List of Command Line Commands

Glossary of commonly used commands

The Command Line is a text interface for your computer.

It's a program that takes in commands, which it passes on to the computer's operating system to run.

You can navigate through files and folders on your computer just as you would with Mac OS Finder or Window Explorer on on Windows.

ls - List item in the current directory
List item in the current directory and show in long format to see permissions, size & date.
ls -a List all item in the current directory including hidden files
ls dir - List all items in directory dir
cd dir - Change current directory to dir
cd Go up one directory
cd / - Go to your root directory
- Go to your home directory
cd – Go to the last directory you were just in
pwd - Show present working directory path
mkdir dir - Create a directory dir
rm file - Remove file
rm -r dir - Remove directory dir recursively
cp file1 file2 - Copy file1 to file2
cp -r dirl dir2 - Copy directory dirl to dir2 recursively
mv file1 file2 - Move (rename) file1 to file2
touch file - Create or update file
cat file - Output the content of the file
alias name= 'command' - Create an alias for a command
tar cf file.tar files - Createa tar named file.tar containing files
tar xf file.tar - Extract the files from file.tar
tar czf file.tar.gz files - Create a tar with Gzip compression
tar xzf file.tar.gz - Extract a tar using Gzip
gzip file - Compresses file and renames it to file.gz
gzip -d file.gz - Decompresses file.gz back to file
ls -l List items in current directory and show permissions
chmod 600 file - You can read & write - good for files
chmod 700 file - You can read, write, & execute - good for scripts
chmod 644 file - You can read & write, and everyone else can can only read - good for web pages
chmod 755 file - You can read & write, and execute, and everyone else can read and execute - good for programs that you want to share
grep pattern files - Search for pattern in files
find file - Find all instances of file in real system
DS - Display your currently active processes

- Display your currently active processes

- Force kill process id pid

ps

kill -9 pid