VSScore.

$$Relevance(q, d) = 0.6 \times TPScore(q, d) + 0.4 \times VSScore(q, d)$$

Your program will consist of following classes and methods.

2.3.1 PositionalIndex

This class should have following constructor and methods. This class build an index for single words.

PositionalIndex Gets the name of a folder containing document collection as parameter.

termFrequency(String term, String Doc) Returns the number of times term appears in doc.

docFrequency(String term) returns the number of documents in which term appears. postingsList(String t) Returns string representation of the postings(t). The returned

postingsList(String t) Returns string representation of the postings(t). The returne String must be in following format.

$$[\langle DocName_1: pos_1, pos_2, \cdots \rangle, \langle DocName_2: pos_1, pos_2, \cdots \rangle \cdots]$$

weight (String t, String d) Returns the weight of term t in document d (as per the weighing mechanism described above).

TPScore(String query, String doc) Returns TPScore(query, doc).

VSScore(String query, String doc) Returns VSScore(query, doc).

 $\texttt{Relevance(String query, String doc)} \ \ \text{Returns} \ \ 0.6 \times TSScore(query, doc) + 0.4 \times VSScore(query, doc).$

This class may have additional methods.

2.3.2 QueryProcessor

This program will have a method named topKDocs that gets a query and an integer k as parameter and returns an arraylist consisting of top k documents that are relevant to the query.

3 Pre Processing

Do not remove any STOP words. Every word is a term convert every word into lowercase. Remove ONLY the following symbols from the text:

However, do not remove period if it is part of a decimal number, i.e, for example do not remove period from 9.23.

4 Data

WikiSportsGraph.txt, web graph over 10, 000 wiki pages on sports. Note that the nodes are not names 1 through 10000. IR.zip contains around 11, 000 files crawled from wiki about Baseball

5 Report

For the Pagerank, include the following in your report

- Number of iterations for your page rank algorithm to converge (within ϵ) on the graph wikiSportsGraph.txt, for both choices of epsilon, when $\beta = 0.85$.
- Number of iterations for your page rank algorithm to converge (within ϵ) on the graph wikiSportsGraph.txt, for both choices of epsilon, when $\beta = 0.25$.
- Compute the page rank of each vertex of wikiSportsGraph.txt.

For the Index, include the following in your report. Run your program on files from IR.zip. Pick 5 distinct queries so that

- One query with exactly one word
- One query with exactly two words
- One query with exactly 3 words
- Two queries with more than 3 words.

Please ensure that at least one of the (3 or more word) queries have propositions such as of, for, to etc.

For each query, list top 10 files along with TPScore, VSScore, and Relevance Score. Do you think the rankings produced are acceptable?

6 What to Submit

- PageRank
- PositionalIndex
- QueryProcessor
- Source files of additional classes that you used.
- Report

Please submit a **zip** file consisting of all the files. Only one submission per group please. As before, you may work in groups of 2. Only one submission per group please.