

Assignment 8

PART I - DynamoDB

Check out Be a better dev channel. <https://www.youtube.com/c/BeABetterDev/playlists>

1. Create a Lambda called "CourseLambda".
2. Create a DynamoDB table called "CourseTable".
 - a. courseCode -> Partition key
 - b. teacherName -> Sort key
 - c. courseName -> Global index
3. Add an inline policy to the LabRole so that it can do the CRUD operations.

The screenshot shows the AWS IAM console interface for configuring a policy. The 'Service' is set to 'DynamoDB'. Under 'Actions', the 'Read' section is expanded, showing 'GetItem', 'Query', and 'Scan'. The 'Write' section is also expanded, showing 'DeleteItem', 'PutItem', and 'UpdateItem'. Below this, the 'Resources' section is set to 'Specific'. Two resource ARNs are listed, both pointing to 'arn:aws:dynamodb:us-east-1:368447205418:table/CourseTableLat'. Each ARN has an 'EDIT' button and a link to 'Add ARN to restrict access'. The 'Request conditions' section is optional and currently empty.

4. Update the Course Lambda to do the CRUD operations.
 - a. PutItem
 - b. GetItem - get one item by a partition key (courseCode and teacherName)
 - c. Query - on an index (courseName)
 - d. Scan - Get all items with some criteria (teacher name, month, and year). Explore if you can search by an element in an array.
 - e. UpdateItem - update an item

Refer: <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSJavaScriptSDK/latest/AWS/DynamoDB.html>

Extra: Practice the execute statement with SQL.

```
C:\Users\Asus>aws dynamodb execute-statement --statement "SELECT * FROM CourseTableLab WHERE CourseId='CS516'"
{
  "Items": [
    {
      "StudentGrade": {
        "S": "A"
      },
      "Block": {
        "S": "May, 2022"
      },
      "StudentId": {
        "S": "12"
      },
      "StudentName": {
        "S": "Barna"
      },
      "TeacherName": {
        "S": "Unubold"
      },
      "CourseName": {
        "S": "Cloud Computing"
      },
      "CourseId": {
        "S": "CS516"
      }
    },
    {
      "StudentGrade": {
        "S": "A"
      },
      "Block": {
        "S": "May, 2022"
      },
      "StudentId": {
        "S": "12"
      },
      "StudentName": {
        "S": "Barna"
      },
      "TeacherName": {
        "S": "Unubold"
      },
      "CourseName": {
        "S": "Cloud Computing"
      },
      "CourseId": {
        "S": "CS516"
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

References

Inline policy for the lambda that gives it DynamoDB table access on the CourseTable.

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Sid": "PolicyToGiveLambdaAccessCourseTable",
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": [
        "dynamodb:PutItem",
        "dynamodb:GetItem",
        "dynamodb:Scan",
        "dynamodb:Query"
      ],
      "Resource": ["arn:aws:dynamodb:us-east-1:<<account-id>>:table/CourseTable", "... the index ARN"]
    }
  ]
}
```

The lambda code for the CourseLambda

```
const AWS = require("aws-sdk");
const dynamodb = new AWS.DynamoDB({ apiVersion: "2012-08-10" });
const tableName = process.env.COURSE_TABLE;

exports.handler = async (event) => {
  console.log("Request received: " + JSON.stringify(event));
```

```

const saveParams = {
  TableName: tableName,
  Item: {
    "courseCode": {
      S: "CS516"
    },
    "courseName": {
      S: "Cloud Computing"
    },
    "teacherName": {
      S: "Unubold"
    },
    "students": {
      SS: [
        "Bipin",
        "Ryan",
        "Michael"
      ]
    },
    "month": {
      N: "7"
    },
    "year": {
      N: "2021"
    }
  }
};

await dynamodb.putItem(saveParams).promise();

const response = {
  statusCode: 200,
  body: JSON.stringify('An item is saved. '),
};
return response;
}

```

PART II - API gateway and Cognito

- In the Lambda, handle and console log out system and validation errors. Write if else for handling different endpoints based on the path and httpMethod. See the sample code on Sakai.
Don't copy and paste that code.
- Create a CRUD API for the sample course app in API Gateway.

/course POST

/course/{courseName} GET – filter courses by course name. Query on the index. Get the course name as a path parameter.

/course GET – List all courses. Implement filter on non-key attributes. Get teacher name, month, and year values as query strings.

/course/item GET – it returns one item by the composite key. Get the course code and teacher name as query strings.

/course PATCH – That updates a course record. Don't overwrite, don't lose any data for example, when updating only one attribute.

/course DELETE – Delete

- Create a **Cognito User pool** for the app. For hosted UI setup, refer: <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/cognito/latest/developerguide/cognito-user-pools-app-integration.html>
- Secure the API using tokens from the Cognito User pool.

Instructions

1. Create a **"CourseAPI"** API on API Gateway in front of the **"CourseLambda"**
 - a. Search on the top bar and go to the **API Gateway** on AWS Console.
 - b. **REST API** (Not REST API private!!)-> click on the orange **Build** button.
 - c. On the popup, press **OK**.
 - d. In **Create new API**, select **New API** radio button.
 - e. In **Settings**, **API name** is **CourseAPI**. Hit **Create API**.

Amazon API Gateway APIs > Create Show all hints ?

APIs Custom Domain Names VPC Links

Choose the protocol

Select whether you would like to create a REST API or a WebSocket API.

☒ REST ☐ WebSocket

Create new API

In Amazon API Gateway, a REST API refers to a collection of resources and methods that can be invoked through HTTPS endpoints.

☒ New API ☐ Clone from existing API ☐ Import from Swagger or Open API 3 ☐ Example API

Settings

Choose a friendly name and description for your API.

API name* CourseAPI

Description

Endpoint Type Regional ⓘ

* Required

Create API

- f. Click on **Actions** dropdown and hit **Create Resource**.
- g. Resource Name is **course**. check **Enable API Gateway CORS**. Hit **Create Resource**.

APIs > CourseAPI (2xd1gtaou8) > Resources > / (4fb5giwi1k) > Create

Show all hints ?

Resources Actions ▾ **New Child Resource**

Use this page to create a new child resource for your resource.

Configure as [proxy resource](#) ☐ ⓘ

Resource Name*

Resource Path*

You can add path parameters using brackets. For example, the resource path {username} represents a path parameter called 'username'. Configuring /(proxy+) as a proxy resource catches all requests to its sub-resources. For example, it works for a GET request to /foo. To handle requests to /, add a new ANY method on the / resource.

Enable API Gateway CORS ☒ ⓘ

* Required

Cancel **Create Resource**

- h. Click on **Actions** dropdown and hit **Create Method**. Select **POST** in the small dropdown under the resource. Click on the small OK icon.

▾ /

▾ /course

OPTIONS

POST ▾ ✓ ✕

OPTIONS

Mock Endpoint

Authorization None

API Key Not required

- i. Check **Use Lambda Proxy integration**
- j. Type the lambda name **CourseLambda** as Lambda Function. Click **Save**.
- k. There will be a popup. Read that and hit **OK**.

Resources Actions ▾ **/course - POST - Setup**

Choose the integration point for your new method.

Integration type ☒ Lambda Function ⓘ

☐ HTTP ⓘ

☐ Mock ⓘ

☐ AWS Service ⓘ

☐ VPC Link ⓘ

Use Lambda Proxy integration ☒ ⓘ

Lambda Region

Lambda Function ⓘ

Use Default Timeout ☒ ⓘ

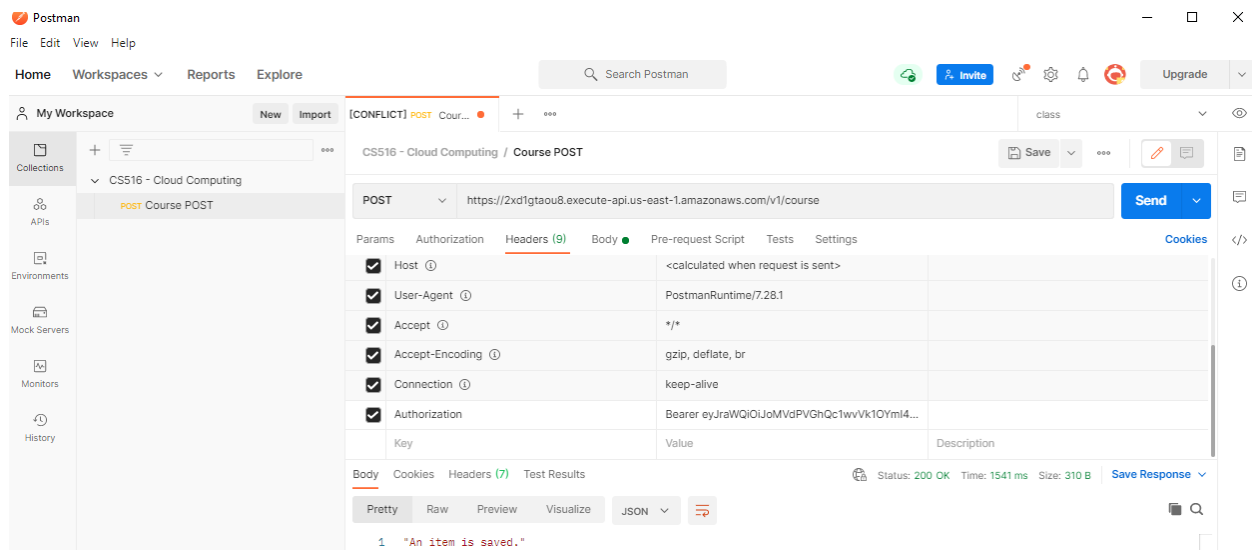
Save

- l. Click on the **Actions** dropdown and hit **Deploy API**
- m. On the popup, the Deployment stage is **[New Stage]**. Stage name is v1. Hit **Deploy**.
2. Test your API with Postman.

- Click on **Stages** in left sidebar. Click on **v1**. Grab the **Invoke URL**.
- Create a new **POST** request in postman. Provide the URL. Append the **course** resource. It will look like this: <https://2xd1gtaou8.execute-api.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/v1/course>
- The body is below. Feel free to change the value. Body tab -> Select Raw -> Select JSON in the dropdown

```
{
  "courseCode": "CS100",
  "courseName": "My Course",
  "teacherName": "My Teacher",
  "month": 11,
  "year": 2022,
  "students": [
    "Student 1",
    "Student 2"
  ]
}
```

- You should see the success response below.



- Update your lambda to store the body we passed instead of hard-coded values.
 - Go to Lambda -> Configuration -> Permission. In **Resource-based policy**, You will see a new statement. Explain what that is.
 - Go to Lambda -> Monitor -> View logs in CloudWatch. Click on the orange **Search log group** button. Select **30m** in the top right corner. That will show the latest logs.
 - We are logging the entire **event** object coming. Like this `.log("Request received: " + JSON.stringify(event));`. It shows you what was sent from API Gateway to the Lambda.

- a. Go to Cognito -> click on **Manage User Pools** -> Top right corner, click on **Create a user pool**.
- b. In **Name** section, **CourseUserPool** as Pool name. Click on **Step through settings**.
- c. In **Attributes** section, Select **Email address or phone number**. In **Which standard attributes do you want to require?**, check **email** and **name**. Click on **Next step**.
- d. In **Policies** section, nothing to change. Click on **Next step**.
- e. In **MFA and verifications** section, nothing to change. Click on **Next step**.
- f. In **Message customization** section, nothing to change. Click on **Next step**.
- g. In **Tags** section, nothing to change. Click on **Next step**.
- h. In **Devices** section, nothing to change. Click on **Next step**.
- i. In **App Clients** section, click on **Add an app client**. **CourseApiClient** as **App client name**.
 - i. Uncheck **Generate client secret**.
 - ii. Uncheck **Enable lambda trigger based custom authentication**.
 - iii. **Check Enable username password based authentication**. Then click on **Create app client**.
- j. **Enable hosted-ui**.

▼
Advanced app client settings

We have populated suggested authentication flows, OAuth 2.0 Grant Types, and OIDC scopes based on the selections you made earlier.

Authentication flows
 Info

Choose authentication flows that your app will support. Refresh token authentication is always enabled. We have populated options based on your app type.

Select authentication flows ▼

ALLOW_REFRESH_TOKEN_AUTH ✕
 Refresh token based authentication

ALLOW_USER_SRP_AUTH ✕
 SRP (secure remote password) protocol based authentication

ALLOW_USER_PASSWORD_AUTH ✕
 User name and password authentication

Disable Secret key

Only enable Username password auth

- k. Click on **return to pool details**.
 - l. Hit **Create pool**.
5. Grab the **App client id** and store it somewhere. You will need it in the next steps.

User Pools | Federated Identities

CourseUserPool

General settings
Users and groups
Attributes
Policies
MFA and verifications
Advanced security
Message customizations
Tags
Devices
App clients
Triggers
Analytics
App integration
App client settings
Domain name

Which app clients will have access to this user pool?

The app clients that you add below will be given a unique ID and an optional secret key to access this user pool.

✕

App client id

6. Create a user in your user pool with hosted UI or AWS CLI.

Hosted UI:

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/cognito/latest/developerguide/cognito-user-pools-app-integration.html>

https://<your_domain>/login?response_type=code&client_id=<your_app_client_id>&redirect_uri=http://localhost:3000

OR

CLI: `aws cognito-idp sign-up --client-id <<app_client_id>> --username <<your_email>> --password Test123 --user-attributes Name=email,Value=<<your_email>> Name=name,Value=<<your_first_name>> --region us-east-1`

```
C:\Users\admin>aws cognito-idp sign-up --client-id 7a3219eaphce01c0n9lqo316gi --username utumenbayan@miu.edu --password Test123 --user-attributes Name=email,Value=utumenbayan@miu.edu Name=name,Value=Unubold --region us-east-1
{
  "UserConfirmed": false,
  "CodeDeliveryDetails": {
    "Destination": "u***@m***.edu",
    "DeliveryMedium": "EMAIL",
    "AttributeName": "email"
  },
  "UserSub": "18157ff9-47b1-43c7-9f40-8066cbca7e16"
}
```

C:\Users\admin>

- Go to your user pool and click on **Users and groups** in the left sidebar. Hit refresh icon on top right corner. That will pull the newly-created user. Click on the username which is UUID hyperlink. Click on **Confirm user** button.

General settings

Users and groups

Attributes

Policies

MFA and verifications

Advanced security

Message customizations

Tags

Devices

App clients

Triggers

Analytics

o integration

App client

Remove some

Domain name

Of customization

Resource servers

Iteration

Users > 1924b730-ae9a-4e34-9507-4bb58152fa62

Add to group

Confirm user

[Enable SMS MFA](#)

[Disable user](#)

Groups

Account Status Enabled / UNCONFIRMED

SMS MFA Status Disabled

Last Modified Jul 7, 2021 7:06:31 PM

Created Jul 7, 2021 7:06:31 PM

sub 1924b730-ae9a-4e34-9507-4bb58152fa62

email_verified false

name Unubold

- b. Execute the command below that returns token associated with the user. That you need to provide after securing the API to store and retrieve data from the back-end or lambda. You may need to re-execute this command to get the new tokens in case it is expired. Based on how you configured the custom attributes, it could be slightly different.

```
aws cognito-idp initiate-auth --auth-flow USER_PASSWORD_AUTH --client-id
<<app_client_id>> --auth-parameters USERNAME=<<your_email>>,PASSWORD=Test123# --
region us-east-1
```

[illegible]

7. Secure the POST endpoint.
 - a. Go to API Gateway. Go to your API. Click on **Authorizers** in the left sidebar. Click on **Create New Authorizer**.
 - b. Name as **CourserAuthorizer**. Type is **Cognito**. Select the user pool you created. **Token Source** is **Authorization**.

aws Services [Alt+S]

Custom Domain Names

VPC Links

API: **CourseAPI**

Resources

Stages

Authorizers

Gateway Responses

Models

Resource Policy

Documentation

Dashboard

Settings

Authorizers enable you to control access to your APIs using Amazon Cognito

[+ Create New Authorizer](#)

Create Authorizer

Name *

Type *

☐ Lambda ☒ Cognito

Cognito User Pool *

us-east-1 CourseUserPool

Token Source * **Token Validation ***

Authorization

[Create](#) [Cancel](#)

- Go to **Resources**. Select the **POST** method under course resource.
- Refresh the whole page. Click on **Method Request**. **Authorization** is the authorizer you just created. Click on OK icon.

aws Services [Alt+S] vocstartsoft/user1490280=utumenbayar@miu.edu @ 7975-2

Amazon API Gateway APIs > CourseAPI (ejekhm401) > Resources > /course (6mpckh) > POST

APIs

Custom Domain Names

VPC Links

API: **CourseAPI**

Resources

Stages

Authorizers

Gateway Responses

Resources

Actions

Method Execution /course - POST - Method Request

Provide information about this method's authorization settings and the parameters it can receive.

Settings

Authorization NONE

Request Validator NONE

API Key Required AWS IAM

Cognito user pool authorizers

CourseAuthorizer

URL Query String Parameters

HTTP Request Headers

- e. Secure the GET endpoint as well by using the authorizer you created earlier. Do the step c and d on the GET.
 - f. Actions -> Deploy API -> Go with the existing stage.
8. Test.
- a. As see you below. Your endpoint is secured. You must provide the tokens that we generated in previous steps in Authorization header.

The screenshot shows a Postman interface for a POST request to `https://ejekhm401.execute-api.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/v1/course`. The request body is a JSON object with the following fields: `courseCode` ("CS532"), `courseName` ("Customized"), `teacherName` ("My Teacher"), `monthYear` ("Apr, 2021"), and `students` (an array containing "Student 1" and "Student 2"). The response status is `401 Unauthorized` with a message `"message": "Unauthorized"`.

```
1 {
2   "courseCode": "CS532",
3   "courseName": "Customized",
4   "teacherName": "My Teacher",
5   "monthYear": "Apr, 2021",
6   "students": [
7     "Student 1",
8     "Student 2"
9   ]
10 }
11
```

Status: 401 Unauthorized Time: 59 ms Size: 299 B

```
1 {
2   "message": "Unauthorized"
3 }
```

- b. Copy the ID Token. Provide it in the header as **Authorization**.

The screenshot shows the same POST request in Postman, but now with an `Authorization` header containing an ID token. The response status is `200 OK` with the message `"An item is saved."`.

KEY	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Authorization	eyJraWQlUjIWIWThLcG9jK3lrMERWQjZaQkdiamZR...	
Key	Value	Description

Status: 200 OK Time: 1603 ms Size: 310 B

```
1 "An item is saved."
```