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# Multiple Interceptors in Angular



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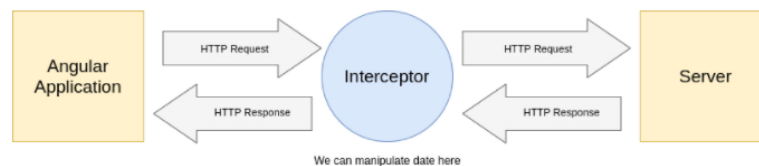
One of the amazing features that Angular provides is the **interceptors**, but what does an Interceptor do, and can we implement multiple of them in our Angular project?

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## What is Interceptor?

We can use Interceptors to intercept the incoming and outgoing HTTP requests and manipulate them using Angular `HttpClient`.

Interceptor is in the middle of Angular application and server (image created using [draw.io](#))

One of the most use cases for adding an interceptor to our Angular application is adding the **token** to the header of outgoing HTTP requests.

Let's implement an interceptor in our Angular application!

We need to import `HTTP_INTERCEPTORS` from `@angular/common/http` in our `app.module` to make sure this will work for all of our requests. Then we should provide that in our `providers`. We should also import our interceptor and our module and set the value of  `useClass` to it.

```
import { HTTP_INTERCEPTORS } from '@angular/common/http';
import { Interceptor } from './interceptor';

@NgModule({

  providers: [
    {
      provide: HTTP_INTERCEPTORS, useClass: Interceptor, multi:true
    },
  ],
})
```

After providing `HTTP_INTERCEPTORS` we need to inform the class we are going to implement our interceptor into by using `useClass`.

Setting ***multi*** to true, makes sure that you can have multiple interceptors in your project.

Now we create `interceptor.ts` in `/src/app` and since interceptors are services we need to use `@Injectable()` decorator in our file:

```
1 import { HttpEvent, HttpHandler, HttpHeaders, HttpInterceptor, HttpRequest } from '@angular/common';
2 import { Injectable } from '@angular/core';
3 import { Observable } from 'rxjs';
4 @Injectable()
5 export class Interceptor implements HttpInterceptor {
6   constructor() {}
7
8   token = localStorage.getItem('token');
9
10  intercept(req: HttpRequest<any>, next: HttpHandler): Observable<HttpEvent<any>> {
11    const auth = req.clone({ headers: new HttpHeaders().set('Authorization', `Bearer ${this.token}`)});
12    return next.handle(auth);
13  }
14 }
```

Interceptor.ts hosted with ❤ by GitHub [view raw](#)

Keep in mind that **Interceptors are Services**.

After every single HTTP request, the Interceptor calls the `intercept()` method. In `Intercept()` method, we clone the `HttpRequest` we are going to send and add the token to its `HttpHeaders`, and once it's done we call `next.handle` to return manipulated requests to the application.

### Adding the second interceptor

It would be nice to have a loading component wrapper for the whole project and once the requests from the server resolve, we can remove the loading from the layout of the project.

First, we need to create `loadingInterceptor.ts` file like bellow:

```
1 import { HttpEvent, HttpHandler, HttpInterceptor, HttpRequest } from '@angular/common/http';
2 import { Injectable } from '@angular/core';
3 import { Observable, Subscription } from 'rxjs';
4 import { finalize } from 'rxjs/operators';
5 import { LoadingService } from '../shared/services/loading.service';
6
7 @Injectable()
8 export class LoadingInterceptor implements HttpInterceptor {
9   constructor(private readonly loadingService: LoadingService) {}
10
11  intercept(req: HttpRequest<any>, next: HttpHandler): Observable<HttpEvent<any>> {
12    const spinnerSubscription: Subscription = this.loadingService.spinner$.subscribe();
13    return next.handle(req).pipe(finalize(() => spinnerSubscription.unsubscribe()));
14  }
15 }
```

We will cover the `LoadingService` later, but for now, let's check the `loadingInterceptor` first. We are creating a `Subscription` and then after every HTTP request is handled and *finalized* we are unsubscribing `spinnerSubscription` which we are going to use in our `loadingService` for indicating a spinner loading.

Now let's take a look at `loadingService.ts`

```
1 import { Overlay, OverlayRef } from '@angular/cdk/overlay';
2 import { ComponentPortal } from '@angular/cdk/portal';
3 import { Injectable } from '@angular/core';
4 import { defer, NEVER, Subject } from 'rxjs';
5 import { finalize, share } from 'rxjs/operators';
6 import { LoadingComponent } from '../components/loading/loading.component';
7
8 @Injectable({ providedIn: 'root' })
9 export class LoadingService {
10   private overlayRef?: OverlayRef;
11   isLoading = new Subject<boolean>();
12
13   constructor(private overlay: Overlay) {}
14
15   public show(): void {
16     this.isLoading.next(true);
17     Promise.resolve(null).then(() => {
18       this.overlayRef = this.overlay.create({
19         positionStrategy: this.overlay.position().global().centerHorizontally().centerVertically(),
20         hasBackdrop: true,
21       });
22       this.overlayRef.attach(new ComponentPortal(LoadingComponent));
23     });
24   }
25
26   public readonly spinner$ = defer(() => {
27     this.show();
28     return NEVER.pipe(finalize(() => this.hide()));
29   }).pipe(share());
30
31   public hide(): void {
32     this.isLoading.next(false);
33     this.overlayRef!.detach();
34     this.overlayRef = undefined;
35   }
36 }
```

We can add and remove an overlay with a spinner component (line 22) in our Angular application with the above service until the subscription has not been unsubscribed. The `loadingComponent` can be anything you want, a GIF, a spinner, or a progress bar. I have set this to be a `mat-progress-bar` like this:

```
<mat-progress-bar color="warn" mode="indeterminate">
</mat-progress-bar>
```

Do not forget to import the second interceptor in your `app.module.ts` file:

```
providers: [
  {
    provide: HTTP_INTERCEPTORS, useClass: Interceptor, multi: true
  },
  {
    provide: HTTP_INTERCEPTORS, useClass: LoadingInterceptor,
    multi: true
  }
]
```

```
multi: true
  }
],
```

**Important note:** The order of providing interceptors does matter. For example if you provide three interceptors called A, B, C in that order, as the Angular Docs say: "...requests flow in A->B->C and responses flow out C->B->A."

. . .

The source code of this project is available at [GitHub](#).

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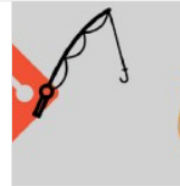
If you have any problem with implementing Angular Interceptors, don't hesitate to comment down below. You can also reach me out on [Twitter](#) or [GitHub](#).

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