

Jalanorian / [gist:b9abc57e54bdb70d1476](https://gist.github.com/Jalanorian/b9abc57e54bdb70d1476)

Created just now

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1 from random import randint
2 class DiceDict(object):
3     """
4     List to simulate dictionary. Initializes as empty, and is formatted
5     with L[0] = key, L[1] = value.
6     """
7     def __init__(self):
8         """
9         Dict is initialized with no components. Format:
10        List to simulate the dictionary.
11        1st column: "key"
12        2nd column: "value"
13        -1st column in 2nd column: number of dice of that type
14        -2nd column in 2nd column: Die object
15
16        Args:
17            Nothing
18        """
19        self.List = []
20
21    def add_or_increment_die(self, dieNumSides):
22        """
23        Takes one int and, if the die corresponding to that number is present in the list,
24        increments the number of those dice, otherwise adds an instance of that die to the poke
25        and sets the quantity to 1 - all internally.
26        Args:
27            dieNumSides - int for number of sides on that die
28        Returns:
29            Nothing
30        """
31        if len(self.List) > 0:
32            for i in range(len(self.List)):
33                if (self.List[i])[0] == dieNumSides:
34                    self.List[i][1][0] += 1
35                    break
36            else:
37                key = dieNumSides
38                value = [1, Die(dieNumSides)]
39                self.List.append([key, value])
40        else:
41            key = dieNumSides
42            value = [1, Die(dieNumSides)]
43            self.List.append([key, value])
44
45    def values(self):
46        """
47        Emulates the .values() function of the built-in Python dictionary.
48        Args:
49            Nothing
50        Returns:
51            A list of the contents of the second column of the "dictionary" list.
52        """
53        return [sublist[1] for sublist in self.List]
54
55
56 class Poke(object):
57     """
58     An abstract bag that "holds" dice. Implements DiceDict to store information
59     and instances of Die class.
60     """
61
62     def __init__(self):
63         """
64         Initializes empty with a new DiceDict and a variable to keep track of
65         how many dice it holds (used later for quicker randomized dice

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```

55         how many dice it holds (used later for quicker randomized dice
56         selection).
57
58     Args:
59         Nothing
60     """
61     self.diceDict = DiceDict()
62     self.totalNumDice = 0
63
64     def add_die(self, numDieSides):
65         """
66         Called with one argument, the side of the die to be added, it will then
67         call the DiceDict to add it to the list and also increment its running
68         total of the currently held number of dice. Exception catching is
69         performed at the level of the poke - only integers in the allowed
70         list are passed on to the Die method.
71         Args:
72             numDieSides - int for number of sides of die to be added
73         Returns:
74             Nothing
75         """
76         allowedDice = [4, 6, 8, 12, 20]
77         if numDieSides in allowedDice:
78             self.diceDict.add_or_increment_die(numDieSides)
79             self.totalNumDice += 1
80         else:
81             print "Invalid number of sides for a die in this poke."
82
83     def pick_die(self):
84         """
85         Randomly returns one Die instance from the poke implementing randint from random module.
86         Args:
87             Nothing
88         Returns:
89             Randomly selected die from poke's contents
90         """
91         r = randint(1, self.totalNumDice)
92         for eachDieType in self.diceDict.values():
93             if r > eachDieType[0]:
94                 r -= eachDieType[0]
95             else:
96                 return eachDieType[1]
97
98     def sample_poke(self):
99         """
100         Calls pick_die to randomly select a die from the poke and then calls
101         roll() on that Die instance to obtain the numerically rolled value,
102         returning that to the caller.
103         Args:
104             Nothing
105         Returns:
106             Int for the value of the rolled random die
107         """
108         return self.pick_die().roll()
109
110     def print_poke(self):
111         """
112         Prints the contents of the poke to the console, omitting any slots of
113         the poke that have no dice and therefore haven't been initialized in
114         the DiceDict yet.
115         Args:
116             Nothing
117         Returns:
118             Nothing
119         """
120         for dieType, value in sorted(self.diceDict.List):
121             print str(value[0]), str(dieType) + "-sided dice"
122
123 class Die(object):
124     """
125     A simple class to represent a die, upon which can be called only the roll
126     method. Uses instance variable for sides and randint.
127     """
128     def __init__(self, sides):
129         """
130         Initializes with a simple internal value of the number of sides of that
131         instance of the Die class.
132         """

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143         Args:
144             sides - number of sides for the new Die object
145             """
146         self.sides = sides
147
148     def roll(self):
149         """
150         Returns a random integer value based on the number of sides on that die.
151         Args:
152             Nothing
153         Returns:
154             randomly selected integer in [1, self.sides] range
155         """
156         return randint(1, self.sides)
157
158 def main():
159     # Initialize the first (empty) poke
160     poke = Poke()
161
162     # A list of the possible dice being used in this particular test.
163     possDice = [4, 6, 8, 12, 20]
164
165     # A testing of the Exploration case of 2 tetra-, 0 hexa-, 3 octa-, 1 dodeca-,
166     # and 4 icosahedrons. Also testing the catching of unintended inputs.
167     # Using the list of possible dice to make assignment easier.
168     poke.add_die(possDice[0])
169     poke.add_die(possDice[0])
170     poke.add_die(possDice[2])
171     poke.add_die(possDice[2])
172     poke.add_die(possDice[2])
173     poke.add_die(possDice[3])
174     poke.add_die(possDice[4])
175     poke.add_die(possDice[4])
176     poke.add_die(possDice[4])
177     poke.add_die(possDice[4])
178     poke.add_die("fas")
179     poke.add_die(17)
180
181     # Testing of the print_poke() poke method and double-checking the
182     # implementation of add_die()
183     poke.print_poke()
184     # Variables for Observed Expected Values
185     total = 0.0
186     testSize = 1
187     # Iterating through for the three (3) cases for Observed Expected Values
188     # and printing the results to the console.
189     for i in range(3):
190         total = 0.0
191         testSize *= 100
192         for i in range(testSize):
193             total += poke.sample_poke()
194
195         print str(testSize) + " Total: " + str(total)
196         print "Average: " + str(total / testSize)
197
198     # Testing again with another poke (POKE)
199     POKE = Poke()
200
201     for i in range(1000):
202         r = randint(0, 4)
203         POKE.add_die(possDice[r])
204
205     POKE.print_poke()
206
207
208 if __name__ == '__main__':
209     main()

```