## Using Dictionaries

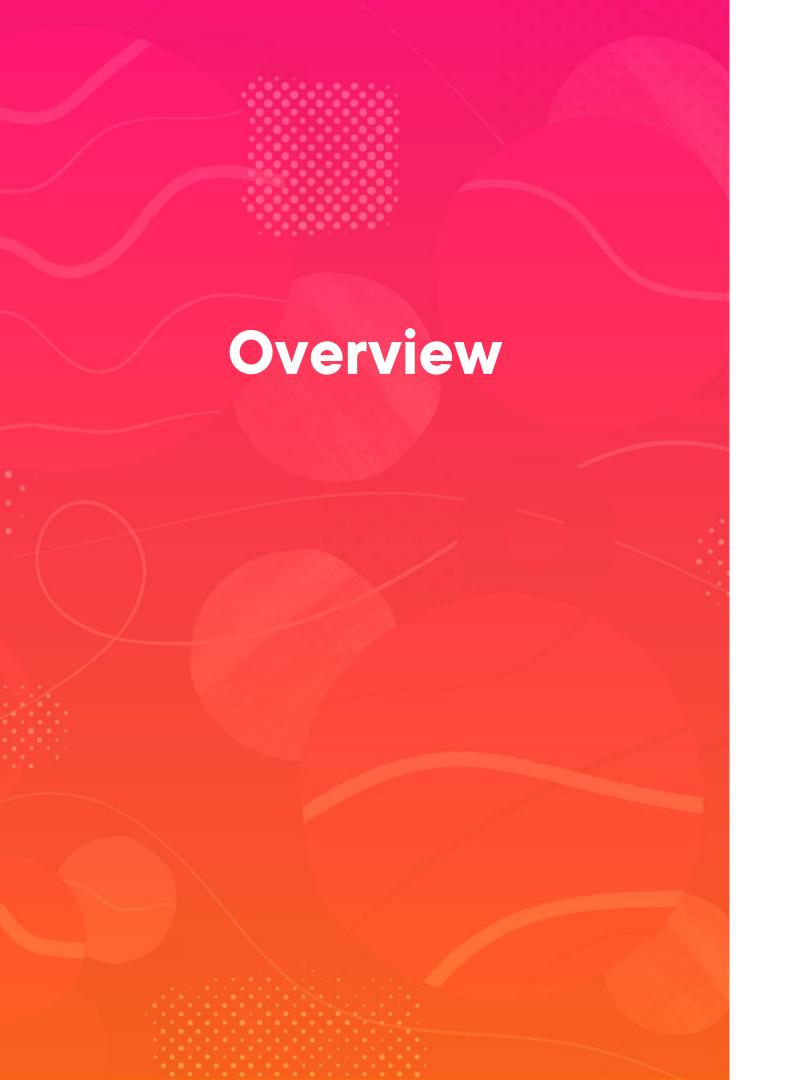


#### Mihaela Danci

Data Analyst

linkedin.com/in/mihaela-danci/





- Components
- Properties

#### **Jupyter Notebook**

- Creating dictionaries
- Retrieving and updating elements
- Applying methods

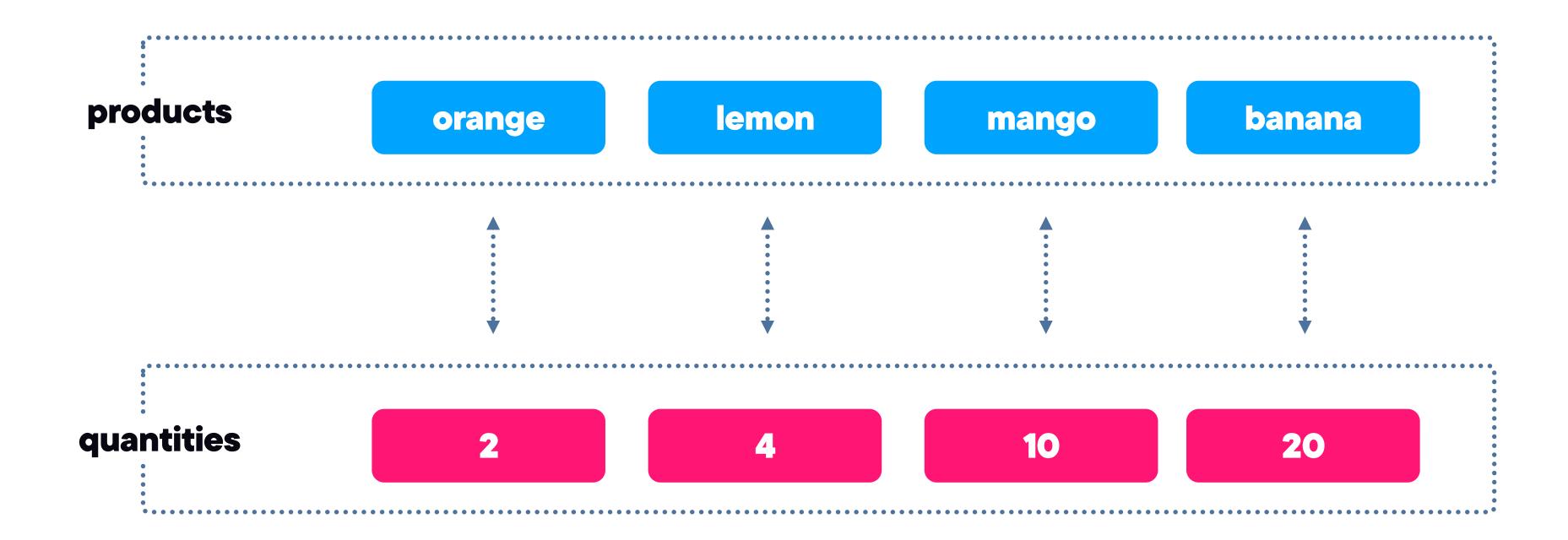


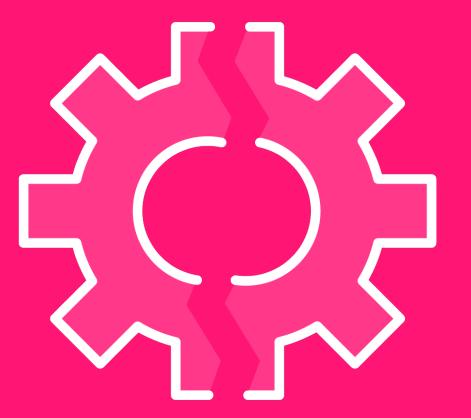




- Lists are more efficient at storing inventory information than variables.

### **Storing Information**

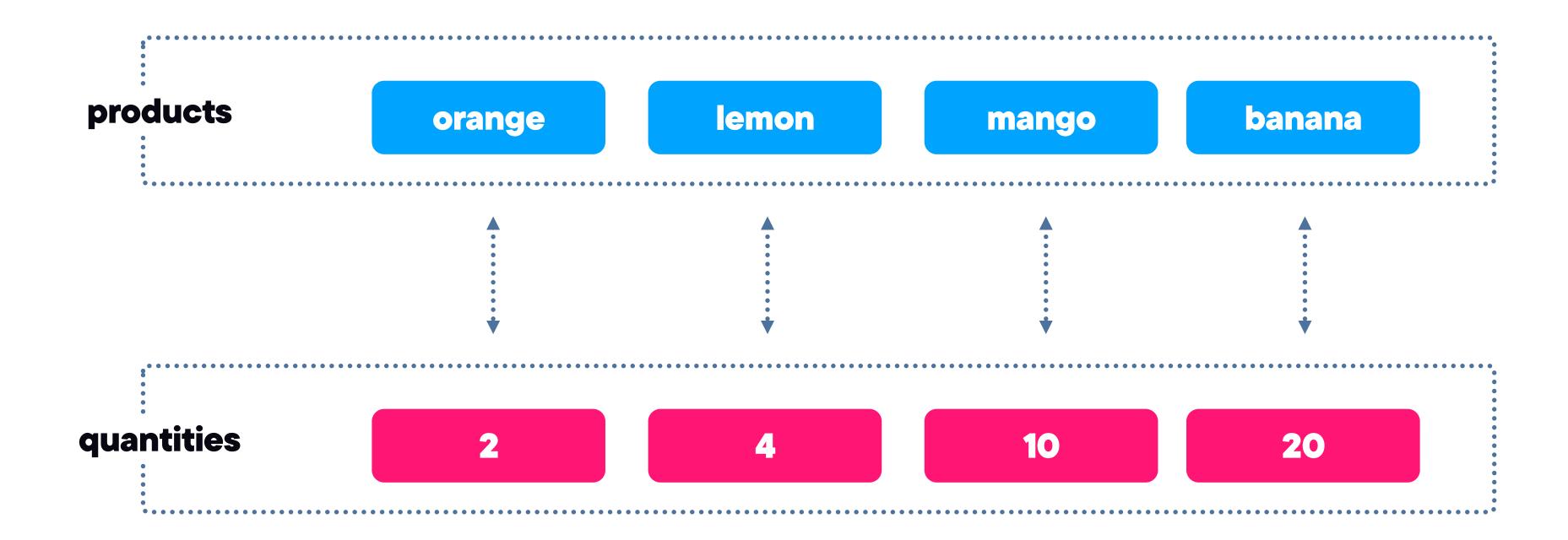




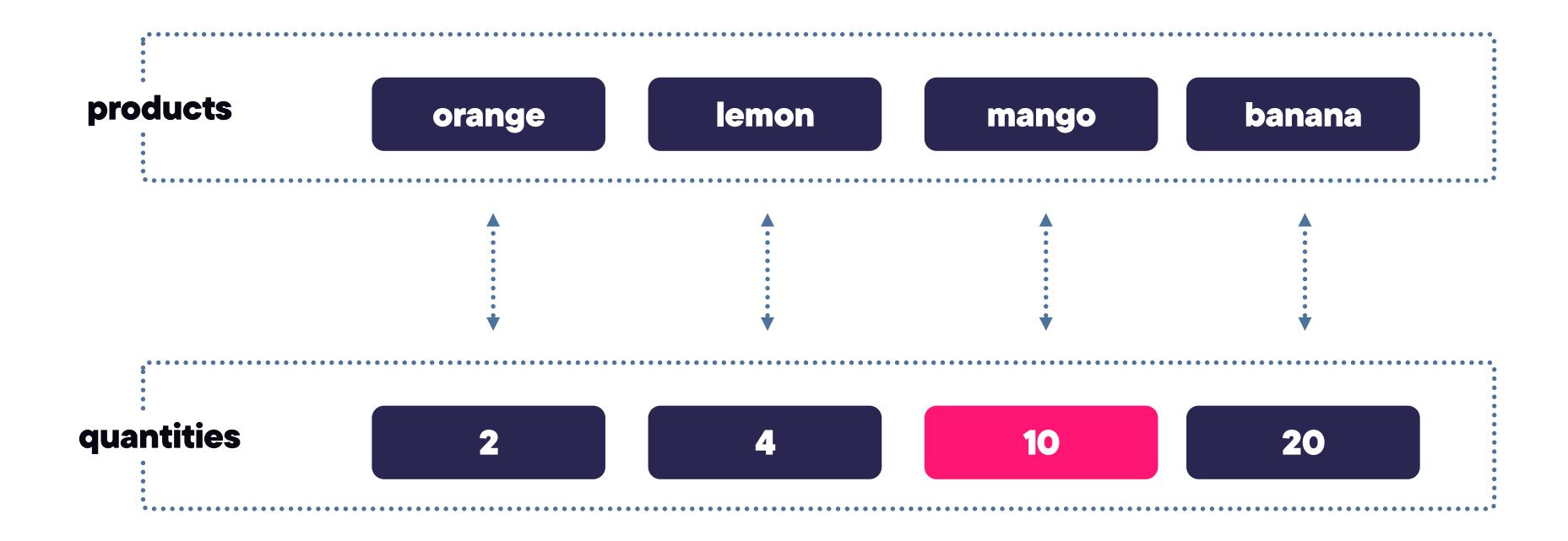
Performance problem

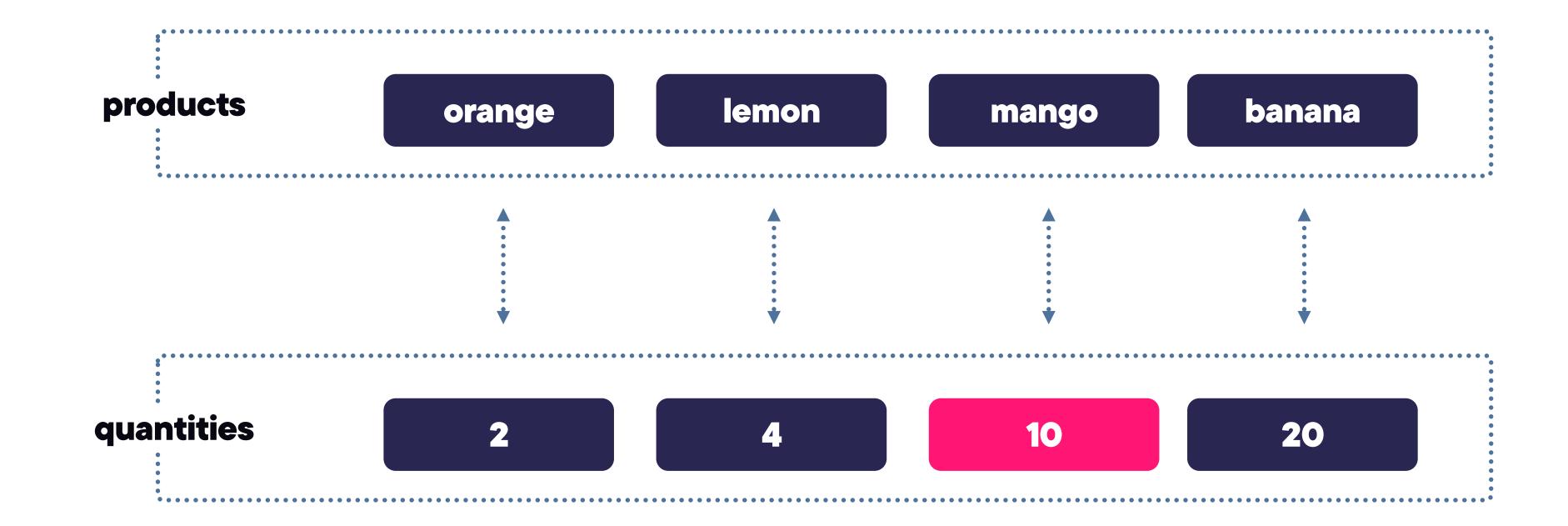


### **Storing Information**



### **Storing Information**



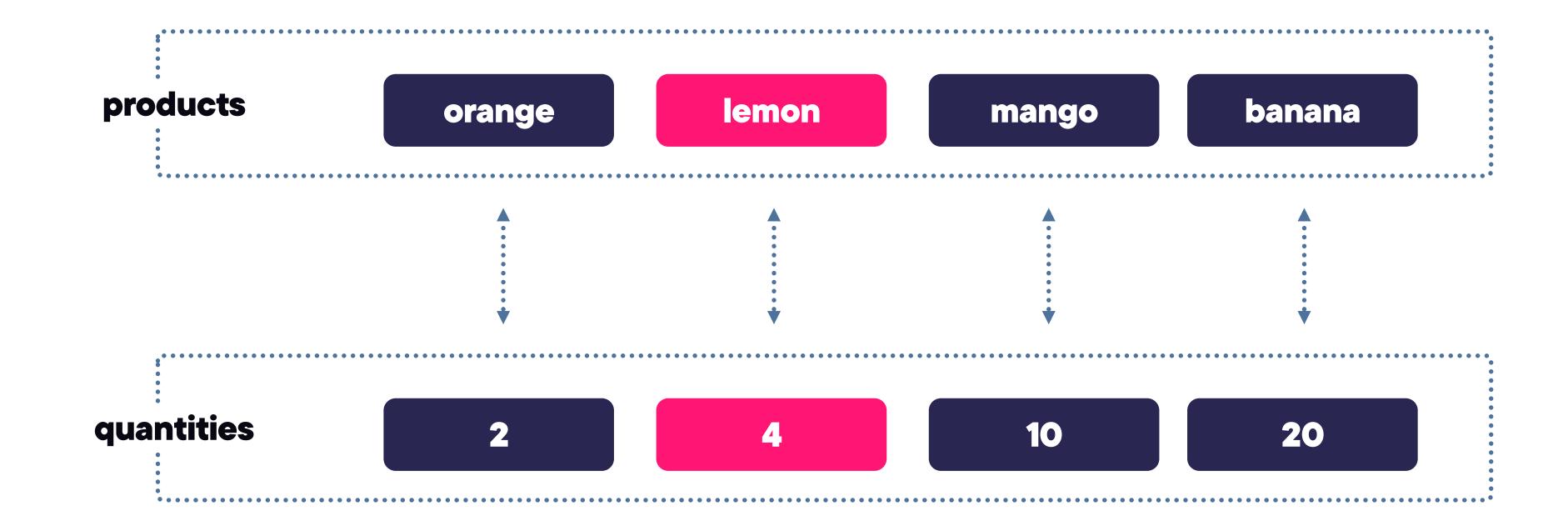


products.index('mango')

2

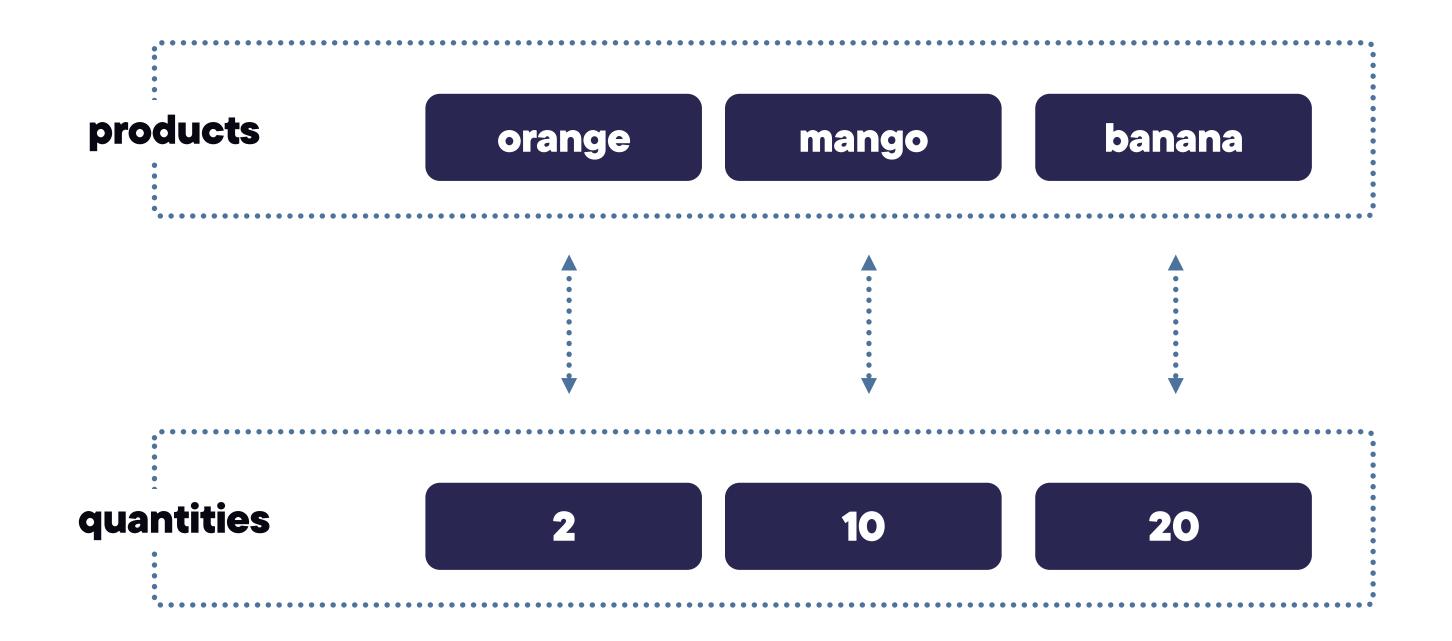
10

quantities[2]



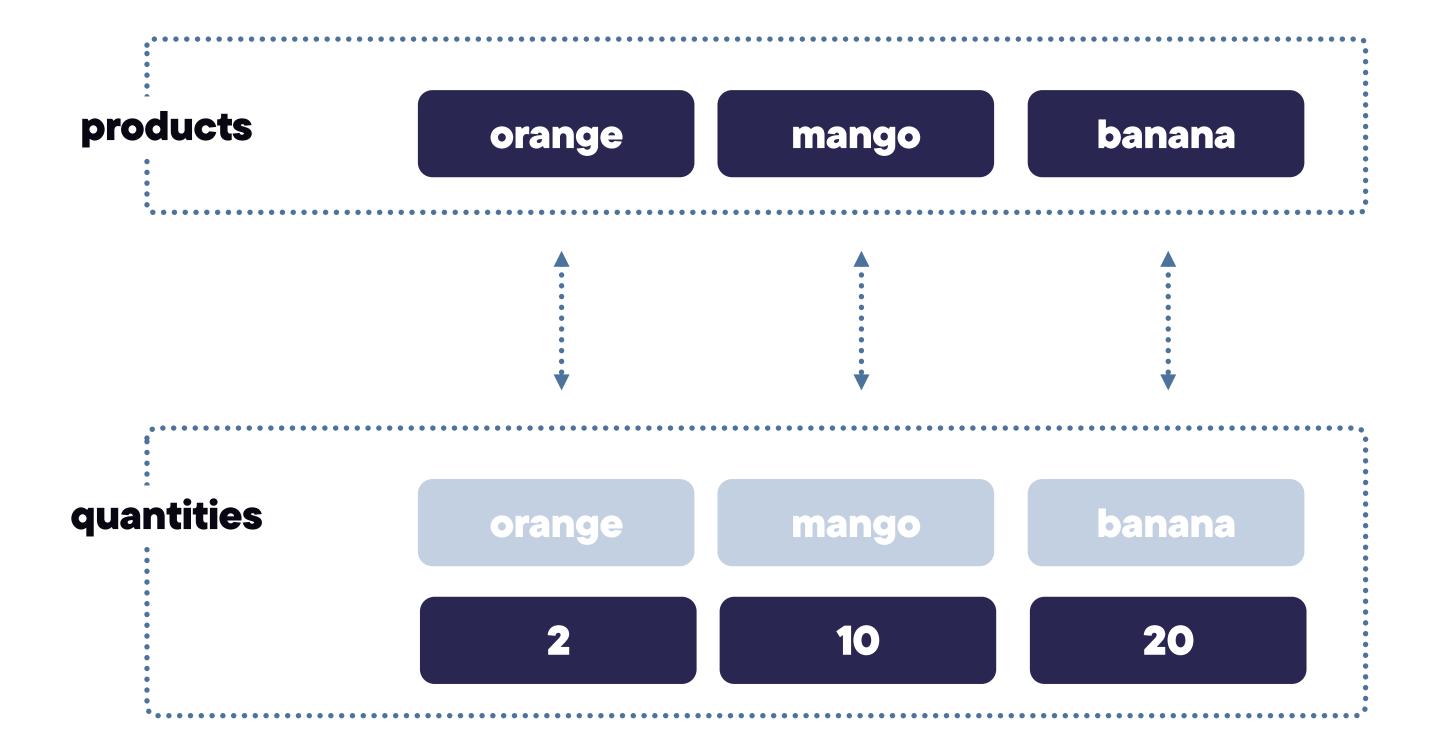
products.index('lemon')
quantities[1]

4



products.remove('lemon')

quantities.remove(4)

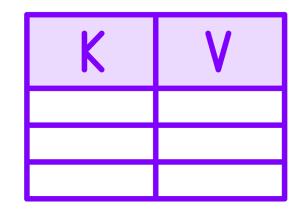


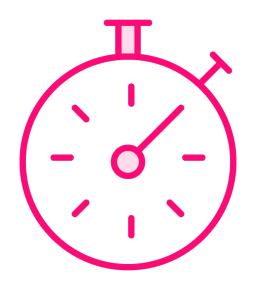


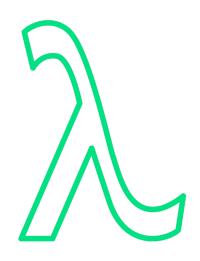




#### Use cases







**Unique keys** 

Fast lookup

**Functions** 





```
inventory = {'orange' : 2, 'mango' : 10, 'banana' : 20}
inventory = dict (orange = 2, mango = 10, banana = 20)
```



```
inventory = {'orange' : 2, 'mango' : 10, 'banana' : 20}
inventory = dict (orange = 2, mango = 10, banana = 20)
```



Unique

**Immutable** 



inventory

orange 2

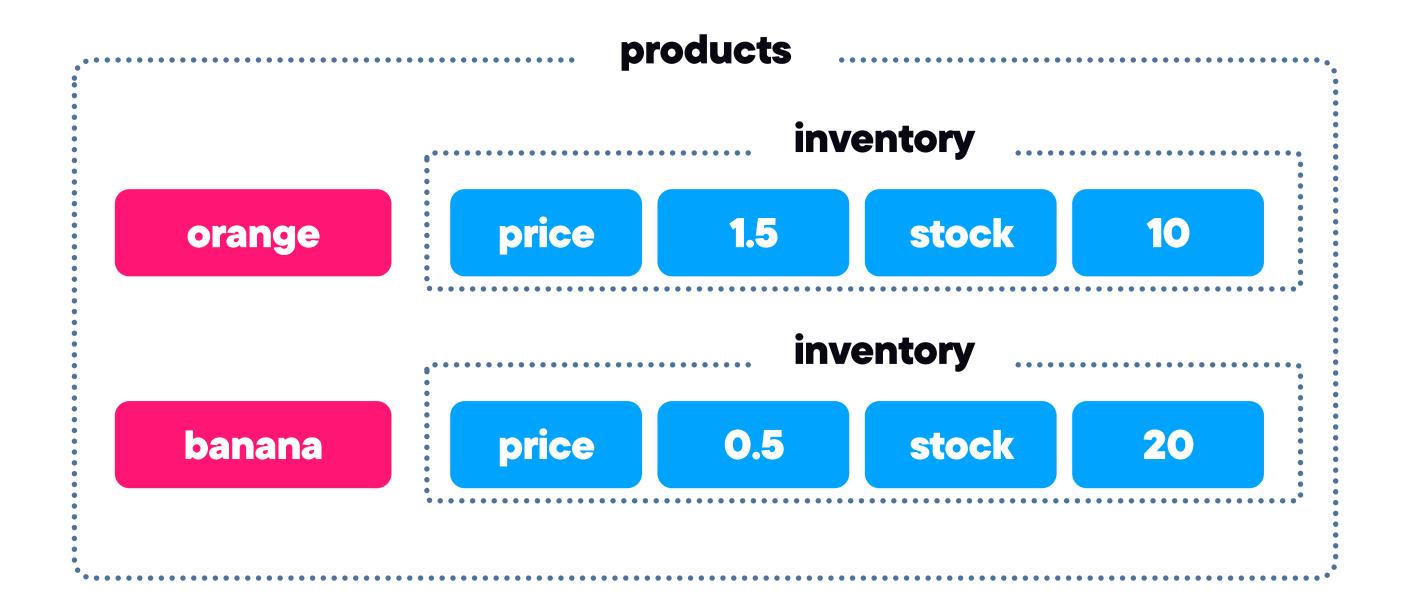
mango 10

banana 20



**Duplicates** 

Mutable







#### Methods

Remove Update Add **Special methods** 

Unordered Python version < 3.7

Ordered
Python version >= 3.7



## **Python Documentation**

# Demo

#### **Create dictionaries**

- Product names
- Stock quantity

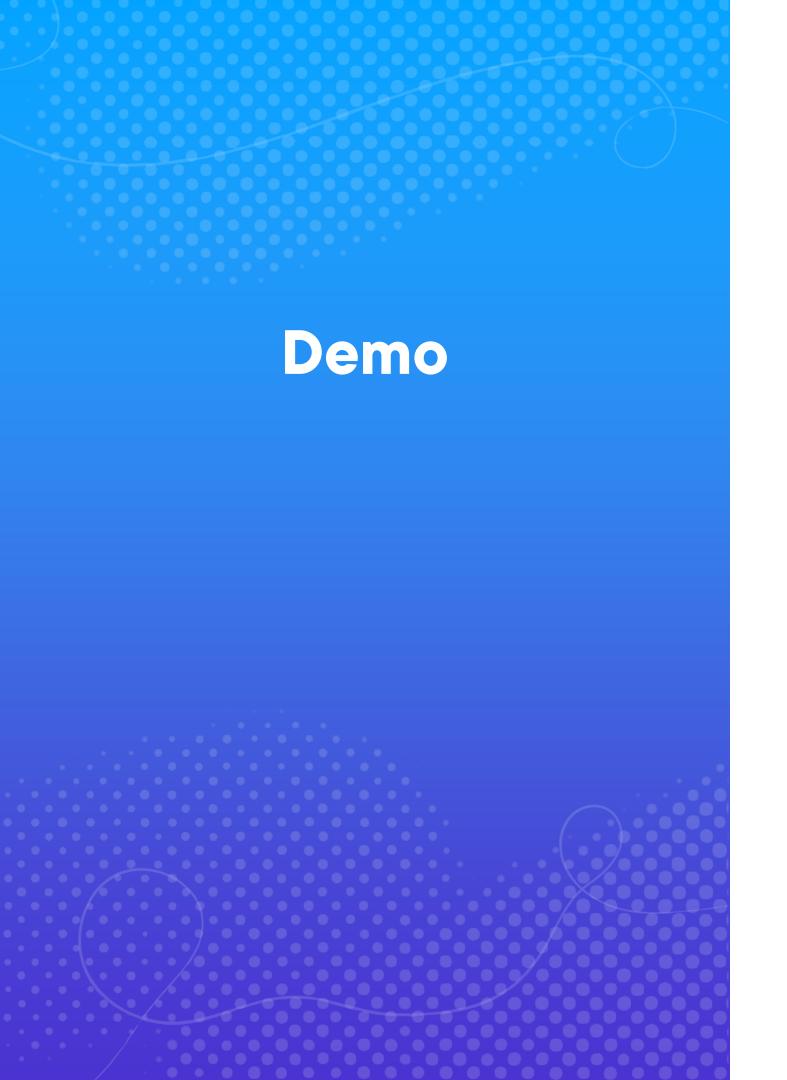
## Demo

Explore methods that don't change the length of a dictionary

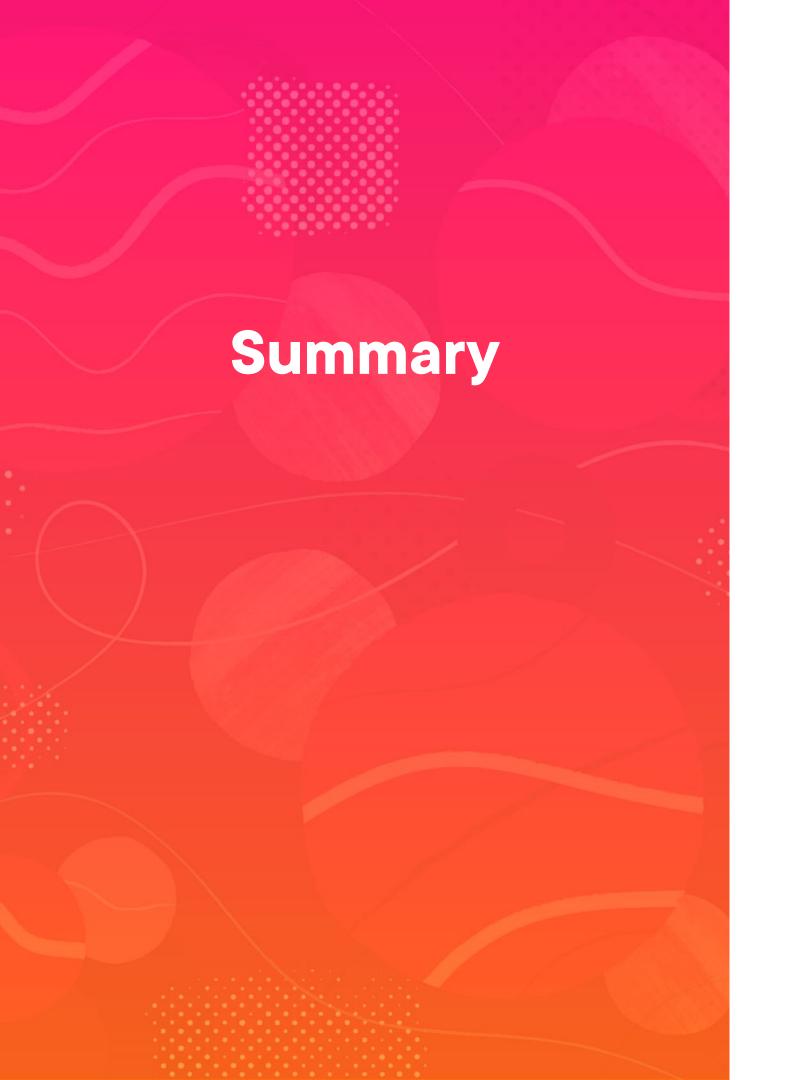
# Demo

#### **Methods**

- Add elements
- Remove elements



Aliasing
Copying



- Store data as key-value pair
- Keys must be unique and immutable
- Values accept duplicates and mutable objects

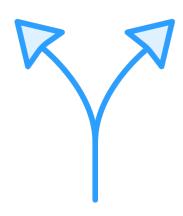
#### Methods

- update()
- del statement, pop() and, popitem()

#### **Creating copies**

- Aliasing
- Copy()

## **Next Topics**







Data visualization



**Custom** functions



## Thank you!

linkedin.com/in/mihaela-danci/

